

# Final submission

In [ ]:

```
1 !pip install category_encoders
```

Requirement already satisfied: category\_encoders in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (2.2.2)  
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.9.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (0.11.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.18.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.20.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (0.23.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (0.5.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.0.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.4.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.21.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.0.4)  
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.20.0->category\_encoders) (0.15.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.20.0->category\_encoders) (2.1.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from patsy>=0.5.1->category\_encoders) (1.15.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.21.1->category\_encoders) (2020.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.6.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.21.1->category\_encoders) (2.8.1)

In [ ]:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 import datetime
4 from datetime import date
5 from datetime import timedelta
6 import calendar
7 import math
8 import time
9 from tqdm import tqdm
10 import seaborn as sns
11 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
12 %matplotlib inline
13 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
14 from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
15 from xgboost import XGBRegressor
16 import xgboost as xgb
17 from joblib import dump, load
18 from sklearn import preprocessing
19 import category_encoders as ce
```

In [ ]:

```

1  #Helper Functions
2  def cat_encoding(cat_data, category):
3      '''
4      This function takes a df and the category and generate
5      binary encoded vectors for the same
6      '''
7      encoder = ce.BinaryEncoder()
8      return encoder.fit_transform(cat_data[category]).values
9
10 def generate_cat_features(sales_data):
11     '''
12     This function uses cat_encoding function and does binary encoding for all the catego
13     '''
14     items_df = pd.read_csv('items.csv')
15     stores_df = pd.read_csv('stores.csv')
16
17     class_family_df = pd.DataFrame(sales_data['item_nbr']).merge(items_df[['item_nbr', '
18     class_family_df['class'] = class_family_df['class'].astype('str')
19     class_family_df['item_nbr'] = class_family_df['item_nbr'].astype('str')
20
21     store_detail_df = pd.DataFrame(sales_data['store_nbr']).merge(stores_df[['store_nbr',
22     store_detail_df['store_nbr'] = store_detail_df['store_nbr'].astype('str')
23     store_detail_df['cluster'] = store_detail_df['cluster'].astype('str')
24
25     class_array = cat_encoding(class_family_df, 'class')
26     family_array = cat_encoding(class_family_df, 'family')
27     item_array = cat_encoding(class_family_df, 'item_nbr')
28
29
30     store_array = cat_encoding(store_detail_df, 'store_nbr')
31     store_state_array = cat_encoding(store_detail_df, 'state')
32     store_city_array = cat_encoding(store_detail_df, 'city')
33     store_type_array = cat_encoding(store_detail_df, 'type')
34     store_cluster_array = cat_encoding(store_detail_df, 'cluster')
35
36     return class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store_state_array, store_
37
38 def get_data(data, dt_end, days, period, freq='D'):
39     '''
40     This function gives us the selected columns based on a range of dates passed.
41     '''
42     return data[[str(col)[0:10] for col in pd.date_range(dt_end - datetime.timedelta(day
43
44 def average(data):
45     '''
46     Here we are calculating simple average
47     '''
48     return np.mean(data, axis = 1)
49
50 def weighted_moving_average(data):
51     '''
52     This function computes weighted moving average,
53     higher weights are given to recent observations.
54     '''
55     data = data.values
56     weight_len = data.shape[1]
57     denom = (weight_len *(weight_len + 1))/2
58     weights = [i+1/denom for i in range(weight_len)]
59     data = average(data * weights)

```

```

60     return data
61
62 def feature_engg_sales(data, end_date, prefix):
63     '''
64     This function generates feature dictionary for train, cv, test
65     Features generated are:
66     moving average, weighted moving average, standard deviation observed,
67     moving average of DOW, weighted moving average of DOW, having total sales day,
68     last sales day in n days, first sales day in n days
69     '''
70     days_list = [3, 7, 16, 30, 60, 120] # These are the List of days used for extracting
71     #feature_dict = {}
72     feature_dict = {'{}_average_{}_days'.format(prefix, days): average(get_data(data, en
73     feature_dict.update({'{}_WMA_{}_days'.format(prefix, days): weighted_moving_average(
74     feature_dict.update({'{}_std_{}_days'.format(prefix, days) : get_data(data, end_date
75     feature_dict.update({'{}_6avgdow_{}_days'.format(prefix, day) : get_data(data, end_d
76     feature_dict.update({'{}_20avgdow_{}_days'.format(prefix, day) : get_data(data, end_
77     feature_dict.update({'{}_6WMA_dow_{}_days'.format(prefix, day) : weighted_moving_aver
78     feature_dict.update({'{}_20WMA_dow_{}_days'.format(prefix, day) : weighted_moving_ave
79     feature_dict.update({'{}_has_sale_day_{}'.format(prefix, days) : (get_data(data, end
80     feature_dict.update({'{}_last_has_sale_day_{}'.format(prefix, days) : days - ((get_d
81     feature_dict.update({'{}_first_has_sale_day_{}'.format(prefix, days) : ((get_data(da
82
83     return feature_dict
84
85 def feature_engg_promo(data, class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store
86     '''
87     This function uses promo information and categorical array to create features
88     features created are---
89     promo: total_promo, future promo information, promo days in 15 days, last promo in
90     categorical: class, item, store, family, city, state, clsuter, type
91     '''
92     days_list = [16, 30, 60, 120]
93     feature_dict = {'{}_totalpromo_{}_days'.format(prefix, days) : get_data(data, end_
94     feature_dict.update({'{}_totalpromoafter_{}_days'.format(prefix, days) : get_data(
95     feature_dict.update({'{}_promo_{}_day'.format(prefix, abs(day - 1)): get_data(data
96     feature_dict.update({'promo_day_in_15_days' : (get_data(data, end_date + timedelta
97     feature_dict.update({'last_promo_day_in_15_days' : 15 - ((get_data(data, end_date
98     feature_dict.update({'firt_promo_day_in_15_days' : ((get_data(data, end_date + tim
99     feature_dict.update({'class_{}'.format(i+1) : class_array[:, i] for i in range(cla
100    feature_dict.update({'item_{}'.format(i+1) : item_array[:, i] for i in range(item_
101    feature_dict.update({'store_{}'.format(i+1) : store_array[:, i] for i in range(sto
102    feature_dict.update({'family_{}'.format(i+1) : family_array[:, i] for i in range(f
103    feature_dict.update({'city_{}'.format(i+1) : store_city_array[:, i] for i in range
104    feature_dict.update({'state_{}'.format(i+1) : store_state_array[:, i] for i in ran
105    feature_dict.update({'cluster_{}'.format(i+1) : store_cluster_array[:, i] for i in
106    feature_dict.update({'type_{}'.format(i+1) : store_type_array[:, i] for i in range
107    feature_dict.update({'perishable' : class_family_df['perishable'].values})
108
109    return feature_dict

```

In [ ]:

```

1 def final_fun_1(X):
2     '''
3     This function takes raw input, generate features using the raw input and make predict
4     '''
5     print('Generating sales and promo data for feature engg')
6     X.loc[(X.unit_sales<0), 'unit_sales'] = 0
7     X['unit_sales'] = X['unit_sales'].apply(lambda x : np.log1p(x))
8     X = X.replace(to_replace = [False, True], value = [0, 1])
9
10    sales_data = X.set_index(["store_nbr", "item_nbr", "date"])[["unit_sales"]].unstack()
11    sales_data.columns = sales_data.columns.get_level_values(1)
12    sales_data = sales_data.reset_index()
13
14    train_promo = X.set_index(["store_nbr", "item_nbr", "date"])[["onpromotion"]].unstack()
15    train_promo.columns = train_promo.columns.get_level_values(1)
16
17    test = pd.read_csv('test.csv')
18    test = test.replace(to_replace = [False, True], value = [0, 1])
19
20    test_promo = test.set_index(['store_nbr', 'item_nbr', 'date'])[["onpromotion"]].unstack()
21    test_promo.columns = test_promo.columns.get_level_values(1)
22    test_promo = test_promo.reindex(train_promo.index).fillna(0)
23
24    promo_data = pd.concat([train_promo, test_promo], axis=1)
25    promo_data = promo_data.reset_index()
26    del test, train_promo, test_promo
27    print('Data Collected!!!')
28    print('Shape of sales and promo data is: {} and {}'.format(sales_data.shape, promo_data.shape))
29
30    print('Generating categorical variables features')
31    class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store_state_array, store_city_array = generate_categorical_features(sales_data)
32    print('Categorical variables features generated')
33
34    print('Extracting features for training using sales information')
35    x_lst, y_lst = [], []
36    num_of_intervals = 8
37    dates = [date(2017, 5, 31) + timedelta(days=7 * interval) for interval in range(num_of_intervals)]
38    for train_date in dates:
39        train_dict = feature_engg_sales(sales_data, train_date, 'item_store')
40        x_lst.append(pd.DataFrame(train_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(train_dict.keys())))]))
41        y_lst.append(sales_data[[str(col)[0:10] for col in pd.date_range(train_date, periods=num_of_intervals)]]['unit_sales'])
42
43    train_item_store_x = pd.concat(x_lst, axis=0)
44    train_y = np.concatenate(y_lst, axis=0)
45    del x_lst, y_lst
46    #print(train_item_store_x.shape, train_y.shape)
47
48    print('Extracting features for training using promo information')
49    x_lst = []
50    num_of_intervals = 8
51    dates = [date(2017, 5, 31) + timedelta(days=7 * interval) for interval in range(num_of_intervals)]
52    for train_date in dates:
53        train_dict = feature_engg_promo(promo_data, class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store_state_array, store_city_array, train_date)
54        x_lst.append(pd.DataFrame(train_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(train_dict.keys())))]))
55
56    train_item_store_x1 = pd.concat(x_lst, axis=0)
57    del x_lst
58    #print(train_item_store_x1.shape)
59    train_x = train_item_store_x.reset_index(drop = True).merge(train_item_store_x1.reset_index(drop = True), on=['store_nbr', 'item_nbr', 'date'], how='left')

```

```

60 del train_item_store_x, train_item_store_x1
61 [train_x[col].update((train_x[col] - train_x[col].min()) / (train_x[col].max() - tra
62 print('Shape of train_x and corresponding train_y is {} & {}'.format(train_x.shape,
63
64 print('Extracting features for prediction on test data using sales information')
65 test_date = date(2017, 8, 16)
66 test_dict = feature_engg_sales(sales_data, test_date, 'item_store')
67 test_item_store_x = pd.DataFrame(test_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(test_
68
69 print('Extracting features for prediction on test data using promo information')
70 test_dict = feature_engg_promo(promo_data, class_array, family_array, item_array, st
71 test_item_store_x1 = pd.DataFrame(test_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(test_
72 test_x = test_item_store_x.reset_index(drop = True).merge(test_item_store_x1.reset_in
73 [test_x[col].update((test_x[col] - test_x[col].min()) / (test_x[col].max() - test_x[
74 print('Shape of test_x is {}'.format(test_x.shape))
75
76 print('Making predictions using the pre trained model')
77 test_pred = []
78 dtest = xgb.DMatrix(test_x)
79 for i in range(16):
80     #print('Generating results for forecasting step{}'.format(i+1))
81     model = xgb.Booster()
82     filename = 'step{}_model'.format(i+1)
83     model.load_model(filename)
84     test_pred.append(model.predict(dtest))
85
86 print('Prediction done on test data... generating final output')
87 y_test = np.array(test_pred).transpose()
88 pred_df = pd.DataFrame(y_test, columns = pd.date_range('2017-08-16', periods = 16))
89 pred_df = sales_data[['item_nbr', 'store_nbr']].merge(pred_df, left_index=True, right
90 pred_df = pred_df.melt(id_vars=['item_nbr', 'store_nbr'], var_name='date', value_name
91 pred_df['unit_sales'] = pred_df['unit_sales'].apply(lambda x : np.expm1(x))
92 print('Prediction df generated, loading test file and merging results with test file
93 test_df = pd.read_csv('test.csv')
94 test_df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(test_df['date'])
95 test_df = test_df.merge(pred_df[['item_nbr', 'store_nbr', 'date', 'unit_sales']], on
96 test_df['unit_sales'] = test_df['unit_sales'].clip(lower = 0)
97 test_df = test_df.fillna(0)
98
99 return test_df

```

In [ ]:

```

1 def final_fun_2(X):
2     '''
3     This function takes raw input, generate features using the raw input and generate sales data
4     and the predicted one by the model.
5     '''
6     print('Generating sales and promo data for feature engg')
7     X.loc[(X.unit_sales<0), 'unit_sales'] = 0
8     X['unit_sales'] = X['unit_sales'].apply(lambda x : np.log1p(x))
9     X = X.replace(to_replace = [False, True], value = [0, 1])
10
11     sales_data = X.set_index(["store_nbr", "item_nbr", "date"])[["unit_sales"]].unstack(level=1)
12     sales_data.columns = sales_data.columns.get_level_values(1)
13     sales_data = sales_data.reset_index()
14
15     train_promo = X.set_index(["store_nbr", "item_nbr", "date"])[["onpromotion"]].unstack(level=1)
16     train_promo.columns = train_promo.columns.get_level_values(1)
17
18     test = pd.read_csv('test.csv')
19     test = test.replace(to_replace = [False, True], value = [0, 1])
20
21     test_promo = test.set_index(['store_nbr', 'item_nbr', 'date'])[["onpromotion"]].unstack(level=1)
22     test_promo.columns = test_promo.columns.get_level_values(1)
23     test_promo = test_promo.reindex(train_promo.index).fillna(0)
24
25     promo_data = pd.concat([train_promo, test_promo], axis=1)
26     promo_data = promo_data.reset_index()
27     del test, train_promo, test_promo
28     print('Data Collected!!!')
29     print('Shape of sales and promo data is: {} and {}'.format(sales_data.shape, promo_data.shape))
30
31     print('Generating categorical variables features')
32     class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store_state_array, store_city_array = generate_categorical_features(sales_data)
33     print('Categorical variables features generated')
34
35     print('Extracting features for training using sales information')
36     x_lst, y_lst = [], []
37     num_of_intervals = 8
38     dates = [date(2017, 5, 31) + timedelta(days=7 * interval) for interval in range(num_of_intervals)]
39     for train_date in dates:
40         train_dict = feature_engg_sales(sales_data, train_date, 'item_store')
41         x_lst.append(pd.DataFrame(train_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(train_dict.values())))]))
42         y_lst.append(sales_data[[str(col)[0:10] for col in pd.date_range(train_date, period='7D')].unit_sales])
43
44     train_item_store_x = pd.concat(x_lst, axis=0)
45     train_y = np.concatenate(y_lst, axis=0)
46     del x_lst, y_lst
47     #print(train_item_store_x.shape, train_y.shape)
48
49     print('Extracting features for training using promo information')
50     x_lst = []
51     num_of_intervals = 8
52     dates = [date(2017, 5, 31) + timedelta(days=7 * interval) for interval in range(num_of_intervals)]
53     for train_date in dates:
54         train_dict = feature_engg_promo(promo_data, class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array, store_state_array, store_city_array, train_date)
55         x_lst.append(pd.DataFrame(train_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(train_dict.values())))]))
56
57     train_item_store_x1 = pd.concat(x_lst, axis=0)
58     del x_lst
59     #print(train_item_store_x1.shape)

```



```

60 train_x = train_item_store_x.reset_index(drop = True).merge(train_item_store_x1.reset_index(drop = True))
61 del train_item_store_x, train_item_store_x1
62 [train_x[col].update((train_x[col] - train_x[col].min()) / (train_x[col].max() - train_x[col].min())) for col in train_x.columns]
63 print('Shape of train_x and corresponding train_y is {} & {}'.format(train_x.shape, train_y.shape))
64
65 print('Extracting features for prediction on data using sales information')
66 cv_date = date(2017, 7, 26)
67 cv_dict = feature_engg_sales(sales_data, cv_date, 'item_store')
68 cv_item_store_x = pd.DataFrame(cv_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(cv_dict.values())))])
69
70 print('Extracting features for prediction on data using promo information')
71 cv_dict = feature_engg_promo(promo_data, class_array, family_array, item_array, store_array)
72 cv_item_store_x1 = pd.DataFrame(cv_dict, index = [i for i in range(len(list(cv_dict.values())))])
73 cv_x = cv_item_store_x.reset_index(drop = True).merge(cv_item_store_x1.reset_index(drop = True))
74 [cv_x[col].update((cv_x[col] - cv_x[col].min()) / (cv_x[col].max() - cv_x[col].min())) for col in cv_x.columns]
75 print('Shape of data on which we will predict is {}'.format(cv_x.shape))
76 print('Generating true labels for the data...')
77 cv_y = sales_data[[str(col)[0:10] for col in pd.date_range(cv_date, periods = 16)]].values
78
79 print('Making predictions using the pre trained model')
80 cv_pred = []
81 dcv = xgb.DMatrix(cv_x)
82 for i in range(16):
83     # print('Generating results for forecasting step{}'.format(i+1))
84     model = xgb.Booster()
85     filename = 'step{}_model'.format(i+1)
86     model.load_model(filename)
87     cv_pred.append(model.predict(dcv))
88
89 print('Prediction done, calculating Normalized Weighted Root Mean Squared Log Error!!')
90 items_df = pd.read_csv('items.csv')
91 cv_weights = pd.DataFrame(sales_data['item_nbr']).merge(items_df[['item_nbr', 'periods']))
92 cv_yhat = np.array(cv_pred).transpose()
93 log_error = (np.log1p(cv_yhat) - np.log1p(cv_y)) ** 2
94 error = log_error.sum(axis = 1) * cv_weights
95 rmsle = np.sqrt(error.sum() / cv_weights.sum())
96
97 return rmsle

```

In [ ]:

```

1 def flow():
2     print('Calling Function 1 which will return predictions on test file!!!!')
3     print('*'*75)
4     print('Loading raw data!!!')
5     train_df = pd.read_csv('train.csv', skiprows=range(1, 101688780))
6     predictions = final_fun_1(train_df)
7     print(predictions.head())
8     predictions[['id', 'unit_sales']].to_csv('final_submission.csv', index = False)
9     print('\n\n')
10    print('Calling Function 2 which will return NWRMSLE!!!!')
11    print('*'*75)
12    print('Loading raw data!!!')
13    train_df = pd.read_csv('train.csv', skiprows=range(1, 101688780))
14    score = final_fun_2(train_df)
15    print('score returned is: {}'.format(score))
16    print('*'*75)

```

In [ ]:

```

1 if __name__ == '__main__':
2     flow()

```

Calling Function 1 which will return predictions on test file!!!!

\*\*\*\*\*

Loading raw data!!!

Generating sales and promo data for feature engg

Data Collected!!!

Shape of sales and promo data is: (167515, 229) and (167515, 245)

Generating categorical variables features

Categorical variables features generated

Extracting features for training using sales information

Extracting features for training using promo information

Shape of train\_x and corresponding train\_y is (1340120, 149) & (1340120, 16)

Extracting features for prediction on test data using sales information

Extracting features for prediction on test data using promo information

Shape of test\_x is (167515, 149)

Making predictions using the pre trained model

Prediction done on test data... generating final output

Prediction df generated, loading test file and merging results with test file

	id	date	store_nbr	item_nbr	onpromotion	unit_sales
0	125497040	2017-08-16	1	96995	False	0.236070
1	125497041	2017-08-16	1	99197	False	0.375312
2	125497042	2017-08-16	1	103501	False	0.000000
3	125497043	2017-08-16	1	103520	False	1.205339
4	125497044	2017-08-16	1	103665	False	2.255238

Calling Function 2 which will return NWRMSLE!!!!

\*\*\*\*\*

Loading raw data!!!

Generating sales and promo data for feature engg

Data Collected!!!

Shape of sales and promo data is: (167515, 229) and (167515, 245)

Generating categorical variables features

Categorical variables features generated

Extracting features for training using sales information

Extracting features for training using promo information

Shape of train\_x and corresponding train\_y is (1340120, 149) & (1340120, 16)

Extracting features for prediction on data using sales information

Extracting features for prediction on data using promo information

Shape of data on which we will predict is (167515, 149)

Generating true labels for the data....

Making predictions using the pre trained model

Prediction done, calculating Normalized Weighted Root Mean Squared Log Error!!!

score returned is: 0.5208827097261451

\*\*\*\*\*

In [ ]:

```

1

```



