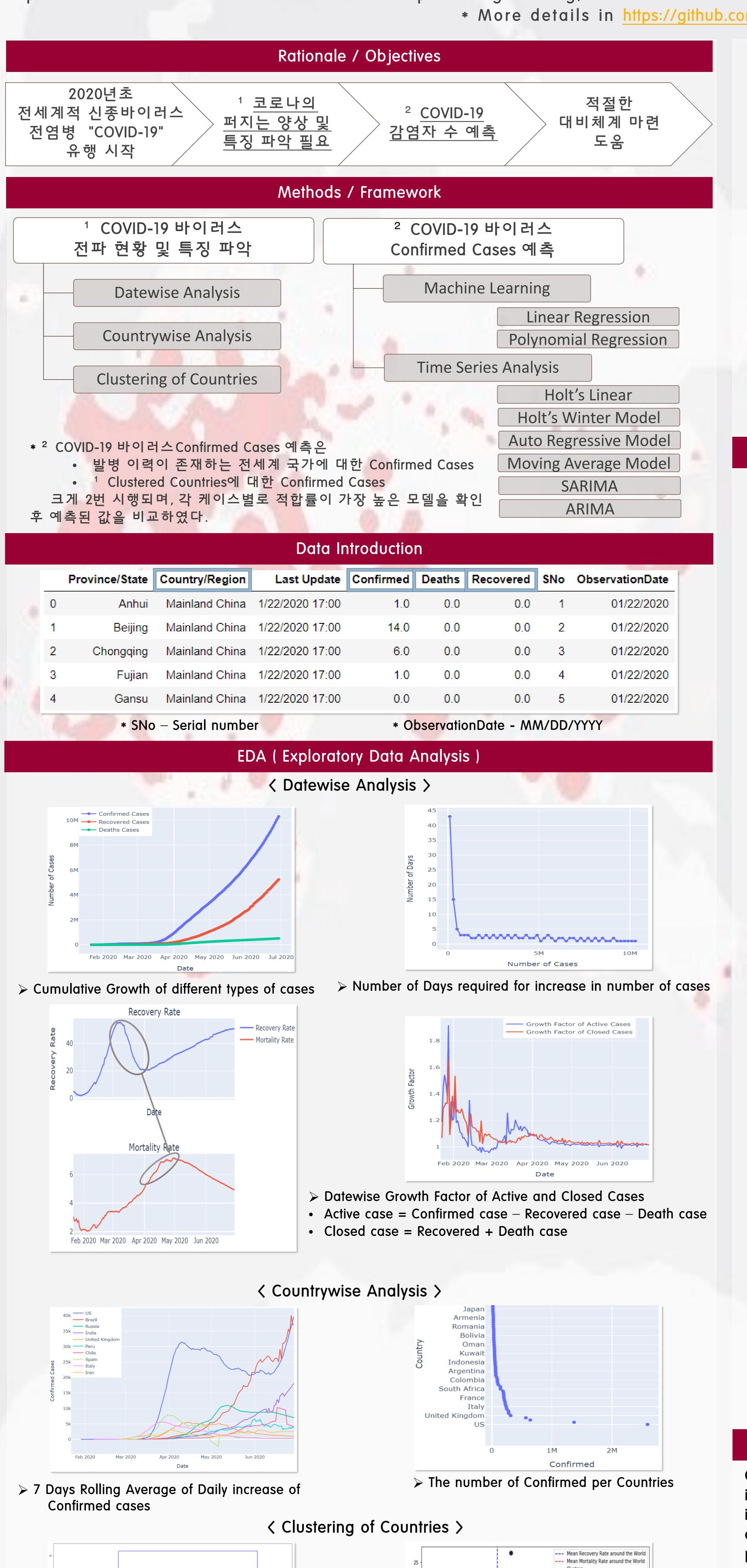


# 전 세계 COVID-19 현황 파악과 Machine Learning과 Time Series Analysis를 통한 미래 동향 모델 구현

Do-Hee Kim

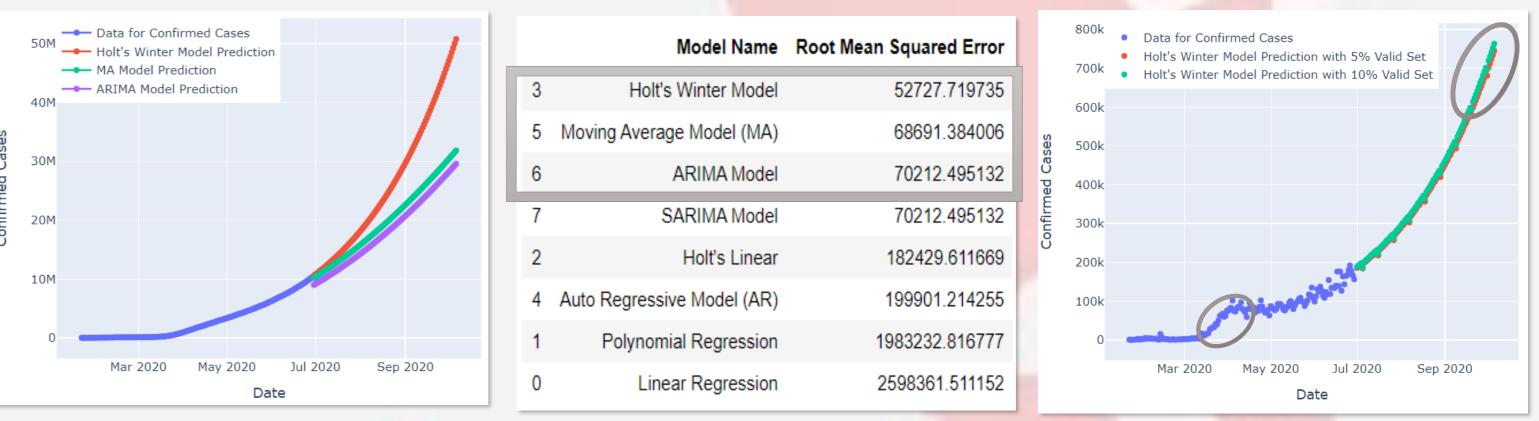
Department of Statistics and Information Computer Engineering, Pusan National University, Busandaehak-ro 63beon-gil, Jangjeon-dong, Geumjeong-gu, Busan \* More details in https://github.com/kheedogg/COVID-19\_Analysis



#### Confirmed Cases By Cluster Cluster 0 India Cluster 1 for Confirmed Cases Cluster 1 Brazil Spain South Italy Africa France It seems to be each group shows explicit pattern. Russia So, each should try to implement a predictive model. The group characteristics are as follows; Canada Cluster 0 "Low Mortality Rate & really Low Recovery Rate" Germany Cluster 1 Korea, South "High Mortality Rate & considerably Good Recovery Rate" Cluster 2 "Low Mortality Rate & really High Recovery Rate" Cluster 2

#### Predictions

#### The nations of the world >



> Compare Prediction by the best model with 5% Validation Set

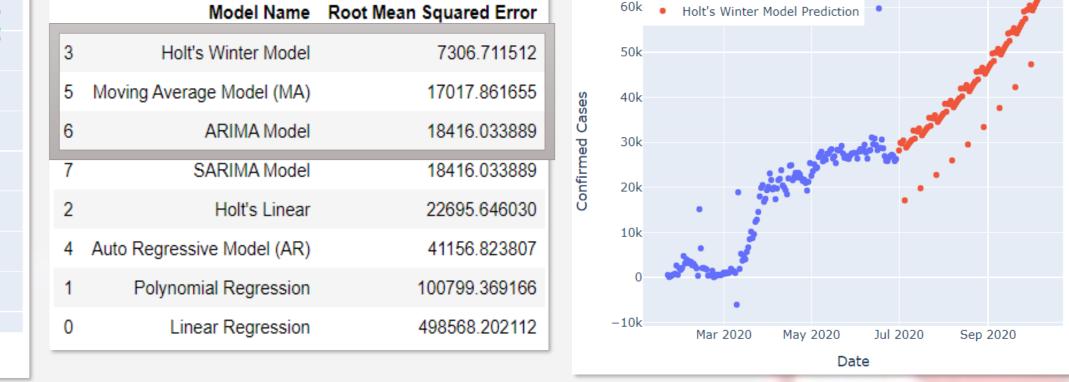
--- Data for Confirmed Cases

ARIMA Model Prediction

#### > Amount of Change by a day

Data for Confirmed Cases

### < Cluster 0 countries > Model Name Root Mean Squared Error

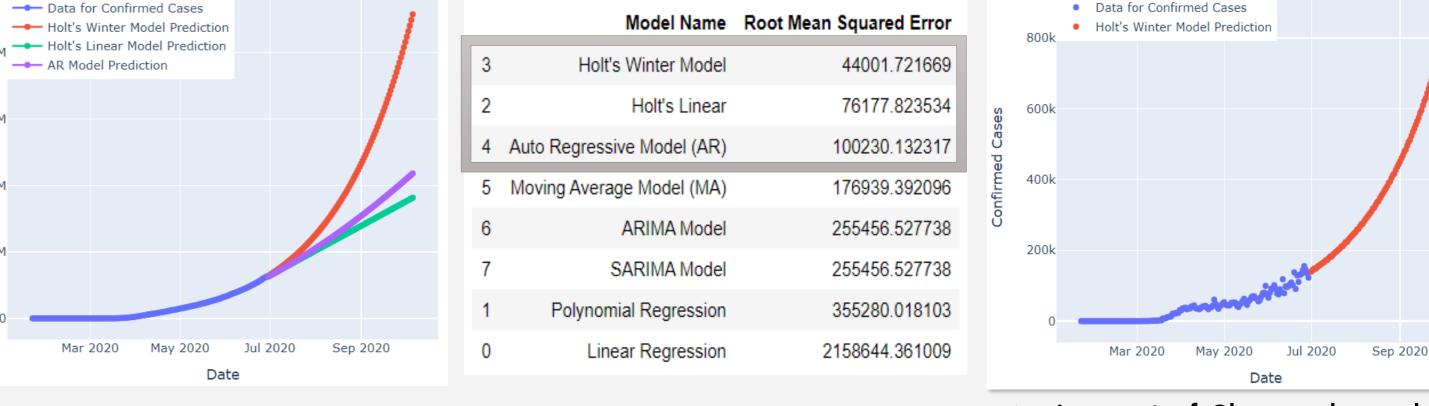


> Compare Prediction by the best model in Cluster 0

Jul 2020

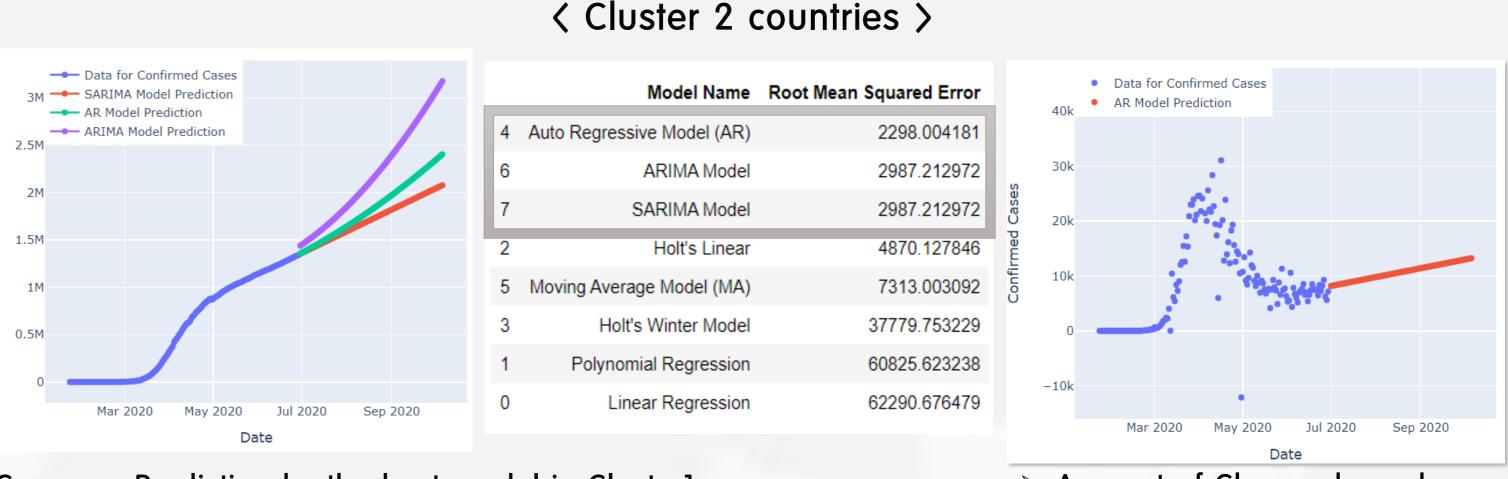
### > Amount of Change by a day

### < Cluster 1 countries >



> Compare Prediction by the best model in Cluster 1

> Amount of Change by a day



> Compare Prediction by the best model in Cluster1

> Amount of Change by a day

### Conclusion

COVID-19 does not have very high mortality rate as we can see. Also the healthy Recovery Rate implies the disease is curable. The only matter of concern is the exponential growth rate of infection. Plus, Countries like USA, Spain, UK, and Italy are facing some serious trouble in containing the disease showing how deadly the negligence can lead to. Through the best prediction model, we can know that there is a possibility the second coronavirus pandemic will come in autumn, especially cluster 0 and 1. Therefore, it seems necessary for countries including cluster 0 and 1 to prepare appropriate countermeasures accordingly.

## References

Johns Hopkins Github repository, https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19

"COVID-19 Visualizations, Predictions, Forecasting", https://www.kaggle.com/neelkudu28/ covid-19-visualizations-predictions-forecasting (2020년 8월 19일) 이재길, 『R 프로그램에 기반한 시계열 자료 분석』, 황소걸음 아카데미, 2017

All methods namely Elbow Method and Hierarchical Clustering shows K=3 will correct number of clusters.