## Statistical Inference Course Project Part2

Khalid

7/11/2020

## **Part Two**

## The project consists of two parts:

- · A simulation exercise.
- · Basic inferential data analysis.
  - 1. Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses
  - 2. Provide a basic summary of the data.
  - 3. Use confidence intervals and/or hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. (Only use the techniques from class, even if there's other approaches worth considering)
  - 4. State your conclusions and the assumptions needed for your conclusions.

# Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses

Install & Load needed packages

```
data("ToothGrowth")
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(datasets)
data(ToothGrowth)
library(ggplot2)
library(cowplot)
```

```
##
## Note: As of version 1.0.0, cowplot does not change the
##
     default ggplot2 theme anymore. To recover the previous
##
     behavior, execute:
     theme_set(theme_cowplot())
##
```

#### Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses

```
ToothGrowth %>% group by(supp, dose) %>%
                summarise(meanLength = mean(len), medianLength = median(len), sdLength = sd(le
n))
```

```
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'supp' (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
## # Groups:
               supp [2]
     supp
            dose meanLength medianLength sdLength
##
     <fct> <dbl>
                      <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
## 1 OJ
             0.5
                      13.2
                                    12.2
                                              4.46
## 2 OJ
             1
                      22.7
                                    23.5
                                              3.91
## 3 OJ
             2
                      26.1
                                    26.0
                                              2.66
## 4 VC
             0.5
                      7.98
                                    7.15
                                              2.75
## 5 VC
             1
                                              2.52
                      16.8
                                    16.5
## 6 VC
             2
                      26.1
                                    26.0
                                              4.80
```

#### summary(ToothGrowth)

```
##
         len
                                  dose
                    supp
##
   Min.
           : 4.20
                    OJ:30
                            Min.
                                    :0.500
   1st Qu.:13.07
                    VC:30
                            1st Qu.:0.500
    Median :19.25
##
                            Median :1.000
##
   Mean
         :18.81
                            Mean
                                   :1.167
                             3rd Qu.:2.000
   3rd Qu.:25.27
##
##
   Max.
           :33.90
                            Max.
                                   :2.000
```

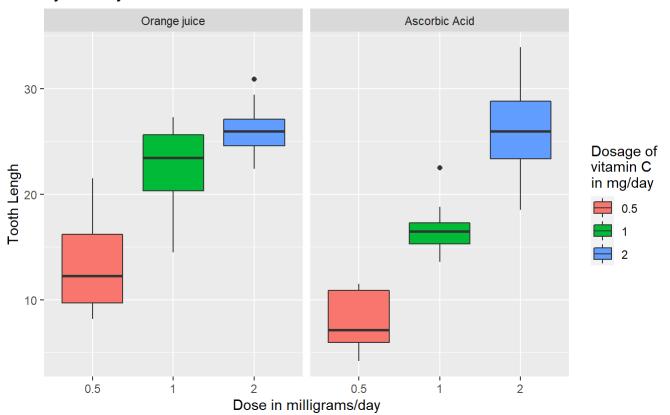
```
head(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##
      len supp dose
## 1 4.2
            VC
                0.5
## 2 11.5
            VC
                0.5
      7.3
## 3
            VC
                0.5
      5.8
            VC 0.5
## 5 6.4
            VC 0.5
            VC 0.5
## 6 10.0
```

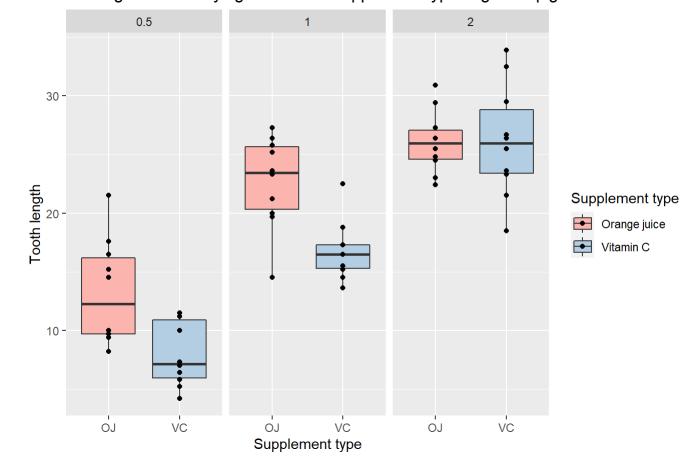
## visualization

```
ggplot(ToothGrowth, aes(factor(dose), len, fill = factor(dose))) +
      geom_boxplot() +
      # facet_grid(.~supp)+
      facet_grid(.~supp, labeller = as_labeller(
            c("OJ" = "Orange juice",
              "VC" = "Ascorbic Acid"))) +
      labs(title = "Tooth growth of 60 guinea pigs
           by dosage and nby delivery method of vitamin C",
           x = "Dose in milligrams/day",
           y = "Tooth Lengh") +
      scale fill discrete(name = "Dosage of\nvitamin C\nin mg/day")
```

#### Tooth growth of 60 guinea pigs by dosage and by delivery method of vitamin C



#### Tooth growth of varying doses and supplement type in guinea pigs



```
low_dose <- ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$dose == 0.5, ]
mid_dose <- ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$dose == 1, ]
h_dose <- ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$dose == 2, ]</pre>
```

### hypothesis testing for low dose (0.5mg/day)

```
t.test(low_dose$len ~ low_dose$supp, alternative = 'two.sided', paired = F, var.equal = F)$p.val
ue
```

```
## [1] 0.006358607
```

## hypothesis testing for medium dose (0.5mg/day)

```
t.test(mid_dose$len ~ mid_dose$supp,
       alternative = 'two.sided', paired = F, var.equal = F, conf.level = 0.95)$p.value
```

```
## [1] 0.001038376
```

#### Perform hypothesis testing for high dose (2mg/day)

```
t.test(h dose$len ~ h dose$supp,
       alternative = 'two.sided', paired = F, var.equal = F, conf.level = 0.95)$p.value
```

```
## [1] 0.9638516
```

#### Hypothesis testing: difference in tooth growth treated with different doses of supplements

```
- there is no difference in tooth growth in guinea pigs treated with different doses of orange j
uice or vitamin C
- there is a difference in tooth growth in guinea pigs treated with different doses of orange ju
ice or vitamin C
- Type 1 Error rate is less than 0.05 (p<0.05)
```

Perform hypothesis testing for orange juice at different doses Three different doses are compared to each other. The family-wise error rate will be controlled using the Bonferroni correction to adjust the p-value

```
orange j <- ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$supp == '0J', ]</pre>
orange_j_lm <- orange_j[orange_j$dose <= 1, ]</pre>
orange_j_lh <- orange_j[orange_j$dose != 1, ]</pre>
orange_j_mh <- orange_j[orange_j$dose >= 1, ]
vitamin_c <- ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$supp == 'VC', ]</pre>
vitamin c lm <- vitamin c[vitamin c$dose <= 1, ]</pre>
vitamin_c_lh <- vitamin_c[vitamin_c$dose != 1, ]</pre>
vitamin c mh <- vitamin c[vitamin c$dose >= 1, ]
```

Perform hypothesis testing for orange juice at different doses

Three different doses are compared to each other. The family-wise error rate will be controlled using the Bonferroni correction to adjust the p-value

```
orange_j_lm_p <- t.test(orange_j_lm$len ~ orange_j_lm$dose, alternative = 'two.sided', paired =
F, var.equal = F)$p.value
orange j lh p <- t.test(orange j lh$len ~ orange j lh$dose, alternative = 'two.sided', paired =
F, var.equal = F)$p.value
orange_j_mh_p <- t.test(orange_j_mh$len ~ orange_j_mh$dose, alternative = 'two.sided', paired =
F, var.equal = F)$p.value
data.frame(comparisons = c('0.5 vs 1', '0.5 vs 2', '1 vs 2'),
           pvalue = c(orange_j_lm_p, orange_j_lh_p, orange_j_mh_p),
           bonferroni = p.adjust(c(orange_j_lm_p, orange_j_lh_p, orange_j_mh_p), method = 'bonfe
rroni'))
```

```
##
     comparisons
                      pvalue bonferroni
## 1
       0.5 vs 1 8.784919e-05 2.635476e-04
## 2
        0.5 vs 2 1.323784e-06 3.971352e-06
         1 vs 2 3.919514e-02 1.175854e-01
## 3
```

#### #low vs medium dose

```
lowvc lm p <- t.test(vitamin c lm$len ~ vitamin c lm$dose, alternative = 'two.sided',</pre>
                  paired = F, var.equal = F, conf.level = 0.95)$p.value
```

#### #low vs high dose

```
lowvc_lh_p <- t.test(vitamin_c_lh$len ~ vitamin_c_lh$dose, alternative = 'two.sided',</pre>
                  paired = F, var.equal = F, conf.level = 0.95)$p.value
```

#### #medium vs high dose

```
lowvc mh p <- t.test(vitamin c mh$len ~ vitamin c mh$dose, alternative = 'two.sided',</pre>
                  paired = F, var.equal = F, conf.level = 0.95)$p.value
```

```
data.frame(comparisons = c('0.5 vs 1', '0.5 vs 2', '1 vs 2'),
           pvalue = c(lowvc_lm_p, lowvc_lh_p, lowvc_mh_p),
           bonferroni = p.adjust(c(lowvc_lm_p, lowvc_lh_p, lowvc_mh_p), method = 'bonferroni'))
```

```
##
     comparisons
                       pvalue
                                bonferroni
## 1
        0.5 vs 1 6.811018e-07 2.043305e-06
        0.5 vs 2 4.681577e-08 1.404473e-07
## 2
## 3
          1 vs 2 9.155603e-05 2.746681e-04
```

the Tooth Growth in guinea pigs treated, there is a does-dependent effect in that the higher the dose is, the longer the tooth length is. Whether this relationship is linear requires further ex ploration.