



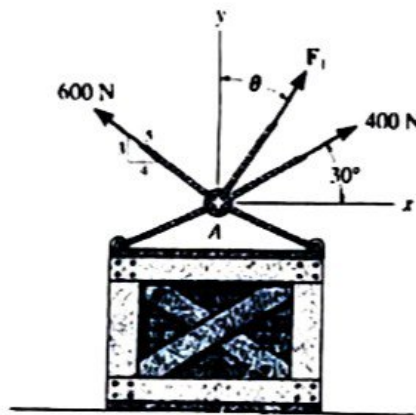
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY JODHPUR  
Mid Term Examination 01 (06<sup>th</sup> September 2023)

Program: B. Tech  
Course Code: MEL1010  
Total Marks: 15

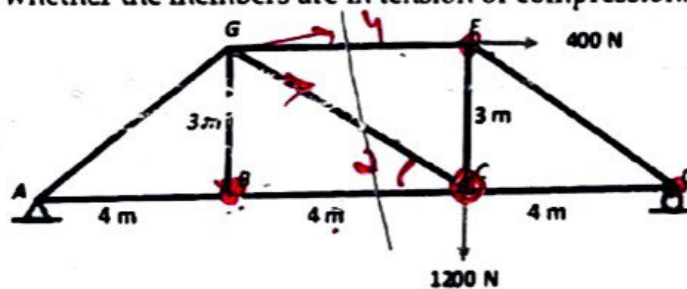
Semester: First (1st)  
Course Name: Engineering Mechanics  
Duration: 01 hours

- Instructions:**
1. Attempt all the questions
  2. Provide diagram wherever necessary
  3. Write each step of the problem solving clearly

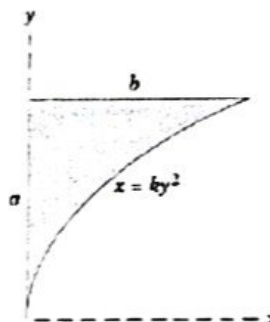
**Question 1:** Determine the magnitude and direction measured counterclockwise from the positive x axis of the resultant force of the three forces acting on the ring A. It is given that  $F_1 = 500$  N and  $\theta = 20^\circ$  (5 Marks)



**Question 02:** Determine the force in members GE, GC and BC of the truss shown in figure. Mention whether the members are in tension or compression. (5 Marks)



**Question 03:** Determine the coordinates of the centroid of the shaded area. (5 Marks)



# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY JODHPUR

Session: 2023/24

## MEL1010 Engineering Mechanics - Minor Test 1

February 10th, 2024 Time (8:00 - 9:00 PM)

Total: 30 Marks

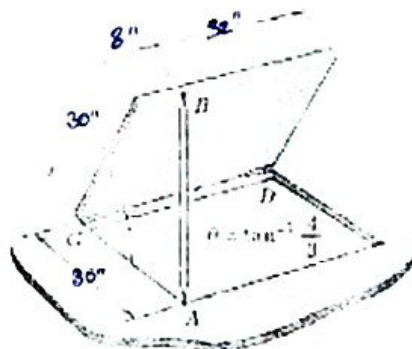
### Instructions

1. Question paper consists of 4 questions in two printed pages. Make sure all the questions are printed
2. Answer all the questions no optional question is provided
3. All steps must be presented
4. Please draw Free Body Diagram (FBD) neatly and indicate the axes properly
5. Scientific Calculators are allowed and any other device is NOT allowed.

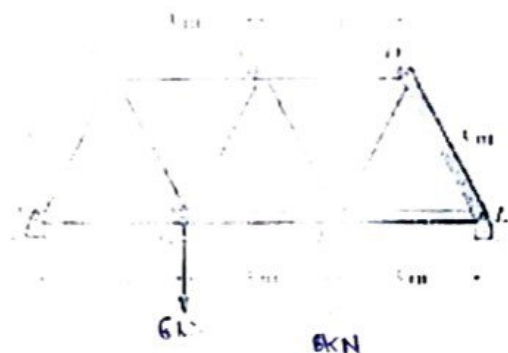
1. A 10 lb-weight is supported by the cord AC and roller and by a spring. If the spring has an unstretched length of 8 inches and the weight is in equilibrium when  $d$  is 4 inches determine the stiffness of the spring. (6 marks)



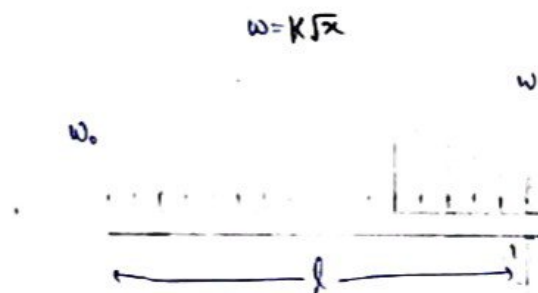
2. The uniform 30 X 40 inch trap door weighs 200 lb and is propped open by the light strut AB at the angle  $\theta$ , where  $\tan \theta = 4/3$ . Calculate the compression  $F_B$  in the strut and the force supported by the hinge D normal to the hinge axis. Assume that the hinges act at the extreme ends of the lower edge. (4.5+4.5 marks)



3. Determine the force in members CD, CE, and EG of the truss. Indicate if the members are in tension or compression. You may use either method of joints or method of sections. (8 marks)



4. Determine the force  $F_y$ ,  $F_z$  and moment reactions  $M_A$  at the support A of the cantilever beam subject to the load distribution (7 marks)



# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY JODHPUR

Session: 2023/24

MEL1010 Engineering Mechanics - Minor Test 1

February 10th, 2024 Time (8:00 - 9:00 PM)

Total: 30 Marks

## Instructions

1. Question paper consists of 4 questions in two printed pages. Make sure all the questions are printed
2. Answer all the questions no optional question is provided
3. All steps must be presented
4. Please draw Free Body Diagram (FBD) neatly and indicate the axes properly
5. Scientific Calculators are allowed and any other device is NOT allowed.

1. A 10 lb-weight is supported by the cord AC and roller and by a spring. If the spring has an unstretched length of 8 inches and the weight is in equilibrium when d is 4 inches determine the stiffness of the spring. (6 marks)

Change in length  $\Delta L = 4.65 \text{ in}$  2 Marks

Tension  $\approx 31.62 \text{ lb}$  2 Marks  
(1.5 cal + 0.5 Unit)

FBD 2 Marks

Stiffness -  $k \approx 6.85 \text{ lb/in}$  2 Marks  
(1.5 cal + 0.5 Unit)

Total - 6 Marks

2. The uniform 30 X 40 inch trap door weighs 200 lb and is propped open by the light strut AB at the angle  $\theta$ , where  $\tan \theta = 4/3$ . Calculate the compression FB in the strut and the force supported by the hinge D normal to the hinge axis. Assume that the hinges act at the extreme ends of the lower edge. (4.5+4.5 marks) Total - 9 Marks

FBD 2 Marks

$\vec{F}_{AB} = \frac{[-3i + 2j + 6k] F_{AB}}{7}$  0.5 Marks

$F_{AB} \approx 70 \text{ lb}$  2 Marks (1.5 cal + 0.5 Unit)

$D_y = 0$  ← No calculation required Hence No marks

$D_x = 15 \text{ lb}$  1.5 Marks (1 cal + 0.5 Unit)

$D_z = 100 \text{ lb}$  1.5 Marks (1 cal + 0.5 Unit)

$D \approx \sqrt{D_x^2 + D_y^2 + D_z^2}$

$\approx 101.12 \text{ lb}$  1 Marks (0.5 cal + 0.5 Unit)

$\vec{r}_{CA} = 30\hat{j}$

$\vec{r}_{CE} = 9\hat{i} + 20\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}$

$\vec{r}_{CO} = 0\hat{i} + 40\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}$  } 0.5 Marks

WFS L2



3. Determine the force in members  $\overline{CD}$ ,  $\overline{CF}$ , and  $\overline{FG}$  of the truss. Indicate if the members are in tension or compression. You may use either method of joints or method of sections. (8 marks)

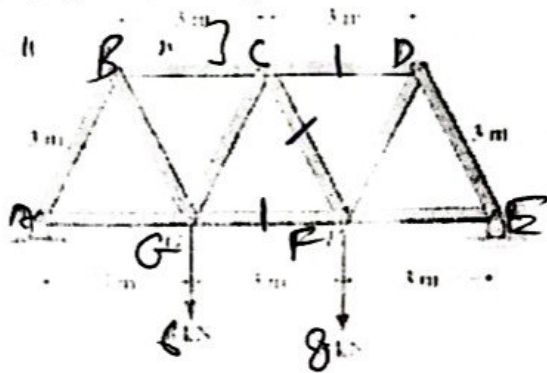
$$R_A = 6.67 \text{ kN} \quad 2 \text{ Marks} \quad [0.5 \text{ col} + 0.5 \text{ Unit}]$$

$$R_E = 7.73 \text{ kN} \quad 1 \text{ Mark} \quad C \quad "$$

$$F_{CD} = 8.46 \text{ kN} (C)$$

$$F_{CF} = 0.77 \text{ kN} (T)$$

$$F_{FG} = 8.075 \text{ kN} (T)$$



2 Marks for each

[1 col + 0.5 Unit + 0.5 Type/Nature]

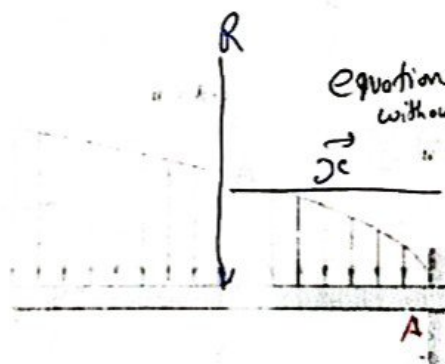
4. Determine the force  $F_y$ ,  $F_z$  and moment reactions  $M_A$  at the support A of the cantilever beam subject to the load distribution (7 marks)

$$R = \frac{2}{3} w_0 l \quad 1 \text{ Mark}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{3}{5} l \quad 1 \text{ Mark}$$

$$A_x = 0 \quad 1 \text{ Mark}$$

$$A_y = \frac{2}{3} w_0 l \quad 1 \text{ Mark}$$



$$k = \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$w = \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{k}} \sqrt{x}$$

0.5 Marks

Equation without 'k'

Equation without 'k'

$$M_A = \frac{2}{5} w_0 l^2 (CW) \quad 2.5 \text{ Marks} \quad [2 \text{ Marks for calculation} + 0.5 \text{ Marks direction}]$$

budgetary quotations & justification.

Annexure IX: Facilities available for carrying out the proposed research work in Applicant's (a) Group (b) Institution (c) Department and (d) co-located DRDO lab.

Certificate:

a. HRA Certification

b. Certificate from PI and from DRDO Lab that DRDO facility is not available for project work.

c. Reasonability certificate provided by PI for the budgetary quotes

Q-1

12 in

$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{12}\right) = \theta$   
 $\approx 18.43^\circ$

Unstretched spring length = 8 in

Equilibrium at A

$T = k\Delta l$

$12^2 + 4^2 = l^2$   
 $l = 12.65 \text{ in}$

$\Delta l = l - l_1$   
 $\Delta l = 4.65 \text{ in}$

$T = k\Delta l$   
 $k = \frac{31.62 \times 12}{4.65}$   
 $k \approx 81.6 \text{ lb/in}$  or  $6.85 \text{ lb/in}$

$T \approx 31.62 \text{ lb}$

$1190 \text{ N/m}$

$(1.5 + 0.5 \text{ Unit})$

Free Body Diagram (FBD) ①

Free Body Diagram (FBD) ②

Q-2

B(18, 9, 24)

W = 200 lb

$\vec{W} = -200\hat{j}$

Direction Cosin for AB

$\vec{F}_{AB} = [-3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}] \frac{F_{AB}}{7}$

$L = \frac{-12}{29} = -\frac{3}{7}$

$m = \frac{2}{29} = \frac{2}{7}, n = \frac{24}{29} = \frac{6}{7}$

Moment about y axis is zero

$[30\hat{i} \times [-3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}]] \frac{F_{AB}}{7} + [9\hat{i} + 20\hat{j}] \times [-200\hat{j}] \cdot \hat{j} = 0$

$[[-180\hat{j} + 60\hat{k}]] \frac{F_{AB}}{7} + 200[-20\hat{i} + 9\hat{j}] \cdot \hat{j} = 0$

$-180 \frac{F_{AB}}{7} + 1800 = 0$

$F_{AB} = 70 \text{ lb}$

$(1.5 + 0.5 \text{ Unit})$

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 2

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 3

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 4

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 5

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 6

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 7

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 8

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 9

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 10

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 11

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 12

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 13

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 14

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 15

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 16

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 17

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 18

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 19

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 20

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 21

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 22

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 23

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 24

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 25

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 26

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 27

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 28

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 29

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 30

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 31

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 32

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 33

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 34

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 35

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 36

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 37

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 38

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 39

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 40

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 41

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 42

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 43

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 44

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 45

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 46

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 47

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 48

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 49

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 50

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 51

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 52

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 53

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 54

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 55

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 56

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 57

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 58

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 59

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 60

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 61

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 62

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 63

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 64

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 65

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 66

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 67

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 68

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 69

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 70

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 71

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 72

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 73

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 74

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 75

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 76

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 77

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 78

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 79

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 80

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 81

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 82

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 83

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 84

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 85

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 86

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 87

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 88

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 89

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 90

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 91

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 92

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 93

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 94

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 95

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 96

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 97

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 98

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 99

Free Body Diagram (FBD) 100



## Q-2 Continue

$$M_x = 0$$

~~Q-2~~

~~$$D_x = 15 \text{ lb}$$~~

$$M_z = 0 \quad [r_{co} \times D] + [r_{ca} \times F_{AB}] \cdot K = 0$$

$$[40j \times (D_x i + D_y j + D_z k)] + 30i \times [3i + 2j + 4k] 10 \cdot K = 0$$

$$[-40D_z k + 40D_y i + 600k - 1800j] \cdot K = 0$$

$$-40D_z + 600 = 0$$

$$D_x = 15 \text{ lb} \quad 2.5 \quad (1 + 0.5 \text{ Unit})$$

$$[40j \times (D_x i + D_y j + D_z k)] + [3i + 2j \times (-200k)] \cdot i = 0$$

$$[-40D_z k + 40D_y i] + 200[20i + 9j] \cdot i = 0$$

$$40D_y - 4000 = 0 \Rightarrow D_y = 100 \text{ lb}$$

$$2.5 \quad (1 + 0.5 \text{ Unit})$$

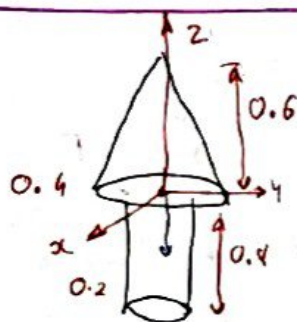
$$D = \sqrt{D_x^2 + D_y^2 + D_z^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{15^2 + 100^2}$$

$$1 \quad (0.5 + 0.5 \text{ Unit})$$

$$D \approx 101.12 \text{ lb} \quad \leftarrow \text{ANS}$$

## Q-4



① Cone

$$\bar{z} = 0.15$$

mass 304 kg

② Cylinder

$$-0.4$$

502 kg

$$\bar{z} =$$

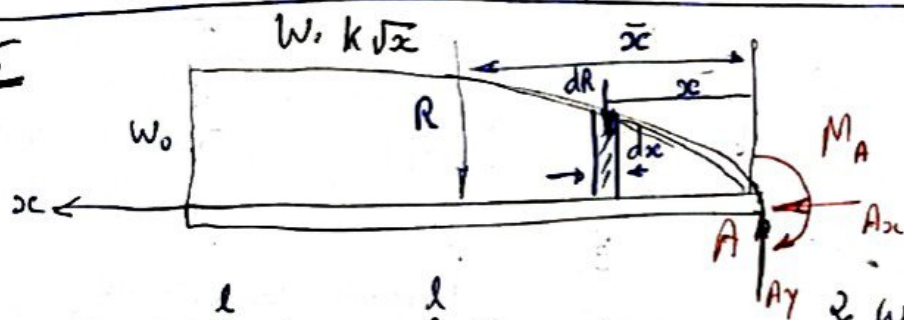
$$304 \times 0.15 - 502 \times 0.4$$

$$304 + 502$$

$$\bar{z} = 0.046 \text{ m} \text{ From given coordinate}$$

$$\bar{z} = 2.954 \text{ m} \text{ From Base of cylinder}$$

## Q-5



$$w_0 = k\sqrt{x}$$

$$K = \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\Rightarrow W = \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} \quad (1)$$

$$R = \int dR = \int_0^l w dx = \int_0^l \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}} [x^{\frac{3}{2}}]_0^l = \frac{2}{3} w_0 l$$

$$R = \frac{2}{3} w_0 l \quad (1)$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int x dR}{\int dR} = \frac{\int x w dx}{\int w dx} = \frac{\int_0^l \frac{w_0}{\sqrt{x}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx}{\frac{2}{3} w_0 l} = \frac{[x^{\frac{5}{2}}]_0^l}{\sqrt{x} \frac{5}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} w_0 l} = \frac{3}{5} l \Rightarrow \bar{x} = \frac{3}{5} l \quad (1)$$

$$\sum V = 0 \Rightarrow A_y - R = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = \frac{2}{3} w_0 l \quad (1)$$

$$\sum H = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} w_0 l \left(\frac{3}{5} l\right) - M_A = 0$$

$$M_A = \frac{2}{5} w_0 l^2 \text{ CW}$$

+0.5 direction

clockwise

(Total 2.5 Marks)



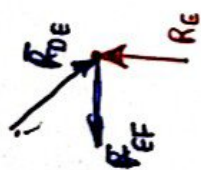
$$M_A = 0 \quad 6 \times 3 + 8 \times 6 - R_E \times 9 = 0$$

$$R_E = 18 + 48$$

$$\text{Ans CF} \quad \text{Unit} \quad \boxed{R_E = 7.33 \text{ kN}} \\ \boxed{R_A = 6.67 \text{ kN}}$$

$$F_{CD}, F_{CE}, F_{CA}$$

M.J. --  
Joint E



$$\sum V = 0$$

$$F_{DE} \sin 60 = R_E$$

$$\boxed{F_{DE} = 8.46 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{C}$$

$$\sum H = 0$$

$$F_{DE} \cos 60 = F_{EF}$$

$$\boxed{F_{EF} = 4.36 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T}$$

Joint - D



$$\sum V = 0$$

$$F_{DF} \sin 60 = F_{DE} \sin 60$$

$$\boxed{F_{DF} = F_{DE} = 8.46 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T}$$

$$\sum H = 0$$

$$F_D = F_{DF} \cos 60 + F_{DE} \cos 60$$

$$\boxed{F_{DE} = 8.46 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{C} \quad \text{Ans CD}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right] \quad \text{C/T}$$

Joint F



$$\sum V = 0$$

$$F_{FD} \sin 60 + F_{FC} \sin 60 = 8$$

$$\boxed{F_{FC} = 0.77 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T} \quad \text{Ans CF}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right] \quad \text{C/T}$$

$$\sum H = 0 \quad F_{FF} = F_{EF} + F_{FD} \cos 60 - F_{FC} \cos 60$$

$$4.36 + F_{FC} \cos 60 = F_{FF} \cos 60 + 8$$

$$\boxed{F_{FF} = 8.07 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T} \quad \text{Ans FF}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right] \quad \text{C/T}$$

Method of section

From section ①-①

$$M_E = 0 \Rightarrow R_A \times 4.5 = 8 \times 1.5 + F_{CE} \times 3.5 \sin 60$$

$$\frac{21.015}{3.560} = F_{CE}$$

$$\boxed{F_{CE} = 8.08 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T} \quad \text{Ans GF}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right]$$

From section ②-②

$$\textcircled{1} M_F = 0 \Rightarrow R_E \times 3 = F_{CD} \times 3 \times \sin 60$$

$$F_{CD} = \frac{7.33}{\sin 60}$$

$$\boxed{F_{CD} \approx 8.46 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{C} \quad \text{Ans CD}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sum V = 0 \Rightarrow +R_E + F_{EF} \sin 60 - 8 = 0$$

$$F_{EF} = \frac{8 - R_E}{\sin 60}$$

$$\boxed{F_{EF} = 0.77 \text{ kN}} \quad \text{T} \quad \text{Ans CF}$$

$$2 \left[ 1 + 0.5 \text{ unit} + 0.5 \text{ type} \right]$$