

Task 1: Balanced Binary Tree Check. Write a function to check if a given binary tree is balanced. A balanced tree is one where the height of two subtrees of any node never differs by more than one.

1. Implementation:

- **Node Class:** Represents a node in the binary tree.
- **BinaryTree Class:** Contains methods to insert nodes and to check if the tree is balanced.

CODE:

```
Package Com.day13
```

```
class Node {
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    Node left, right;
```

```
    Node(int value) {
```

```
        data = value;
```

```
        left = right = null;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
class BinaryTree {
```

```
    Node root;
```

```
    private int checkHeight(Node node) {
```

```
        if (node == null) {
```

```
            return 0;
```

```
        }
```

```
        int leftHeight = checkHeight(node.left);
```

```
        if (leftHeight == -1) {
```

```
            return -1;
```

```
        }
```

```
        int rightHeight = checkHeight(node.right);
```

```
        if (rightHeight == -1) {
```

```
            return -1;    }
```

```
        if (Math.abs(leftHeight - rightHeight) > 1) {
```

```

        return -1;
    }
    return Math.max(leftHeight, rightHeight) + 1;
}
public boolean isBalanced() {
    return checkHeight(root) != -1;
}
public void insert(int data) {
    root = insertRec(root, data);
}
private Node insertRec(Node root, int data) {
    if (root == null) {
        root = new Node(data);
        return root;    }
    if (data < root.data) {
        root.left = insertRec(root.left, data);
    } else if (data > root.data) {
        root.right = insertRec(root.right, data);
    }
    return root;    }
public static void main(String[] args) {
    BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();
    // Insert nodes into the tree
    tree.insert(10);
    tree.insert(5);
    tree.insert(15);
    tree.insert(3);
    tree.insert(7);
    tree.insert(12);
}

```

```

tree.insert(18);
if (tree.isBalanced()) {
    System.out.println("The tree is balanced.");
} else {
    System.out.println("The tree is not balanced.");
}
tree.insert(1);
if (tree.isBalanced()) {
    System.out.println("The tree is balanced.");
} else {
    System.out.println("The tree is not balanced.");
} } }

```

Explanation:

1. **Node Class:** Represents each node in the binary tree with an integer value and pointers to left and right children.
2. **BinaryTree Class:** Contains the root node, methods to insert nodes, and the isBalanced method to check if the tree is balanced.
 - **checkHeight(Node node):** Recursively calculates the height of the tree and checks if the tree is balanced at each node.
 - **isBalanced():** Calls checkHeight starting from the root. If checkHeight returns -1, the tree is not balanced.
 - **insert(int data):** Helper method to insert nodes into the tree for testing purposes.
3. **BalancedBinaryTreeCheck Class:** Contains the main method to create a binary tree, insert nodes, and check if the tree is balanced.