# SER 321 A Session

SI Session

Sunday, September 10th 2023

6:00 - 7:00 pm MST

# Agenda

**Session Expectations** 

**Gradle Review** 

Threading

**Threading Pitfalls** 

Synchronization

### SI Session Expectations

Thanks for coming to the **SER 321** SI session. We have a packed agenda and we are going to try to get through as many of our planned example problems as possible. This session will be recorded and shared with others.

- If after this you want to see additional examples, please visit the drop-in tutoring center.
- We will post the link in the chat now and at the end of the session.
  - tutoring.asu.edu
- Please keep in mind we are recording this session and it will be made available for you to review 24-48 hours after this session concludes.
- Finally, please be respectful to each other during the session.

### **Interact with us:**

### **Zoom Features**



#### **Zoom Chat**

- Use the chat feature to interact with the presenter and respond to presenter's questions.
- Annotations are encouraged

build.gradle from Assign 4 Act 1 starter code

```
task runServer(type: JavaExec) {
 group 'server'
 description 'Creates Server socket waits for messages'
 classpath = sourceSets.main.runtimeClasspath
 main = 'taskone.Server'
  standardInput = System.in
 if (project.hasProperty('port')) {
    args(project.getProperty('port'));
```

build.gradle from Assign 4 Act 1 starter code

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build.gradle from Assign 4 Act 1 starter code

Can we do this?

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gradle runServer

build.gradle from Assign 4 Act 1 starter code

Can we do this?

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task runServer(type: JavaExec) {
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  description 'Creates Server socket waits for messages'
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 main = 'taskone.Server'
  standardInput = System.in
 if (project.hasProperty('port')) {
    args(project.getProperty('port'));
```

### gradle runServer

```
> Task :runServer FAILED
```

Usage: gradle runServer -Pport=9099 -q --console=plain

#### Which ones correctly set the default arguments?

### SER 321 A Session

#### **Gradle Review**

A

```
if (project.hasProperty('port')) {
  args(project.getProperty('port'));
}
args 8000;
```

C

```
args 8000;
if (project.hasProperty('port')) {
   args(project.getProperty('port'));
}
```

B

```
if (project.hasProperty('port')) {
   args(project.getProperty('port'));
} else {
   args 8000;
}
```

#### D. NONE

Check out the recording for the solution!

# SER 321 A Session Threading

#### Things to remember:

- Threads share resources of the parent process including memory!
- Less protection than processes
- Allows for greater responsivity
- Complex to debug

But hope is not lost!

# SER 321 A Session Socket Server - No Threads

```
Make Socket
Wait for connections
Handle the connection
Perform the task
Clean up - what is that again?
        in.close();
```

out.close();

sock.close();

```
public static void main (String args[]) {
 Socket sock;
   ServerSocket serv = new ServerSocket( port: 8888); // create server socket on port 8888
   System.out.println("Server ready for 3 connections");
     System.out.println("Server waiting for a connection");
     ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(sock.getInputStream());
     String s = (String) in.readObject();
     System.out.println("Received the String "+s);
     Integer i = (Integer) in.readObject();
     System.out.println("Received the Integer "+ i);
                                                            SockServer from
                                                            JavaSimpleSock2 in
     OutputStream out = sock.getOutputStream();
                                                            examples Repo
     ObjectOutputStream os = new ObjectOutputStream(out);
     // write the whole message
     os.writeObject("Got it!");
   catch(Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();}
```

# SER 321 A Session Threading your Server

Make Socket

Wait for connections

#### **Start Thread**

Handle the connection

Perform the task

Clean up

<u>JavaThreadedSock</u> in Sockets

```
ServerSocket serv = new ServerSocket(portNo);
while (true) {
    System.out.println("Threaded server waiting for connects on port " + portNo);
    sock = serv.accept();
    System.out.println("Threaded server connected to client-" + id);
    // create thread
    ThreadedSockServer myServerThread = new ThreadedSockServer(sock, id++);
    // run thread and don't care about managing it
    myServerThread.start();
}
```

```
public ThreadedSockServer(Socket sock, int id) {
  this.conn = sock;
  this.id = id;
}
```

```
public void run() {
    try {
        // setup read/write channels for connection
        ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(conn.getInputStream());
        ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(conn.getOutputStream());
        // read the digit being send
        String s = (String) in.readObject();
```

# SER 321 A Session Threading

Make Socket

Wait for connections

#### **Start Thread**

Handle the connection

Perform the task

Clean up

```
in.close();
out.close();
conn.close();
```

```
if (!s.matches( expr: "\\d+")) {
 out.writeObject("Not a number: https://gph.is/2yDymkn");
 index = Integer.valueOf(s);
 System.out.println("From client " + id + " get string " + index);
 if (index > -1 & index < buf.length) {</pre>
   out.writeObject(buf[index]);
   out.writeObject("Close but out of range: https://youtu.be/dQw4w9WqXcQ");
   out.writeObject("index out of range");
s = (String) in.readObject();
```

# SER 321 Threading Pitfalls

Race Condition

Starvation

Deadlock

One thread never gets access to the resource it needs

A thread is only able to acquire access to part of its resources

More than one thread accesses a single resource at one time

Check out the recording for the solution!

# **SER 321**Synchronization

Locks

Synchronization

# SER 321 Synchronization

Locks

Synchronization

```
public LockThread (int id, Lock mutex, int sd, int lc) {
    this.id = id;
    this.mutex = mutex;
    this.loopCount = lc;
    this.sleepDelay = sd;
}
mutex.lock();
Danger zone
mutex.unlock();
}
```

# SER 321 Synchronization

Locks

Synchronization

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public LockThread (int id, Lock mutex, int sd, int lc) {
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**Locks** 

public synchronized void bow(Friend bower) {

#### Synchronization and Deadlocks

This is **Deadlock** from the examples repo

Bow and BowBack are both synchronized

What happens when we run this as is?

```
public class Deadlock {
   static class Friend {
       private final String name;
       public Friend(String name) {
            this.name = name;
       public String getName() {
            return this name;
       /* See the README.md for a reference on 'synchronized' methods */
       public synchronized void bow(Friend bower) {
            System.out.format("%s: %s"
                   + " has bowed to me!%n",
                    this.name, bower.getName());
            System out format("%s: waiting to bow back%n", bower getName());
            bower.bowBack(this);
       public synchronized void bowBack(Friend bower) {
            System.out.format("%s: waiting%n", this.name);
           System.out.format("%s: %s"
                   + " has bowed back to me!%n",
                    this.name, bower.getName());
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       final Friend alphonse =
               new Friend("Alphonse");
       final Friend gaston =
               new Friend("Gaston");
       /* start two threads - both operating on the same objects */
       new Thread(new Runnable() {
            public void run() { alphonse.bow(gaston); }
       }).start();
       new Thread(new Runnable() {
            public void run() { gaston.bow(alphonse); }
       }).start();
```

#### Synchronization and Deadlocks

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What happens when we run this as is?

```
Peadlock [:Deadlock.main()] ×

Deadlock [:Deadlock.main()]: Running 8 sec  

Sec  

9:44:55 PM: Executing ':Deadlock.main()'...

> Task :compileJava  

> Task :processResources NO-SOURCE  

> Task :classes  

> Task :Deadlock.main()  
Alphonse: Gaston has bowed to me!  
Gaston: Waiting to bow back  
Gaston: Alphonse has bowed to me!  
Alphonse: waiting to bow back
```

```
public class Deadlock {
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#### Synchronization and Deadlocks

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Synchronizing **methods** is not always the

best solution

How do we fix it?

```
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```

#### Synchronization and Deadlocks

This is **Deadlock** from the examples repo

Synchronizing **methods** is not always the

best solution

How do we fix it?

Can remove the synchronized keyword, but

that would allow a race condition...

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#### Synchronization and Deadlocks

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best solution

How do we fix it?

Synchronized statement allows us to

synchronize without attempting to call

two synchronized methods on the same

object

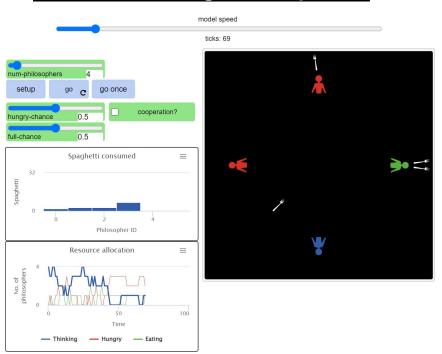
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# SER 321 Synchronization and Deadlocks

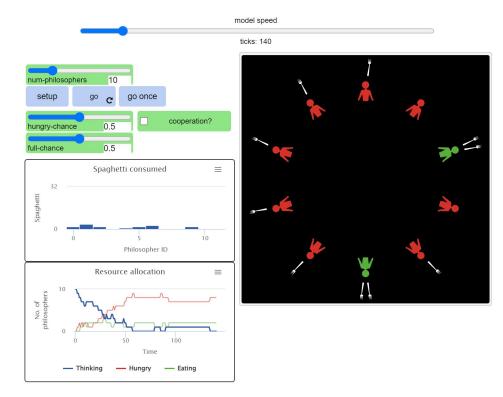
```
> Task :Deadlock.main()
Alphonse: Gaston has bowed to me!
Gaston: waiting to bow back
Gaston: waiting
Gaston: Alphonse has bowed back to me!
Gaston: Alphonse has bowed to me!
Alphonse: waiting to bow back
Alphonse: waiting
Alphonse: Gaston has bowed back to me!
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public void bow(Friend bower) {
    System.out.format("%s: %s"
            + " has bowed to me!%n",
            this.name, bower.getName());
    System.out.format("%s: waiting to bow back%n", bower.getName());
   synchronized(this) {
        bower.bowBack(this);
```

### Remember Dining Philosophers?



#### **Interactive**



# SER 321 Tomorrow's Agenda

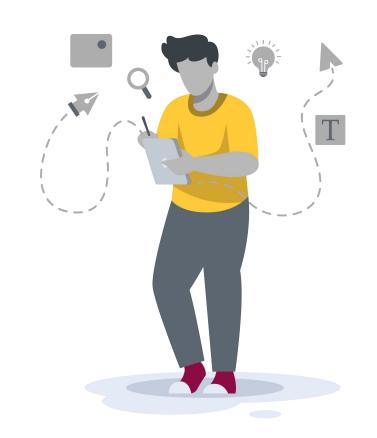
- More Thread Review
  - Anything we didn't cover today
  - o More on Race Conditions?
- Review Serialization
- Review Protobufs
- Review Assignment 4 Activity 1

Have a request? Post here or in the si-channel on slack and I'll be sure to spend some extra time on it tomorrow!

### **Questions?**

## Survey:

https://bit.ly/asn\_survey



### **Upcoming Events**

### SI Sessions:

Tomorrow Monday September 11th, 6:00 pm MST

### **Review Sessions:**

TBD

### **More Questions?** Check out our other resources!

#### tutoring.asu.edu



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#### **Academic Support**

Academic Support Network (ASN) provides a variety of free services in-person and online to help currently enrolled ASU students succeed academically

#### Services



#### **Subject Area Tutoring**

Need in-person or online help with math, science, business, or engineering courses? Just hop into our Zoom room or drop into a center for small group tutoring. We'll take it from there.

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View the tutoring schedule

View digital resources

Go to Zoom



#### Writing Tutoring

Need help with undergraduate or graduate writing assignments? Schedule an in-person or online appointment, access your appointment link, or wait in our drop-in

Access your appointment link

Access the drop-in queue

Schedule Appointment



#### Online Study Hub

Join our online peer communities to connect with your fellow Sun Devils. Engage with our tools to search our bank of resources. videos, and previously asked questions. Or, ask our Tutorbot questions.

Now supporting courses in Math. Science. Business, Engineering, and Writing.

Online Study Hub

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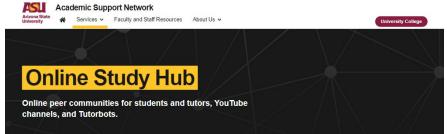
View digital resources

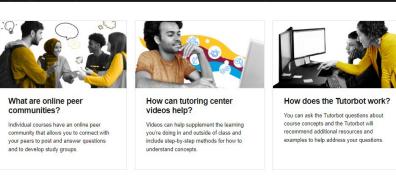
- 1. Click on 'Go to Zoom' to log onto our Online Tutoring Center.
- 2. Click on 'View the tutoring schedule' to see when tutors are available for specific courses.

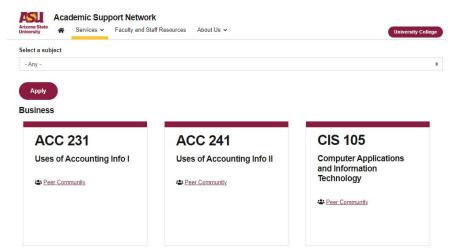
# More Questions? Check out our other resources!

#### tutoring.asu.edu/online-study-hub

Select a subject
- Any -







Don't forget to check out the Online Study Hub for additional resources!

### **Additional Resources**

https://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/models/DiningPhilosophers

**Examples Repo**