

The Isogonal Conjugate of Feuerbach Point

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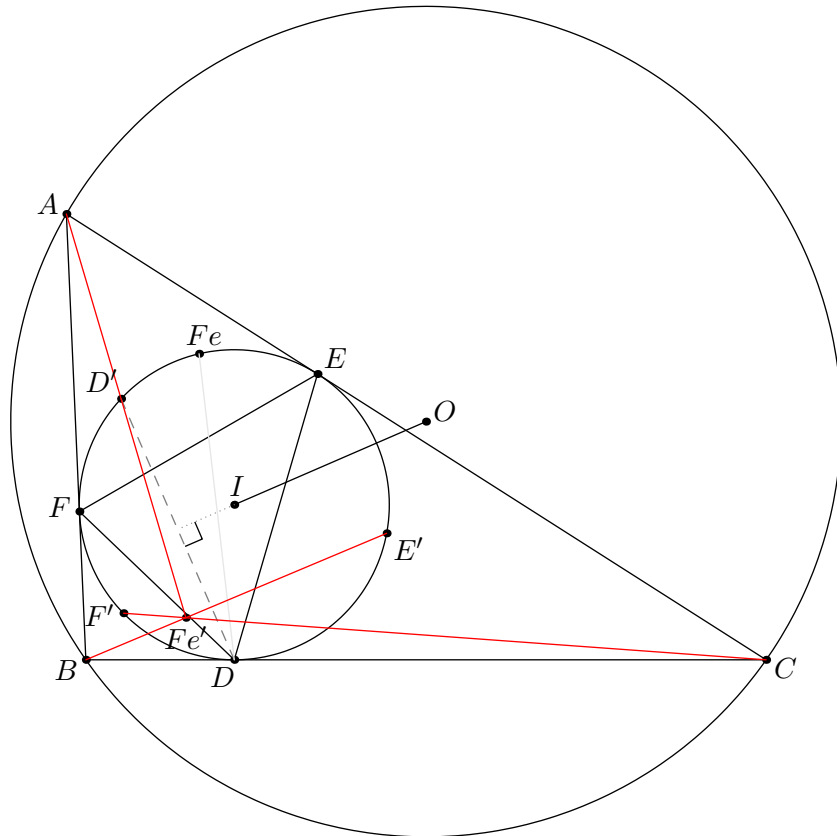
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In this article, we shall explore some properties of the **Isogonal Conjugate** of the **Feuerbach Point**. Check out [this](#) article for some pre-requisites.

§1 Characterization 1

Problem 1.1 (Well Known)

Given a $\triangle ABC$, its incenter I and circumcenter O . Suppose $\triangle DEF$ is the contact triangle of $\triangle ABC$. Reflect D over \overline{OI} to D' , and similarly define E' and F' . Then $\overline{AD'}$, $\overline{BE'}$ and $\overline{CF'}$ concur at the isogonal conjugate of the feuerbach point.



Proof. It's well known that the isogonal line of \overline{DFe} with respect to $\angle FDE$ is perpendicular to \overline{OI} . Therefore, $D'FEFe$ is an isosceles trapezium $\implies \overline{AD'}$ and \overline{AFe} are

symmetric about \overline{AI} . Hence, $\overline{AD'}$, $\overline{BE'}$ and $\overline{CF'}$ concur at the isogonal conjugate of the feuerbach point. \square

§2 Characterization 2

Problem 2.1 (INMO 2019 Mock P5 by Shantanu Nene)

Given $\triangle ABC$ with circumcenter O . Suppose $\triangle M_A M_B M_C$ is the medial triangle of $\triangle ABC$. Let ω_A , ω_B and ω_C be the A -, B - and C -mixtilinear excircles of $\triangle AM_B M_C$, $\triangle BM_C M_A$ and $\triangle CM_A M_B$. Show that

1. ω_A , ω_B and ω_C are tangent to $\odot(BOC)$, $\odot(COA)$ and $\odot(AOB)$.
2. Suppose X_A , X_B and X_C are the tangency points, then $\overline{AX_A}$, $\overline{BX_B}$ and $\overline{CX_C}$ are concurrent at the isogonal conjugate of the feuerbach point of $\triangle ABC$.

Proof. Performing a $\sqrt{\frac{bc}{2}}$ inversion around point A followed by a reflection along the angle bisector of $\angle BAC$, maps ω_A to the incircle and $\odot(BOC)$ to the nine-point circle. Therefore, the point of tangency X_A is the image of the feuerbach point under inversion $\implies \overline{AX_A}$ is isogonal to \overline{AFe} in $\angle BAC$. Therefore, $\overline{AX_A}$, $\overline{BX_B}$ and $\overline{CX_C}$ concur at the isogonal conjugate of the feuerbach point. \square