1.	If searching among a large number of hyperparameters, you should try values in a grid rather than random values, so that you can carry out the search more systematically and not rely on chance. True or False?	1 / 1 point
	False	
	O True	
	✓ Correct	
2.	Every hyperparameter, if set poorly, can have a huge negative impact on training, and so all hyperparameters are about equally important to tune well. True or False?	1 / 1 point
	False	
	O True	
	Correct Yes. We've seen in lecture that some hyperparameters, such as the learning rate, are more critical than others.	
3.	During hyperparameter search, whether you try to babysit one model ("Panda" strategy) or train a lot of models in parallel ("Caviar") is largely determined by:	1 / 1 point
	Whether you use batch or mini-batch optimization	
	The number of hyperparameters you have to tune	
	The presence of local minima (and saddle points) in your neural network	

The amount of computational power you can access



4. If you think β (hyperparameter for momentum) is between 0.9 and 0.99, which of the following is the recommended way to sample a value for beta?

1 / 1 point

 \bigcirc

r = np.random.rand() beta = r*0.9 + 0.09

r = np.random.rand() beta = 1-10**(-r-1)

 \mathbf{C}

r = np.random.rand() beta = 1-10**(- r + 1)

0

r = np.random.rand() beta = r*0.09 + 0.9

✓ Correct

5. Finding good hyperparameter values is very time-consuming. So typically you should do it once at the start of the project, and try to find very good hyperparameters so that you don't ever have to revisit tuning them again. True or false?

1 / 1 point

○ True

- False
 - ✓ Correct
- 6. In batch normalization as presented in the videos, if you apply it on the lth layer of your neural network, what are you normalizing?
- 1 / 1 point

- $\bigcap a^{[l]}$
- $\bigcap W^{[l]}$
- $\bigcirc b^{[l]}$
- left $z^{[l]}$
 - Correct
- 7. In the normalization formula $z_{norm}^{(i)}=\frac{z^{(i)}-\mu}{\sqrt{\sigma^2+\varepsilon'}}$ why do we use epsilon?
 - O To speed up convergence
 - igcup In case μ is too small
 - To avoid division by zero
 - O To have a more accurate normalization
 - ✓ Correct

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8.	Which of the following statements about γ and β in Batch Norm are true?	1 / 1 point
	$lacksquare$ They set the mean and variance of the linear variable $z^[l]$ of a given layer.	
	✓ Correct	
	$lacksquare$ The optimal values are $\gamma=\sqrt{\sigma^2+arepsilon}$, and $eta=\mu$.	
	They can be learned using Adam, Gradient descent with momentum, or RMSprop, not just with gradient descent.	
	✓ Correct	
	$\hfill \beta$ and γ are hyperparameters of the algorithm, which we tune via random sampling.	
9.	After training a neural network with Batch Norm, at test time, to evaluate the neural networ on a new example you should:	rk 1/1 point
	O Skip the step where you normalize using μ and σ^2 since a single test example cannot be normalized.	
	$igotimes$ Perform the needed normalizations, use μ and σ^2 estimated using an exponentially weighted average across mini-batches seen during training.	
	O Use the most recent mini-batch's value of μ and σ^2 to perform the needed normalizations.	

Deep learning programming frameworks require cloud-based machines to run.

Correct