

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{7} \quad & (\exists x) [P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)] \rightarrow [(\forall x) P(x) \rightarrow (\exists x) Q(x)] \\
 \rightarrow & (\exists x) [P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)] \wedge (\forall x) P(x) \rightarrow (\exists x) Q(x) \\
 1. \quad & (\exists x) [P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)] && \text{hyp} \\
 2. \quad & P(a) \rightarrow Q(a) && 1, \text{ei} \\
 3. \quad & (\forall x) P(x) && \text{hyp} \\
 4. \quad & P(a) && 3, \text{ui} \\
 5. \quad & Q(a) && 2, 4 \text{ mp} \\
 6. \quad & (\exists x) Q(x) && 5 \text{ eg}
 \end{aligned}$$

\textcircled{8}

a) Domain: whole numbers

$$P(x, y) : x + y < 0$$

$$Q(x, y) : x + y > 0$$

An example to prove that given wff is invalid:

$$x = 1$$

$$(\exists y) P(x, y) : \text{choose } y = -2$$

$$(\exists y) Q(x, y) : \text{choose } y = 1$$

However,  $(\forall x)(\exists y)[P(x, y) \wedge Q(x, y)]$  cannot produce any  $y$

that makes both  $P(x, y)$  and  $Q(x, y)$  true.

b)  $(\exists y) P(x, y)$ : this "y" in this expression only applies to  $P(x, y)$

$(\exists y) Q(x, y)$ : this "y" in this expression only applies to  $Q(x, y)$

However, from step 1 to step 2, the proof assumes that both "y"s in the 2 expressions are the same.

⑩

a) Domain: whole numbers

$\forall(x \neq y) : \cancel{x = y} \setminus \cancel{y = x} \quad y > x$ .

b) In step 3, y is a free variable, which means that step 4 cannot use  $y$  to deduce.

⑬

$(\exists x)(\exists y) P(x, y) \rightarrow (\exists y)(\exists x) P(x, y)$

1.  $(\exists x)(\exists y) P(x, y)$  hyp

2.  $(\exists y) P(a, y)$  1, ei

3.  $P(a, b)$  2, ei

4.  $(\exists x) P(x, b)$  3, ey

5.  $(\exists y)(\exists x) P(x, y)$  4, ey

$$\textcircled{15} \quad (\forall x) P(x) \wedge (\exists x) [P(x)]' \rightarrow (\exists x) Q(x)$$

$$1. \quad (\forall x) P(x) \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$2. \quad (\exists x) [P(x)]' \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$3. \quad P(a) \quad 1, \text{ ui}$$

$$4. \quad [P(a)]' \quad 2, \text{ ei}$$

$$5. \quad Q(a) \quad 3, 4 \text{ inc}$$

$$6. \quad (\exists x) Q(x) \quad 5, \text{ eg}$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad (\exists x) [R(x) \vee S(x)] \rightarrow (\exists x) R(x) \vee (\exists x) S(x).$$

$$1. \quad (\exists x) [R(x) \vee S(x)] \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$2. \quad R(a) \vee S(a) \quad 1, \text{ ei}$$

$$3. \quad (\exists x) [R(x) [(\exists x) R(x)]]' \quad \text{temp. hyp}$$

$$4. \quad (\forall x) [R(x)]' \quad 3, \text{ neg}$$

$$5. \quad [R(a)]' \quad 4, \text{ ui}$$

$$6. \quad S(a) \quad 2, 5 \text{ ds}$$

$$7. \quad (\exists x) S(x) \quad 6, \text{ eg}$$

$$8. \quad (\exists x) R(x) \vee (\exists x) S(x) \quad \text{?}$$

$$8. \quad [(\exists x) R(x)]' \rightarrow (\exists x) S(x) \quad \text{temp. hyp discharged}$$

$$9. \left[ (\exists x) R(x) \right]' \left[ \right]' V(\exists x) S(x) \quad 8, \text{ imp}$$

$$10. (\exists x) R(x) \vee (\exists x) S(x) \quad 9, \text{ dn}$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad [(\forall x) P(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) Q(x)] \rightarrow (\forall x)[P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)].$$

$$1. (\forall x) P(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) Q(x)$$

$$2. \underline{[(\forall x) P(x)]'} \vee (\forall x) Q(x)$$

Domain: whole numbers

$$P(x): x = 0$$

$$Q(x): x > 0$$

Since  $P(x): x \neq 0$  / a  $(\forall x) P(x)$  is false

$\Rightarrow [(\forall x) P(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) Q(x)]$  is always true.

Choose  $x = 0$ , then  $(\forall x)[P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)]$  is false.

$$\textcircled{23} \quad (\exists x)(\forall y) Q(x, y) \rightarrow (\forall y)(\exists x) Q(x, y)$$

$$1. (\exists x)(\forall y) Q(x, y) \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$2. (\forall y) Q(a, y) \quad 1, \text{ ei}$$

$$3. Q(a, y) \quad 2, \text{ ui}$$

$$4. (\exists x) Q(x, y) \quad 3, \text{ eg}$$

$$5. (\forall y)(\exists x) Q(x, y) \quad 4, \text{ ug}$$

$$\textcircled{26} \quad (\forall y) [Q(x, y) \rightarrow P(x)] \rightarrow [(\exists y) Q(x, y) \rightarrow P(x)]$$

$$\rightarrow (\forall y) [Q(x, y) \rightarrow P(x)] \wedge (\exists y) Q(x, y) \rightarrow P(x)$$

$$1. \quad (\forall y) [Q(x, y) \rightarrow P(x)] \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$2. \quad (\exists y) Q(x, y) \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$3. \quad Q(x, a) \quad 2, \text{ ei}$$

$$4. \quad Q(x, a) \rightarrow P(x) \quad 1, \text{ ui}$$

$$5. \quad P(x) \quad 3, 4 \text{ mp}$$

$$\textcircled{28} \quad (\forall x) (P(x) \vee Q(x)) \wedge (\exists x) Q(x) \rightarrow (\exists x) P(x).$$

Domain : whole numbers.

$$P(x) : x < 1$$

$$Q(x) : x \geq 1$$

Choose  $x = 1$ , then the given wff is invalid.

$$\textcircled{31} \quad 1. \quad (\forall x) (M(x) \rightarrow P(x)) \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$2. \quad (\forall x) (S(x) \rightarrow M(x)) \quad \text{hyp}$$

$$3. \quad M(x) \rightarrow P(x) \quad 1, \text{ ui}$$

$$4. \quad S(x) \rightarrow M(x) \quad 2, \text{ ui}$$

5.  $S(x) \rightarrow P(x)$  3,4 hs
6.  $\forall x [S(x) \rightarrow P(x)]$  5, ug
- b) 1.  $\forall x (M(x) \rightarrow P(x))$  hyp
2.  $\exists x (S(x) \wedge M(x))$  hyp
3.  $M(a) \rightarrow P(a)$  1, ui
4.  $S(a) \wedge M(a)$  2, ei
5.  $S(a)$  4, simp
6.  $M(a)$  4, simp
7.  $P(a)$  3,6 mp
8.  $S(a) \wedge P(a)$  5,7,8 con
9.  $\exists x (S(x) \wedge P(x))$  8, eg
- b) 1.  $\forall x [M(x) \rightarrow (P(x))']$  hyp
2.  $\exists x [S(x) \wedge M(x)]$  hyp
3.  $M(a) \rightarrow (P(a))'$  1, ui
4.  $S(a) \wedge M(a)$  2, ei
5.  $S(a)$  4, simp

6.  $M(a)$

~~Simp~~

7.  $(P(a))'$

3,6 mp

b) 1.  $(\forall x) [M(x) \rightarrow (P(x))']$  hyp

2.  $(\forall x) [S(x) \rightarrow M(x)]$  hyp

3.  $M(x) \rightarrow (P(x))'$  1, ei

4.  $S(x) \rightarrow M(x)$  2, ui

5.  $M(x) \rightarrow (P(x))'$  3,4 hs

6.  $(\forall x) (S(x) \rightarrow (P(x))')$  5, ug

d) 1.  $(\forall x) [M(x) \rightarrow (P(x))']$  hyp

2.  $(\exists x) [M S(x) \wedge M(x)]$  hyp

3.  $M(a) \rightarrow (P(a))'$  1, ui

4.  $S(a) \wedge M(a)$  2, ei

5.  $S(a)$  4, simp

6.  $M(a)$  4, simp

7.  $(P(a))'$  4,6 mp

8.  $S(a) \wedge (P(a))'$  5,7 con

g.  $(\exists x) [S(x) \wedge (P(x))']$  8, eg.

- (34)
1.  $(\exists x) [A(x) \wedge (N(x))']$  hyp
  2.  $(\forall x) [G(x) \rightarrow N(x)]$  hyp
  3.  $(\forall x) [G(x) \vee C(x)]$  hyp
  4.  $A(a) \wedge (N(a))'$  1, ei
  5.  $G(a) \rightarrow N(a)$  2, eii
  6.  $G(a) \vee C(a)$  3, ui
  7.  $(N(a))'$  4, simp
  8.  $(N(a))' \rightarrow (G(a))'$  5, cont
  9.  $(G(a))'$  7,8 mp
  10.  $A(a)$  4, simp
  11.  $C(a)$  6,9 ds
  12.  $A(a) \wedge C(a)$  10,11 con
  13.  $(\exists x) [A(x) \wedge C(x)]$  12, eg

(42)

1.  $(\forall x) [ F(x) \rightarrow (\exists y) [ C(y) \wedge O(x, y) ] ]$  hyp
2.  $(\forall x)(\forall y) [ D(x) \wedge O(x, y) \wedge C(y) \rightarrow (D(x))' ]$  hyp
3.  $F(x) \rightarrow (\exists y) [ C(y) \wedge O(x, y) ]$  1, ui
4.  $F(x) \rightarrow C(a) \wedge O(x, a)$  3, ei
5.  $(\forall y) [ O(x, y) \wedge C(y) \rightarrow (D(x))' ]$  2, ui
6.  $O(x, y) \wedge C(y) \rightarrow (D(x))'$  5, ui
7.  $D(x)$  temp. hyp
8.  ~~$O(x, y) \wedge C(y)$~~  6, ~~7~~
9.  $(O(x, y) \wedge C(y))'$  6, 8, mt
10.  $(\forall y) (O(x, y) \wedge C(y))'$  9, ug
11.  $[(\exists y) [ O(x, y) \wedge C(y) ]]'$  10, neg
12.  $(F(x))'$  3, 11 mt
13.  $D(x) \rightarrow (F(x))'$  temp. hyp discharged
14.  $\neg(\forall x) (\forall x) [ D(x) \rightarrow (F(x))' ]$  13, uyg