CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CARIBBEAN SECONDARY EDUCATION CERTIFICATE® EXAMINATION

11 JANUARY 2017 (a.m.)



FILL IN ALL THE INFORMATION REQUESTED CLEARLY IN CAPITAL LETTERS.

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SUBJECTCHEMISTRY - Paper 02
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JANUARY 2017

CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CARIBBEAN SECONDARY EDUCATION CERTIFICATE® EXAMINATION

CHEMISTRY

Paper 02 - General Proficiency

2 hours and 30 minutes

READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

- 1. This paper consists of SIX questions in TWO sections.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 4. Do NOT write in the margins.
- 5. Where appropriate, ALL WORKING MUST BE SHOWN in this booklet.
- 6. You may use a silent, non-programmable calculator to answer questions.
- 7. If you need to rewrite any answer and there is not enough space to do so on the original page, you must use the extra lined page(s) provided at the back of this booklet. Remember to draw a line through your original answer.
- 8. If you use the extra page(s) you MUST write the question number clearly in the box provided at the top of the extra page(s) and, where relevant, include the question part beside the answer.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

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SECTION A

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Write your responses in the spaces provided in this booklet.

Do NOT spend more than 30 minutes on Question 1.

1.	that ar	periment was carried out to determine the number of moles of water of crystallization, n , a present in hydrated iron(II) sulfate, FeSO ₄ • n H ₂ O. A sample of the solid was analysed for n (II) sulfate content by titrating it with a standard solution of potassium manganate(VII), n ₄ .
	(a)	Define the term 'standard solution'.
		<u></u>
		(1 mark)
	(b)	A sample of the hydrated iron(II) sulfate was weighed, dissolved in excess sulfuric acid and made up to the mark with distilled water in a 250 cm ³ volumetric flask. The data are shown in Table 1.
		Complete Table 1 by calculating the mass of the hydrated iron(II) sulfate used.
		TABLE 1: WEIGHING THE SAMPLE OF HYDRATED IRON(II) SULFATE

TABLE I: WEIGHING THE SAMPL	E OF HYDRATED	IRON(II) SULFATE
-----------------------------	---------------	------------------

Mass of beaker and sample (g)	17.11
Mass of beaker (g)	13.95
Mass of sample (g)	

(1 mark)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

(c) Three 25.0 cm³ aliquots of the iron(II) sulfate solution were pipetted into three conical flasks and titrated with 0.010 mol dm $^{-3}$ KMnO $_4$ solution. Figure 1 displays the final burette readings for EACH of the three titrations.

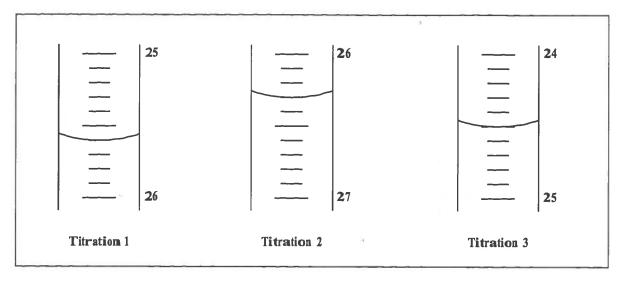


Figure 1. Final burette readings

(i) Record the final burette volumes from the diagrams in Figure 1 in the appropriate spaces in Table 2.

TABLE 2: TITRATION OF HYDRATED IRON(II) SULFATE SOLUTION WITH 0.010 MOL DM-3 POTASSIUM MANGANATE(VII)

Burette Readings (cm ³)	Titration 1	Titration 2	Titration 3	
Finalvolume				
Initial volume	1.00	2.05	0.15	
Volume used				

(3 marks)

(ii)	Calculate the volume of KMn0	₄ solution	used in	EACH	titration	and enter t	hem
	in Table 2.	•				(3 ma	rks)

(iii)	Determine the average volume of KMnO ₄ solution used in the titrations.			

(1 mark)





	(iv)	Calculate the number of moles of KMnO ₄ in the average volume determined in (c) (iii).
		(1 mark)
(d)	The M	InO_4^- ion reacts with Fe^{2+} ions to give Mn^{2+} ions according to the following equation:
		$MnO_4^{-}(aq) + 5Fe^{2+}(aq) + 8H^{+}(aq) \rightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + 5Fe^{3+}(aq) + 4H_2O(l).$
	(i)	As shown in the equation, 1 mole MnO_4^- reacts with 5 moles of Fe^{2+} . Using the result in (c) (iv), calculate the number of moles of Fe^{2+} ions in the 25.0 cm ³ aliquot that reacted with the MnO_4^- .
		(1 mark)
	(ii)	Determine the number of moles of Fe ²⁺ in the 250.0 cm ³ volumetric flask.
		(1 mark)
(e)		that I mole of FeSO ₄ contains I mole of Fe ²⁺ ions, use the result from (d) (ii) to ate the mass of anhydrous FeSO ₄ in the 250 cm ³ volumetric flask.
		[The relative molecular mass of anhydrous FeSO ₄ is 152.]
		(1 mark)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



(f)	Calculate the mass of water in the hydrated FeSO ₄ using the following formula.
	Mass of water = mass of hydrated FeSO ₄ - mass of anhydrous FeSO ₄ [from (b)] [from (e)]

	(1 mark)
(g)	Calculate the number of moles of water in the hydrated sample.
	[The relative molecular mass of water is 18.0.]
	• •
	(1 mark)
(h)	Using the results from (d) (ii) and (g), calculate the value of n in the formula $FeSO_4 \cdot nH_2O$.
	$n = \frac{\text{number of moles of water in hydrated sample}}{\text{number of moles of anhydrous FeSO}_4}$
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	(1 mark)
(i)	What is the colour change at the endpoint of the titration of iron(II) sulfate with potassium manganate(VII)?
	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	(2 marks)
(j)	State ONE reason why there was no need to add an indicator to this titration.
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	(1 mark)

(k) A student carried out the following tests on a pale blue solution of Compound X. Complete Table 3 by filling in the expected observations.

TABLE 3: TESTS PERFORMED ON COMPOUND X

			
	Test	Observation	Inference
(i)	Aqueous sodium hydroxide was added dropwise.		Fe ²⁺ ions present.
	And then in excess.	•	
		(2 marks)	
(ii)	The resulting mixture from (i) was left to stand in air.	•	Fe ²⁺ ions oxidized to Fe ³⁺ .
		(2 marks)	
(iii)	Aqueous barium nitrate was added.	•	SO ₄ ²⁻ ions present.
	Followed by dilute nitric acid.	•	
		(2 marks)	

Total 25 marks



2.	(a)		olysis has a wide range of industrial applications. Electroplating is one attion that is commonly used to make metals more attractive.	such
		(i)	Define the term 'electrolysis'.	
				•••••
				••••••

			(2 ma	
		(i i)	Define the term 'electroplating'.	

				•••••
			(2 ma	arks)
		(iii)	List THREE other applications of electrolysis.	

			(3 ma	

(b)	Desire	e wanted to set up apparatus in the laboratory for the electrolysis of molten lead
	bromio	de, PbBr ₂ .
	(i)	Draw a fully labelled diagram of the apparatus she should use and state the material from which the electrodes are made.
		Material:
		(4 marks)
	(ii)	Write balanced equations to indicate the reactions which occur at EACH electrode.

Equation at anode:

Equation at cathode:

Total 15 marks

(4 marks)

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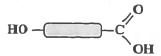


(a)	(i)	State whether Compound A is an alkane or alkene.
		(1 mark)
	(ii)	State ONE use of Compound A.
		(1 mark)
	(iii)	Compound A reacts with chlorine gas to produce a colourless compound and a gaseous by-product. State ONE condition that is necessary for this reaction to take place.
		(1 mark)
	(iv)	Draw the FULLY DISPLAYED structural formula of the product (colourless
		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of
		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of
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		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of
		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of chlorine gas. Structure of product
		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of chlorine gas.
	(v)	compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of chlorine gas. Structure of product
		compound) formed when one mole of Compound A reacts with one mole of chlorine gas. Structure of product (2 marks)



o) (i) Define the term 'pol	ymer'.
	••
••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
•…•…•…•…•…•…•…•	(2 marks)
•	goes polymerization to form a colourless, hard solid. State ization reaction, the name of the polymer formed, and ONE polymer.
Type of polymerizat	ion:
	(1 mark)
Name of polymer: .	• •
	(1 mark)
Use of polymer:	
• •	(1 mark)

(c) The molecule shown below can be used to produce polymers which are very useful in industry.



A partial structure of the polymer is shown below.

O	0	0
	11	Ĭ
-0-C-0-		-C-O-

(i)	Name the functional group (link) present in the polymer.
	(1 mark)
(ii)	Name the type of polymerization reaction that has taken place, and state ONE possible use of these types of polymers.
	Type of polymerization: (1 mark)
	Use of polymer:(1 mark)
(iii)	Name the by-product that is formed in this polymerization reaction.
	(1 mark)
	Total 15 marks

SECTION B

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Write your responses in the spaces provided in this booklet.

4. (a)	Two isotopes of carbon are ${}_{6}^{12}C$ and ${}_{6}^{13}C$. Define the term 'isotope' and hence show by
	calculation that ${}_{6}^{12}C$ and ${}_{6}^{13}C$ are isotopes.
	ją,
	(3 marks)
(b)	Radioisotopes are very useful in everyday life. For example, the Uranium-235 isotope is used in energy generation because it produces large amounts of energy when the atoms split.
	State THREE other uses of radioisotopes.
	,
	(3 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



The electronic configurations of	ents W and X react together to form a compound. The electronic configuration ements W and X are shown below.			(c)				
	X: 2,8,2	W: 2,7						
ACH element, W and X, belongs. between W and X and write the	(i) State the appropriate group and period to which EACH element. Hence, indicate the type of bonding that occurs between W a formula of the compound formed.							
	•							
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(6 marks)								
lissolve in water. Explain your	compound will d	Suggest whether the resultin answer.	(ii)					
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	•••••							
(3 marks)	••••••							
Total 15 marks								

5. Amm		raw material used in the manufacture of fertilizers such as ammonium nitrate.				
(a)	State TWO physical properties of ammonia gas.					
	• • • • • • • •					
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	*******	(2 marks)				
(b)	(i)	Draw a labelled diagram to show the apparatus used for the laboratory preparation of ammonia gas.				
		(3 marks)				
	(ii)	Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction taking place in the laboratory preparation of ammonia gas.				
		•				
		(2 marks)				

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



	(iii)	Explain why concentrated sulfuric acid, a typical drying agent, CANNOT be used in this preparation and identify an appropriate alternative drying agent that could be used.
		(3 marks)
(c)	Briefl	y describe a laboratory test for ammonia gas.
	••••••	

	*******	(2 marks)
(d)	The ex List T	scessive use of fertilizers may lead to harmful levels of nitrates in the environment. HREE harmful effects of excessive nitrates in the environment.

	********	#

	***********	(3 marks)
		Total 15 marks



ó.	(a)	State TWO properties of water and explain how EACH property assists in sustaining life on Earth.
		4
		(4 marks)
		(i) Write a balanced equation showing how hard water, formed as stated above, can be softened using sodium carbonate.
		(2 marks)
		(ii) Name and describe ONE other method by which water can be softened.
		(4 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



c)	Describe a method which can be used to distinguish between hard water and soft water using soap.
	9
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

	<u> </u>
	••…•…•…•…•…•…•…•…
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	Total 15 marks

END OF TEST

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CANDIDATE'S RECEIPT

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE: Fill in all the information requested clearly in capital letters. 1. 0 1 2 1 2 0 2 0 TEST CODE: CHEMISTRY - Paper 02 SUBJECT: PROFICIENCY: GENERAL REGISTRATION NUMBER: FULL NAME: (BLOCK LETTERS) Signature: Ensure that this slip is detached by the Supervisor or Invigilator and given to you when you 2. hand in this booklet. Keep it in a safe place until you have received your results. 3. INSTRUCTION TO SUPERVISOR/INVIGILATOR: Sign the declaration below, detach this slip and hand it to the candidate as his/her receipt for this booklet collected by you. I hereby acknowledge receipt of the candidate's booklet for the examination stated above. Supervisor/Invigilator

Date: _____