

## Programming for Data Scientists

# Solution of `TP Exam`

Student .....

## Exercise 1

Suppose that we have the following randomly generated array A.

<pre>import numpy as np A = np.random.randint(1,23, size=(5,5)) A</pre>	<pre>A = [[ 2 17 21 22  6]       [ 3  9 19  1 22]       [15  8 21 19 20]       [22  2 15 12  5]       [17  2 16  5 11]]</pre>
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Fill the next table:

Editor	Console
<pre>B = A[2:4, :] print(B)</pre>	<pre>[[15  8 21 19 20]  [22  2 15 12  5]]</pre>
<pre>C = A[1, np.newaxis] print(C)</pre>	<pre>C is: [[ 3  9 19  1 22]]</pre>
<pre>print(A[:-1, [0,3]])</pre>	<pre>[[17  5]  [22 12]  [15 19]  [ 3  1]  [ 2 22]]</pre>
<pre>D = np.concatenate((B,C), axis=0) print(D)</pre>	<pre>D is: [[15  8 21 19 20]  [22  2 15 12  5]  [ 3  9 19  1 22]]</pre>
<pre>E = np.concatenate([A, D])[:-2] print(E)</pre>	<pre>[[ 3  9 19  1 22]  [15  8 21 19 20]  [22  2 15 12  5]  [ 3  9 19  1 22]]</pre>

## Exercise 2

We have the following Pandas' DataFrame **df\_1**:

index		Name	WBC
Type	Rank		
A+	1st	Billie	9500
	3rd	Jasper	6400
	2nd	Lawson	5200
A-	3rd	Declan	7850
	1st	Maison	10055
	2nd	Davis	8050
B+	2nd	Saoirse	8110
	3rd	Maddison	6200
	1st	Kylie	9550
B-	1st	Rosalie	11000
	2nd	Hamish	11550
	3rd	Ellis	4800

WBC: White Blood Count

1. Extract the people of the 3rd rank in A+ and B- types. (using loc, 1 single ins)

```
players_df.loc[["A+", "B-"], '3rd', :]
```

Using **df\_1**, create a new DataFrame **df\_2** composed of only A+ and B+. (using loc, 1 single ins)

```
df_2 = players_df.loc[["A+", "A-"]]
```

2. Split **df\_1** into two families A and B, A must contain A+ and A-, B must contain B+ and B-, the new index will be (Family, Type, Rank).

```
players_df.loc[["A+", "A-"], 'Family'] = 'A'
players_df.loc[["B+", "B-"], 'Family'] = 'B'
players_df = players_df.reset_index()
players_df = players_df.set_index(['Family', 'Type', 'Rank'])
```

3. Display the WBC mean of the A and B. (1 single ins)

```
players_df.groupby("Family")["WBC"].mean()
```

4. We want to add a new column to the DataFrame which called **Compact**, this column will contain all the data of each row according to the following formula:

**{Family}\_{Type}\_{Rank}\_{WBC}\_{Name}**

Using `groupby("Type").apply(yourFuncName)`, add the new column to `df_1`.

```
def add_compact(x):  
    ranks = np.array(["_".join(r) for r in x.index.values])  
    compact = np.array([v1+"_"+v2+"_"+v3 for v1,v2,v3 in zip(ranks,  
x.WBC.values.astype(str), x.Name.values)])  
    x['Compact'] = compact  
    return x
```

```
players_df.groupby("Type").apply(add_compact)
```