Heart Disease Analysis

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Import Dataset

UCI

```
hungarian <- read.csv("unprocessed-data-set/UCI/processed.cleveland.data")
switzerland <- read.csv("unprocessed-data-set/UCI/processed.va.data")
```

CDC

```
heart_2016_2018 <- read.csv(
    "unprocessed-data-set/CDC/Heart_Disease_Mortality_Data_Among_US_Adults_2016-2018.csv")

heart_2019_2021 <- read.csv(
    "unprocessed-data-set/CDC/Heart_Disease_Mortality_Data_Among_US_Adults_2019-2021.csv")

stoke_2019_2021 <- read.csv(
    "unprocessed-data-set/CDC/Stroke_Mortality_Data_Among_US_Adults_2019-2021.csv")
```

Kaggle

```
heart_2022 <- read.csv("unprocessed-data-set/Kaggle/heart_2022_no_nans.csv")
```

Cleaning data set

UCI

```
uci <- data.frame(uci)
# convert "?" into N/A
for (col_name in names(uci)) {
  uci[[col_name]] [uci[[col_name]] == "?"] <- NA</pre>
uci <- uci %>%
  mutate(sex = case_when(sex == 0 ~ "female",
                          sex == 1 ~ "males")) %>%
  mutate(cp = case_when(cp == 1 ~ "typical angina",
                         cp == 2 ~ "atypical angina",
                         cp == 3 ~"non-anginal pain",
                         cp == 4 ~"asymptomatic")) %>%
  mutate(fbs = case_when(fbs == "0" ~ "true",
                          fbs == "1" ~ "false")) %>%
  mutate(restecg = case_when(restecg == 0 ~ "normal",
                              restecg == 1 ~ "ST-T wave abnormality",
                              restecg == 2 ~ "left ventricular hypertrophy")) %>%
  mutate(exang = case_when(exang == 0 ~ "no",
                            exang == 1 ~ "yes")) %>%
  mutate(slope = case_when(slope == "1" ~ "upsloping",
                            slope == "2" ~ "flat",
                            slope == "3" ~ "downsloping")) %>%
  mutate(thal = case_when(thal %in% c("3.0") ~ "normal",
                           thal %in% c("6.0") ~ "fixed defect",
                           thal %in% c("7.0", "7") ~ "reversable defect")) %>%
  mutate(have_heart_disease = case_when(have_heart_disease == 0 ~ "no",
                                          have_heart_disease %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4) ~
                                            "yes"))
# mutate to numeric
uci$trestbps <- as.numeric(uci$trestbps)</pre>
uci$chol <- as.numeric(uci$chol)</pre>
uci$thalach <- as.numeric(uci$thalach)</pre>
uci$oldpeak <- as.numeric(uci$oldpeak)</pre>
uci$ca <- as.numeric(uci$ca)</pre>
# filter the NA values
for (col in names(uci)) {
  if (is.numeric(uci[[col]])) {
    mean_val <- round(mean(uci[[col]], na.rm = TRUE))</pre>
    uci[[col]][is.na(uci[[col]])] <- mean_val</pre>
    mode_val <- names(sort(table(uci[[col]]), decreasing = TRUE))[1]</pre>
    uci[[col]][is.na(uci[[col]])] <- mode_val</pre>
  }
}
# get unique values
uniqueValues <- sapply(uci, unique)</pre>
```

CDC

```
drops <- c("Georeference")</pre>
heart_2019_2021 <- heart_2019_2021[ , !(names(heart_2019_2021) %in% drops)]
cdc <- rbind(heart_2016_2018, heart_2019_2021)</pre>
cdc <- data.frame(cdc)</pre>
# drop unnecessary columns
drops <- c("Year", "X_lon", "Y_lat", "Class", "DataSource",</pre>
           "Data_Value_Footnote_Symbol", "Data_Value_Footnote",
           "StratificationCategory1", "StratificationCategory2",
           "Data_Value_Unit", "LocationDesc", "Topic", "TopicID")
cdc <- cdc[ , !(names(cdc) %in% drops)]</pre>
# rename
colnames(cdc)[colnames(cdc) == "Data_Value"] <-</pre>
  "Data_Value_Per_100000_Population"
for (col in names(cdc)) {
  if (is.numeric(cdc[[col]])) {
    mean_val <- round(mean(cdc[[col]], na.rm = TRUE), 2)</pre>
    cdc[[col]][is.na(cdc[[col]])] <- mean_val</pre>
    mode_val <- names(sort(table(cdc[[col]]), decreasing = TRUE))[1]</pre>
    cdc[[col]][is.na(cdc[[col]])] <- mode_val</pre>
}
regions <- c(
  CT = 'Northeast', ME = 'Northeast', MA = 'Northeast', NH = 'Northeast',
  RI = 'Northeast', VT = 'Northeast', NJ = 'Northeast', NY = 'Northeast',
  PA = 'Northeast', IL = 'Midwest', IN = 'Midwest', MI = 'Midwest',
  OH = 'Midwest', WI = 'Midwest', IA = 'Midwest', KS = 'Midwest',
  MN = 'Midwest', MO = 'Midwest', NE = 'Midwest', ND = 'Midwest',
  SD = 'Midwest', DE = 'South', FL = 'South', GA = 'South',
  MD = 'South', NC = 'South', SC = 'South', VA = 'South',
  DC = 'South', WV = 'South', AL = 'South', KY = 'South',
  MS = 'South', TN = 'South', AR = 'South', LA = 'South',
  OK = 'South', TX = 'South', AZ = 'West', CO = 'West',
  ID = 'West', MT = 'West', NV = 'West', NM = 'West',
  UT = 'West', WY = 'West', AK = 'West', CA = 'West',
  HI = 'West', OR = 'West', WA = 'West'
cdc <- cdc %>%
  mutate(Region = regions[LocationAbbr])
cdc <- na.omit(cdc)</pre>
```

Kaggle

```
# drop unnecessary columns
drops <- c("PhysicalHealthDays", "MentalHealthDays", "LastCheckupTime",</pre>
```

```
"RemovedTeeth", "ChestScan",
    "TetanusLast10Tdap", "HighRiskLastYear",
    "StratificationCategory1", "StratificationCategory2",
    "Data_Value_Unit")
heart_2022 <- heart_2022[ , !(names(heart_2022) %in% drops)]</pre>
```

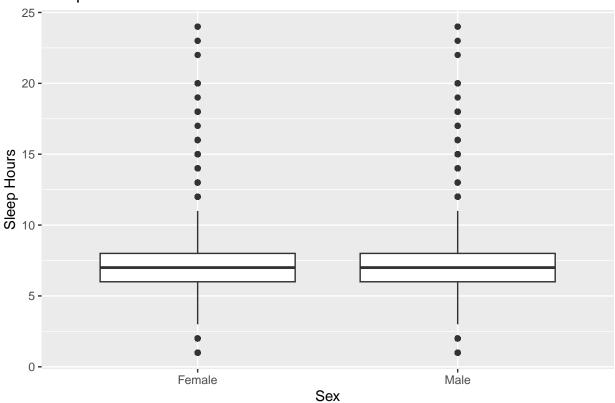
Exploratory Data Analysis

Gender vs factors to find relationships

gender vs sleep and how it affect heart disease

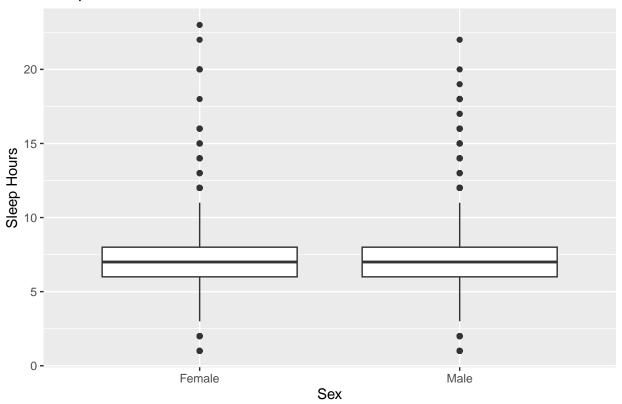
```
ggplot(heart_2022, aes(x = Sex, y = SleepHours)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(x = "Sex", y = "Sleep Hours", title = "Sleep Hours vs Sex")
```

Sleep Hours vs Sex

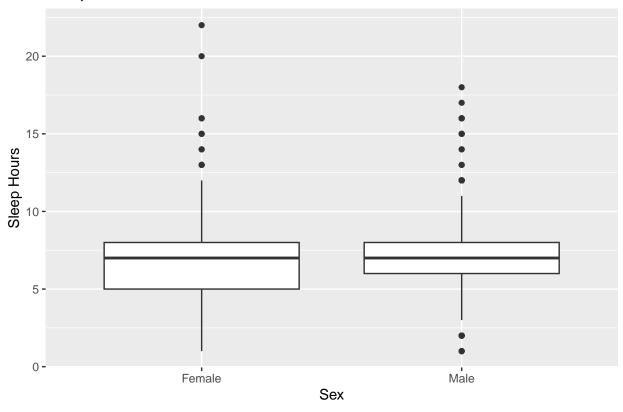


seems like male and female both have similar sleep schedule in general with females having ever so slightly more sleep than male. Let's dive in and see if it differs if we only consider the candidates with heart disease.

Sleep Hours vs Sex for Individuals with Heart Attack



Sleep Hours vs Sex for Individuals with Heart Attack and Stroke



We can see that the sleep pattern has varied a little with slightly less sleep in the edges for females with both heart attack and stroke but on average, it hasn't varied much, so it may not really be a factor that eventually leads to heart attack or strokes? maybe just a little. Let's explore other factors now

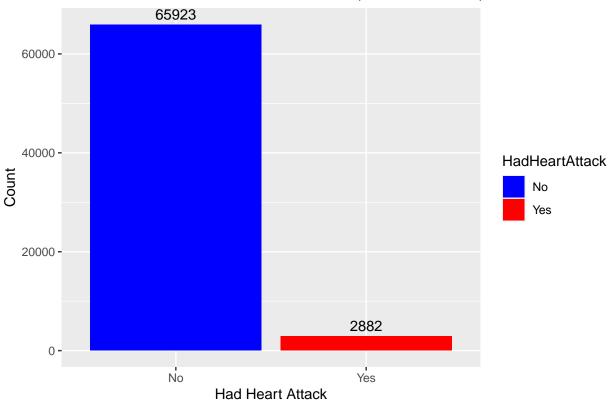
according to cdc, a healthy body mass index (BMI) for young and middle-aged adults is 18.5–24.9. so filtering out the data to just have that BMI and seeing heart attack relationships

Do people that fall under unhealthy BMI ranges likely to get heart attack?

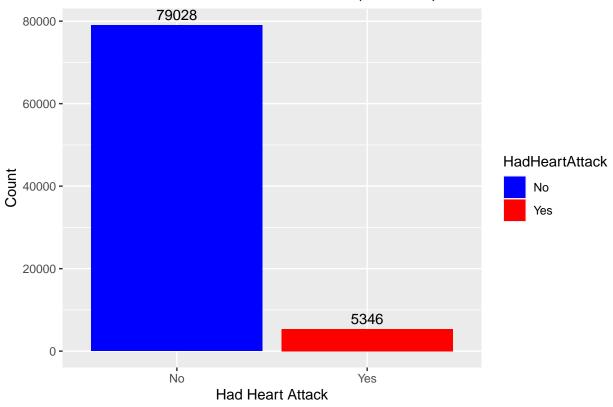
Warning: The dot-dot notation (`..count..`) was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.

Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was
generated.

Count of Individuals with Heart Attack (BMI: 18.5-24.9)







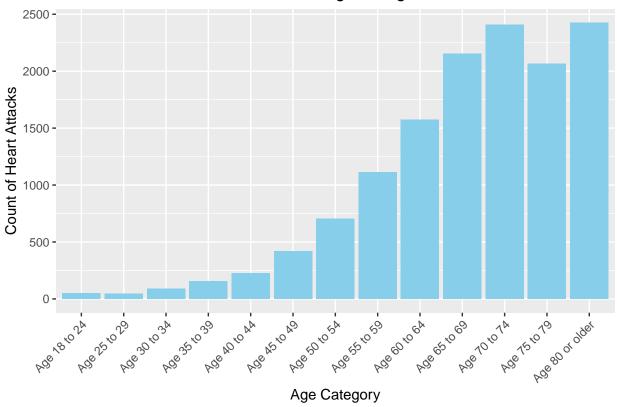
as we can compare based on CDC's information, this shows us that people in unhealthy BMI range (BMI > 30) have a much higher chance of getting a heart attack. It is safe to say that this is one of the factors that lead to heart attack.

moving on, we will see if age is one of the factors for heart disease. Is older age likely to lead to heart attack?

```
heart_attack_data <- subset(heart_2022, HadHeartAttack == "Yes")
heart_attack_count <- table(heart_attack_data$AgeCategory)
heart_attack_count_df <- as.data.frame(heart_attack_count)
names(heart_attack_count_df) <- c("AgeCategory", "Count")

# Plot Age vs Count using a bar graph
ggplot(heart_attack_count_df, aes(x = AgeCategory, y = Count)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "skyblue") +
    labs(x = "Age Category",
        y = "Count of Heart Attacks",
        title = "Count of Heart Attacks in Different Age Categories") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))</pre>
```

Count of Heart Attacks in Different Age Categories

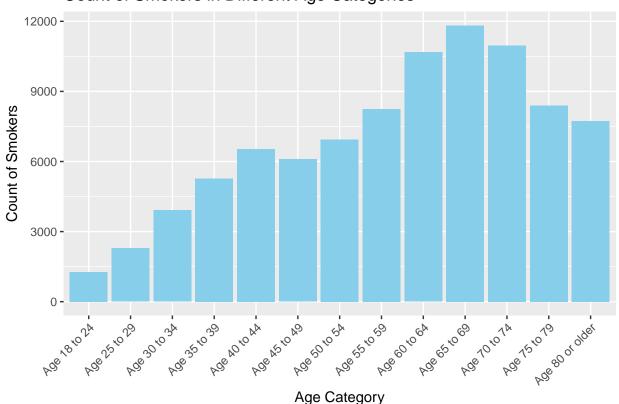


Okay, clearly we can see the trend here. There seems to be an increasing positive pattern with the number of individuals having heart attacks as the age category gets higher ie. older. To answer our question, yes older age is likely to lead to heart attack.

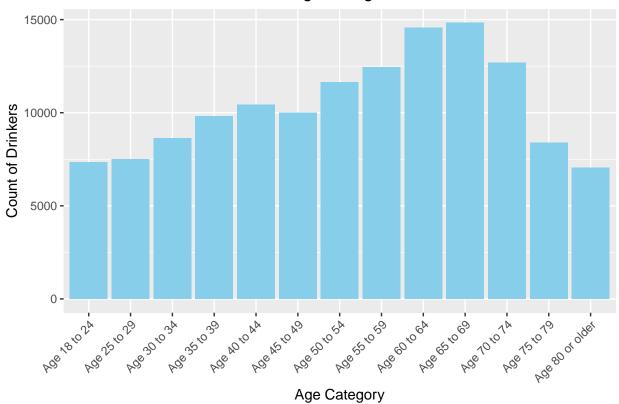
Let's look into what's something the highest heart attack prone age category (80 or older) is doing compared to the least heart attack prone age category. (25-29) does habits like drinking and smoking affect the likeliness of getting a heart attack? do people who fall under the 80 or older category more likely to drink and smoke? Let's dive in.

```
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

Count of Smokers in Different Age Categories

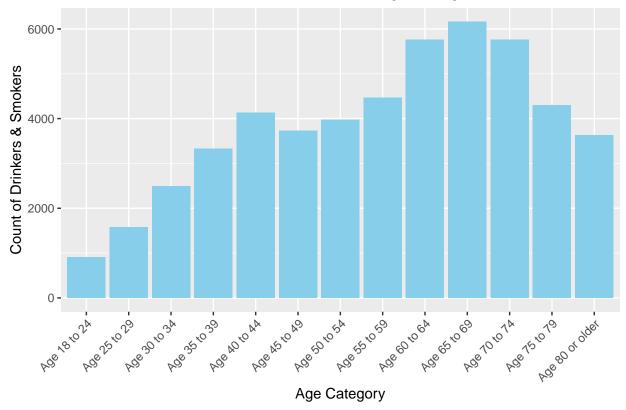


Count of Drinkers in Different Age Categories



```
# Filter the dataset where SmokerStatus is either 'Current smoker - now smokes every day' or 'Former sm
habits_data <- subset(heart_2022, AlcoholDrinkers == 'Yes' &
                         (SmokerStatus == "Current smoker - now smokes every day"
                          | SmokerStatus == "Former smoker"))
# Group the data by AgeCategory and calculate the count in each group
smoker_count <- table(habits_data$AgeCategory)</pre>
# Convert the count to a data frame
smoker_count_df <- as.data.frame(smoker_count)</pre>
names(smoker_count_df) <- c("AgeCategory", "Count")</pre>
# Plot AgeCategory vs Count using a bar graph
ggplot(smoker_count_df, aes(x = AgeCategory, y = Count)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "skyblue") +
  labs(x = "Age Category",
       y = "Count of Drinkers & Smokers",
       title = "Count of Drinkers & Smokers in Different Age Categories") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

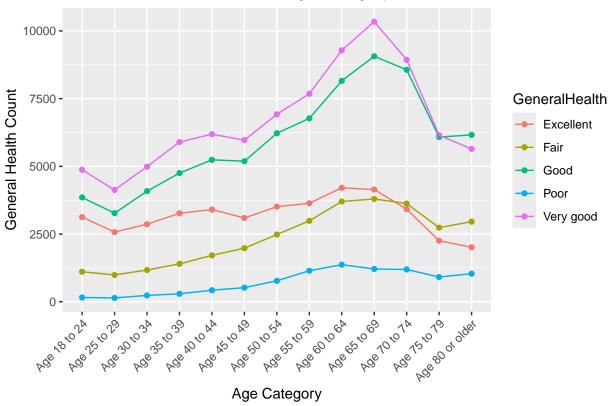




This data clearly shows us that again, people that fall under the age category of 60 and above are more likely to be smokers and drinkers in general with a peak in 65-69 and a low in 80 or older category. So, it is safe to conclude that along with older age which depreciates your healthy and body condition in general, they also seem more likely to be drinkers/smokers or both which is a key contributor to heart attacks.

Let's see one more plot visualizing how general health changes in different age categories to conclude our EDA.

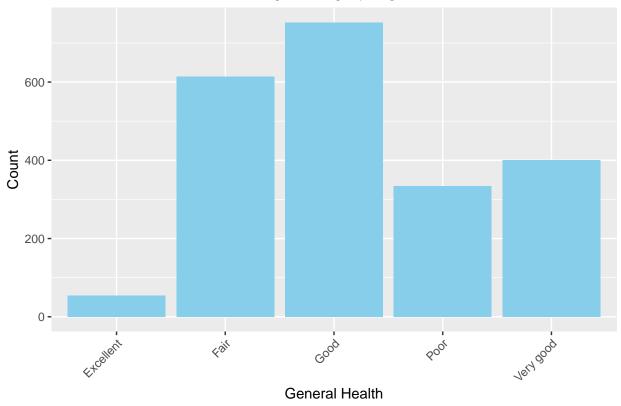




We can note here that generally speaking, more people with poor health condition or a fair health condition increase as the age increases too, but at the same time highest amount of people that have very good and good health condition fall under the 65-69 category. So, this raises the question, does that mean more people that are healthy in 65-69 get heart attacks or more people with poor condition get it more?

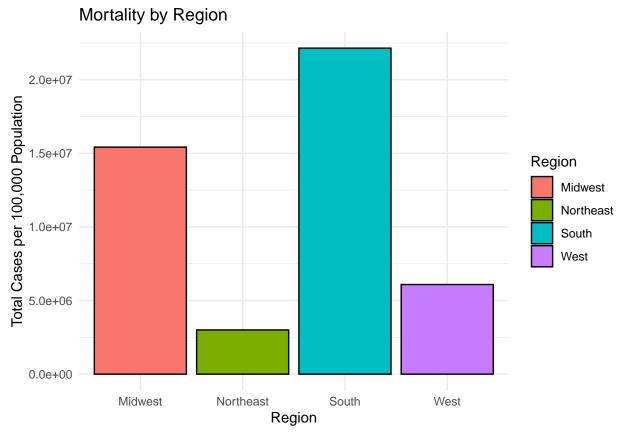
```
# Filter the dataset
age_data <- subset(heart_2022,</pre>
                    AgeCategory == 'Age 65 to 69' &
                     HadHeartAttack == 'Yes')
# Group the data by GeneralHealth and calculate the count in each group
age_health_count <- table(age_data$GeneralHealth)</pre>
# Convert the count to a data frame
age_health_count_df <- as.data.frame(age_health_count)</pre>
names(age_health_count_df) <- c("GeneralHealth", "Count")</pre>
# Plot GeneralHealth vs Count
ggplot(age_health_count_df, aes(x = GeneralHealth, y = Count)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "skyblue") +
  labs(x = "General Health",
       y = "Count",
       title = "Count of General Health in Age Category 'Age 65 to 69' with Heart Attack") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```





Now to answer our question, people with generally good health condition get heart attacks the most in the 65-69 age category. So, from this observation we can conclude that general health probably has less to do with getting heart attacks. Comparing poor and excellent condition definitely people with poor conditions are likely to get heart attacks than ones with excellent

Region



The South region shows a significantly higher number of cases compared to the Midwest, Northeast, and West. The South is known for a culinary tradition that often includes fried foods, higher consumption of red meat, and sweetened beverages, which can contribute to higher rates of obesity, hypertension, and diabetes - all risk factors for heart disease.

Feature Engineering

Binning Age and BMI:

Creating bins for BMI, sleep category to simplify the patterns for the machine learning algorithm.

Scaling Numerical Variables:

Scaling can help improve the performance of algorithms like SVM or KNN. You can use scale() for this purpose.

```
heart_2022$ScaledHeight <- scale(heart_2022$HeightInMeters)
heart_2022$ScaledWeight <- scale(heart_2022$WeightInKilograms)</pre>
```

Feature Combination:

Creating new features based on existing ones. Creating a binary variable indicating whether a person has any pre-existing conditions.

Feature Engineering for UCI data

```
# Age Binning
uci <- uci %>%
 mutate(age_group = case_when(
    age < 40 ~ "Young",
    age >= 40 & age < 60 ~ "Middle-aged",
    age >= 60 ~ "Elderly"
  ))
# Blood Pressure Scaling (Min-Max scaling)
uci$bps_scaled <- scale(uci$trestbps, center = FALSE,</pre>
                                scale = max(uci$trestbps))
# Cholesterol Binning
uci <- uci %>%
  mutate(cholesterol_group = case_when(
    chol < 200 ~ "Normal",</pre>
    chol >= 200 & chol < 240 ~ "Borderline High",
    chol >= 240 ~ "High"
  ))
# Encoding Categorical Variables
```

```
uci <- uci %>%
  mutate(
    sex = as.factor(sex),
    fbs = as.factor(fbs),
    restecg = as.factor(restecg),
    thalach = as.factor(thalach)
)

# One-hot encoding
one_hot_uci <- dummyVars(~ sex + fbs + restecg + thalach, data = uci) %>%
    predict(uci)
```

Modeling and Insights

Predict Heart Disease Risk

Encode categorical variables

```
uci$sex <- as.numeric(factor(uci$sex))
uci$cp <- as.numeric(factor(uci$cp))
uci$fbs <- as.numeric(factor(uci$fbs))
uci$restecg <- as.numeric(factor(uci$restecg))
uci$exang <- as.numeric(factor(uci$exang))
uci$slope <- as.numeric(factor(uci$slope))
uci$thal <- as.numeric(factor(uci$thal))
uci$have_heart_disease <- as.factor(uci$have_heart_disease)</pre>
```

Apply logistic regression:

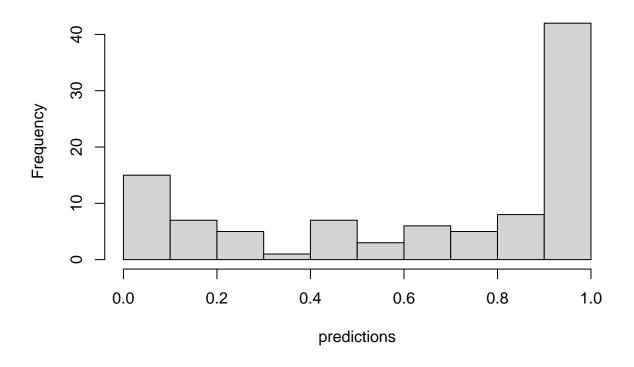
```
# Combining rare levels
level_counts <- table(uci$thalach)</pre>
rare_levels <- names(level_counts[level_counts < 5])</pre>
# Replace rare levels with a common category
uci$thalach <- as.character(uci$thalach)</pre>
uci$thalach[uci$thalach %in% rare_levels] <- "Other"</pre>
uci$thalach <- factor(uci$thalach)</pre>
# Split data into training and test sets 80/20
# have_heart_disease as the dependent variable
# and all other variables as independent variables.
set.seed(1)
risk train <- createDataPartition(uci$have heart disease, p=0.8, list=FALSE)
risk_train_set <- uci[risk_train,]</pre>
risk_test_set <- uci[-risk_train,]
risk_train_set$thalach <- factor(risk_train_set$thalach,</pre>
                                   levels = levels(uci$thalach))
risk_test_set$thalach <- factor(risk_test_set$thalach,</pre>
                                  levels = levels(uci$thalach))
# Fit the logistic regression model
model <- glm(have_heart_disease ~ .,</pre>
             data = risk_train_set,
             family = binomial(link="logit"))
```

Summarize the model summary(model)

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = have_heart_disease ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
       data = risk_train_set)
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                           -1.101e+01 3.746e+00 -2.940 0.003277 **
## age
                            2.559e-02
                                        3.367e-02
                                                    0.760 0.447134
                                        4.979e-01
                                                    3.725 0.000195 ***
## sex
                            1.855e+00
## ср
                           -8.159e-01
                                        1.792e-01
                                                   -4.553 5.28e-06 ***
## trestbps
                                        1.155e-02
                                                    2.517 0.011841 *
                            2.906e-02
## chol
                           -1.457e-03
                                        3.141e-03
                                                   -0.464 0.642780
                                                   -0.636 0.525057
## fbs
                           -2.552e-01
                                        4.015e-01
## restecg
                           -1.805e-01
                                        2.607e-01
                                                   -0.692 0.488748
## thalach108
                                        2.687e+03
                                                    0.006 0.995111
                            1.647e+01
## thalach110
                            1.870e+01
                                        2.218e+03
                                                    0.008 0.993272
## thalach111
                            1.665e+00
                                        1.968e+00
                                                    0.846 0.397422
## thalach112
                           -1.404e+00
                                        1.683e+00 -0.834 0.404369
## thalach118
                                                    0.005 0.995979
                            1.846e+01
                                        3.662e+03
## thalach120
                            6.112e-01
                                        1.496e+00
                                                    0.409 0.682877
## thalach122
                           -1.138e+00
                                        1.778e+00 -0.640 0.522003
## thalach125
                            2.327e+00
                                        1.875e+00
                                                    1.241 0.214514
## thalach126
                            1.019e+00
                                        1.725e+00
                                                    0.591 0.554623
## thalach128
                           -8.418e-01
                                        1.566e+00
                                                   -0.537 0.590974
## thalach130
                            1.860e+00
                                        2.204e+00
                                                    0.844 0.398768
## thalach131
                                        1.795e+00
                           -8.623e-01
                                                   -0.480 0.631025
## thalach132
                            3.264e+00
                                        1.963e+00
                                                    1.663 0.096376
## thalach138
                           -1.933e+00
                                        2.357e+00
                                                   -0.820 0.412223
## thalach140
                            5.787e-01
                                        1.497e+00
                                                    0.387 0.699055
## thalach141
                            1.381e+00
                                        1.330e+00
                                                    1.039 0.298796
## thalach142
                            1.108e+00
                                        1.616e+00
                                                    0.685 0.493058
                                                    0.178 0.858554
## thalach143
                            2.970e-01
                                        1.666e+00
## thalach144
                                                    0.111 0.911745
                            1.843e-01
                                        1.663e+00
## thalach145
                            6.823e-01
                                        2.025e+00
                                                    0.337 0.736175
## thalach147
                           -6.356e-01
                                        1.888e+00
                                                   -0.337 0.736454
## thalach148
                           -6.646e-01
                                        1.751e+00
                                                   -0.380 0.704278
## thalach150
                            1.813e+00
                                        1.682e+00
                                                    1.078 0.280922
## thalach151
                                        2.598e+03
                           -1.774e+01
                                                  -0.007 0.994553
## thalach152
                            1.024e+00
                                        1.552e+00
                                                    0.660 0.509333
## thalach154
                            5.251e-01
                                        1.575e+00
                                                    0.333 0.738896
## thalach155
                                        2.532e+03
                                                    0.009 0.993113
                            2.186e+01
## thalach156
                            1.414e+00
                                        1.849e+00
                                                    0.765 0.444311
## thalach157
                           -3.204e-02
                                        1.824e+00
                                                   -0.018 0.985983
## thalach158
                            3.571e+00
                                        1.751e+00
                                                    2.039 0.041409 *
## thalach159
                            8.368e-01
                                        1.729e+00
                                                    0.484 0.628295
## thalach160
                            2.098e-01
                                        1.502e+00
                                                    0.140 0.888923
## thalach161
                            9.135e-02
                                       1.608e+00
                                                    0.057 0.954701
## thalach162
                            1.305e+00
                                        1.633e+00
                                                    0.799 0.424223
## thalach163
                            7.534e-01 1.815e+00
                                                    0.415 0.678016
```

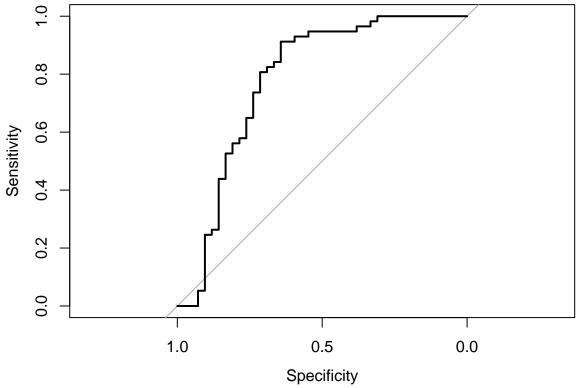
```
## thalach165
                          -1.827e+00 2.507e+00 -0.729 0.466107
## thalach168
                          -1.236e+00 2.038e+00 -0.606 0.544210
## thalach169
                          1.568e+00 1.781e+00 0.881 0.378517
## thalach170
                          -1.963e-01 4.064e+00 -0.048 0.961475
## thalach172
                          -1.492e+01 2.469e+03 -0.006 0.995177
## thalach173
                          -1.697e+00 1.847e+00 -0.919 0.358298
## thalach174
                          2.413e+00 1.716e+00 1.406 0.159596
## thalach178
                          -1.682e+01 3.726e+03 -0.005 0.996399
## thalach179
                          -1.558e+01 2.822e+03 -0.006 0.995597
## thalach182
                          2.083e-01 1.866e+00 0.112 0.911129
## thalachOther
                          8.238e-01 1.262e+00 0.653 0.513726
## exang
                          1.235e+00 4.122e-01
                                                 2.995 0.002742 **
## oldpeak
                           6.929e-01 2.281e-01
                                                 3.038 0.002384 **
## slope
                          -1.729e-01 3.583e-01 -0.483 0.629359
                          1.309e+00 2.989e-01 4.379 1.19e-05 ***
## ca
## thal
                           8.160e-01 3.598e-01
                                                  2.268 0.023345 *
                          -3.327e-02 5.504e-01 -0.060 0.951797
## age_groupMiddle-aged
## age_groupYoung
                          1.834e-01 1.360e+00
                                                  0.135 0.892680
## bps_scaled
                                  NΑ
                                            NΑ
                                                     NA
                                                             NΑ
## cholesterol_groupHigh
                           3.652e-01 4.413e-01
                                                  0.828 0.407933
## cholesterol_groupNormal -7.820e-01 5.822e-01 -1.343 0.179217
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 548.89 on 401 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 282.72 on 339 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 408.72
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 17
# calculate McFadden's R-squared for model
cat("McFadden's R-squared",
   with(summary(model), 1 - deviance/null.deviance),
        "\n")
## McFadden's R-squared 0.4849236
predictions <- predict(model, risk_test_set, type="response")</pre>
## Warning in predict.lm(object, newdata, se.fit, scale = 1, type = if (type == :
## prediction from rank-deficient fit; attr(*, "non-estim") has doubtful cases
predicted_classes <- ifelse(predictions > 0.5, "yes", "no")
predicted_classes <- factor(predicted_classes, levels = c("no", "yes"))</pre>
hist(predictions)
```

Histogram of predictions



Confusion matrix to see the accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity
confusionMatrix(predicted_classes, risk_test_set\$have_heart_disease)

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction no yes
##
          no 27
##
          yes 15
                  49
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7677
                    95% CI: (0.6721, 0.8467)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5758
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 5.144e-05
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.5138
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.2109
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.6429
               Specificity: 0.8596
##
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.7714
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.7656
##
                Prevalence: 0.4242
##
            Detection Rate: 0.2727
      Detection Prevalence: 0.3535
##
```



```
auc(roc_response)

## Area under the curve: 0.7799

Calculate F-1 Score:

P <- 49 / (49 + 15) # precision
P

## [1] 0.765625

R <- 49 / (49 + 8) # recall
R

## [1] 0.8596491</pre>
```

```
2 * (P * R) / (P + R) # F1
## [1] 0.8099174
Predict Heart Acttack Risk
One-hot code the dataset
heart_2022$sex <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$Sex))</pre>
heart_2022$GeneralHealth <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$GeneralHealth))
heart_2022$PhysicalActivities <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$PhysicalActivities))
heart_2022$HadAngina <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadAngina))
heart_2022$HadSkinCancer <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadSkinCancer))
heart_2022$HadArthritis <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadArthritis))
heart_2022$HadDiabetes <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadDiabetes))
heart_2022$HadStroke <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadStroke))
heart_2022$HadCOPD <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadCOPD))</pre>
heart 2022$HadDepressiveDisorder <- as.numeric(factor(heart 2022$HadDepressiveDisorder))
heart_2022$HadKidneyDisease <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HadKidneyDisease))
heart_2022$DeafOrHardOfHearing <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$DeafOrHardOfHearing))
heart_2022$BlindOrVisionDifficulty <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$BlindOrVisionDifficulty))
heart 2022$DifficultyConcentrating <- as.numeric(factor(heart 2022$DifficultyConcentrating))
heart 2022$DifficultyWalking <- as.numeric(factor(heart 2022$DifficultyWalking))
heart_2022$DifficultyDressingBathing <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$DifficultyDressingBathing))
heart 2022$DifficultyErrands <- as.numeric(factor(heart 2022$DifficultyErrands))
heart_2022$SmokerStatus <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$SmokerStatus))
heart_2022$ECigaretteUsage <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$ECigaretteUsage))
heart_2022$RaceEthnicityCategory <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$RaceEthnicityCategory))
heart_2022$AgeCategory <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$AgeCategory))</pre>
heart_2022$AlcoholDrinkers <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$AlcoholDrinkers))
heart_2022$HIVTesting <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HIVTesting))</pre>
heart_2022$CovidPos <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$CovidPos))
heart_2022$BMICategory <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$BMICategory))</pre>
heart_2022$SleepCategory <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$SleepCategory))
heart_2022$HasConditions <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$HasConditions))</pre>
heart_2022$Vaccinated <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$Vaccinated))
heart_2022$Sex <- as.numeric(factor(heart_2022$Sex))</pre>
heart_2022$HadHeartAttack <- as.factor(heart_2022$HadHeartAttack)</pre>
Apply logistic regression
# Split data into training and test sets
set.seed(123) # for reproducibility
indexes <- createDataPartition(heart 2022$HadHeartAttack, p=0.8, list=FALSE)
train <- heart 2022[indexes,]</pre>
test <- heart_2022[-indexes,]</pre>
# Fit the logistic regression model
model <- glm(HadHeartAttack ~ ., data = train, family = binomial())</pre>
summary(model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = HadHeartAttack ~ ., family = binomial(), data = train)
```

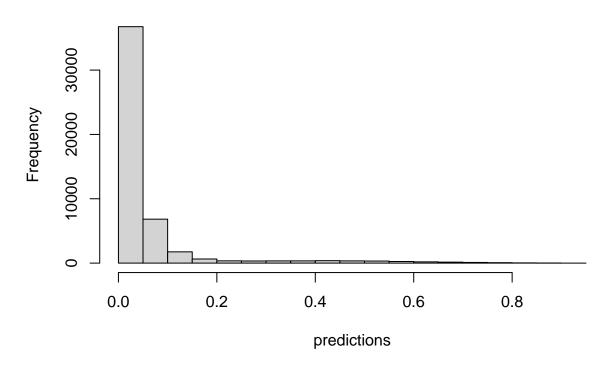
```
##
## Coefficients: (3 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
  (Intercept)
                              -4.153e+01
                                          1.266e+02
                                                     -0.328 0.742781
  StateAlaska
                               3.410e-01
                                          1.576e-01
                                                       2.164 0.030469 *
## StateArizona
                                          1.385e-01
                                                       2.540 0.011077 *
                               3.518e-01
## StateArkansas
                               2.851e-01
                                          1.483e-01
                                                       1.922 0.054657 .
## StateCalifornia
                               2.620e-01
                                          1.491e-01
                                                       1.758 0.078826
  StateColorado
                               2.585e-01
                                          1.504e-01
                                                       1.719 0.085642 .
## StateConnecticut
                                                       0.827 0.408022
                               1.221e-01
                                          1.475e-01
## StateDelaware
                               1.395e-02
                                          1.708e-01
                                                       0.082 0.934888
## StateDistrict of Columbia -6.769e-02
                                          2.092e-01
                                                      -0.324 0.746246
## StateFlorida
                               2.884e-01
                                          1.328e-01
                                                       2.172 0.029873 *
## StateGeorgia
                               1.126e-01
                                          1.433e-01
                                                       0.786 0.432084
## StateGuam
                                          1.915e-01
                               1.051e-01
                                                       0.549 0.583334
## StateHawaii
                               8.142e-02
                                          1.462e-01
                                                       0.557 0.577690
## StateIdaho
                                                       2.434 0.014940 *
                               3.780e-01
                                          1.553e-01
## StateIllinois
                               1.232e-01
                                          1.748e-01
                                                       0.705 0.480716
                               1.626e-01
## StateIndiana
                                          1.404e-01
                                                       1.158 0.246865
## StateIowa
                               2.037e-01
                                          1.436e-01
                                                       1.419 0.156021
## StateKansas
                               1.592e-01
                                          1.403e-01
                                                       1.135 0.256425
## StateKentucky
                               1.287e-01
                                          1.617e-01
                                                       0.796 0.426081
## StateLouisiana
                               1.862e-01
                                          1.548e-01
                                                       1.203 0.228826
## StateMaine
                               4.056e-01
                                          1.371e-01
                                                       2.960 0.003080 **
## StateMaryland
                               1.078e-01
                                          1.336e-01
                                                       0.806 0.420044
## StateMassachusetts
                               2.517e-01
                                          1.458e-01
                                                       1.726 0.084383
## StateMichigan
                               2.356e-01
                                          1.420e-01
                                                       1.659 0.097067
## StateMinnesota
                               8.082e-02
                                          1.368e-01
                                                       0.591 0.554619
## StateMississippi
                               1.197e-01
                                          1.662e-01
                                                       0.720 0.471591
                               8.938e-02
## StateMissouri
                                          1.489e-01
                                                       0.600 0.548395
## StateMontana
                               3.230e-01
                                          1.475e-01
                                                       2.190 0.028501 *
## StateNebraska
                               3.419e-01
                                          1.409e-01
                                                       2.427 0.015222 *
## StateNevada
                               2.835e-01
                                          1.749e-01
                                                       1.621 0.104982
                                          1.493e-01
## StateNew Hampshire
                               2.040e-01
                                                       1.366 0.171927
## StateNew Jersey
                               5.388e-02
                                          1.587e-01
                                                       0.339 0.734299
## StateNew Mexico
                                                       1.261 0.207475
                               1.972e-01
                                          1.565e-01
## StateNew York
                              -1.107e-02
                                          1.367e-01
                                                      -0.081 0.935479
## StateNorth Carolina
                               3.105e-01
                                          1.672e-01
                                                       1.857 0.063300 .
## StateNorth Dakota
                               2.605e-01
                                          1.651e-01
                                                       1.578 0.114496
## StateOhio
                                                       1.832 0.066980
                               2.420e-01
                                          1.321e-01
## StateOklahoma
                               1.906e-01
                                          1.560e-01
                                                       1.222 0.221617
## StateOregon
                               2.880e-01
                                          1.622e-01
                                                       1.775 0.075859
## StatePennsylvania
                               3.196e-01
                                          1.632e-01
                                                       1.958 0.050248
## StatePuerto Rico
                               1.979e-01
                                          1.539e-01
                                                       1.286 0.198354
## StateRhode Island
                               1.955e-01
                                          1.577e-01
                                                       1.240 0.214919
## StateSouth Carolina
                               5.542e-02
                                          1.415e-01
                                                       0.392 0.695317
  StateSouth Dakota
                               6.084e-01
                                          1.425e-01
                                                       4.269 1.97e-05 ***
## StateTennessee
                               1.193e-01
                                          1.578e-01
                                                       0.756 0.449435
                               2.127e-01
## StateTexas
                                          1.364e-01
                                                       1.559 0.119060
## StateUtah
                               2.033e-01
                                          1.480e-01
                                                       1.374 0.169506
## StateVermont
                               2.672e-01
                                          1.461e-01
                                                       1.830 0.067317
## StateVirgin Islands
                              -6.705e-02
                                          2.938e-01
                                                      -0.228 0.819503
## StateVirginia
                               7.659e-02 1.417e-01
                                                       0.541 0.588826
## StateWashington
                               6.371e-02 1.297e-01
                                                       0.491 0.623159
```

```
## StateWest Virginia
                              2.838e-01 1.495e-01
                                                     1.898 0.057710 .
## StateWisconsin
                              1.375e-01 1.399e-01
                                                     0.983 0.325562
## StateWyoming
                                                     1.146 0.251750
                              1.901e-01 1.659e-01
## Sex
                             7.657e-01 3.370e-02
                                                   22.718 < 2e-16 ***
                                                   -4.617 3.90e-06 ***
## GeneralHealth
                             -4.349e-02 9.420e-03
## PhysicalActivities
                            -1.005e-01 2.645e-02
                                                   -3.799 0.000145 ***
## SleepHours
                              6.261e-02 1.472e-02
                                                     4.254 2.10e-05 ***
## HadAngina
                              2.343e+00 2.497e-02
                                                   93.851 < 2e-16 ***
## HadStroke
                             7.800e-01 3.349e-02
                                                    23.287
                                                            < 2e-16 ***
## HadAsthmaYes
                             -1.557e-01 3.098e-02
                                                   -5.025 5.03e-07 ***
## HadSkinCancer
                             -2.818e-01 3.421e-02
                                                   -8.237
                                                           < 2e-16 ***
## HadCOPD
                                                     5.494 3.92e-08 ***
                              1.752e-01 3.189e-02
## HadDepressiveDisorder
                             -1.770e-01 3.005e-02
                                                   -5.891 3.84e-09 ***
                              1.167e-01 3.661e-02
## HadKidneyDisease
                                                     3.187 0.001436 **
                             -3.039e-01 2.482e-02 -12.243 < 2e-16 ***
## HadArthritis
## HadDiabetes
                              8.944e-02 1.308e-02
                                                     6.836 8.14e-12 ***
## DeafOrHardOfHearing
                              5.856e-02 3.168e-02
                                                     1.849 0.064515 .
## BlindOrVisionDifficulty
                              1.830e-01 4.048e-02
                                                     4.520 6.19e-06 ***
                              1.319e-01 3.547e-02
## DifficultyConcentrating
                                                     3.719 0.000200 ***
## DifficultyWalking
                              2.623e-01
                                        3.004e-02
                                                     8.732 < 2e-16 ***
## DifficultyDressingBathing 5.756e-03 4.825e-02
                                                     0.119 0.905056
## DifficultyErrands
                              1.936e-01 3.984e-02
                                                     4.859 1.18e-06 ***
## SmokerStatus
                             -2.023e-01 1.292e-02 -15.659 < 2e-16 ***
## ECigaretteUsage
                              1.897e-02 2.113e-02
                                                     0.898 0.369317
## RaceEthnicityCategory
                             -5.395e-03 1.032e-02
                                                   -0.523 0.601011
## AgeCategory
                             1.593e-01 5.921e-03
                                                   26.908 < 2e-16 ***
## HeightInMeters
                             -5.382e-01
                                        4.766e-01
                                                   -1.129 0.258808
## WeightInKilograms
                             -2.107e-06 4.390e-03
                                                     0.000 0.999617
## BMI
                                                   -0.518 0.604438
                             -6.604e-03 1.275e-02
## AlcoholDrinkers
                             -2.674e-01 2.468e-02 -10.834 < 2e-16 ***
## HIVTesting
                              1.239e-01
                                        2.696e-02
                                                     4.597 4.29e-06 ***
## CovidPos
                              1.765e-02 1.353e-02
                                                     1.305 0.191987
## BMICategory
                             7.305e-02 2.490e-02
                                                     2.933 0.003355 **
                                                   -6.771 1.28e-11 ***
## SleepCategory
                             -2.345e-01
                                        3.464e-02
## ScaledHeight
                                     NA
                                                        NA
                                                                 NA
                                                NA
## ScaledWeight
                                     NA
                                                                NA
                                                NΑ
                                                       NΑ
## HasConditions
                              1.728e+01
                                        6.328e+01
                                                     0.273 0.784742
## Vaccinated
                             -7.954e-02
                                        2.957e-02
                                                   -2.690 0.007142 **
## sex
                                     NΑ
                                                        NΑ
                                                                NΑ
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 83399
                            on 196817
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 54588
                            on 196731
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 54762
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
# calculate McFadden's R-squared for model
cat("McFadden's R-squared",
    with(summary(model), 1 - deviance/null.deviance),
         "\n")
```

```
## McFadden's R-squared 0.3454648
predictions <- predict(model, test, type="response")

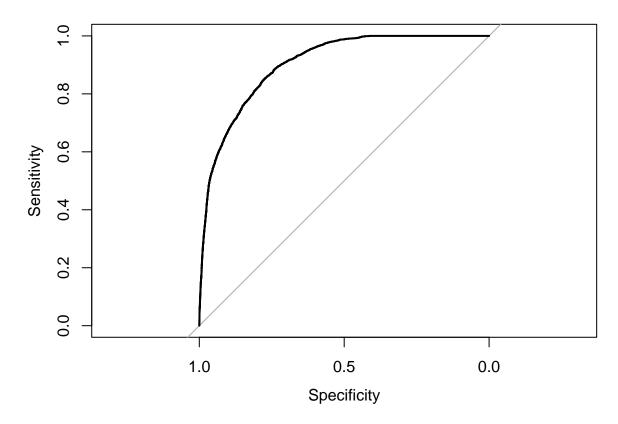
## Warning in predict.lm(object, newdata, se.fit, scale = 1, type = if (type == :
## prediction from rank-deficient fit; attr(*, "non-estim") has doubtful cases
predicted_classes <- ifelse(predictions > 0.5, "yes", "no")
predicted_classes <- factor(predicted_classes, levels = c("no", "yes"))
hist(predictions)</pre>
```

Histogram of predictions



```
levels(test$HadHeartAttack) <- c("no", "yes")</pre>
levels(predicted_classes) <- c("no", "yes")</pre>
table(predicted_classes)
## predicted_classes
      no
           yes
## 48070 1134
table(test$HadHeartAttack)
##
##
      no
           yes
## 46517
          2687
# Confusion matrix to see the accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity
confusionMatrix(predicted_classes, test$HadHeartAttack)
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                 no
##
         no 46034
                     2036
##
                483
                      651
         yes
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9488
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.9468, 0.9507)
##
       No Information Rate : 0.9454
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.0003986
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.3187
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9896
##
               Specificity: 0.2423
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9576
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.5741
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.9454
##
            Detection Rate: 0.9356
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.9770
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6159
##
##
          'Positive' Class : no
##
Get ROC curve
roc_response <- roc(response = test$HadHeartAttack,</pre>
                    predictor = as.numeric(predictions))
## Setting levels: control = no, case = yes
## Setting direction: controls < cases
plot(roc_response)
```



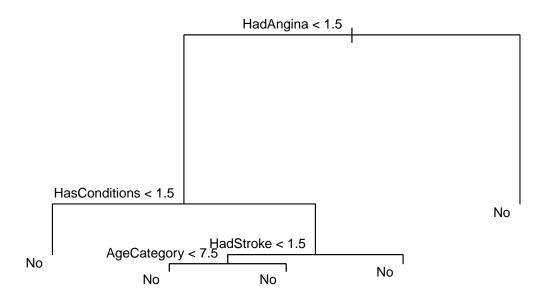
```
auc(roc response)
```

```
## Area under the curve: 0.9027
```

• As we can see the logistics regression model has the Area Under the curve of 0.9027.

```
• Which means that the model almost correctly predicts if the person has heart disease or not
# Let's check the decision Tree
set.seed(2904)
tree2<-tree(HadHeartAttack~ .,method="class",data=train)</pre>
## Warning in tree(HadHeartAttack ~ ., method = "class", data = train): NAs
## introduced by coercion
tree2
## node), split, n, deviance, yval, (yprob)
##
         * denotes terminal node
##
##
    1) root 196818 83400 No ( 0.94539 0.05461 )
##
      2) HadAngina < 1.5 184931 48400 No ( 0.97111 0.02889 )
##
        4) HasConditions < 1.5 74115
                                          0 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
        5) HasConditions > 1.5 110816 42820 No ( 0.95178 0.04822 )
##
##
         10) HadStroke < 1.5 104637 36600 No ( 0.95780 0.04220 )
##
           20) AgeCategory < 7.5 38039 7382 No ( 0.98026 0.01974 ) *
##
           21) AgeCategory > 7.5 66598 28380 No ( 0.94497 0.05503 ) *
         11) HadStroke > 1.5 6179 5224 No ( 0.84998 0.15002 ) *
##
##
      3) HadAngina > 1.5 11887 16380 No ( 0.54530 0.45470 ) *
```

```
plot(tree2)
text(tree2, pretty=0, cex=0.8, pos=2)
```



```
tree2$frame$yprob
##
               No
                         Yes
## [1,] 0.9453912 0.05460883
## [2,] 0.9711081 0.02889186
## [3,] 1.0000000 0.00000000
## [4,] 0.9517849 0.04821506
## [5,] 0.9577970 0.04220304
## [6,] 0.9802571 0.01974290
## [7,] 0.9449683 0.05503168
## [8,] 0.8499757 0.15002428
## [9,] 0.5453016 0.45469841
summary(tree2)
##
## Classification tree:
## tree(formula = HadHeartAttack ~ ., data = train, method = "class")
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] "HadAngina" "HasConditions" "HadStroke"
                                                      "AgeCategory"
## Number of terminal nodes: 5
```

Residual mean deviance: 0.2915 = 57370 / 196800 ## Misclassification error rate: 0.05461 = 10748 / 196818

```
testPredictions <- predict(tree2, newdata = test, type = "class")</pre>
## Warning in pred1.tree(object, tree.matrix(newdata)): NAs introduced by coercion
test$HadHeartAttack <- factor(test$HadHeartAttack, levels = c("No", "Yes"))</pre>
train$HadHeartAttack <- factor(train$HadHeartAttack, levels = c("No", "Yes"))</pre>
levels(test$HadHeartAttack)
## [1] "No" "Yes"
levels(train$HadHeartAttack)
## [1] "No" "Yes"
predictions <- predict(tree2, newdata = test, type = "class")</pre>
## Warning in pred1.tree(object, tree.matrix(newdata)): NAs introduced by coercion
formula <- HadHeartAttack ~ sex + GeneralHealth + PhysicalActivities +
           HadAngina + HadSkinCancer + HadArthritis + HadDiabetes +
           HadStroke + HadCOPD + HadDepressiveDisorder + HadKidneyDisease +
           DeafOrHardOfHearing + BlindOrVisionDifficulty + DifficultyConcentrating +
           DifficultyWalking + DifficultyDressingBathing + DifficultyErrands +
           SmokerStatus + ECigaretteUsage + RaceEthnicityCategory + AgeCategory +
           AlcoholDrinkers + HIVTesting + CovidPos + BMICategory + SleepCategory +
           HasConditions + Vaccinated
# Create the neural network model
model <- nnet(formula, data = heart_2022, size = 5, rang = 0.1, decay = 5e-4, maxit = 1000)
Let's Get the accuracy for Artificial Neural Networks
## # weights: 151
## initial value 166150.068863
## final value 52124.555183
## converged
Evaluate the model
# Summary of the model
summary(model)
## a 28-5-1 network with 151 weights
## options were - entropy fitting decay=5e-04
    b->h1 i1->h1 i2->h1 i3->h1 i4->h1 i5->h1 i6->h1 i7->h1 i8->h1 i9->h1
##
    -0.23
           -0.29
                   -0.60
                           -0.43
                                   -0.50
                                          -0.28
                                                  -0.35
                                                           -0.35
                                                                  -0.20
                                                                          -0.27
## i10->h1 i11->h1 i12->h1 i13->h1 i14->h1 i15->h1 i16->h1 i17->h1 i18->h1 i19->h1
##
    -0.35
           -0.36
                    -0.29
                           -0.32
                                    -0.20
                                           -0.35
                                                   -0.19
                                                           -0.29
                                                                   -0.68
                                                                           -0.26
## i20->h1 i21->h1 i22->h1 i23->h1 i24->h1 i25->h1 i26->h1 i27->h1 i28->h1
##
          -2.62 -0.23 -0.24
                                  -0.26
                                                                  -0.44
    -0.90
                                          -0.65
                                                  -0.60
                                                          -0.51
    b->h2 i1->h2 i2->h2 i3->h2 i4->h2 i5->h2 i6->h2 i7->h2 i8->h2 i9->h2
##
##
    -0.79
          -1.22 -2.36 -1.15
                                   -1.28 -0.87
                                                   -1.31
                                                           -1.36
                                                                  -0.91
                                                                           -0.93
## i10->h2 i11->h2 i12->h2 i13->h2 i14->h2 i15->h2 i16->h2 i17->h2 i18->h2 i19->h2
          -0.94 -0.87 -0.97
                                                   -0.95
    -0.96
                                  -1.03 -1.04
                                                           -0.84
                                                                  -2.29
                                                                           -0.98
## i20->h2 i21->h2 i22->h2 i23->h2 i24->h2 i25->h2 i26->h2 i27->h2 i28->h2
##
   -3.53 -8.36 -0.97 -0.95
                                  -1.19 -2.49 -2.04 -1.71 -1.35
    b->h3 i1->h3 i2->h3 i3->h3 i4->h3 i5->h3 i6->h3 i7->h3 i8->h3 i9->h3
```

```
-0.52
             -0.79
                     -1.41
                             -0.78
                                      -0.73
                                              -0.57
                                                      -0.79
                                                              -0.90
                                                                       -0.48
                                                                               -0.53
## i10->h3 i11->h3 i12->h3 i13->h3 i14->h3 i15->h3 i16->h3 i17->h3 i18->h3 i19->h3
     -0.52
##
             -0.54
                     -0.52
                             -0.56
                                      -0.52
                                              -0.69
                                                      -0.49
                                                              -0.53
                                                                               -0.67
  i20->h3 i21->h3 i22->h3 i23->h3 i24->h3 i25->h3 i26->h3 i27->h3 i28->h3
##
##
     -1.99
            -5.12
                     -0.68
                             -0.61
                                      -0.71
                                              -1.39
                                                      -1.24
                                                              -1.00
                                                                       -0.90
##
     b->h4 i1->h4 i2->h4 i3->h4 i4->h4 i5->h4
                                                    i6->h4
                                                            i7->h4
                                                                    i8->h4
                                                                              i9->h4
##
     -0.78
            -1.37
                     -2.40
                             -1.21
                                      -1.26
                                              -0.98
                                                      -1.22
                                                              -1.48
                                                                       -0.97
## i10->h4 i11->h4 i12->h4 i13->h4 i14->h4 i15->h4 i16->h4 i17->h4 i18->h4 i19->h4
##
     -0.94
            -0.95
                     -1.05
                             -0.83
                                      -0.91
                                              -1.18
                                                      -0.93
                                                              -0.96
                                                                       -2.35
                                                                               -0.94
## i20->h4 i21->h4 i22->h4 i23->h4 i24->h4 i25->h4 i26->h4 i27->h4 i28->h4
     -3.56
            -8.65
                     -1.05
                             -0.96
                                      -1.21
                                              -2.55
                                                      -2.08
                                                              -1.66
                                                                       -1.53
##
     b->h5 i1->h5 i2->h5 i3->h5
                                    i4->h5 i5->h5
                                                    i6->h5
                                                            i7->h5
                                                                    i8->h5
                                                                              i9->h5
                                                              -0.86
##
     -0.38
            -0.75
                     -1.49
                             -0.69
                                     -0.73
                                             -0.56
                                                      -0.68
                                                                       -0.51
                                                                               -0.51
## i10->h5 i11->h5 i12->h5 i13->h5 i14->h5 i15->h5 i16->h5 i17->h5 i18->h5 i19->h5
                     -0.58
                                      -0.50
##
     -0.57
            -0.44
                             -0.59
                                              -0.62
                                                      -0.44
                                                              -0.49
                                                                       -1.34
                                                                               -0.55
## i20->h5 i21->h5 i22->h5 i23->h5 i24->h5 i25->h5 i26->h5 i27->h5 i28->h5
                     -0.57
                                      -0.77
##
     -2.03
             -5.05
                             -0.61
                                              -1.42
                                                      -1.23
                                                              -1.01
                                                                       -0.79
  b->o h1->o h2->o h3->o h4->o h5->o
## -2.85 -2.18 -4.55 -2.66 -4.08 -2.15
# Generate predictions on the training data
predictions <- predict(model, heart_2022, type = "class")</pre>
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy <- mean(predictions == heart_2022$HadHeartAttack)</pre>
print(paste("Accuracy of the model:", accuracy))
```

[1] "Accuracy of the model: 0.945391062587899"

Motarlity of Heart Disease based on Region

Since there is not any columns for us to convert it into binary columns to apply logistic regression to predict the mortality rate based on region, we will use linear regression

One-hot code

Rename the one-hot code columns:

^{**} We get an accuracy of ~94% with neural network model which is very high.

```
Apply linear regression
  1. Just South
set.seed(2)
train_indices <- createDataPartition(cdc$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population,
                                    p = 0.8,
                                    list = FALSE)
train <- cdc[train_indices, ]</pre>
test <- cdc[-train_indices, ]</pre>
model <- lm(Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~ RegionSouth,</pre>
           data = train)
# Summary of the model
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~ RegionSouth,
      data = train)
##
##
## Residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                               3Q
## -366.40 -19.10 12.32 14.72 2837.50
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## RegionSouth 33.8245
                           0.6508
                                  51.97
                                            <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 106 on 107285 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02456,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.02455
## F-statistic: 2701 on 1 and 107285 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# Prediction
predictions <- predict(model, test)</pre>
mse <- mean((predictions - test$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population)^2)</pre>
print(paste("Mean Squared Error:", mse))
## [1] "Mean Squared Error: 10840.5873975033"
  2. All regions
set.seed(2)
train_indices <- createDataPartition(cdc$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population,</pre>
                                    p = 0.8,
```

```
list = FALSE)
train <- cdc[train_indices, ]</pre>
test <- cdc[-train_indices, ]</pre>
model <- lm(Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~
              RegionWest + RegionSouth + RegionNortheast + RegionMidwest,
            data = train)
# Summary of the model
summary(model)
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~ RegionWest +
##
       RegionSouth + RegionNortheast + RegionMidwest, data = train)
##
##
  Residuals:
       Min
                10 Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
                      3.28
                              31.92 2837.50
##
  -366.40
           -19.10
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   344.0183
                                 0.5572 617.43
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## RegionWest
                   -30.0254
                                 1.0127
                                        -29.65
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## RegionSouth
                    22.3827
                                 0.7357
                                          30.42
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## RegionNortheast -27.3475
                                 1.3320
                                         -20.53
                                                   <2e-16 ***
## RegionMidwest
                                     NA
                                             NA
                                                      NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 105.5 on 107283 degrees of freedom
                                     Adjusted R-squared: 0.03423
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03426,
## F-statistic: 1268 on 3 and 107283 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# Prediction
predictions <- predict(model, test)</pre>
mse <- mean((predictions - test$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population)^2)</pre>
print(paste("Mean Squared Error:", mse))
```

[1] "Mean Squared Error: 10734.4832670428"

The Multiple R-squared value of 0.03426 suggests that only about 3.43% of the variability in mortality rate is explained by the differences in regions. This is quite low, indicating that the model does not capture much of the variability in mortality rates across different regions.

The model shows statistical significance but lacks predictive strength (low R-squared and high MSE), implying that while there are some effects of region on mortality rates, there are likely many other factors not captured by this model that influence mortality rates much more significantly. It is difficult just based on this dataset to predict the heart disease mortality based on only region.

3. All regions + Sex + Races

Try with other factors Stratification1 and Stratification2 (sex, races) to see if model will better. Apply linear regression and run prediction in the new model:

```
# retrain the model
set.seed(2)
```

```
train_indices <- createDataPartition(cdc$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population,</pre>
                                      p = 0.8,
                                      list = FALSE)
train <- cdc[train_indices, ]</pre>
test <- cdc[-train_indices, ]</pre>
model <- lm(Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~</pre>
              RegionWest + RegionSouth + RegionNortheast + RegionMidwest +
              Stratification1Female + Stratification1Male +
              Stratification10verall + Stratification2Black +
              Stratification2American_Indian_or_Alaska_Native +
              Stratification2Asian + Stratification2Hispanic +
              Stratification2Asian_and_Pacific_Islander +
              Stratification2More_than_one_race + Stratification2Overall +
              Stratification2Native_Hawaiian_or_Other_Pacific_Islander +
              Stratification2White,
            data = train)
# Summary of the model
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Data_Value_Per_100000_Population ~ RegionWest +
       RegionSouth + RegionNortheast + RegionMidwest + Stratification1Female +
##
##
       Stratification1Male + Stratification1Overall + Stratification2Black +
##
       Stratification2American Indian or Alaska Native + Stratification2Asian +
##
       Stratification2Hispanic + Stratification2Asian_and_Pacific_Islander +
##
       Stratification2More_than_one_race + Stratification2Overall +
##
       Stratification2Native_Hawaiian_or_Other_Pacific_Islander +
##
       Stratification2White, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##
                1Q Median
                                 3Q
       Min
                                        Max
                              49.34 2731.83
## -399.87 -52.18
                      3.22
##
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                                              Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)
                                                                        1.2034
                                                              342.4305
## RegionWest
                                                              -30.0714
                                                                           0.8901
## RegionSouth
                                                               22.5086
                                                                           0.6466
## RegionNortheast
                                                              -27.3876
                                                                           1.1707
## RegionMidwest
                                                                    NΑ
                                                                               NΑ
                                                              -27.7840
## Stratification1Female
                                                                           0.6930
## Stratification1Male
                                                               50.0737
                                                                           0.6938
## Stratification10verall
                                                                    NA
                                                                               NA
## Stratification2Black
                                                               57.0532
                                                                           1.2992
## Stratification2American_Indian_or_Alaska_Native
                                                                1.6506
                                                                           1.5036
## Stratification2Asian
                                                              -50.4593
                                                                           1.5027
## Stratification2Hispanic
                                                              -64.4773
                                                                           1.2992
## Stratification2Asian_and_Pacific_Islander
                                                              -49.4056
                                                                           1.4980
## Stratification2More_than_one_race
                                                              -23.4514
                                                                           1.4978
## Stratification20verall
                                                               13.0601
                                                                           1.3003
## Stratification2Native_Hawaiian_or_Other_Pacific_Islander -4.1209
                                                                           1.5016
```

```
## Stratification2White
                                                             16.7182
                                                                         1.3010
##
                                                            t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                            284.563 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## RegionWest
                                                            -33.785 < 2e-16 ***
## RegionSouth
                                                             34.808 < 2e-16 ***
## RegionNortheast
                                                            -23.393 < 2e-16 ***
## RegionMidwest
                                                                 NA
                                                                          NA
                                                            -40.089
## Stratification1Female
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification1Male
                                                             72.171
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification10verall
                                                                 NA
                                                                          NA
## Stratification2Black
                                                             43.913
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification2American_Indian_or_Alaska_Native
                                                              1.098 0.27231
## Stratification2Asian
                                                            -33.579 < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification2Hispanic
                                                            -49.630 < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification2Asian_and_Pacific_Islander
                                                            -32.980 < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification2More_than_one_race
                                                            -15.657
                                                                     < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification20verall
                                                             10.044 < 2e-16 ***
## Stratification2Native_Hawaiian_or_Other_Pacific_Islander -2.744 0.00607 **
## Stratification2White
                                                             12.850 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 92.75 on 107272 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.254, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2539
## F-statistic: 2609 on 14 and 107272 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# Prediction
predictions <- predict(model, test)</pre>
mse <- mean((predictions - test$Data_Value_Per_100000_Population)^2)</pre>
print(paste("Mean Squared Error:", mse))
```

[1] "Mean Squared Error: 8384.09116467978"

The Stratification1Male and Stratification1Female suggest significant differences based on gender, with males (positive coefficient) having a higher mortality rate compared to the overall population. The positive coefficient for Stratification2Black indicates higher mortality rates for Black individuals compared to the baseline race

However the Multiple R-squared value is 0.254, which is not very high and MSE is still high. They indicate that the model still shows the lack of predictive strength. We may want to check more factors unfortunately the data is limited.