

## Algorithms Level 4



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## Problem # 54/4 Solution Using C++

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

struct stDate
{
    short Year;
    short Month;
    short Day;
};

bool isLeapYear(short Year)
{
    return (Year % 4 == 0 && Year % 100 != 0) || (Year % 400 == 0);
}

bool IsDate1BeforeDate2(stDate Date1, stDate Date2)
{
    return (Date1.Year < Date2.Year) ? true : ((Date1.Year ==
Date2.Year) ? (Date1.Month < Date2.Month ? true : (Date1.Month ==
Date2.Month ? Date1.Day < Date2.Day : false)) : false);
}

short NumberOfDaysInAMonth(short Month, short Year)
{
    if (Month < 1 || Month>12)
        return 0;

    int days[12] = { 31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31 };
    return (Month == 2) ? (isLeapYear(Year) ? 29 : 28) :
days[Month - 1];
}

bool IsLastDayInMonth(stDate Date)
{
    return (Date.Day == NumberOfDaysInAMonth(Date.Month,
Date.Year));
}

bool IsLastMonthInYear(short Month)
{
    return (Month == 12);
}
```



## Problem # 54/4 Solution Using C++

```
stDate IncreaseDateByOneDay(stDate Date)
{
    if (IsLastDayInMonth(Date))
    {
        if (IsLastMonthInYear(Date.Month))
        {
            Date.Month = 1;
            Date.Day = 1;
            Date.Year++;
        }
        else
        {
            Date.Day = 1;
            Date.Month++;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        Date.Day++;
    }

    return Date;
}

short DayOfWeekOrder(short Day, short Month, short Year)
{
    short a, y, m;
    a = (14 - Month) / 12;
    y = Year - a;
    m = Month + (12 * a) - 2;
    // Gregorian:
    // 0:sun, 1:Mon, 2:Tue...etc
    return (Day + y + (y / 4) - (y / 100) + (y / 400) + ((31 * m)
/ 12)) % 7;
}

short DayOfWeekOrder(stDate Date)
{
    return DayOfWeekOrder(Date.Day, Date.Month, Date.Year);
}
```



## Problem # 54/4 Solution Using C++

```
string DayShortName(short DayOfWeekOrder)
{
    string arrDayNames[] = {
        "Sun", "Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat" };

    return arrDayNames[DayOfWeekOrder];
}

bool IsWeekEnd(stDate Date)
{
    //Weekends are Fri and Sat
    short DayIndex = DayOfWeekOrder(Date.Day, Date.Month,
Date.Year);
    return (DayIndex == 5 || DayIndex == 6);
}

bool IsBusinessDay(stDate Date)
{
    //Weekends are Sun,Mon,Tue,Wed and Thur

    /*
        short DayIndex = DayOfWeekOrder(Date.Day, Date.Month,
Date.Year);
        return (DayIndex >= 5 && DayIndex <= 4);
    */

    //shorter method is to invert the IsWeekEnd: this will save
    updating code.
    return !IsWeekEnd(Date);
}

short ReadDay()
{
    short Day;
    cout << "\nPlease enter a Day? ";
    cin >> Day;
    return Day;
}
```



## Problem # 54/4 Solution Using C++

```
short ReadMonth()
{
    short Month;
    cout << "Please enter a Month? ";
    cin >> Month;
    return Month;
}

short ReadYear()
{
    short Year;
    cout << "Please enter a Year? ";
    cin >> Year;
    return Year;
}

stDate ReadFullDate()
{
    stDate Date;

    Date.Day = ReadDay();
    Date.Month = ReadMonth();
    Date.Year = ReadYear();

    return Date;
}

short CalculateVacationDays(stDate DateFrom, stDate DateTo)
{
    short DaysCount = 0;
    while (IsDate1BeforeDate2(DateFrom, DateTo))
    {
        if (IsBusinessDay(DateFrom))
            DaysCount++;

        DateFrom = IncreaseDateByOneDay(DateFrom);
    }

    return DaysCount;
}
```



## Problem # 54/4 Solution Using C++

```
int main()
{
    cout << "\nVacation Starts: ";
    stDate DateFrom = ReadFullDate();

    cout << "\nVacation Ends: ";
    stDate DateTo = ReadFullDate();

    cout << "\nVaction From: " <<
    DayShortName(DayOfWeekOrder(DateFrom)) << " , "
        << DateFrom.Day << "/" << DateFrom.Month << "/" <<
    DateFrom.Year << endl;

    cout << "Vaction To: " << DayShortName(DayOfWeekOrder(DateTo))
    << " , "
        << DateTo.Day << "/" << DateTo.Month << "/" << DateTo.Year
    << endl;

    cout << "\n\nActucal Vacation Days is: " <<
    CalculateVacationDays(DateFrom, DateTo);

    system("pause>0");
    return 0;
}
```