# **SPOTIPY ANALYSIS**

Name	Roll No.	Course	Semester
Pratham Sharma	AC-1232	B.Sc. (H) Computer Science	5
Raj Khatri	AC-1235	B.Sc. (H) Computer Science	5

**Subject: Data Analysis and Visualization** 

Submitted To: Dr. Sharanjit Kaur

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# Introduction

Spotify is a proprietary Swedish audio streaming and media services provider founded on 23 April 2006 by Daniel Ek and Martin Lorentzon. It is one of the largest music streaming service providers, with over 456 million monthly active users, including 195 million paying subscribers, as of September 2022. Spotify is listed (through a Luxembourg City-domiciled holding company, Spotify Technology S.A.) on the New York Stock Exchange in the form of American depositary receipts.

Spotify offers digital copyright restricted recorded music and podcasts, including more than 82 million songs, from record labels and media companies. As a freemium service, basic features are free with advertisements and limited control, while additional features, such as offline listening and commercial-free listening, are offered via paid subscriptions. Users can search for music based on artist, album, or genre, and can create, edit, and share playlists.

When Spotify entered India 3 years back, the audio streaming industry in the country was just getting heated up. People were still getting used to the idea of paying a subscription for listening to music. 3 years later, things are changing. For Spotify, it has been an interesting journey.

India now figures in the top 20 markets for the Swedish audio streaming platform globally in terms of user created playlists. The platform recently revealed that it saw a 165% increase in its premium subscriber base in Q421, and India and Indonesia were important drivers for this growth. Gustav Gyllenhammar, VP of Markets and Subscriber Growth for Spotify Technology SA also shared in a recent interview that the number of subscribers in India had doubled in 2021.

# **Objective**

- 1. To analyse a user created playlist on spotify.
- 2. Analysing songs and artists from different generations on the factors such as:
  - danceability
  - energy
  - key
  - loudness
  - mode
  - speechiness
  - acousticness
  - instrumentalness
  - liveness
  - valence
- 3. Comparative Analysis of artists and songs, with other songs of their album.

# **Steps**

- 1. Creating a Spotify Account
- 2. Registering the Spotify Developer Program
- 3. Creating spotify credentials for the project
- 4. Fetching the required dataset of the playlist using the spotify audio feature to csv tool
- 5. Storing the data in a pandas database
- 6. Analysing data and Plotting graphs using pandas, numpy, Matplotlib and plotly

#### importing modules

## **Spotify Playlist**

https://open.spotify.com/playlist/7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB?si=235e6601d9744186

### **Tool for fetching dataset**

https://github.com/kvithana/spotify-audio-features-to-csv

```
In [1]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from math import pi
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import re
import time
from datetime import datetime
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.io as pio
pio.renderers.default = "png"
```

## loading dataaset

```
In [2]:
```

```
FeatureDF = pd.read_csv('./data/features/features.csv')
TracksDF = pd.read_csv('./data/tracks/tracks.csv')
```

#### displaying tracks dataset

```
In [3]:
```

```
TracksDF.head()
```

Out[3]:

playlist_uri	album	album_uri	artist	
0 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwlNYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
1 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R

	playlist_uri		album_uri	artist	
2	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
3	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
4	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
4		18888			)

## displaying features dataset

In [4]:

FeatureDF.head()

Out[4]:

playlist_uri	duration_ms	key	mode	time_signature	acousticness	danceability	energy	ins
0 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	153693	6	1	4	0.771	0.786	0.356	
1 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	204373	11	1	4	0.845	0.348	0.310	
2 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	193733	7	1	4	0.767	0.611	0.525	
3 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	163653	1	1	4	0.663	0.533	0.678	
4 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	184413	7	1	4	0.920	0.481	0.669	
4								Þ

Since Danceability, Energy, Speech, Acousticness, Instrumentalness, Liveness, Valence share the same scale, they would be usually grouped together and compared in data visualisations.

# **Spotify audio features**

A description of the all the retrieved features in the official Spotify API docs:

https://developer.spotify.com/documentation/web-api/reference/#/operations/get-audio-features

#### acousticness

A confidence measure from 0.0 to 1.0 of whether the track is acoustic. 1.0 represents high confidence the track is acoustic.

#### danceability

Danceability describes how suitable a track is for dancing based on a combination of musical elements including tempo, rhythm stability, beat strength, and overall regularity. A value of 0.0 is least danceable and 1.0 is most danceable.

#### duration\_ms

The duration of the track in milliseconds.

## energy

Energy is a measure from 0.0 to 1.0 and represents a perceptual measure of intensity and

activity. Typically, energetic tracks feel fast, loud, and noisy. For example, death metal has high energy, while a Bach prelude scores low on the scale. Perceptual features contributing to this attribute include dynamic range, perceived loudness, timbre, onset rate, and general entropy.

#### instrumentalness

Predicts whether a track contains no vocals. "Ooh" and "aah" sounds are treated as instrumental in this context. Rap or spoken word tracks are clearly "vocal". The closer the instrumentalness value is to 1.0, the greater likelihood the track contains no vocal content. Values above 0.5 are intended to represent instrumental tracks, but confidence is higher as the value approaches 1.0.

#### liveness

Detects the presence of an audience in the recording. Higher liveness values represent an increased probability that the track was performed live. A value above 0.8 provides strong likelihood that the track is live.

#### • speechiness

Speechiness detects the presence of spoken words in a track. The more exclusively speech-like the recording (e.g. talk show, audio book, poetry), the closer to 1.0 the attribute value. Values above 0.66 describe tracks that are probably made entirely of spoken words. Values between 0.33 and 0.66 describe tracks that may contain both music and speech, either in sections or layered, including such cases as rap music. Values below 0.33 most likely represent music and other non-speech-like tracks.

#### loudness

The overall loudness of a track in decibels (dB). Loudness values are averaged across the entire track and are useful for comparing relative loudness of tracks. Loudness is the quality of a sound that is the primary psychological correlate of physical strength (amplitude). Values typical range between -60 and 0 db.

#### tempo

The overall estimated tempo of a track in beats per minute (BPM). In musical terminology, tempo is the speed or pace of a given piece and derives directly from the average beat duration.

#### valence

A measure from 0.0 to 1.0 describing the musical positiveness conveyed by a track. Tracks with high valence sound more positive (e.g. happy, cheerful, euphoric), while tracks with low valence sound more negative (e.g. sad, depressed, angry).

#### popularity

The popularity of the artist. The value will be between 0 and 100, with 100 being the most popular. The artist's popularity is calculated from the popularity of all the artist's tracks.

#### creating a array to plot histogram of these columns

```
'energy',
'speechiness',
'acousticness',
'liveness',
'valence']
```

# **KEY**

The key the track is in. Integers map to pitches using standard Pitch Class notation. E.g. 0 = C, 1 = C #/D, 2 = D, and so on. If no key was detected, the value is -1.

Plotting the Key data from the tracks feature Dataframe shows us that the most used keys i.e. E & F

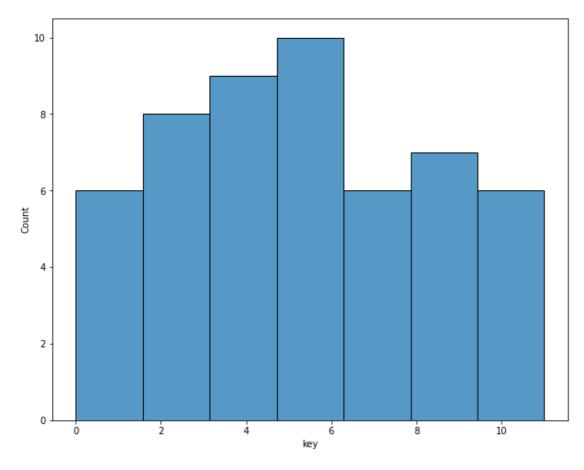
# key and there count

```
In [6]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 8])
sns.histplot(FeatureDF, x='key')
```

#### Out[6]:

<AxesSubplot: xlabel='key', ylabel='Count'>



## Plotting pie chart of mode of songs

# **MAJOR and MINOR**

0: Minor 1: Major

Mode indicates the modality (major or minor) of a track, the type of scale from which its melodic content is derived. Major is represented by 1 and minor is 0.

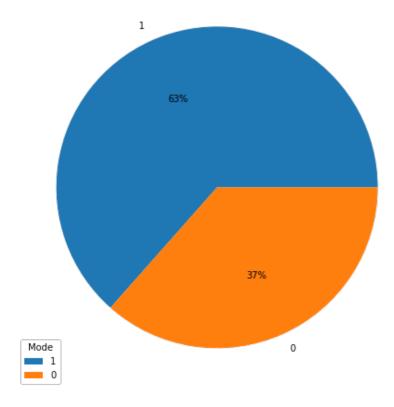
Pie Chart below shows that the majority of songs have Major Modality

#### 0: Minor 1: Major

```
In [7]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 8])
mode = list(FeatureDF['mode'].value_counts().index)
size = list(FeatureDF['mode'].value_counts())

plt.pie(size, labels=mode, autopct='%1.0F%%')
plt.legend(mode, title='Mode', loc='best')
plt.figure(facecolor='white')
plt.show()
```



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

## **Distribution of Spotify metrics of Playlist**

The plot below shows the distribution of scores for all tracks in the given playlist. Most songs are typically highenergy but the songs usually fall within the mid-level for danceability.

- . Most of the songs have high energy, Dancebility and surprisingly acousticness.
- . Acoustic songs generally not associated with these two factors.
- . This result can be attributed to new age indie songs and their emphasis on beats over vocals

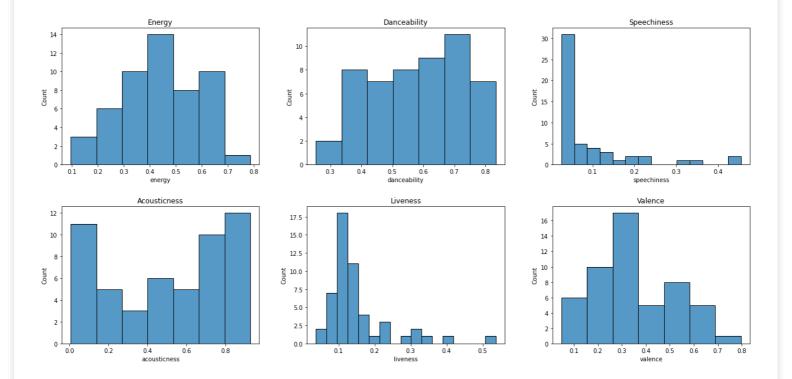
#### In [8]:

```
x='acousticness').set(title='Acousticness')
sns.histplot(ax=axes[1, 1], data=FeatureDF, x='liveness').set(title='Liveness')
sns.histplot(ax=axes[1, 2], data=FeatureDF, x='valence').set(title='Valence')
```

#### Out[8]:

```
[Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Valence')]
```

['Energy', 'Danceability', 'Speechiness', 'Acousticness', 'Liveness', 'Valence']



# **Data Filtering**

The data taken from the Spotify API stores the same track in multiple rows for multiple artists. So, for a song with 3 artists there will be 3 entries. To reduce this redundancy we first combine the tracks data on the basis of the song name and album name

#### **Tracks dataset**

#### In [9]:

```
TracksDF.head()
```

#### Out[9]:

playlist_uri	album	album_uri	artist	
0 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
1 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
2 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
	The Way		Prateek	

3 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB playlist_uri	That <b>album</b>	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwINYBNhaxLvEhA <b>album_uri</b>	Kultust	spotify:artist:0tC995R
	Do			<u> </u>
4 spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:album:4WLh56ZjwlNYBNhaxLvEhA	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:artist:0tC995R
4				<b>)</b>

# Copy of tracks dataframe having name album and uri columns

#### In [10]:

#### Out[10]:

	name	album	uri	artist
0	0 to 100	No Name	spotify:track:7cVe3mYMlfhOlz1NXFWv70	Sidhu Moose Wala
1	051021	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:6D0RJju2TSMtZM1jsRc58S	Shamoon Ismail,Talha Anjum
2	All I Need	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:47hXMyQDGW8sA1NGqmFL7h	Prateek Kuhad
3	All Night Long	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:308ngBPHBQa8HW4n0PBUKh	Shamoon Ismail
4	Ari Ari	Baaraat	spotify:track:3edqjLVQrRPLvt9FAYUAsT	Ritviz, Nucleya
5	Baaraat	Baaraat	spotify:track:0YLSjVxSb5FT1Bo8Tnxr8j	Ritviz, Nucleya
6	Bloodlust (feat. Mr. Capone-E)	No Name	spotify:track:1000WM9qGLUBA5gq2yw0WF	Sidhu Moose Wala,Mr. Capone-E
7	Bloom	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:39IOHITmszIVH9WF4Jpbum	Prateek Kuhad
8	Chaunde Ne Pharna	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:18sA3ZuFnaYvinSyc1EZ0M	Shamoon Ismail
9	Co2	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:3hB9lDLyACIYVZivMMl20N	Prateek Kuhad
10	Cocaine	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:5Mk3wOYG9Emd6SL5jVviZ7	Shamoon Ismail
11	D'Arline	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:6UoygTjFvuC8pEGo2siNGM	The Civil Wars
12	Devil's Backbone	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:4qoD4lJbbir3hsAu4lowiG	The Civil Wars
13	Disarm	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:5F1MI9CcAC4FnMAOEZDXYv	The Civil Wars
14	Drown	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:1kJvdhrr9MHOZ1e1PhTXTG	Prateek Kuhad
15	Dust to Dust	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:5P6ZBMWS66FVo6deJaDdHy	The Civil Wars
16	Eavesdrop	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:4BafNHkkPaUocRMKi392MT	The Civil Wars
17	Everybody Hurts	No Name	spotify:track:1w3exvlgbRFV2ijf6qyWm8	Sidhu Moose Wala
18	Faasla	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:3TB0OtQMzrPoNcmXfUMVzC	Shamoon Ismail,Hasan Raheem
19	Face	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:0HuS5vFQd06cXV54I0twkV	Prateek Kuhad
20	Favorite Peeps	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:0SHa9XHwYYB1UUmgbgHuhQ	Prateek Kuhad
21	From This Valley	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:79jxIFiRzVvJVPYiaqBTqK	The Civil Wars
22	Full Time Lover	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:6Td37HXpeCVelczrLcg73L	Prateek Kuhad

23	Heartb <b>roker</b>	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:7pglbZ3tWdXLUAlofe3地	Prateek K <b>artist</b>
24	Hollow	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:1y7FoHfVtbZV6mONGJgU7j	Prateek Kuhad
25	l Had Me a Girl	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:37zPDZLuL3dgml4hb6Yix0	The Civil Wars
26	Into The Sunset	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:7xJv0nURSYIPtgdwiNSqiy	Shamoon Ismail
27	Just A Word	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:3XWRc74od1pT7MUkGiJmoW	Prateek Kuhad
28	Load Out	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:1Dq6xyMtnxEdmVOjzV9caq	Shamoon Ismail,Talhah Yunus
29	Location	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:3ADku3uSBCVbRF7fAl1J43	Shamoon Ismail
30	Lockdown Freestyle	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:2jUOGqov3TsX7wNHTMolaJ	Shamoon Ismail
31	Love Sick	No Name	spotify:track:1skGwRjc7wYY70PJCAkKMr	Sidhu Moose Wala,AR Paisley
32	Never Fold	No Name	spotify:track:3JkVYvxNoGf2HCWJo61462	Sidhu Moose Wala,Sunny Malton,SOE
33	Oh Henry	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:4oQxCtf4WyMSiEE0k9kTUr	The Civil Wars
34	Promises	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:5Y3OxkwWPuFZc5rRoJE45A	Shamoon Ismail,Annural Khalid
35	Promises (Rovalio Mix)	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:7EX4LadxtxQo6tboAkJWBU	Shamoon Ismail
36	Roz	Baaraat	spotify:track:1rDQJd8kzwBRXeoTtojkQn	Ritviz, Nucleya
37	Sacred Heart	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:2gE7DT6krgEjU6qltbLdXZ	The Civil Wars
38	Same Old Same Old	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:4fwiUXTml7O24fL34JxFl7	The Civil Wars
39	Sathi	Baaraat	spotify:track:3QCL4FJOSqLrFDJmcdNSbA	Ritviz, Nucleya
40	Scars & Screws	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:51sZc2sRnjxpTuzLnlkNbm	Shamoon Ismail
41	Tell Mama	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:56ZfDPbCCrJUyyxU2syt6c	The Civil Wars
42	The Last Time	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:29YXX6TCgc7d5jz3BYF7Gc	Prateek Kuhad
43	The One That Got Away	The Civil Wars	spotify:track:3W2G2Bwt9UAM0sgUVhOC6E	The Civil Wars
44	airplane thoughts	rapunzel	spotify:track:4t5joZkdlXlvzLXJbkgppJ	dhruv
45	double take	rapunzel	spotify:track:0QzuaeCEEOV40Pn7lvKEny	dhruv
46	grateful	rapunzel	spotify:track:7mMzlK2pYVbgkUL1zaGGyV	dhruv
47	moonlight	rapunzel	spotify:track:2Qn6WHJrY5Im82Jux8FboH	dhruv
48	retrograde	rapunzel	spotify:track:4w0rTd0QlbsvVykYij8M7L	dhruv
49	stable life	rapunzel	spotify:track:1KWbsqgeBi2WfqZ8Of494c	dhruv
50	vulnerable	rapunzel	spotify:track:4MiZmaNlbvO7yY8UltCATD	dhruv
51	what's wrong with me?	rapunzel	spotify:track:6sWkR0Y0NsJN4Ov3vKAPla	dhruv

Now we combine the 2 Dataframes fetched from the Playlist to create a DataFrame containing a Song's name, album name, Artists and its several features

# In [11]:

```
DF1 = pd.merge(tracksDF2, FeatureDF, on="uri")
DF1.head()
```

## Out[11]:

	name	album	uri	artist	playlist_uri	dura
0	0 to 100	No Name	spotify:track:7cVe3mYMIfhOlz1NXFWv70	Sidhu Moose Wala	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	
1	051021	Scars &	spotify:track:6D0RJju2TSMtZM1jsRc58S	Shamoon Ismail,Talha	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	

	name	album	uri	Agium	playlist_uri du	ri
2	All I Need	The Way That Lovers Do	spotify:track:47hXMyQDGW8sA1NGqmFL7h	Prateek Kuhad	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	
3	All Night Long	Scars & Screws	spotify:track:308ngBPHBQa8HW4n0PBUKh	Shamoon Ismail	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	
4	Ari Ari	Baaraat	spotify:track:3edqjLVQrRPLvt9FAYUAsT	Ritviz, Nucleya	spotify:playlist:7gKVccRxsOD0gKdUv63HoB	
4					<b>,</b>	. ]

#### grouping on the basis of album

The summaryDF groups the data on the basis of album name and takes the average of the features of all the songs in that album

```
In [12]:
summaryDF = DF1.groupby("album").mean().reset_index()
summaryDF
```

#### Out[12]:

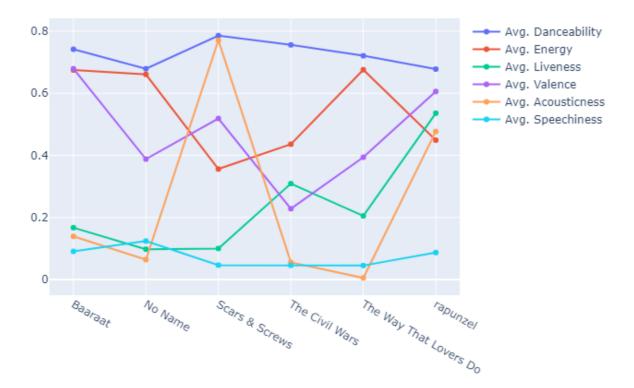
	album	duration_ms	key	mode	time_signature	acousticness	danceability	energy	instrumentalness	livene
0	Baaraat	206257.000000	3.750000	0.500000	4.000000	0.169650	0.704250	0.597250	6.450000e-07	0.2199
1	No Name	171279.200000	7.400000	0.600000	4.200000	0.156220	0.734000	0.654000	0.000000e+00	0.1300
2	Scars & Screws	191376.916667	4.833333	0.583333	4.000000	0.166125	0.660167	0.434833	2.684601e-02	0.1553
3	The Civil Wars	215217.750000	4.833333	0.666667	3.833333	0.740250	0.412083	0.319567	1.440484e-03	0.1184
4	The Way That Lovers Do	179061.636364	5.272727	0.909091	4.000000	0.772091	0.543455	0.458818	1.653695e-01	0.1201
5	rapunzel	197277.125000	5.875000	0.375000	4.000000	0.656625	0.595875	0.441250	4.528588e-03	0.2100
1										Þ

# Comparing various features between albums

The Plot below shows a pictorial linechart representation of each album can be viewed below

# **Trace using plotly**

## In [13]:



#### In [14]:

```
summaryDF['album']
```

# Out[14]:

```
0 Baaraat
1 No Name
2 Scars & Screws
3 The Civil Wars
4 The Way That Lovers Do
5 rapunzel
Name: album, dtype: object
```

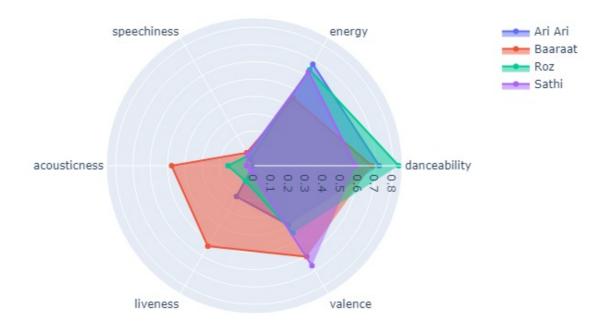
Finally, the plots below compares the different songs of an album in the form of a Radar Graph.

As averages are easily affected by outliers, a more comprehensive breakdown by each album is done to identify the overall signature/characteristics of each song in an album.

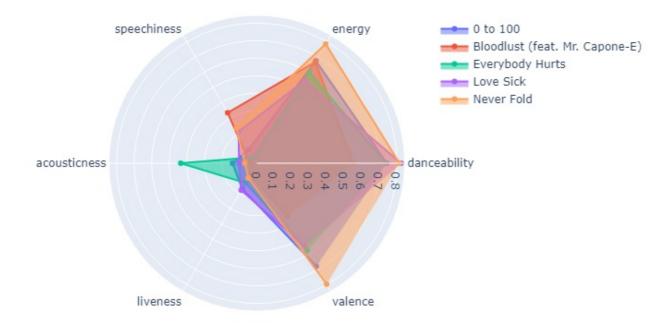
# Polar charts between features using plotly library album wise

## In [15]:

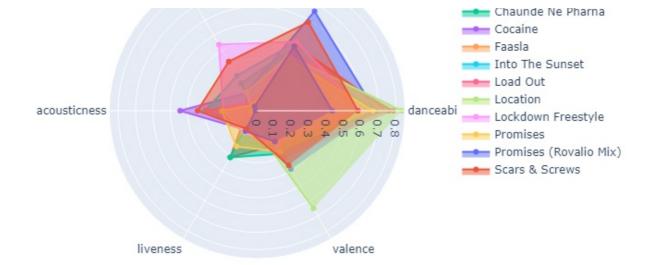
## Album: Baaraat



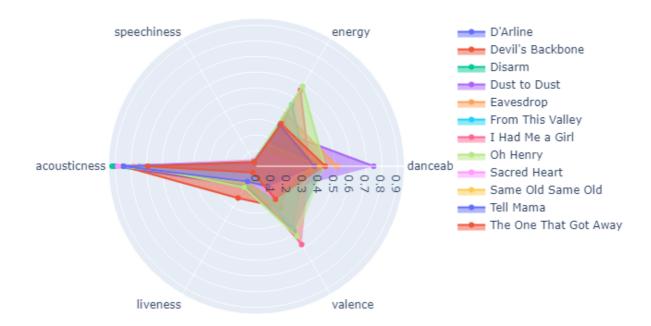
## Album: No Name



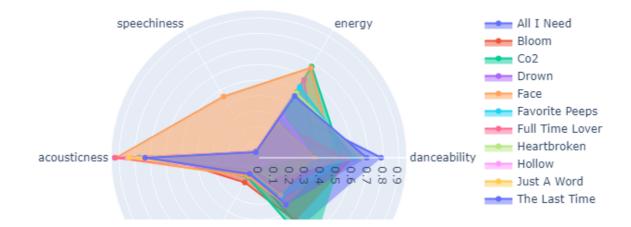
Album: Scars & Screws



## Album: The Civil Wars

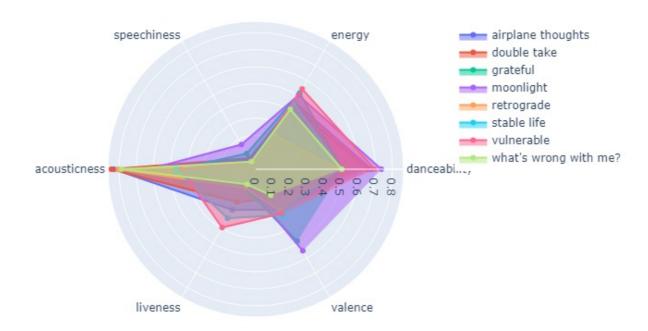


# Album: The Way That Lovers Do





# Album: rapunzel



# **Analysis of Top 50 Artist India**

# loading dataset

#### In [16]:

```
# importing dataset of top50 indian artists
Top50IndArtistDF = pd.read_csv(".\data\top50\SingerAndSongs.csv")
Top50IndArtistDF.head()
```

## Out[16]:

	Singer	acousticness	danceability	energy	id	instrumentalness	key	liveness	loudness	mode
0	Aastha Gill	0.48500	0.770	0.824	39ujbBjTwwqUFySaCYDMMT	0.000000	1	0.3180	-6.491	0
1	Aastha Gill	0.14300	0.825	0.666	5cjVsWqlkBQC7acTRhL0RO	0.000003	4	0.2370	-4.847	0
2	Aastha Gill	0.23600	0.663	0.551	3XYvdqcZrTmRntFDDbJkJd	0.000036	3	0.0923	-8.272	0
3	Aastha Gill	0.00323	0.919	0.571	46GBoFCdFZZSjuGaZjZmGv	0.001680	5	0.1030	-7.175	0
	Δaetha									

```
4 Gill Singer acousticness danceability energy id instrumentalness key liveness loudness mode
```

# shape of dataset

```
In [17]:
Top50IndArtistDF.shape
Out[17]:
(2231, 15)
```

#### columns present in data set

#### type of values in column

```
In [19]:
```

```
Top50IndArtistDF.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2231 entries, 0 to 2230
Data columns (total 15 columns):
                    Non-Null Count Dtype
   Column
   Singer
0
                    2231 non-null object
  acousticness
1
                    2231 non-null float64
                    2231 non-null float64
 2 danceability
3 energy
                    2231 non-null float64
 4
  id
                    2231 non-null object
 5 instrumentalness 2231 non-null float64
                    2231 non-null int64
 7
                    2231 non-null float64
   liveness
                    2231 non-null float64
 8 loudness
                    2231 non-null int64
 9
   mode
10 Song name
                    2230 non-null object
11 speechiness
                    2231 non-null float64
                                  float64
   tempo
                    2231 non-null
12
                                  object
float64
                    2231 non-null
13 track href
14 valence
                     2231 non-null
dtypes: float64(9), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 261.6+ KB
```

## checking numeric analysis of data set

```
In [20]:
Top50IndArtistDF.describe()
```

Out[20]:

	acousticness	danceability	energy	instrumentalness	key	liveness	loudness	mode	speech
count	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.000000	2231.0

mean	acoustieness	danceability	0. <b>658173</b>	instrumentalness	5.396 <b>683</b>	9 <del>i18A23</del> 9	16 <del>25</del> A239	0.5 <b>73734</b>	speech
std	0.296341	0.156026	0.190023	0.078426	3.459693	0.141807	2.929937	0.494644	0.0
min	0.000266	0.156000	0.103000	0.000000	0.000000	0.022200	-20.090000	0.000000	0.0
25%	0.118000	0.505000	0.520000	0.000000	2.000000	0.094800	-8.841500	0.000000	0.0
50%	0.344000	0.622000	0.669000	0.000007	6.000000	0.126000	-6.887000	1.000000	0.0
75%	0.647500	0.734000	0.815500	0.000249	8.000000	0.245500	-5.332500	1.000000	0.0
max	0.994000	0.971000	0.988000	0.967000	11.000000	0.972000	0.003000	1.000000	0.6
4									<b>•</b>

# checking null values in data set

0

#### In [21]:

Top50IndArtistDF.isnull().sum()

#### Out[21]:

Singer

0 acousticness danceability 0 energy instrumentalness key liveness 0 loudness 0 0 mode Song name 1 0 speechiness 0 tempo track href 0 valence 0 dtype: int64

# checking data type of values present in data set

#### In [22]:

Top50IndArtistDF.dtypes

#### Out[22]:

Singer object float64 acousticness float64 danceability float64 energy id object instrumentalness float64 key int64 liveness float64 loudness float64 mode int64 Song name object float64 speechiness float64 tempo object track href valence float64 dtype: object

## **Data Cleaning**

#### In [23]:

Top50IndArtistDF.head()

	Singer	acousticness	danceability	energy	id	instrumentalness	key	liveness	loudness	mode
(	Aastha Gill	0.48500	0.770	0.824	39ujbBjTwwqUFySaCYDMMT	0.000000	1	0.3180	-6.491	0
1	Aastha Gill	0.14300	0.825	0.666	5cjVsWqlkBQC7acTRhL0RO	0.000003	4	0.2370	-4.847	0
2	Aastha Gill	0.23600	0.663	0.551	3XYvdqcZrTmRntFDDbJkJd	0.000036	3	0.0923	-8.272	0
3	Aastha Gill	0.00323	0.919	0.571	46GBoFCdFZZSjuGaZjZmGv	0.001680	5	0.1030	-7.175	0
4	Aastha Gill	0.12900	0.867	0.720	6VwVEliCro1EMyh9B6Om3v	0.000000	9	0.2280	-5.188	0
4										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# counting number of nan values in data set

0

```
In [24]:
```

```
# checking null values
Top50IndArtistDF.isnull().sum()
```

#### Out[24]:

Singer

```
acousticness
                 0
danceability
                 0
energy
id
instrumentalness 0
                  0
key
liveness
                  0
                  0
loudness
                  0
mode
Song name
                  1
speechiness
                  0
tempo
                  0
track href
                  0
valence
dtype: int64
```

# dropping nan values from dataset

```
In [25]:
```

```
# drop null values
df2 = Top50IndArtistDF.dropna()
# check null values
df2.isnull().sum()
```

#### Out[25]:

```
Singer
acousticness
                   0
danceability
                   0
energy
id
                   0
instrumentalness 0
                   0
key
                  0
liveness
                  0
loudness
                   0
mode
Song name
speechiness
```

# **Feature Engineering**

```
In [26]:
```

```
df2.set_index("Song name", inplace=True)
df2.head()
```

Out[26]:

	Singer	acousticness	danceability	energy	id	instrumentalness	key	liveness	loudness
Song name									
Proper Patola	Aastha Gill	0.48500	0.770	0.824	39ujbBjTwwqUFySaCYDMMT	0.000000	1	0.3180	-6.49 <sup>-</sup>
Kamariya	Aastha Gill	0.14300	0.825	0.666	5cjVsWqlkBQC7acTRhL0RO	0.000003	4	0.2370	-4.847
Buzz (feat. Badshah)	Aastha Gill	0.23600	0.663	0.551	3XYvdqcZrTmRntFDDbJkJd	0.000036	3	0.0923	-8.272
Saara India	Aastha Gill	0.00323	0.919	0.571	46GBoFCdFZZSjuGaZjZmGv	0.001680	5	0.1030	-7.175
Drunk n High	Aastha Gill	0.12900	0.867	0.720	6VwVEliCro1EMyh9B6Om3v	0.000000	9	0.2280	-5.188
4									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# songs at 69 location in the data set

```
In [27]:
```

```
df2[["Singer"]].iloc[69]
```

Out[27]:

Singer Amit Trivedi

Name: Radhe (From Songs of Faith), dtype: object

# sorting on the basis of danceability in songs

```
In [28]:
```

```
Top50IndArtistDF.sort_values(by=['danceability'])[
   ['Song name', 'Singer']].head()
```

Out[28]:

	Song name	Singer
117	Tum Bin	Ankit Tiwari
1590	Bekhayali Reprise (From "T-Series Acoustics")	Sachet Tandon
625	Tu Hi Tha	Darshan Raval
306	Hamari Adhuri Kahani (Title Track)	Arijit Singh
55	Kuch Kuch Hota Hai - Sad	Alka Yagnik

# sorting on he basis of loudness in songs

```
In [29]:
Top50IndArtistDF.sort_values(by=['loudness'])[
    ['Song name', 'Singer']].head()
```

#### Out[29]:

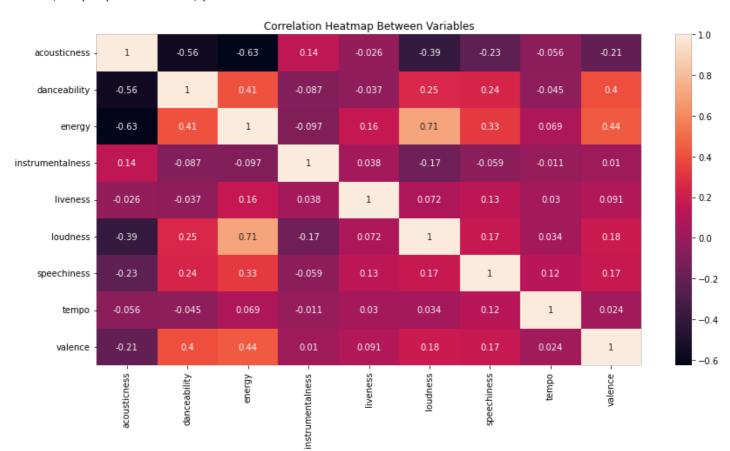
	Song name	Singer
1200	Beete Huye Lamhon Ki Kasak	Mahendra Kapoor
173	Aanewala Kal Ek Sapna - Anu Malik Version	Anu Malik
1916	Nahin Saamne Tu	Sukhwinder Singh
749	Mazak Hai Kya	Emiway bantai
1725	Yemi Cheyamanduve	Shankar Mahadevan

## heatmap of songs between numeric values

#### In [30]:

#### Out[30]:

```
[Text(0.5, 0, 'acousticness'),
  Text(1.5, 0, 'danceability'),
  Text(2.5, 0, 'energy'),
  Text(3.5, 0, 'instrumentalness'),
  Text(4.5, 0, 'liveness'),
  Text(5.5, 0, 'loudness'),
  Text(6.5, 0, 'speechiness'),
  Text(7.5, 0, 'tempo'),
  Text(8.5, 0, 'valence')]
```



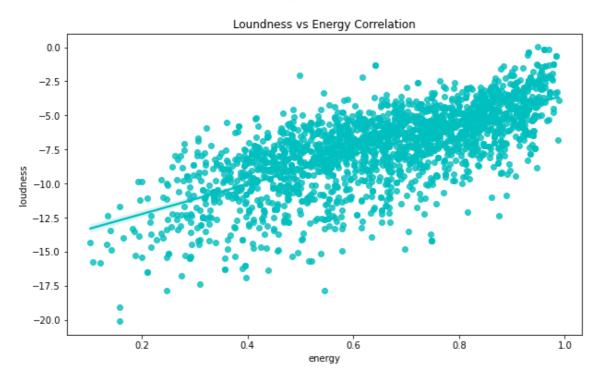
# regplot between loundness and energy in songs

#### In [31]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.regplot(data=df2, y="loudness", x="energy", color="c").set(
    title="Loundness vs Energy Correlation")
```

#### Out[31]:

[Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loundness vs Energy Correlation')]



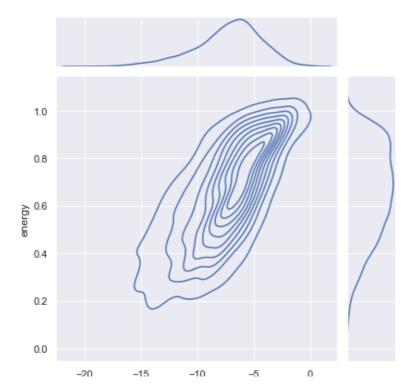
# jointplot between loudness and energy in songs

#### In [32]:

```
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize': (20, 20)})
sns.jointplot(data=df2, x="loudness", y="energy", kind="kde")
```

#### Out[32]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x2349e4abd00>



loudness

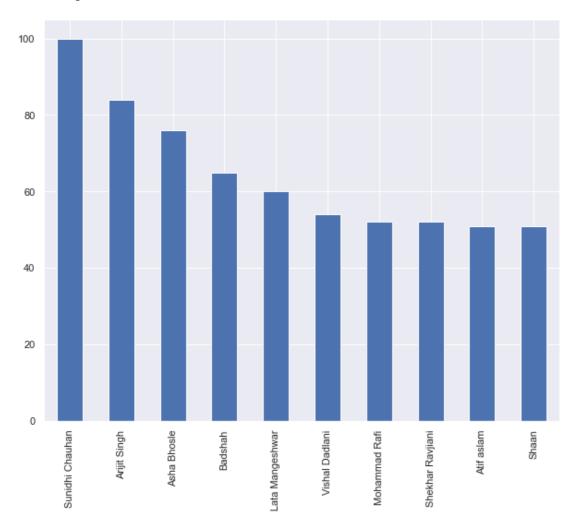
# **Top 10 Singers with number of songs**

```
In [33]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10,8])
Top50IndArtistDF['Singer'].value_counts().head(10).plot.bar()
```

#### Out[33]:

<AxesSubplot: >



#### columns in df1

#### In [34]:

```
Top50IndArtistDF.columns
```

#### Out[34]:

#### In [35]:

```
Top50IndArtistDF.head()
```

#### Out[35]:

#### Singer acousticness danceability energy

v	Gill	0.70500	0.770	U.U£7	OBUJDDJ I WWYOI YOAO I DIVINI	0.00000		0.0100	-0.731	U
	Singer	acousticness	danceability	energy	id	instrumentalness	key	liveness	loudness	mode
4	Aastha Gill	0.14300	0.825	0.666	5ejVsWqlkBQC7aeTRhL0RO	0.000003	4	0.2370	-4.847	0
2	Aastha Gill	0.23600	0.663	0.551	3XYvdqcZrTmRntFDDbJkJd	0.000036	3	0.0923	-8.272	0
3	Aastha Gill	0.00323	0.919	0.571	46GBoFCdFZZSjuGaZjZmGv	0.001680	5	0.1030	-7.175	0
4	Aastha Gill	0.12900	0.867	0.720	6VwVEliCro1EMyh9B6Om3v	0.000000	9	0.2280	-5.188	0
4										····•

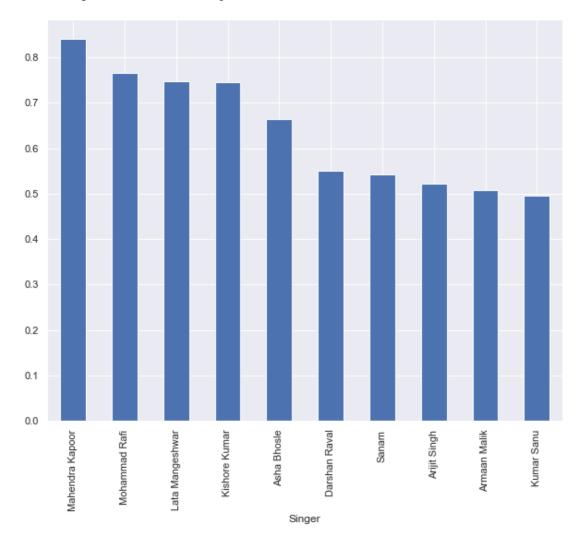
# Top 10 singers with highest acousticness

# In [36]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10,8])
Top50IndArtistDF.groupby(['Singer'])['acousticness'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
.head(10).plot.bar()
```

#### Out[36]:

<AxesSubplot: xlabel='Singer'>



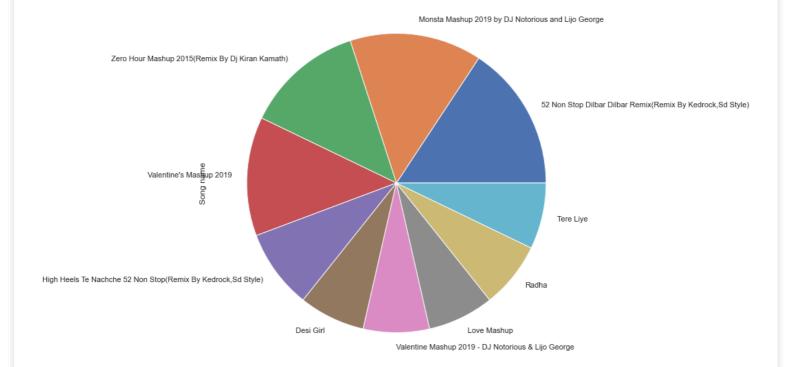
# plotting piechart of songs other than singles

```
In [37]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=[12, 10])
Top50IndArtistDF['Song name'].value_counts().head(10).plot.pie()
```

#### Out[37]:

/Turacubalat. ulabal=!Cana nama!>



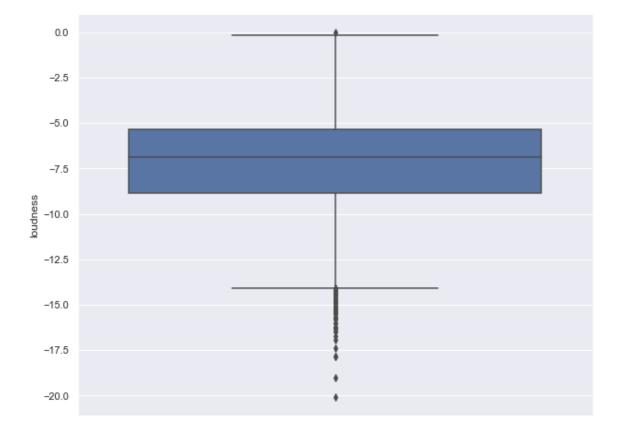
# loudness in songs

#### In [38]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 8])
sns.boxplot(y=Top50IndArtistDF['loudness'])
```

#### Out[38]:

<AxesSubplot: ylabel='loudness'>

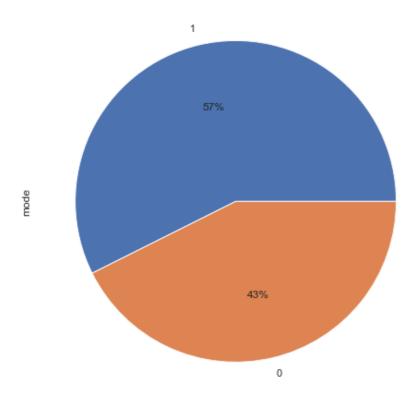


# Showing percentage of songs having mode 1 and rest 0

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 8])
Top50IndArtistDF['mode'].value_counts().plot.pie(autopct='%1.0F%%')
```

#### Out[39]:

<AxesSubplot: ylabel='mode'>



# Categorising on the basis of singer

#### In [40]:

```
Top50IndArtistDF.groupby(['Singer', 'Song name'])['liveness'].mean()
```

# Out[40]:

Singer	Song name	
AR Rahman	Aalaporaan Thamizhan	0.1090
	Aaruyire	0.0741
	Afreeda	0.0931
	Ale Ale	0.0848
	Anbil Avan	0.0577
Vishal Dadlani	Vashmalle	0.0861
	Vele	0.2460
	Zaraa Dil Ko Thaam Lo	0.0416
	Zinda	0.1160
	Zor Lagaake Haishaa	0.1080
Name: liveness,	Length: 2162, dtype: floa	at64

# Plotting scatterplot on liveness vs loudness

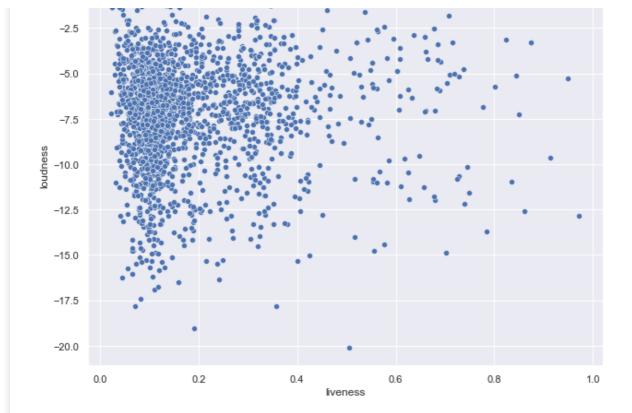
#### In [41]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 8])
sns.scatterplot(data=Top50IndArtistDF, x='liveness', y='loudness')
```

## Out[41]:

```
<AxesSubplot: xlabel='liveness', ylabel='loudness'>
```

```
0.0
```



# **Conclusion**

By analysing the above data we can argue that the modern songs have more dancebility and acousticness to them. Moreover, there is a decreasing trend in the speechiness of modern songs can be attributed to the increasing trend of EDM(Electronic Dance Music). We also saw above how artists in India are making there songs according to there category of songs they usually sing. Out of all the Given Album, No Name & Scars and Screws are rap albums and you can see high Dancebility, valence and energy in both of these.