

**Module:** CMP-7023B Data Mining  
**Assignment:** Data Mining the Diabetes Mellitus Database.  
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**Date set:** 01/03/2022  
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**Returned by:** 16<sup>th</sup> June 2022  
**Submission:** Blackboard

### Learning outcomes

- Competence in using KDD software tools in medium to large databases.
- Competence in applying relevant techniques at each stage of the KDD process
- Ability to evaluate the suitability of software tools in the context of different data analysis tasks.
- Competence in combining data manipulation and analysis approaches to improve the quality of input data.
- Understanding and identification of problems in input data such as outliers, missing data, unreliable data, differences in granularity, and others, and identify an adequate strategy to deal with the problem data.
- Presentation of knowledge induced in a format suitable for the target audience and for the particular application.

## Specification

### Overview

#### Aim

- To obtain an overall view of the complex process of Knowledge Discovery in Databases and understand the need for a methodical approach to KDD.
- To explore tools and algorithms available to each stage of the KDD process.
- To gain experience of using KDD software tools in a medium sized database.
- To learn to combine data manipulation and analysis approaches to improve the quality of input data.
- To produce a suitable report describing the methods applied and the discussion of the findings

## Description

To complete this coursework, you will be using a part of a patient dataset with patients admitted to an ICU. Your task would be to predict whether the patient has been diagnosed with a particular type of diabetes, Diabetes Mellitus, using the data from the first 24 hours of intensive care. A curated version of the dataset is uploaded on Blackboard as 'DiabetesClassificationDataset2022.csv'.

The file has 79,160 observations and 87 variables (memory usage: 30+ MB). If your computer has memory restrictions feel free to complete the experiment with a smaller sample of the provided data.

In the given data file, there are various information related to patient status in the ICU (demographics such as age, weight, BMI etc; APACHE-Acute Physiology and Chronic Health Evaluation covariates) and other related comorbidities; vital and laboratory test results collected within 24h of admission are provided. A further description of the fields can be found in the Data Dictionary for the dataset. Your task is to accurately classify the **diabetes\_mellitus** status of the patient from the given fields and report back on your findings. Intensive Care Units (ICUs) often lack verified medical histories for incoming patients and a model with the accurate capability to indicate chronic conditions such as diabetes can help decisions about patient care.

To accomplish your task, you need to perform the following operations:

1. Download the dataset and prepare a summary of the features available on the dataset including data type (numerical/ categorical), amount of missing data in individual fields. This can be included as an appendix.
2. Undertake any **cleansing or pre-processing** you think is necessary on the dataset. In your report, explain clearly what you have done and why you have done it. Some cleaning could be to remove any **feature/column with 60% missing values** or holding NULL values, constants, NaN values, or to remove **duplicate and highly correlated information**. You can also perform **outlier detection** at this stage if this seems appropriate.
3. Split the data into a training set and a test set once cleansing is done. Use suitable toolkit and libraries (Python, Orange, Weka, or R whichever platform you are comfortable with) to **train models (e.g. Decision Tree, Random Forest or SVM)** from the training set to build the **diabetes\_mellitus status classifier**. Note that you should deal with any **class imbalance**, do **feature selection** and other adjustments/tuning to improve the quality of the models obtained. You will need to test the performance of your model on your test set. **As part of your final report, please describe and justify the decisions you have made, the results, how the models have been validated/evaluated and discuss the best model's effectiveness in terms of precision and recall performances.**
4. In the next stage, use an **unsupervised clustering algorithm** (K-means, or hierarchical) using the **selected features from the previous stage**. Use **Scatter plots or t-SNE plots** on the clusters to see if there are clusters formed for the various patient groups (**without diabetes\_mellitus-0, with diabetes\_mellitus-1**). The **diabetes\_mellitus** field should be omitted during clustering. Discuss your observations on the clusters in your report.

## Marking scheme

### Assessment criteria

Marks will be distributed as follows:

Part 1: Summary of features	10
Part 2: Data Pre-processing	25
Part 3: Supervised Model Training and Evaluation	35
Part 4: Unsupervised Clustering	15
Overall presentation, references, and conclusions	15
	100%

## Deliverables

Please collate all the answers to the above questions in a report. The report should follow the structure/sections according to the components of the marking scheme and must not exceed 15 pages including bibliography and references. Also write an abstract of the report which summarises your findings. The report should be written in a clear and professional manner, using good English. You should also submit your cleaned data and the code/workflow produced to accomplish your tasks.

## Handing in procedure

Please submit your piece of coursework electronically on the blackboard dropbox associated to the coursework. You should upload using the following format studentID-StudentName.zip for your file submission.

## Resources

You can use the weekly Lab documentations, Lecture notes, Library resources and other sources to accomplish your tasks. Don't forget to cite any external and online resources used. Students are expected to work independently, and any plagiarism or collusion will be heavily penalised.

## Plagiarism

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