

```

1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
4 from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
5 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, LSTM, Dense, Dropout
6 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
7 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
8 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
9 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
10 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
11 import seaborn as sns

```

```

1 df = pd.read_csv('/content/Twitter.csv', encoding='latin-1')
2 df.head()

```



Brand Sentiment

Text



0	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands and i will murder yo...
1	Borderlands	Positive	I am coming to the borders and I will kill you...
2	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands and i will kill you ...
3	Borderlands	Positive	im coming on borderlands and i will murder you...
4	Borderlands	Positive	im getting on borderlands 2 and i will murder ...

Next steps:

[Generate code with df](#)



[View recommended plots](#)

[New interactive sheet](#)

```

1 # Preprocessing
2 df = df[['Text', 'Brand', 'Sentiment']] # Select relevant columns
3 df.dropna(inplace=True) # Remove rows with missing values

```



<ipython-input-80-af6ac83bd871>:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html
df.dropna(inplace=True) # Remove rows with missing values

```

1 # Encode categorical features
2 le_brand = LabelEncoder()
3 df['Brand'] = le_brand.fit_transform(df['Brand'])
4 le_sentiment = LabelEncoder()
5 df['Sentiment'] = le_sentiment.fit_transform(df['Sentiment'])

```

```

1 # Tokenize text data
2 max_words = 10000 # Adjust as needed
3 tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
4 tokenizer.fit_on_texts(df['Text'])
5 sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(df['Text'])

```

```

1 # Pad sequences to ensure uniform length
2 max_sequence_length = 100 # Adjust as needed
3 padded_sequences = pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=max_sequence_length)

```

```

1 # Split data into training and testing sets
2 X = np.array(padded_sequences)
3 y = np.array(df['Sentiment'])
4 brand = np.array(df['Brand']) # Include Brand as a feature
5 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test, brand_train, brand_test = train_test_split(X, y, brand, test_size=0.2

```

```

1 # Model building
2 model = Sequential()
3 model.add(Embedding(max_words, 128, input_length=max_sequence_length))
4 model.add(LSTM(64, dropout=0.2, recurrent_dropout=0.2)) #added dropout for regularization
5 model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu')) #added a dense layer
6 # Change activation to 'softmax' for multi-class classification
7 model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax')) # Assuming 4 sentiment classes (0, 1, 2, 3) Adjust if needed

```

⚡ /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/embedding.py:90: UserWarning: Argument `i`
warnings.warn(

```

1 # Compile the model with 'categorical_crossentropy' for multi-class
2 model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy']) #changed

```

```

1 model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=5, batch_size=64, validation_data=(X_test, y_test))

```

⚡ Epoch 1/5
925/925 ————— 162s 169ms/step - accuracy: 0.5099 - loss: 1.1197 - val_accuracy: 0.7305 -
Epoch 2/5
925/925 ————— 203s 170ms/step - accuracy: 0.7791 - loss: 0.5889 - val_accuracy: 0.7857 -
Epoch 3/5
925/925 ————— 202s 171ms/step - accuracy: 0.8435 - loss: 0.4167 - val_accuracy: 0.8134 -
Epoch 4/5
925/925 ————— 200s 169ms/step - accuracy: 0.8787 - loss: 0.3180 - val_accuracy: 0.8259 -
Epoch 5/5
925/925 ————— 200s 166ms/step - accuracy: 0.8982 - loss: 0.2661 - val_accuracy: 0.8347 -
<keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x795b2b3a69d0>

```

1 loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
2 print("Test Loss:", loss)
3 print("Test Accuracy:", accuracy)

```

⚡ 463/463 ————— 11s 24ms/step - accuracy: 0.8312 - loss: 0.5101
Test Loss: 0.4956231117248535
Test Accuracy: 0.8347297310829163

```

1 # Predict on the test set
2 y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
3 y_pred_classes = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1) # Convert probabilities to class labels

```

⚡ 463/463 ————— 12s 22ms/step

```
1 # Classification Report
2 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_classes))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.19	0.28	0.23	2696
1	0.33	0.14	0.20	4380
2	0.22	0.40	0.29	3605
3	0.25	0.15	0.19	4119
accuracy			0.23	14800
macro avg	0.25	0.24	0.23	14800
weighted avg	0.26	0.23	0.22	14800

```
1 # Confusion Matrix
2 cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_classes)
3 plt.figure(figsize=(4, 3))
4 sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
5             xticklabels=le_sentiment.classes_, yticklabels=le_sentiment.
6             classes_)
7 plt.xlabel('Predicted')
8 plt.ylabel('True')
9 plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
10 plt.show()
```



