## SIMAD University Computer Science Department Computer Graphics Sample Midterm Examination [30% Marks]



## **Questions**

- 1. Using DDA Line drawing algorithm with  $\Delta x = -1$ ,
  - a. Prove that  $y_{k+1} = y_k m$
  - b. Draw DDA Line with coordinates A(2,2), B(6,4) by hand
  - c. Write code for DDA Line drawing algorithm

[5 Marks]

- 2. Using slope-intercept line equation with slope 6 and point (-2, 3)
  - a. Show the linear equation as 2D
  - b. Show the linear equation as 3D
  - c. Draw the 2D straight line by hand
  - d. Draw the 3D plane by hand
  - e. Plot the 2D straight line by Python

[5 Marks]

- 3. Using Bresenham's Line drawing algorithm,
  - a. prove that  $p_k = 2\Delta y x_k 2\Delta x y_k + C$
  - b. prove that  $p_{k+1} = p_k + 2\Delta y 2\Delta x$  provided that  $(y_{k+1} y_k) = 1$
  - c. Draw coordinates line from pixel A(1,1), to pixel B(7,5).
  - d. Write Bresenham's Line drawing code

[5 Marks]

- 4. True / False:
  - a. Identifying the center and radius of the circle  $(x + 1)^2 + y^2 = 4$ , the center=(-1, -3) and radius=2 [\_\_\_\_]

b. Using 3D Plane drawing concept, the 3D points to be plotted of the following equation is  $(5, -\frac{13}{5}, -\frac{4}{5})$ [\_\_\_\_]

$$2x - 6y - z = -38$$
$$-3x - y + 7z = -34$$
$$-8x + y - 2z = -20$$

[5 Marks]

- 5. Identify
  - a. Center, radius and then draw the graph of this circle $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 4$
  - b. Radius, the circle equation and then Draw the circle with center (-3, 3) and a point (2, 8)

[5 Marks]

- 6. Using slope-intercept line equation with slope 4 and point (1, -2)
  - a. Show the linear equation
  - b. Draw the straight line by hand
  - c. Prove that y = mx + c is extendable to formula of dyx dxy + C

[5 Marks]

7. Using 2D Concept, Plot the triangle [A (10, 10), B (15, 15), C(20, 10)] and then Translate the triangle 3 unit in x direction and 2 unit in y direction. Show tour plotting before and after translation.

[5 Marks]

End of Sample Midterm