Massachusetts_Case

Karl Grindal

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Case 1: Massachusetts Data Security Law

```
library(plyr)
library(here)
## here() starts at C:/Users/karl_000/Documents/SpiderOak Hive/Dissertation/Dissertation_Code
## Attaching package: 'here'
## The following object is masked from 'package:plyr':
##
       here
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##
       arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##
       summarize
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(lubridate)
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
library(tseries)
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
     method
                       from
```

```
## as.zoo.data.frame zoo
library(TTR)

AllStateClean <- read.table(here::here("Data","Other_data","AllStateClean.txt"),sep=";")

AllStateClean$MA_affected_residents <- gsub("\\,.*","",AllStateClean$MA_affected_residents) # this sele
AllStateClean$NC_affected_residents <- gsub("\\,.*","",AllStateClean$NC_affected_residents) # this sele
AllStateClean$Nassachusetts[!is.na(AllStateClean$Massachusetts)]<-1
AllStateClean$New_Hampshire[!is.na(AllStateClean$New_Hampshire)]<-1
AllStateClean$North_Carolina[!is.na(AllStateClean$North_Carolina)]<-1
AllStateClean$Massachusetts[is.na(AllStateClean$Massachusetts)]<-0
AllStateClean$New_Hampshire[is.na(AllStateClean$New_Hampshire)]<-0
AllStateClean$North_Carolina[is.na(AllStateClean$North_Carolina)]<-0</pre>
```

Identifying treatment and control options

```
# Case 1: Experiment 1
massachusetts <- dplyr::filter(AllStateClean, Massachusetts==1)
massachusetts$reported_date <- substr(massachusetts$reported_date, start=1, stop=10)

new_hampshire <- dplyr::filter(AllStateClean, New_Hampshire==1)
new_hampshire$reported_date <- substr(new_hampshire$reported_date, start=1, stop=10)

# Case 1: Experiment 2
massachusetts$MA_affected_residents <- as.numeric(massachusetts$MA_affected_residents)
massachusetts1000 <- subset(massachusetts, massachusetts$MA_affected_residents > 1000)

n_carolina <- dplyr::filter(AllStateClean, North_Carolina==1)
n_carolina$NC_affected_residents <- as.numeric(n_carolina$NC_affected_residents)
n_carolina1000 <- subset(n_carolina, n_carolina$NC_affected_residents > 1000)
```

Specifying Treatment and Control Variables

```
Treat_Name <- 'Massachusetts'
Ctrl_Name <- 'North Carolina'

treatment <- massachusetts1000 # This Must Be Filled in to Work Properly!
control <- n_carolina1000 # This Must Be Filled in to Work Properly!
```

Specifying Time Variables

```
first_breach_date <- as.Date("2006-06-01")
data_start <- c(2006,6)
data_range <- c(2006,2020)
exp_start <- c(2008,4)
exp_range <- c(2008,2011)
```

```
first_pop_date <- as.Date("2000-04-01")
no_months_out <- 174

months_prior <- 5 # months before treatment start
months_after <- 5 # months after treatment start

# Legislation H.B. 4144 signed into law August 3, 2007
# Legislation H.B. 4144 becomes effective on October 31, 2007
# OCABR finalized the regulation on September 22, 2008

treatment_start <- as.Date("09/22/2008", "%m/%d/%Y") # Legislation H.B. 4144 becomes effective treatment_end <- as.Date("03/01/2010", "%m/%d/%Y") # post 6 months after enforcement
```

Produce Tables on Overlapping Co-occurance of Breach Incidents

```
CoveredDays <- AllStateClean
CoveredDays$reported_date <- substr(CoveredDays$reported_date, start=1, stop=10)</pre>
CoveredDays <- subset(CoveredDays, reported_date > as.Date("2008-03-22") )
CoveredDays <- subset(CoveredDays, reported_date < as.Date("2010-09-01") )</pre>
table(CoveredDays$Massachusetts) # 0 = 313, 1 = 858
##
##
   0 1
## 313 858
table(CoveredDays$New Hampshire) # 0 = 949, 1 = 222
##
##
    0 1
## 949 222
table(CoveredDays$North_Carolina) # 0 = 819, 1 = 352
##
##
    0 1
## 819 352
table(CoveredDays$Massachusetts,CoveredDays$New_Hampshire) # 0 = 205 + 108 ; 1 = 744 + 114
##
##
         0
             1
##
     0 205 108
    1 744 114
table(CoveredDays$Massachusetts,CoveredDays$North_Carolina) # 0 = 99 + 214 ; 1 = 720 + 138
##
##
        0
             1
##
    0 99 214
   1 720 138
##
```

```
CoveredDays$MA_affected_residents <- as.numeric(CoveredDays$MA_affected_residents)
CoveredDays$NC_affected_residents <- as.numeric(CoveredDays$NC_affected_residents)

CoveredDays$MA_BigBreach <- CoveredDays$MA_affected_residents > 1000
CoveredDays$NC_BigBreech <- CoveredDays$NC_affected_residents > 1000

# Need to resolve this R issue to get to a fixed solution

# table(CoveredDays$MA_BigBreach, CoveredDays$NC_BigBreach)
```

Create Population Time Series for Matching with Incident Frequicy

```
# Population
pop <- read.csv(here::here("Data","Other_data","populations.csv")) # starts at 2000.04.01

datforpop <- data.frame(seq(first_pop_date, by="1 month", length.out=(length(pop)-1)))
names(datforpop) <- "yearmonth"
datforpop <- format(datforpop, "%Y/%m")
datforpop <- rbind("yearmonth",datforpop)
row.names(datforpop) <- 1:nrow(datforpop)

pop <- cbind(datforpop,t(pop))
colnames(pop) <- pop[1,]
pop <- pop[-1,]
rownames(pop) <- seq(1:nrow(pop))
pop <- as.data.frame(pop)</pre>
```

Experiment 1: Create control and treatment populations with Total Incidents

```
# Format treatment dates into months
treatment$date_formatted <- format(as.Date(treatment$reported_date, "%Y-%m-%d"), "%Y/%m") # Alternative
treatment_freq <- treatment %>%
    dplyr::group_by(treatment$date_formatted) %>%
    dplyr::summarise(frequency = n(),)

## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
names(treatment_freq)[1] <- "yearmonth"
treatment_freq$frequency[is.na(treatment_freq$frequency)]<-0

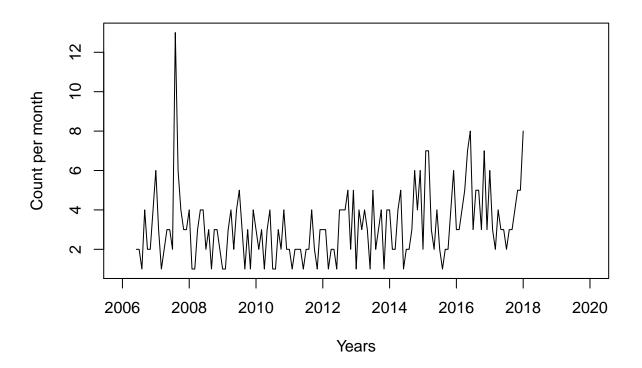
# Format control dates into months
control$date_formatted <- format(as.Date(control$reported_date, "%Y-%m-%d"), "%Y/%m") # Alternative is
control_freq <- control %>%
    dplyr::group_by(control$date_formatted) %>%
    dplyr::summarise(frequency = n())

## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

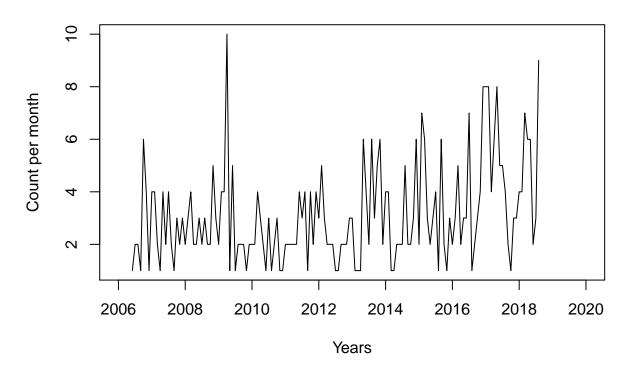
```
names(control_freq)[1] <- "yearmonth"
control_freq$frequency[is.na(control_freq$frequency)]<-0

treatment_ts <- ts(treatment_freq$frequency, frequency = 12, start = data_start)
control_ts <- ts(control_freq$frequency, frequency = 12, start = data_start)

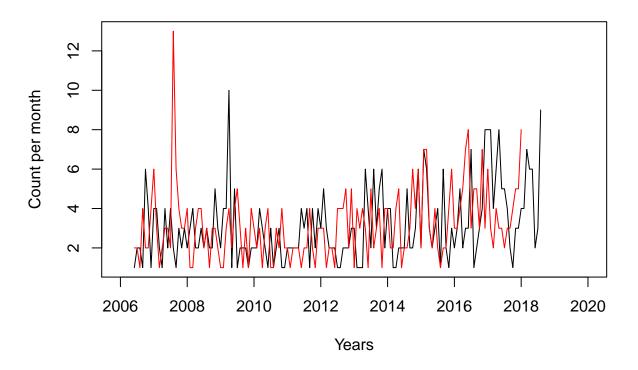
plot.ts(treatment_ts, main = "Breaches over time", xlim=data_range, xlab = "Years", ylab = "Count per m")</pre>
```



plot.ts(control_ts, main = "Breaches over time", xlim=data_range, xlab = "Years", ylab = "Count per mon



ts.plot(control_ts, treatment_ts, main = "Breaches over time", xlim=data_range, gpars = list(col = c("b



```
summary(treatment_ts)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                     Median
                               Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
     1.000
             2.000
                      3.000
                               3.164
                                       4.000
                                              13.000
summary(control_ts)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                     Median
                               Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
##
     1.000
             2.000
                      3.000
                              3.116
                                       4.000
                                              10.000
```

Create charts with breaches per million residents

```
# Merge Treatment and Control Together
comb_ts <- merge(treatment_freq, control_freq, by="yearmonth", all=TRUE)

# Merge Combined Treatment and Control Together with Population Statistics
comb_ts <- merge(comb_ts, pop, by='yearmonth', all.x = TRUE)
comb_ts$frequency.x[is.na(comb_ts$frequency.x)]<-0
comb_ts$frequency.y[is.na(comb_ts$frequency.y)]<-0

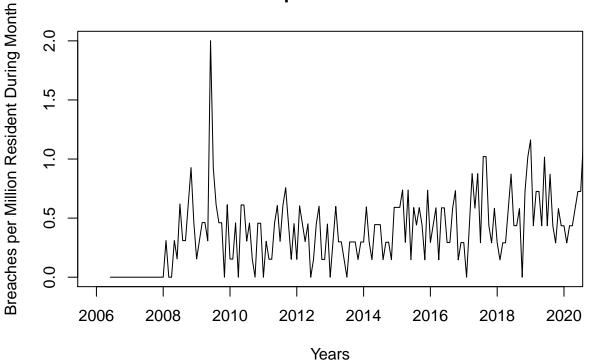
# change class of columns to numeric
comb_ts[2:ncol(comb_ts)] <- sapply(comb_ts[2:ncol(comb_ts)],as.numeric)

comb_ts$treatpermil <- comb_ts$frequency.x/(comb_ts[,c(Treat_Name)]/1000000)
comb_ts$controlpermil <- comb_ts$frequency.y/(comb_ts[,c(Ctrl_Name)]/1000000)</pre>
```

```
treatment_tsM <- ts(comb_ts$treatpermil, frequency = 12, start = data_start)
control_tsM <- ts(comb_ts$controlpermil, frequency = 12, start = data_start)

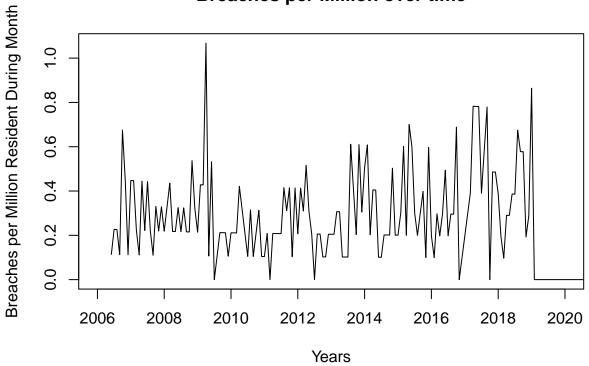
plot.ts(treatment_tsM, main = "Breaches per Million over time", xlim=data_range, xlab = "Years", ylab =</pre>
```

Breaches per Million over time

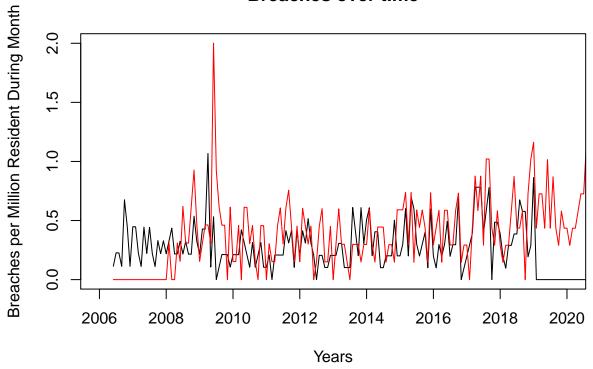


plot.ts(control_tsM, main = "Breaches per Million over time", xlim=data_range, xlab = "Years", ylab = "

Breaches per Million over time



ts.plot(control_tsM, treatment_tsM, main = "Breaches over time", xlim=data_range, gpars = list(col = c(



Identifying and subsetting relevant dates

```
treatment_start<- format(as.Date(as.character(treatment_start), origin = "1970-01-01"), "%Y/%m")
treatment_end<- format(as.Date(as.character(treatment_end), origin = "1970-01-01"), "%Y/%m")

pretreat <- comb_ts[(which(comb_ts$yearmonth==treatment_start)-months_prior):which(comb_ts$yearmonth==t
pretreat$type <- "pretest"

posttreat <- comb_ts[which(comb_ts$yearmonth==treatment_end):(which(comb_ts$yearmonth==treatment_end)+m
posttreat$type <- "posttest"

mean(posttreat$treatpermil) - mean(pretreat$treatpermil)

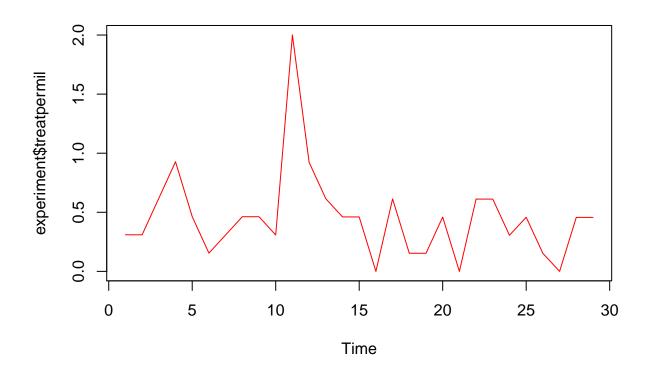
## [1] -0.1588701

mean(posttreat$controlpermil) - mean(pretreat$controlpermil)

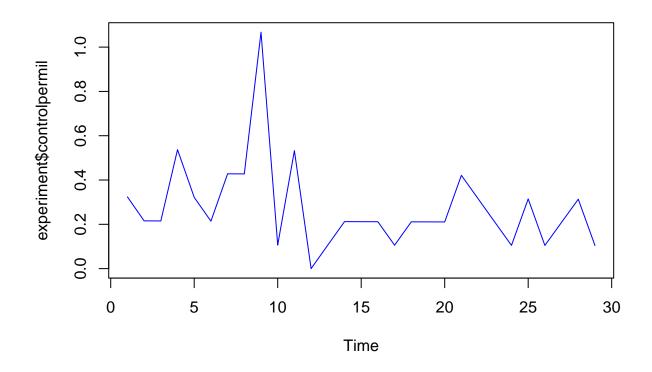
## [1] -0.1127882

treatment_range <- comb_ts[(which(comb_ts$yearmonth==treatment_start)+1):(which(comb_ts$yearmonth==treatment_range$type <- "test"

experiment <- rbind(pretreat,treatment_range,posttreat)
experiment$treatpermil[is.na(experiment$treatpermil)]<-0
experiment$controlpermil[is.na(experiment$controlpermil)]<-0</pre>
```

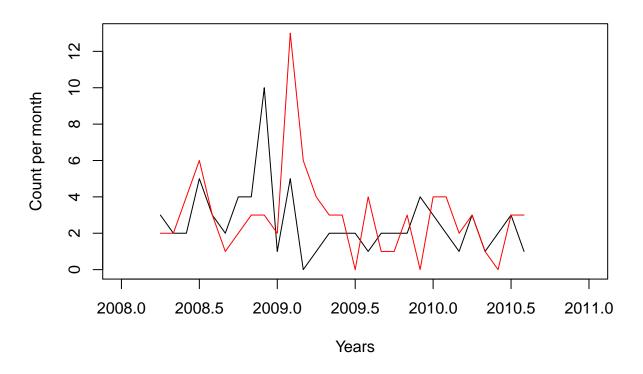


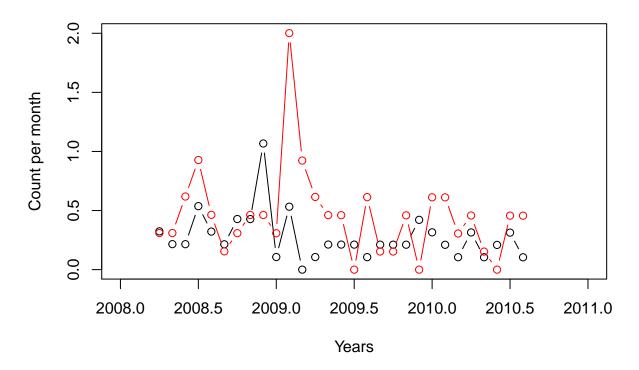
ts.plot(experiment\$controlpermil, col = "blue")



```
# Look at Raw Frequency Counts

treatment_ts <- ts(experiment$frequency.x, frequency = 12, start = exp_start)
control_ts <- ts(experiment$frequency.y, frequency = 12, start = exp_start)
ts.plot(control_ts, treatment_ts, main = "Breaches over time", xlim=exp_range, gpars = list(col = c("bl</pre>
```

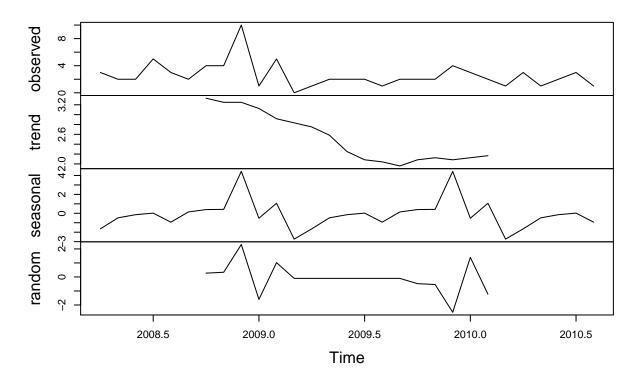




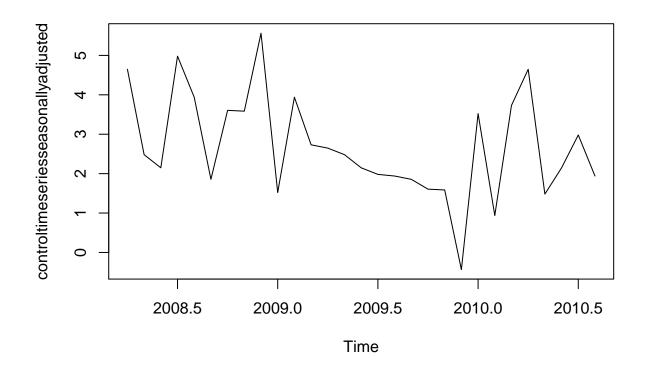
Decompose the data to find seasonal patterns

controltimeseriescomponents <- decompose(control_ts)
plot(controltimeseriescomponents)</pre>

Decomposition of additive time series



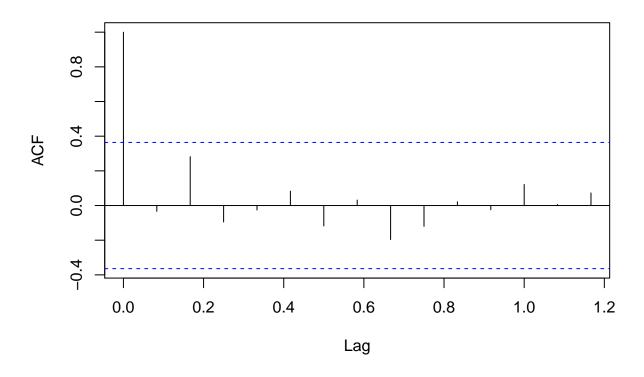
controltimeseriesseasonallyadjusted <- control_ts - controltimeseriescomponents\$seasonal
plot(controltimeseriesseasonallyadjusted)</pre>



Run Statistical Tests on Time Series for Stationarity

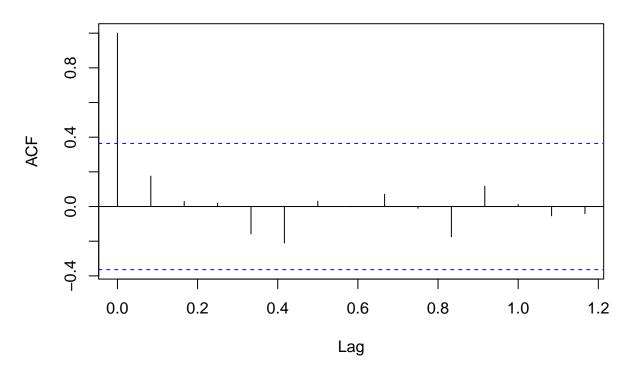
source of statistical tests http://r-statistics.co/Time-Series-Analysis-With-R.html
acfcontrol <- acf(control_ts) # autocorrelation (i.e. a Time Series with lags of itself)</pre>

Series control_ts



acftreatment <- acf(treatment_ts)</pre>

Series treatment_ts



```
# shows that the control time series is a "stationary time series"
png(here::here("Output", "acfcontrol.png"))
plot(acfcontrol)
png(here::here("Output", "acftreatmentNH.png"))
plot(acftreatment)
pacfcontrolNH <- pacf(control_ts) # partial autocorrelation (i.e. correlation of the time series with
pacftreatmentMA <- pacf(treatment_ts) # partial autocorrelation (i.e. correlation of the time series w
png(here::here("Output", "pacfcontrolNH.png"))
plot(pacfcontrolNH)
png(here::here("Output","pacftreatmentMA.png"))
plot(pacftreatmentMA)
ccfRes <- ccf(control_ts, treatment_ts, ylab = "cross-correlation")</pre>
ccfRes
##
## Autocorrelations of series 'X', by lag
## -0.9167 -0.8333 -0.7500 -0.6667 -0.5833 -0.5000 -0.4167 -0.3333 -0.2500 -0.1667
    0.019
           -0.134 -0.068
                            0.086
                                    0.055
                                            0.106
                                                   -0.078
                                                            0.322
                                                                    0.346
                                                                            0.565
## -0.0833 0.0000 0.0833 0.1667 0.2500 0.3333 0.4167
                                                           0.5000
                                                                   0.5833
                                                                           0.6667
           0.212 -0.234 -0.180 -0.109
                                           -0.018
                                                   0.127 -0.077 -0.050 -0.007
```

```
## 0.7500 0.8333 0.9167
## -0.076 0.162 0.076
# adf test is an Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
adf.test(control_ts) # p-value < 0.05 indicates the TS is stationary
##
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: control_ts
## Dickey-Fuller = -2.8267, Lag order = 3, p-value = 0.2557
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
adf.test(treatment ts)
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: treatment_ts
## Dickey-Fuller = -2.6375, Lag order = 3, p-value = 0.3282
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
kpss.test(control ts) # Kwiatkowski-Phillips-Schmidt-Shin (KPSS) testz
## Warning in kpss.test(control_ts): p-value greater than printed p-value
##
  KPSS Test for Level Stationarity
##
## data: control_ts
## KPSS Level = 0.2822, Truncation lag parameter = 2, p-value = 0.1
kpss.test(treatment_ts)
## Warning in kpss.test(treatment_ts): p-value greater than printed p-value
##
  KPSS Test for Level Stationarity
##
## data: treatment ts
## KPSS Level = 0.18972, Truncation lag parameter = 2, p-value = 0.1
# https://www.sas.com/content/dam/SAS/en_ca/User%20Group%20Presentations/Health-User-Groups/ITS_SAS.pdf
```

ITS analyses use regression-based techniques

```
quasiexp <- experiment[experiment$type != "test",]

# Added dummy variables for ITS
control <- as.data.frame(t(rbind(quasiexp$yearmonth,quasiexp$controlpermil)))
control$treat <- as.vector(rep(0,nrow(control)))  # Create example vector
time <- 1:nrow(control)
control$time <- as.vector(time)
control$z <- c(rep(0,6),1:(nrow(control)-6))

treatment <- as.data.frame(t(rbind(quasiexp$yearmonth,quasiexp$treatpermil)))
treatment$treat <- as.vector(rep(1,nrow(control)))  # Create example vector</pre>
```

```
time <- 1:nrow(control)</pre>
treatment$time <- as.vector(time)</pre>
treatmentz \leftarrow c(rep(0,6),1:(nrow(control)-6))
treatment
           V1
##
                              V2 treat time z
## 1
      2008/04 0.309615975565107
                                      1
                                           1 0
## 2
      2008/05 0.309466646613228
                                      1
                                           2 0
                                           3 0
## 3
      2008/06 0.618634827594207
                                      1
## 4 2008/07 0.927505117895948
                                           4 0
## 5 2008/08 0.46346211452118
                                           5 0
                                      1
     2008/09 0.154390677890869
                                           6 0
## 6
                                      1
                                           7 1
## 7 2010/03 0.305609741860619
                                     1
## 8 2010/04 0.458181121746513
                                     1
                                           8 2
## 9
     2010/05 0.152581953674593
                                      1
                                          9 3
## 10 2010/06
                                      1
                                          10 4
                               0
## 11 2010/07 0.456877815795088
                                      1
                                          11 5
## 12 2010/08 0.456603838485829
                                      1
                                          12 6
AppendITS <- rbind(treatment,control)</pre>
names(AppendITS) <- c("yearmonth","incident_permil","treat","time","z")</pre>
AppendITS$incident_permil <- as.numeric(as.character(AppendITS$incident_permil))
AppendITS$time <- as.numeric(as.character(AppendITS$time))</pre>
AppendITS$z <- as.numeric(as.character(AppendITS$z))</pre>
AppendITS
##
      yearmonth incident_permil treat time z
## 1
                       0.3096160
        2008/04
                                      1
                                           1 0
## 2
        2008/05
                       0.3094666
                                           2 0
                                      1
                                           3 0
## 3
        2008/06
                       0.6186348
                                      1
## 4
                                           4 0
        2008/07
                       0.9275051
                                      1
## 5
        2008/08
                       0.4634621
                                      1
                                           5 0
## 6
        2008/09
                       0.1543907
                                      1
                                           6 0
## 7
        2010/03
                       0.3056097
                                      1
                                           7 1
## 8
        2010/04
                       0.4581811
                                           8 2
## 9
        2010/05
                       0.1525820
                                           9 3
                                      1
                                          10 4
## 10
        2010/06
                       0.0000000
                                      1
## 11
        2010/07
                       0.4568778
                                      1
                                          11 5
## 12
        2010/08
                       0.4566038
                                      1
                                          12 6
                       0.3239183
## 13
        2008/04
                                      0
                                           1 0
## 14
        2008/05
                                      0
                                           2 0
                       0.2155742
                                      0
                                           3 0
## 15
        2008/06
                       0.2152042
## 16
        2008/07
                       0.5370887
                                      0
                                           4 0
## 17
                       0.3218496
                                           5 0
        2008/08
                                      0
## 18
                       0.2142979
                                           6 0
        2008/09
## 19
        2010/03
                       0.1049765
                                      0
                                           7 1
## 20
        2010/04
                       0.3146144
                                      0
                                           8 2
                                           9 3
## 21
        2010/05
                       0.1047293
                                      0
## 22
        2010/06
                       0.2091749
                                      0
                                          10 4
## 23
        2010/07
                       0.3133381
                                      0
                                          11 5
## 24
        2010/08
                       0.1043704
                                      0
                                          12 6
factor_cols <- c("treat", "time", "z")</pre>
sapply(AppendITS, class)
```

```
##
         yearmonth incident_permil
                                                              time
                                            treat
##
       "character"
                        "numeric"
                                        "numeric"
                                                         "numeric"
                                                                         "numeric"
regTest <- lm(incident_permil ~ time + treat + z, AppendITS)</pre>
summary(regTest)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = incident_permil ~ time + treat + z, data = AppendITS)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   30
## -0.32980 -0.11196 -0.02624 0.10740 0.50431
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.353462
                          0.127121
                                    2.781
                                             0.0115 *
                          0.028084 -0.591
              -0.016603
                                             0.5610
## time
               0.136149
                          0.078682
                                    1.730
                                             0.0990
## treat
               0.001556
## z
                          0.045596
                                    0.034
                                             0.9731
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1927 on 20 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1968, Adjusted R-squared: 0.0763
## F-statistic: 1.633 on 3 and 20 DF, p-value: 0.2134
regTest2 <- lm(incident_permil ~ time + treat + time*treat + z + z*time + z*treat + z*treat*time, Appen
summary(regTest2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = incident_permil ~ time + treat + time * treat +
       z + z * time + z * treat + z * treat * time, data = AppendITS)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
## -0.33195 -0.09059 -0.02198 0.10374 0.45334
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                0.319441
                           0.184434
                                     1.732
                                               0.103
## time
                           0.045826 -0.167
               -0.007660
                                               0.869
## treat
                0.130376
                           0.260830
                                      0.500
                                               0.624
## z
               -0.044169
                           0.263181 -0.168
                                               0.869
## time:treat
                0.013747
                           0.064808 0.212
                                               0.835
                0.003091
                           0.020163 0.153
                                               0.880
## time:z
               -0.324775
                           0.372194 -0.873
                                               0.396
## treat:z
## time:treat:z 0.026808 0.028515 0.940
                                               0.361
## Residual standard error: 0.2016 on 16 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2968, Adjusted R-squared: -0.01082
## F-statistic: 0.9648 on 7 and 16 DF, p-value: 0.488
```

AppendITS

##		yearmonth	${\tt incident_permil}$	treat	time z
##	1	2008/04	0.3096160	1	1 0
##	2	2008/05	0.3094666	1	2 0
##	3	2008/06	0.6186348	1	3 0
##	4	2008/07	0.9275051	1	4 0
##	5	2008/08	0.4634621	1	5 0
##	6	2008/09	0.1543907	1	6 0
##	7	2010/03	0.3056097	1	7 1
##	8	2010/04	0.4581811	1	8 2
##	9	2010/05	0.1525820	1	9 3
##	10	2010/06	0.0000000	1	10 4
##	11	2010/07	0.4568778	1	11 5
##	12	2010/08	0.4566038	1	12 6
##	13	2008/04	0.3239183	0	1 0
##	14	2008/05	0.2155742	0	2 0
##	15	2008/06	0.2152042	0	3 0
##	16	2008/07	0.5370887	0	4 0
##	17	2008/08	0.3218496	0	5 0
##	18	2008/09	0.2142979	0	6 0
##	19	2010/03	0.1049765	0	7 1
##	20	2010/04	0.3146144	0	8 2
##	21	2010/05	0.1047293	0	9 3
##	22	2010/06	0.2091749	0	10 4
##	23	2010/07	0.3133381	0	11 5
##	24	2010/08	0.1043704	0	12 6

View(AppendITS)