10/05/2023, 19:55 Problem - D - Codeforces





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D. New Year and the Sphere Transmission

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input output: standard output

There are n people sitting in a circle, numbered from 1 to n in the order in which they are seated. That is, for all i from 1 to n-1, the people with id i and i+1 are adjacent. People with id n and n are adjacent as well.

The person with id 1 initially has a ball. He picks a positive integer k at most n, and passes the ball to his k-th neighbour in the direction of increasing ids, that person passes the ball to his k-th neighbour in the same direction, and so on until the person with the id 1 gets the ball back. When he gets it back, people do not pass the ball any more.

For instance, if n = 6 and k = 4, the ball is passed in order [1, 5, 3, 1].

Consider the set of all people that touched the ball. The **fun value** of the game is the sum of the ids of people that touched it. In the above example, the *fun value* would be 1+5+3=9.

Find and report the set of possible *fun values* for all choices of positive integer k. It can be shown that under the constraints of the problem, the ball always gets back to the 1-st player after finitely many steps, and there are no more than 10^5 possible *fun values* for given n.

Input

The only line consists of a single integer n ($2 \le n \le 10^9$) — the number of people playing with the ball.

Output

Suppose the set of all *fun values* is f_1, f_2, \dots, f_m .

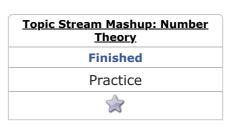
Output a single line containing m space separated integers f_1 through f_m in **increasing** order.

Examples



Note

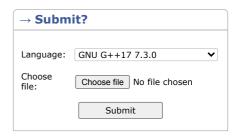
In the first sample, we've already shown that picking k=4 yields fun value 9, as does k=2. Picking k=6 results in fun value of 1. For k=3 we get fun value 5 and with k=1 or k=5 we get 21.



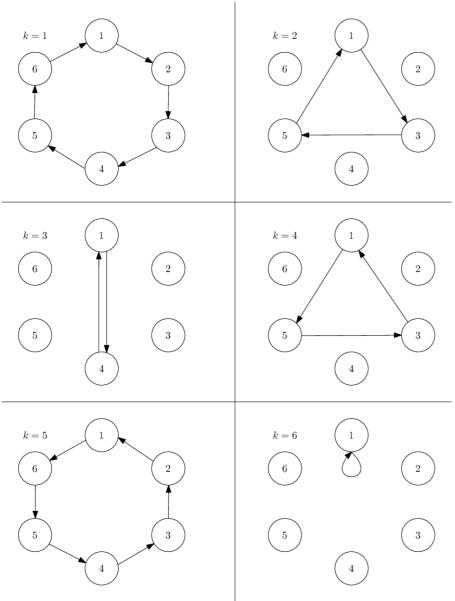
→ Virtual participation

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Start virtual contest



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In the second sample, the values 1, 10, 28, 64 and 136 are achieved for instance for k = 16, 8, 4, 10 and 11, respectively.

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