



Electrical and Computer Engineering Department

Machine Learning and Data Science - ENCS5341

Assignment #1: Data Preprocessing & Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Submission deadline: 24.10.2025

For this assignment, we will be using a synthetic dataset that simulates a customer database. The data includes customer demographics, product usage, and customer status (whether they are likely to churn or not). The programming language for this assignment is `python`, and you can use libraries like `pandas`, `seaborn`, and `matplotlib` for data manipulation and visualization.

### Features:

- **CustomerID** (Numeric): Unique identifier for each customer.
- **Age** (Numeric): The age of the customer.
- **Gender** (Categorical): Gender of the customer (0: Male / 1:Female).
- **Income** (Numeric): Annual income of the customer (in USD).
- **Tenure** (Numeric): Number of years the customer has been with the company.
- **ProductType** (Categorical): Type of product the customer has subscribed to (0: Basic / 1: Premium).
- **SupportCalls** (Numeric): Number of support calls made by the customer in the last year.
- **ChurnStatus** (Binary): Whether the customer churned (1) or stayed (0).

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### Steps for the Assignment:

#### 1. Data Loading and Initial Inspection:

- Load the dataset into a `pandas DataFrame`.
- Inspect the first few rows of the dataset using `.head()` and check the general information using `.info()`.
- Generate summary statistics using `.describe()`.

#### 2. Handling Missing Data:

- Check for missing values in the dataset using `.isnull().sum()`.
- Decide how to handle missing values (e.g., imputation or deletion). **Ensure to justify your approach.**

### 3. Handling Outliers:

- Identify numerical outliers using box plots or Z-scores.
- Discuss strategies to handle outliers.
- Provide **justification** for your approach to handling outliers.

### 4. Feature Scaling:

- Normalize numerical features using methods like Min-Max Scaling or Standardization.

### 5. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):

- Univariate Analysis:
  - Visualize the distribution of key numerical features using histograms or box plots.
  - Analyze the distribution of categorical variables using bar plots.
- Bivariate Analysis:
  - Explore relationships between numerical features and the target variable (ChurnStatus) using scatter plots or box plots.
  - Investigate relationships between categorical variables and the target using bar plots.
- Correlation Analysis:
  - Create a correlation matrix to examine how numerical features relate to each other and to the target variable.
  - Discuss which features seem most predictive of churn.

### 6. Data Visualizations:

- Create at least 4 visualizations that communicate insights from the data (e.g., pair plots, bar plots, heatmaps, etc.).
- Ensure that visualizations are clear, well-labeled, and easy to interpret.

### 7. Conclusion:

- Summarize the key findings from the EDA.
- Discuss any significant patterns, relationships, or insights that could help improve customer retention or predict churn.

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### Deliverables:

1. **A Jupyter Notebook** (or Python script) containing the code for data loading, cleaning, preprocessing, and visualization.
2. **A Written Report** summarizing the preprocessing steps, justifications for the preprocessing decisions, visualizations with proper explanations, and key findings from the analysis.