## Validate input Parameters



## Syntax:

function functionName(datatype parameter1,datatype paramter2): datatype{

```
// Code Statement
```

}

functionName(argument1, argument2);

If a function parameter is declared as int, float, bool, or string, PHP will throw a fatal error if the actual parameter passed to the function is not of the same type.

## Validate

declare(strict\_types=1);

In PHP, the declare(strict\_types=1); statement is used to enforce strict typing in the current script or file. When strict types are declared, PHP will perform strict type checking during function calls. This means that PHP will not perform type coercion, and the types of function parameters and return values must exactly match the declared types, including their data types and scalar types (integers, floats, booleans, and strings).