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Linux and UNIX Man Pages

<u>Linux 2.6</u> - man page for scp (linux section 1)

-i identity_file

<u>SCP(1)</u> BSD General Commands Manual <u>SCP(1)</u> NAME scp -- secure copy (remote file copy program) **SYNOPSIS** scp [-12346BCpqrv] [-c cipher] [-F ssh_config] [-i identity_file] [-L limit] [-o ssh_option] [-P port] [-S program] [[user@]host1:]file1 ... [[user@]host2:]file2 **DESCRIPTION** scp copies files between hosts on a network. It uses $\frac{\text{SSh}(1)}{1}$ for data transfer, and uses the same authentication and provides the same security as $\underline{\mathrm{ssh}(1)}$. Unlike $\underline{\mathrm{rcp}(1)}$, scp will ask for passwords or passphrases if they are needed for authentication. File names may contain a user and host specification to indicate that the file is to be copied to/from that host. Local file names can be made explicit using absolute or relative pathnames to avoid scp treating file names containing ':' as host specifiers. Copies between two remote hosts are also permitted. The options are as follows: Forces scp to use protocol 1. -2 Forces scp to use protocol 2. Copies between two remote hosts are transferred through the local host. Without this option the data is copied directly between the -3 two remote hosts. Note that this option disables the progress meter. Forces scp to use IPv4 addresses only. -4 Forces scp to use IPv6 addresses only. -6 Selects batch mode (prevents asking for passwords or passphrases). -B Compression enable. Passes the -c flag to ssh(1) to enable compression. -C -c cipher Selects the cipher to use for encrypting the data transfer. This option is directly passed to $\underline{\mathsf{ssh}(1)}$. -F ssh_config Specifies an alternative per-user configuration file for ssh. This option is directly passed to ssh(1).

Selects the file from which the identity (private key) for public key authentication is read. This option is directly passed to $\underline{ssh(1)}$.

-L limit

Limits the used bandwidth, specified in Kbit/s.

-o ssh_option

Can be used to pass options to ssh in the format used in $\frac{ssh\ config(5)}{separate}$. This is useful for specifying options for which there is no separate scp command-line flag. For full details of the options listed below, and their possible values, see $\frac{ssh\ config(5)}{separate}$.

AddressFamily

BatchMode

BindAddress

ChallengeResponseAuthentication

CheckHostIP

Cipher

Ciphers

Compression

 ${\tt CompressionLevel}$

 ${\tt ConnectionAttempts}$

ConnectTimeout

ControlMaster

ControlPath

GlobalKnownHostsFile

GSSAPIAuthentication

 ${\tt GSSAPIDelegateCredentials}$

HashKnownHosts

Host

 ${\tt HostbasedAuthentication}$

HostKeyAlgorithms

HostKeyAlias

HostName

IdentityFile

IdentitiesOnly

IPQoS

KbdInteractiveDevices

KexAlgorithms

LogLevel

MACs

 ${\tt NoHostAuthenticationForLocalhost}$

NumberOfPasswordPrompts

 ${\tt PasswordAuthentication}$

PKCS11Provider

Port

PreferredAuthentications

Protocol

ProxyCommand

PubkeyAuthentication

RekeyLimit

 ${\tt RhostsRSAAuthentication}$

 ${\sf RSAAuthentication}$

SendEnv

ServerAliveInterval

ServerAliveCountMax

StrictHostKeyChecking

TCPKeepAlive

UsePrivilegedPort

User

UserKnownHostsFile

VerifyHostKeyDNS

-P port

Specifies the port to connect to on the remote host. Note that this option is written with a capital 'P', because -p is already reserved for preserving the times and modes of the file in rcp(1).

- -p Preserves modification times, access times, and modes from the original file.
- -q Quiet mode: disables the progress meter as well as warning and diagnostic messages from ssh(1).
- -r Recursively copy entire directories. Note that scp follows symbolic links encountered in the tree traversal.

-S program

Name of program to use for the encrypted connection. The program must understand ssh(1) options.

-v Verbose mode. Causes scp and $\underline{\mathrm{SSh}(1)}$ to print debugging messages about their progress. This is helpful in debugging connection, authentication, and configuration problems.

```
The scp utility exits 0 on success, and >0 if an error occurs.

SEE ALSO

rcp(1), sftp(1), ssh(1), ssh-add(1), ssh-agent(1), ssh-keygen(1), ssh_config(5), sshd(8).

HISTORY

scp is based on the rcp(1) program in BSD source code from the Regents of the University of California.

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BSD

December 9, 2010

BSD
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All times are GMT -4. The time now is 02:07 PM.

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