Editorial







2D Array - DS ☆

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Problem

Given a $\mathbf{6} \times \mathbf{6}$ 2D Array, \boldsymbol{arr} :

1 1 1 0 0 0

0 1 0 0 0 0

1 1 1 0 0 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

 $\ \, 0\ \, 0\ \, 0\ \, 0\ \, 0$

We define an hourglass in A to be a subset of values with indices falling in this pattern in arr's graphical representation:

Leaderboard

a b c

d

e f g

There are 16 hourglasses in arr, and an hourglass sum is the sum of an hourglass' values. Calculate the hourglass sum for every hourglass in *arr*, then print the maximum hourglass sum.

For example, given the 2D array:

-9 -9 -9 1 1 1

0 -9 0 4 3 2

-9 -9 -9 1 2 3

0 0 8 6 6 0

0 0 0 -2 0 0

0 0 1 2 4 0

We calculate the following 16 hourglass values:

9, 17, 25, 18

Our highest hourglass value is **28** from the hourglass:

0 4 3

1

8 6 6



Note: If you have already solved the Java domain's Java 2D Array challenge, you may wish to skip this challenge.

Function Description

Complete the function hourglassSum in the editor below. It should return an integer, the maximum hourglass sum in the array. hourglassSum has the following parameter(s):

• arr: an array of integers

Input Format

Each of the $\bf 6$ lines of inputs arr[i] contains $\bf 6$ space-separated integers arr[i][j].

Constraints

- $-9 \leq arr[i][j] \leq 9$
- $0 \le i, j \le 5$

Output Format

Print the largest (maximum) hourglass sum found in *arr*.

Sample Input

1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 4 0

0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 2 4 0

Sample Output

19

Explanation

arr contains the following hourglasses:

The hourglass with the maximum sum (19) is:



```
2 4 4
2
1 2 4
```

```
Java 8
  1
      import java.io.*;
  2
      import java.math.*;
  3
      import java.security.*;
  4
      import java.text.*;
  5
      import java.util.*;
      import java.util.concurrent.*;
  6
  7
      import java.util.regex.*;
  8
  9
      public class Solution {
 10
          // Complete the hourglassSum function below.
 11
          static int hourglassSum(int[][] arr) {
 12
 13
 14
          }
 15
 16
          private static final Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 17
 18
 19
          public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
               BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(System.getenv
 20
      ("OUTPUT_PATH")));
 21
 22
              int[][] arr = new int[6][6];
 23
 24
              for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
                   String[] arrRowItems = scanner.nextLine().split(" ");
 25
 26
                   scanner.skip("(\r \ [\n\r \u2028\u2029\u0085])?");
 27
 28
                   for (int j = 0; j < 6; j++) {
                                                                                      Line: 1 Col: 1
1 Upload Code as File
                  ■ Test against custom input
                                                                                    Submit Code
                                                                      Run Code
```

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