

MATH 217 (Fall 2022)
Honors Advanced Calculus, I

Assignment #3

1. Let $S \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ be any set. Show that ∂S is closed.
2. Let $S_1, \dots, S_n \subset \mathbb{R}^N$. Show that $\partial(S_1 \cup \dots \cup S_n) \subset \partial S_1 \cup \dots \cup \partial S_n$. Does equality necessarily hold?
3. Which of the sets below are compact?
 - (a) $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^N : r \leq \|x\| \leq R\}$ with $0 < r < R$;
 - (b) $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^N : r < \|x\| \leq R\}$ with $0 < r < R$;
 - (c) $\overline{\{(t, \sin \frac{1}{t}) : t \in (0, 2022]\}}$;
 - (d) $\{\frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$;
 - (e) $\{\frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{0\}$.

Justify your answers.

4. Show that:
 - (a) if $U_1 \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ and $U_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^M$ are open, then so is $U_1 \times U_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^{N+M}$;
 - (b) if $F_1 \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ and $F_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^M$ are closed, then so is $F_1 \times F_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^{N+M}$;
 - (c) if $K_1 \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ and $K_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^M$ are compact, then so is $K_1 \times K_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^{N+M}$.
5. Show that a subset K of \mathbb{R}^N is compact if and only if it has the *finite intersection property*, i.e., if $\{F_i : i \in \mathbb{I}\}$ is a family of closed sets in \mathbb{R}^N such that $K \cap \bigcap_{i \in \mathbb{I}} F_i = \emptyset$, then there are $i_1, \dots, i_n \in \mathbb{I}$ such that $K \cap F_{i_1} \cap \dots \cap F_{i_n} = \emptyset$.
- 6*. For $j = 1, \dots, N$, let $I_j = [a_j, b_j]$ with $a_j < b_j$, and let $I := I_1 \times \dots \times I_N$. Determine ∂I . (*Hint*: Draw a sketch for $N = 2$ or $N = 3$.)

Due Monday, October 3, 2020, at 10:00 a.m.; no late assignments.