

# 3 Exploratory Data Analysis

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```
# Chapter 3: Exploratory Data Analysis
# Load required libraries
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(here)
```

```
here() starts at /home/mk/Documents/khanalmohan.github.io
```

```
# Import dataset
car_data <- read.csv("data/car_data.csv")
```

## 1 — Part 1: Descriptive Statistics —

### 1.1 Using Base Package —

```
# Summary of entire dataset
summary(car_data)
```

```
Car_Name           Year      Selling_Price   Present_Price
Length:301        Min.    :2003     Min.   : 0.100   Min.   : 0.320
Class :character  1st Qu.:2012    1st Qu.: 0.900   1st Qu.: 1.200
Mode  :character  Median :2014    Median : 3.600   Median : 6.400
                  Mean   :2014    Mean   : 4.661   Mean   : 7.628
                  3rd Qu.:2016   3rd Qu.: 6.000   3rd Qu.: 9.900
                  Max.   :2018    Max.   :35.000   Max.   :92.600
Kms_Driven        Fuel_Type   Seller_Type    Transmission
Min.   : 500     Length:301    Length:301    Length:301
1st Qu.:15000    Class :character  Class :character  Class :character
Median :32000    Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Mode  :character
Mean   :36947
3rd Qu.:48767
Max.   :500000
Owner
Min.   :0.00000
1st Qu.:0.00000
Median :0.00000
Mean   :0.04319
3rd Qu.:0.00000
Max.   :3.00000
```

```
# Base R Descriptive Stats  
mean(car_data$Selling_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 4.661296
```

```
median(car_data$Selling_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 3.6
```

```
sd(car_data$Selling_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 5.082812
```

```
var(car_data$Selling_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 25.83497
```

```
range(car_data$Selling_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 0.1 35.0
```

```
quantile(car_data$Selling_Price, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
25% 50% 75%  
0.9 3.6 6.0
```

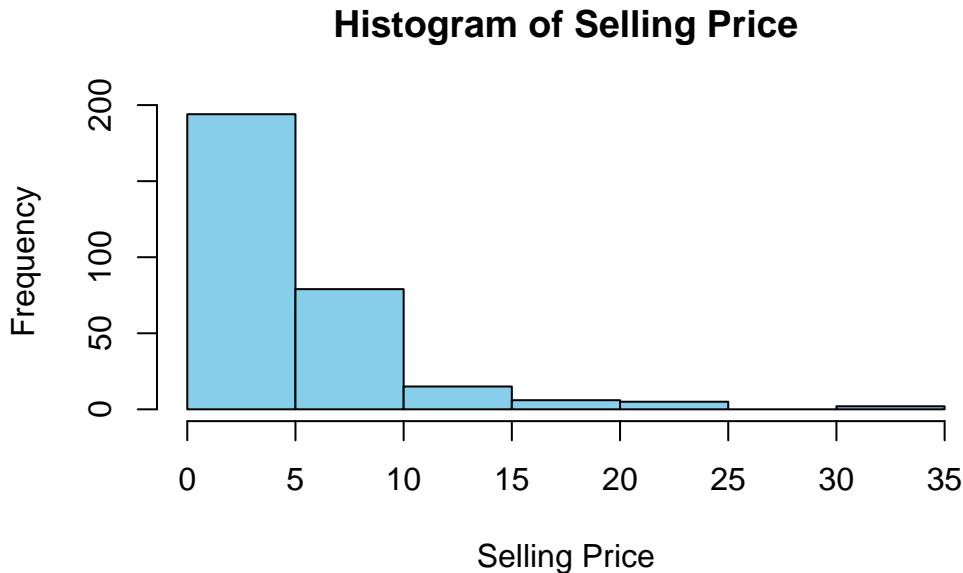
## 1.2 Using dplyr function —

```
# dplyr group-wise summary  
car_data %>%  
  group_by(Fuel_Type) %>%  
  summarize(  
    count = n(),  
    avg_price = mean(Selling_Price),  
    sd_price = sd(Selling_Price),  
    max_price = max(Selling_Price)  
  )
```

```
# A tibble: 3 x 5
  Fuel_Type count avg_price sd_price max_price
  <chr>     <int>    <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>
1 CNG         2      3.1      0.212     3.25
2 Diesel      60     10.3      7.19      35
3 Petrol     239     3.26     3.14      19.8
```

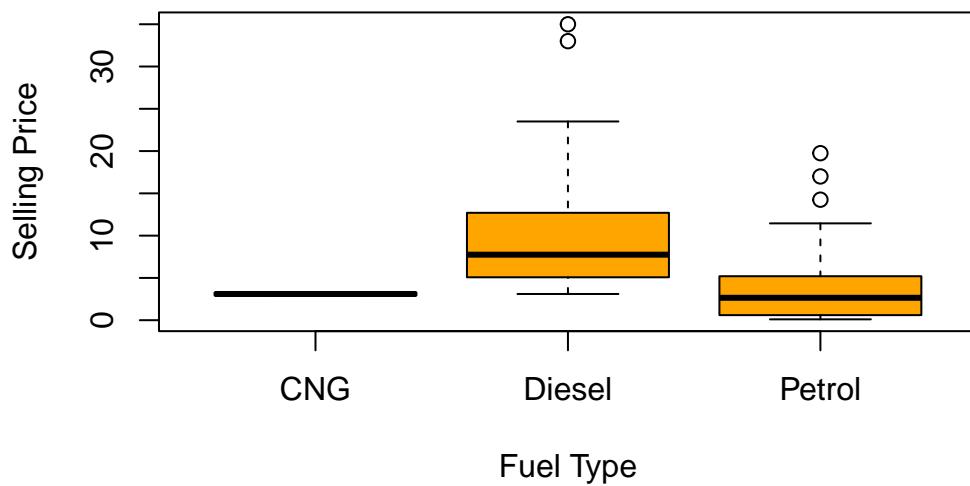
## 2 — Part 2: Data Visualization using Base R —

```
# Histogram
hist(car_data$Selling_Price,
  main = "Histogram of Selling Price",
  xlab = "Selling Price",
  col = "skyblue",
  border = "black")
```



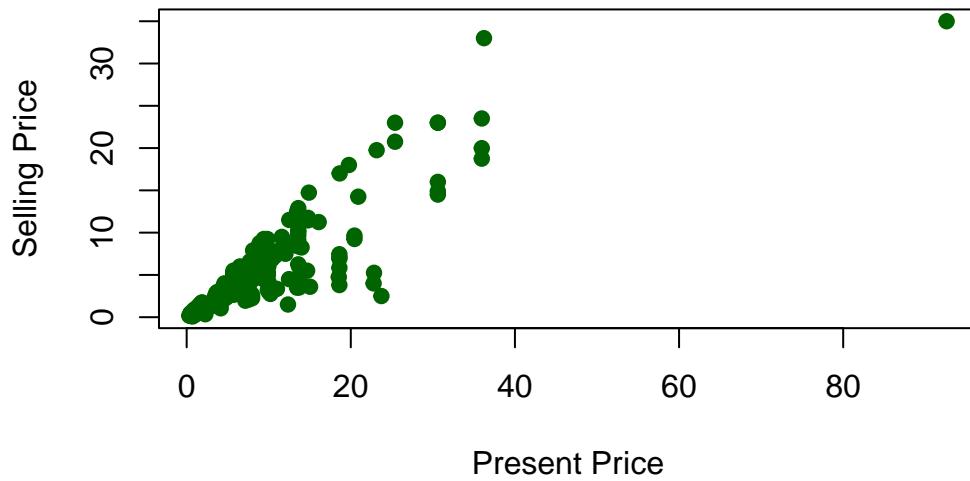
```
# Boxplot
boxplot(Selling_Price ~ Fuel_Type, data = car_data,
  main = "Boxplot of Selling Price by Fuel Type",
  xlab = "Fuel Type", ylab = "Selling Price",
  col = "orange")
```

## Boxplot of Selling Price by Fuel Type



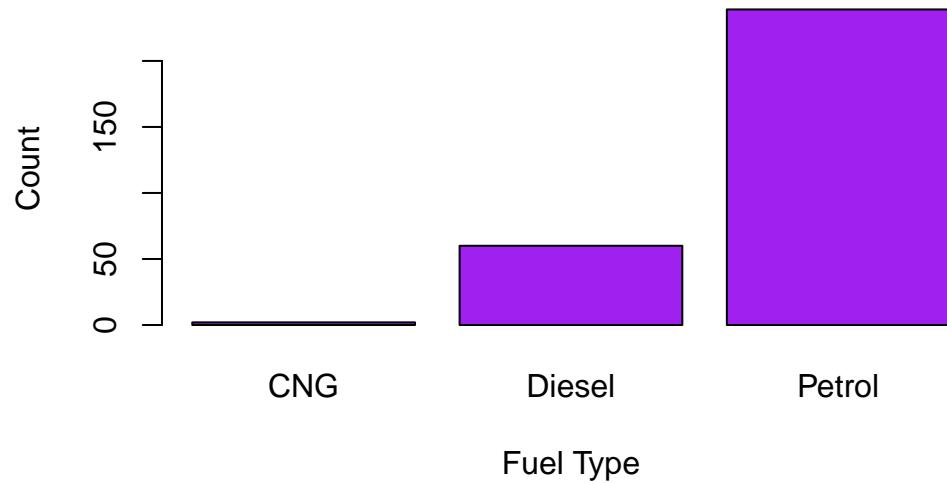
```
# Scatter Plot
plot(car_data$Present_Price, car_data$Selling_Price,
     main = "Selling vs Present Price",
     xlab = "Present Price", ylab = "Selling Price",
     pch = 19, col = "darkgreen")
```

## Selling vs Present Price



```
# Bar Plot
fuel_counts <- table(car_data$Fuel_Type)
barplot(fuel_counts,
        main = "Fuel Type Distribution",
        col = "purple",
        xlab = "Fuel Type",
        ylab = "Count")
```

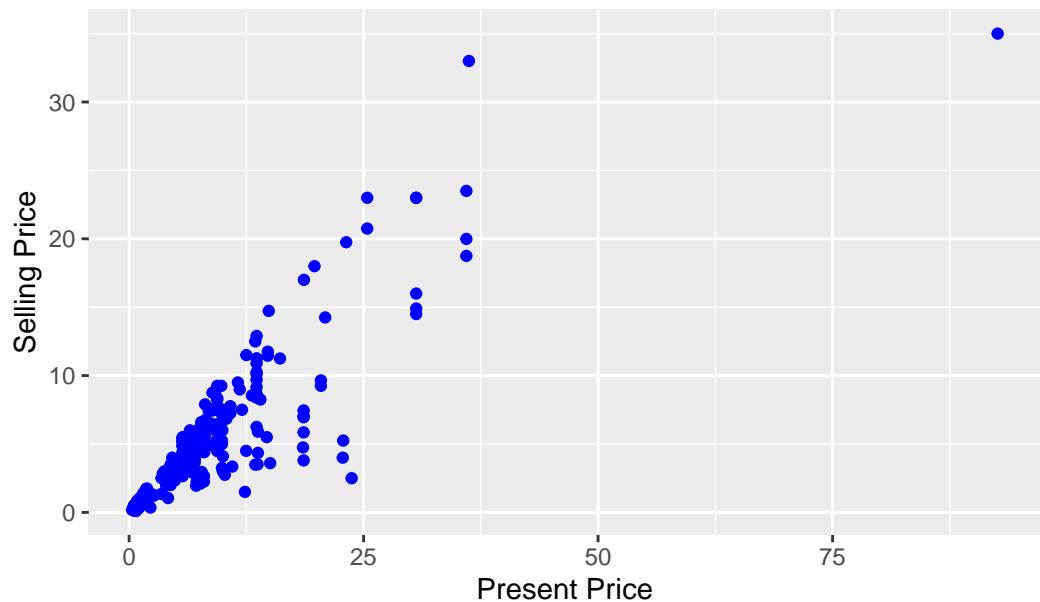
## Fuel Type Distribution



### 3 — Part 3: Data Visualization using ggplot2 (Optional) —

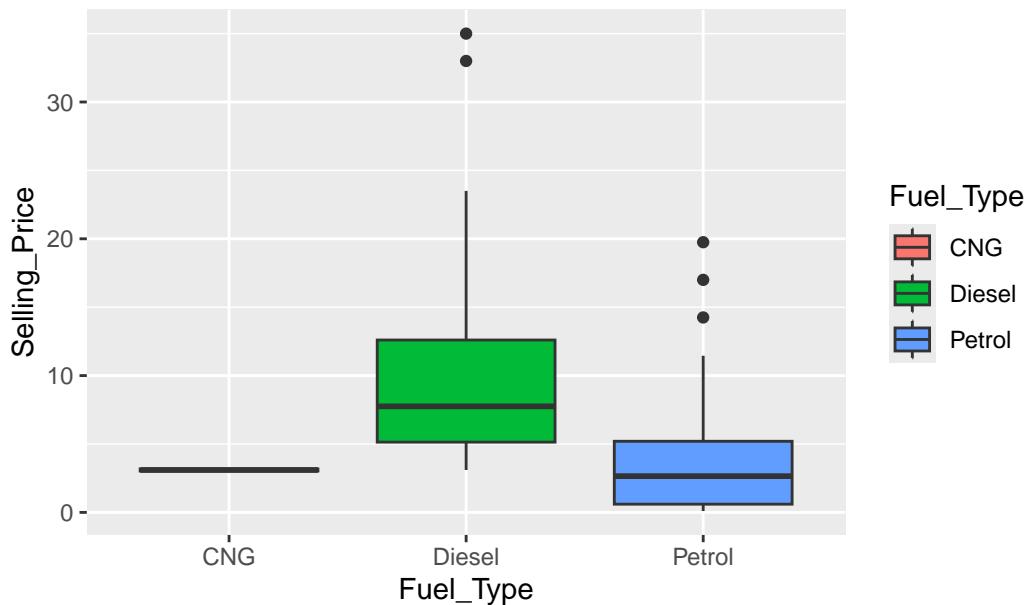
```
# Scatter Plot
ggplot(car_data, aes(x = Present_Price, y = Selling_Price)) +
  geom_point(color = "blue") +
  labs(title = "Selling vs Present Price", x = "Present Price", y = "Selling Price")
```

Selling vs Present Price



```
# Boxplot
ggplot(car_data, aes(x = Fuel_Type, y = Selling_Price, fill = Fuel_Type)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(title = "Selling Price by Fuel Type")
```

## Selling Price by Fuel Type



```
# Histogram
ggplot(car_data, aes(x = Selling_Price)) +
  geom_histogram(fill = "skyblue", color = "black", bins = 15) +
  labs(title = "Histogram of Selling Price", x = "Selling Price")
```



## 4 — Part 4: Practice Tasks —

### 4.1 Statistics —

```
# Mean, median, SD of Present_Price  
mean(car_data$Present_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 7.628472
```

```
median(car_data$Present_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 6.4
```

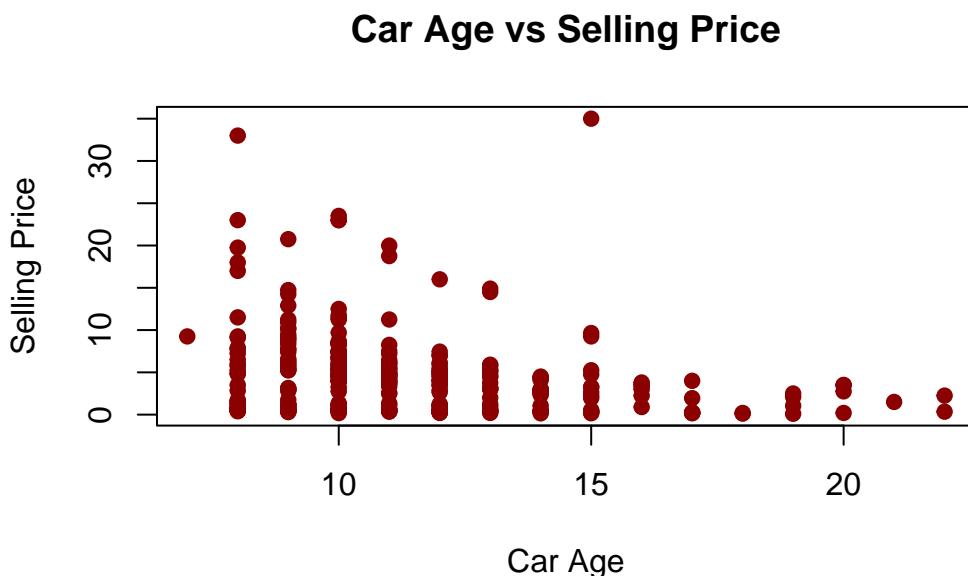
```
sd(car_data$Present_Price, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 8.644115
```

## 5 Create Car Age and Scatter plot vs selling price —

```
# Create Car_Age variable
car_data <- car_data %>%
  mutate(Car_Age = 2025 - Year)

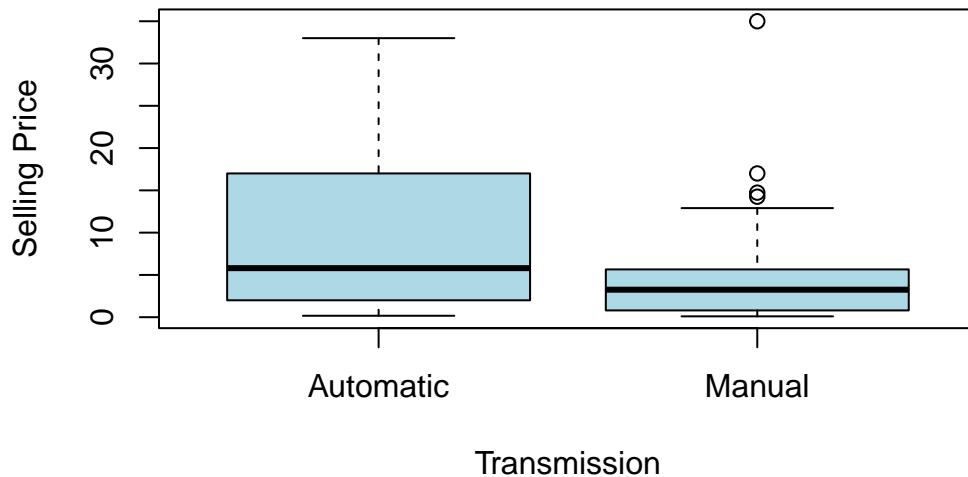
# Scatter plot of Car_Age vs Selling_Price
plot(car_data$Car_Age, car_data$Selling_Price,
      main = "Car Age vs Selling Price",
      xlab = "Car Age", ylab = "Selling Price",
      pch = 19, col = "darkred")
```



## 6 Boxplot across Transmission —

```
boxplot(Selling_Price ~ Transmission, data = car_data,
        main = "Selling Price by Transmission",
        xlab = "Transmission", ylab = "Selling Price",
        col = "lightblue")
```

## Selling Price by Transmission



## 7 Count by Seller\_Type —

```
car_data %>%
  group_by(Seller_Type) %>%
  summarize(count = n())
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  Seller_Type count
  <chr>       <int>
1 Dealer        195
2 Individual    106
```

## 8 Feedback —