Investigation with SQL

Project description

My organization is working to make their system more secure. It is my job to ensure the system is safe, investigate all potential security issues, and update employee computers as needed. The following steps provide examples of how I used SQL with filters to perform security-related tasks.

Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

There was a potential security incident that occurred after business hours (after 18:00). All after hours login attempts that failed need to be investigated.

The following code demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for failed login attempts that occurred after business hours.

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. This query filters for failed login attempts that occurred after 18:00. First, I started by selecting all data from the $log_in_attempts$ table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with an AND operator to filter my results to output only login attempts that occurred after 18:00 and were unsuccessful. The first condition is $login_time > '18:00'$, which filters for the login attempts that occurred after 18:00. The second condition is success = FALSE, which filters for the failed login attempts.

Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

A suspicious event occurred on 2022-05-09. Any login activity that happened on 2022-05-09 or on the day before needs to be investigated.

The following code demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for login attempts that occurred on specific dates.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT
  -> FROM log_in_attempts
  -> WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08';
event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address
                                                                           success
                                                                                  0
       1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27
                                                        | 192.168.243.140
                                              USA
                                                        | 192.168.151.162
       3 | dkot
                    | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41
                                                                                  0
                                                USA
           dkot
                      2022-05-08 | 02:00:39
                                                          192.168.178.71
```

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. This query returns all login attempts that occurred on 2022-05-09 or 2022-05-08. First, I started by selecting all data from the $log_in_attempts$ table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with an OR operator to filter my results to output only login attempts that occurred on either 2022-05-09 or 2022-05-08. The first condition is $login_date = '2022-05-09'$, which filters for logins on 2022-05-09. The second condition is $login_date = '2022-05-08'$, which filters for logins on 2022-05-08.

Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

After investigating the organization's data on login attempts, I believe there is an issue with the login attempts that occurred outside of Mexico. These login attempts should be investigated.

The following code demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for login attempts that occurred outside of Mexico.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT
   -> FROM log_in_attempts
   -> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address
                                                                          success
       1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27
                                              I CAN
                                                        | 192.168.243.140 |
                                                                                  0
       2 | apatel
                      2022-05-10 | 20:27:27
                                                CAN
                                                          192.168.205.12
                                                                                  0
                      2022-05-09 | 06:47:41
                                                USA
                                                          192.168.151.162
```

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. This query returns all login attempts that occurred in countries other than Mexico. First, I started by selecting all data from the <code>log_in_attempts</code> table. Then, I used a <code>WHERE</code> clause with <code>NOT</code> to filter for countries other than Mexico. I used <code>LIKE</code> with <code>MEX%</code> as the pattern to

match because the dataset represents Mexico as MEX and MEXICO. The percentage sign (%) represents any number of unspecified characters when used with LIKE.

Retrieve employees in Marketing

My team wants to update the computers for certain employees in the Marketing department. To do this, I have to get information on which employee machines to update.

The following code demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for employee machines from employees in the Marketing department in the East building.

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. This query returns all employees in the Marketing department in the East building. First, I started by selecting all data from the <code>employees</code> table. Then, I used a <code>WHERE</code> clause with <code>AND</code> to filter for employees who work in the Marketing department and in the East building. I used <code>LIKE</code> with <code>East%</code> as the pattern to match because the data in the <code>office</code> column represents the East building with the specific office number. The first condition is the <code>department = 'Marketing'</code> portion, which filters for employees in the Marketing department. The second condition is the <code>office LIKE 'East%'</code> portion, which filters for employees in the East building.

Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

The machines for employees in the Finance and Sales departments also need to be updated. Since a different security update is needed, I have to get information on employees only from these two departments.

The following code demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for employee machines from employees in the Finance or Sales departments.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
 employee_id | device_id
                               username
                                          department
               d394e816f943
                               sgilmore
        1003
                                          Finance
                                                        South-153
               h174i497j413
                               wjaffrey
                                                        North-406
        1007
                                          Finance
               i858j583k571
                               abernard
        1008
                                          Finance
                                                        South-170
```

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. This query returns all employees in the Finance and Sales departments. First, I started by selecting all data from the employees table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with OR to filter for employees who are in the Finance and Sales departments. I used the OR operator instead of AND because I want all employees who are in either department. The first condition is department = 'Finance', which filters for employees from the Finance department. The second condition is department = 'Sales', which filters for employees from the Sales department.

Retrieve all employees not in IT

My team needs to make one more security update on employees who are not in the Information Technology department. To make the update, I first have to get information on these employees.

The following demonstrates how I created a SQL query to filter for employee machines from employees not in the Information Technology department.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
employee_id | device_id
                                          department
                                                            office
                              username
               a320b137c219
                                          Marketing
                              elarson
                                                            East-170
                                                             Central-276
        1001
               b239c825d303
                              bmoreno
                                          Marketing
        1002
               c116d593e558
                                          Human Resources
```

The first part of the screenshot is my query, and the second part is a portion of the output. The query returns all employees not in the Information Technology department. First, I started by selecting all data from the employees table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with NOT to filter for employees not in this department.

Summary

I applied filters to SQL queries to get specific information on login attempts and employee machines. I used two different tables, $log_in_attempts$ and employees. I used the AND, OR, and NOT operators to filter for the specific information needed for each task. I also used LIKE and the percentage sign (%) wildcard to filter for patterns.