

```

1 import pandas as pd
2 df = pd.read_csv("ECom_Shiping.csv")
3 df.head()

```

	ID	Warehouse_block	Mode_of_Shipment	Customer_care_calls	Customer_rating	Cost_of_the_Product	Prior_purchases	Product_import
0	1		D	Flight	4	2	177	3
1	2		F	Flight	4	5	216	2
2	3		A	Flight	2	2	183	4
3	4		B	Flight	3	3	176	4
4	5		C	Flight	2	2	184	3

Next steps: [Generate code with df](#) [View recommended plots](#)

```

1 from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
2 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
3 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
4 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
5 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve, auc, f1_score
6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```

```

1 # Assuming you have a DataFrame called 'data' with the independent and dependent variables
2 X = df[['Weight_in_gms', 'Product_importance', 'Cost_of_the_Product', 'Customer_rating', 'Customer_care_calls', 'Mode_of_Shipment']]
3 y = df['Reached.on.Time_Y.N']

```

```

1 # Encode categorical variables
2 label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
3 X_encoded = X.copy()
4 X_encoded['Product_importance'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(X['Product_importance'])
5 X_encoded['Mode_of_Shipment'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(X['Mode_of_Shipment'])

```

```

1 # Split the data into training and testing sets
2 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_encoded, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

```

```

1 # Create a Naive Bayes classifier
2 nb_clf = GaussianNB()

```

```

1 # Train the Naive Bayes classifier
2 nb_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

```

▼ GaussianNB
GaussianNB()

```

1 # Make predictions on the test set
2 y_pred = nb_clf.predict(X_test)

```

```

1 # Evaluate the accuracy of the Naive Bayes classifier
2 accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
3 print("Accuracy:", accuracy)

```

Accuracy: 0.6386363636363637

```

1 # Calculate the confusion matrix
2 confusion_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
3 print("Confusion Matrix:")
4 print(confusion_mat)

```

Confusion Matrix:
[[345 550]
 [245 1060]]

```

1 # Calculate the AUC (Area Under the Curve)
2 fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
3 roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)
4 print("AUC:", roc_auc)

```

AUC: 0.5988676983668315

```
1 # Calculate the F1 score
2 f1_score_value = f1_score(y_test, y_pred)
3 print("F1 Score:", f1_score_value)
```

↗ F1 Score: 0.7272727272727273

```
1 # Plot the ROC curve
2 plt.figure()
3 lw = 2
4 plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange',
5          lw=lw, label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % roc_auc)
6 plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
7 plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
8 plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
9 plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
10 plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
11 plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic')
12 plt.legend(loc="lower right")
13 plt.show()
```

