$$P(T \in (-4, -2] \cup (-3, 1) \cup [4, 5) \cup [4.5, 6))$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} e^{-t} dt + \int_{4}^{5} e^{-t} dt + \int_{4.5}^{6} e^{-t} dt$$

$$= 0.652$$

a.

Let Y be the total time and X be the amount of times we have to wait. Then we have that

$$E[Y] = E[E[Y|X]] = E\left[x \cdot \frac{1-0}{2}\right] = \frac{1}{2}E[X] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{6}} = 3$$

b.

$$V[Y|X] = x \cdot \frac{1-0}{12} = \frac{x}{12}$$
$$V[X] = \frac{1-\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{6^2}} = 30$$

$$V[Y] = E[V[Y|X]] + V[E[Y|X]] = E[\frac{x}{12}] + V[0.5x] = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 6 + 0.25 \cdot 30 = 8$$

a.

As  $\int 2z - 2dz = z^2 - 2z + C$ , C = 1 so that  $F_Z(1) = 0$  and  $F_Z(2) = 1$ . Hence, we have

$$F_Z(z) = \begin{cases} 0 & z < 1\\ z^2 - 2z + 1 & 1 \le z \le 2\\ 1 & z > 2 \end{cases}$$

b.

Let U(z) be the uniform random variable between 0 and 1 and V(z) be a function such that  $U(z) = F_Z(V(z))$ . Then

$$V(z) = F_Z^{-1}(U(z))$$
=

The inverse function that maps  $\frac{e^{x^3}}{e^{x^3} + e^{-x^3}}$  to x.

We also have that

$$\frac{e^{x^3}}{e^{x^3} + e^{x^{-3}}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2x^3}}$$

and hence

$$\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2}\ln\left(\frac{1}{\frac{e^{x^3}}{e^{x^3} + e^{-x^3}}} - 1\right)} = x$$

which means that  $F_X^{-1}$  is the function that maps x to  $\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2}ln(\frac{1}{x}-1)}$ 

b.