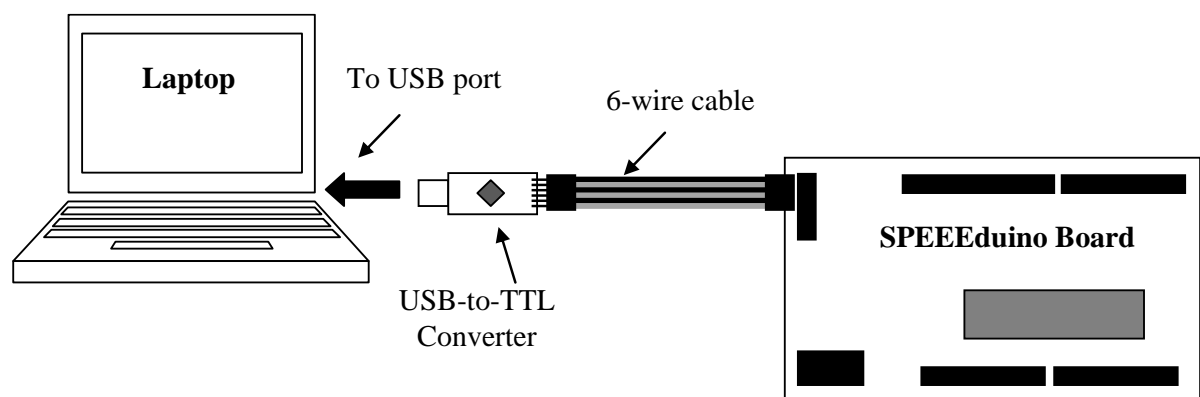
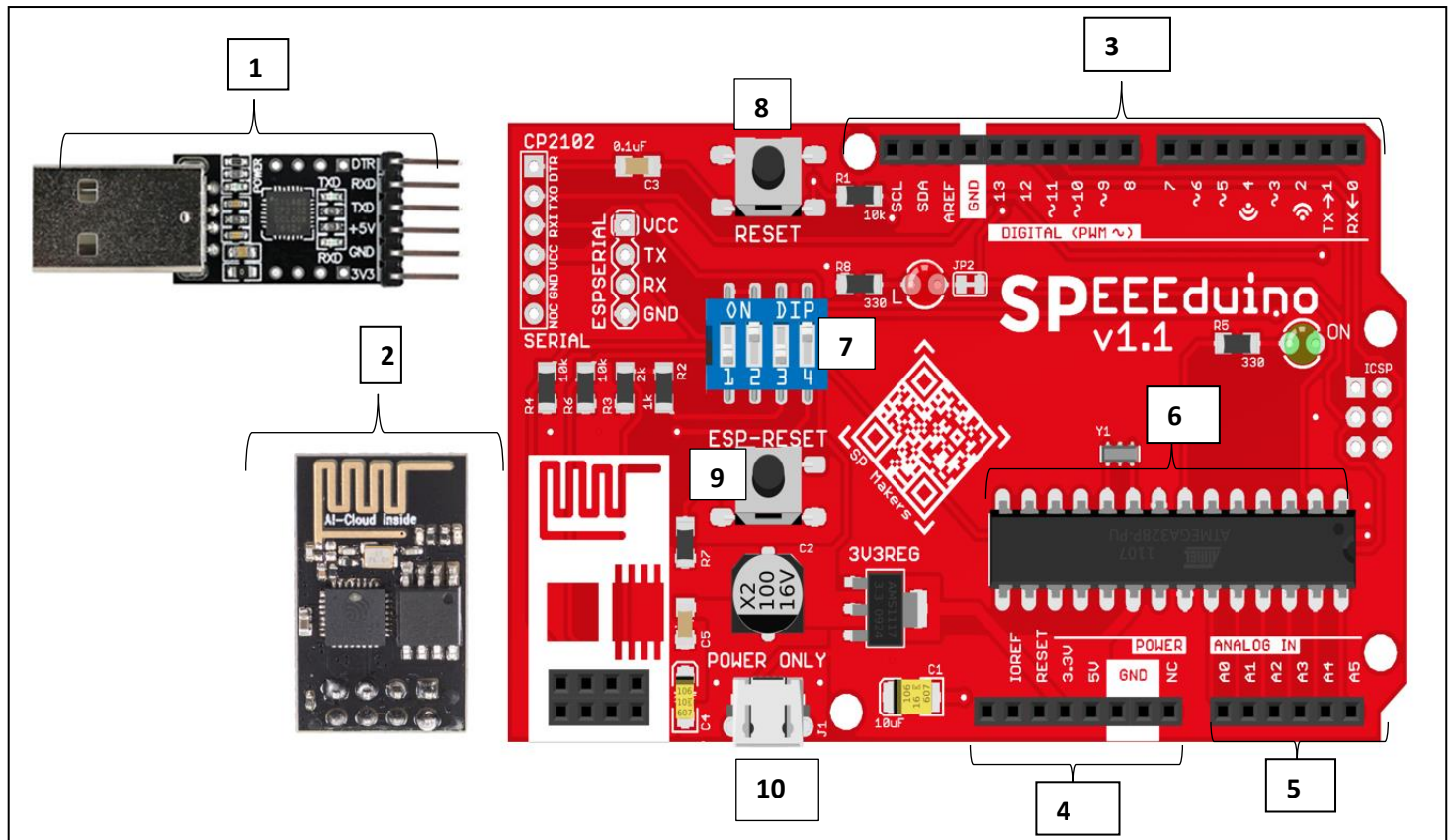


e5 comms: SPEEduino + ESP8266

This experiment assumes Arduino IDE is installed on the computer/laptop, SPEEduino is set up, and SSID&Password for SPEEduino to connect via WiFi.

**Recap: The SPEEduino**



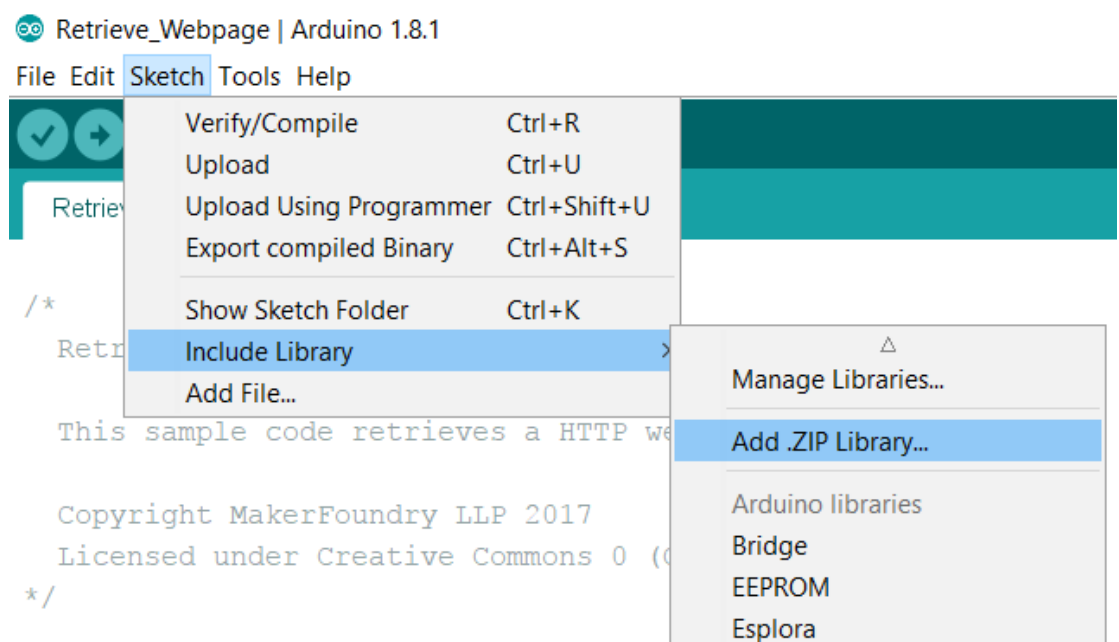
Connection diagram between SPEEduino and Computer

Task2: Setup Driver for USB-TTL (if not yet completed)

1. Plug in the USB TTL converter into host computer
2. Determine USB TTL driver is installed on host computer
  - a. Open the Device Manager window.
  - b. Under the "Ports (COM & LPT)" directory
  - c. Locate "CP2102 USB to UART Bridge Controller"
  - d. Logo with exclamation mark on device needs the driver to be installed.
3. The USB TTL used is manufactured by Silicon Labs
4. Part number of USB-TTL is useful to identify the drivers to install
5. Determine the OS of the host computer
6. Go to <https://www.silabs.com/products/development-tools/software/usb-to-uart-bridge-vcp-drivers> and download the zip file that meets the host's operating system.
7. Unpackage the zip file to folder of choice
8. Return to the "Device Manager" of computer (with USB-TTL converter plugged in).
9. Right-click "CP2102..." and choose "Update driver".
10. Navigate to the folder where the CP2102 driver is stored.
11. The computer will install the driver for the CP2102 USB-TTL converter.
12. Driver installation is completed, the newly added device will be renamed to "Silicon Labs CP210x USB to UART Bridge (COM?)".
13. Observe the COM port number (e.g. COM3).
14. SPEEEduino board is connected to the computer via this COM port

Task3: Setup SPEEEduino Low Level Library (if not yet completed)

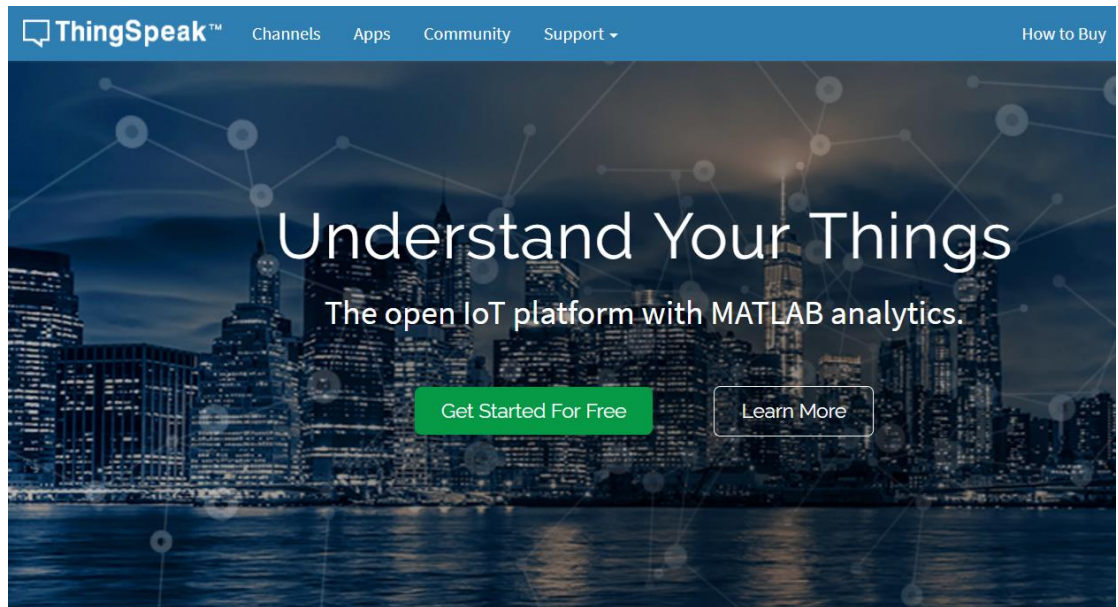
1. Navigate to [https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B1b6Ob0\\_FnFLbHZMTGREMXFmQU0/view](https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B1b6Ob0_FnFLbHZMTGREMXFmQU0/view)
2. Download the SPEEEduino Low Level Library
3. Install the library to Arduino IDE
  - a. Click on Sketch->Include Library->Add .zip library



- b. Locate SPEEEduino Low Level Library zip file
- c. Click add
- d. Verify library is added

Task5: Signup for Thingspeak account

1. Navigate to [www.thingspeak.com](http://www.thingspeak.com)



2. Click on Get Started For Free, and fill in the sign up form.

## Sign up for ThingSpeak

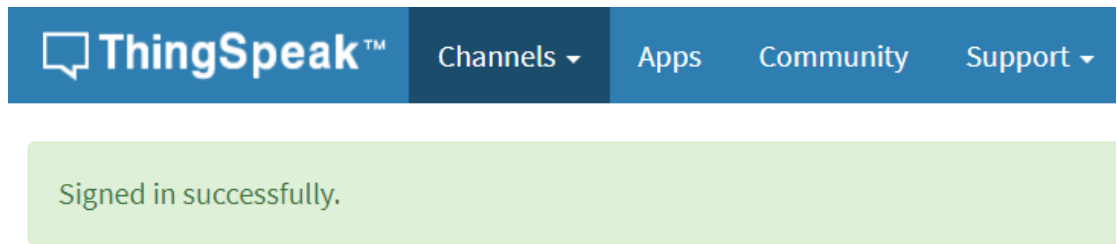
The ThingSpeak service is operated by MathW

### Create MathWorks Account

Email Address	!
Missing required information	
User ID	?
Password	👁
Singapore	▼
First Name	
Last Name	

- a. Remember to verify the account by clicking on the verification URL sent by MathsWork to the email used to create account

3. Create new channel



## My Channels

New Channel

- Click on Channels->New Channel
- Fill in Name, and field1 used
- Take note on the limit of channels and fields on free account

4. Locate Write API Key

## IR Channel

Channel ID: **331191**

Author: [REDACTED]

Access: Private

Private View

Public View

Channel Settings

Sharing

API Keys

Data Import / Export

## Write API Key

Key

[REDACTED]

Generate New Write API Key

## Help

API keys enable y  
keys are auto-gen

## API Keys S

- Write API I  
been com
- Read API I

- Channel->API Keys
- Copy Write API Key into notepad
- This Write API key will be used by MCU to update ThingSpeak Channel
- At each Generate New Write API Key, all IoT devices with old Write API Key need to be updated with the newly generated Write API Key.

### Task 6: Send data to ThingSpeak using SPEEEduino

- Connect USB-TTL to SPEEEduino and computer
- Navigate to File -> Examples -> SPEEEduino\_Low\_Level\_Library -> IR\_Sensor\_ThingSpeak
- Modify the SSID, Password to the correct parameters
- Modify the Write API key to the correct parameter from task4

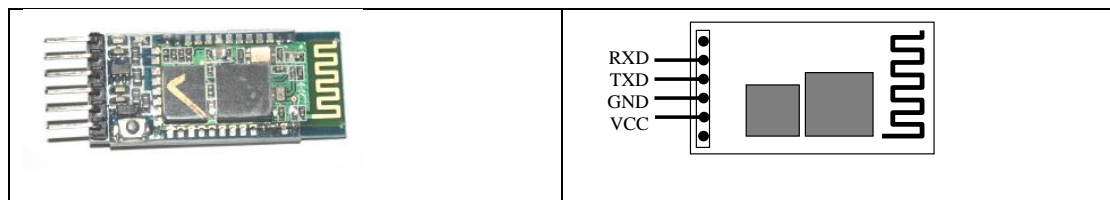
5. Download the program to SPEEEduino
6. Observe the output at Thingspeak channel at 30seconds interval
7. Modify this sample code to read data from LM35 connected on A0 of SPEEEduino, and transmitted to Thingspeak
8. Observe the output at Thingspeak channel at 30seconds interval

e5 comms: Bluetooth

Bluetooth modules are used for short distance (<30 metres), low volume, and wireless data communications. Many electronic devices are equipped with Bluetooth connectivity:

Mobile phones, Laptops, Bluetooth headphones/speakers

Adding Bluetooth module to SPEEEduino introduces wireless connectivity to SPEEEduino board, allowing it to communicate with other smart devices.

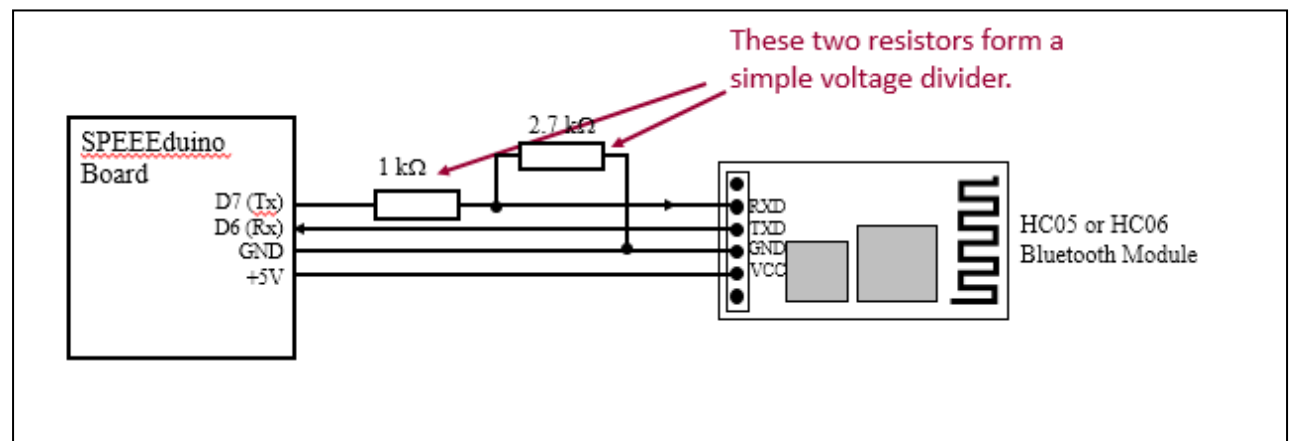


HC-05 Bluetooth module has 6 pins, but only 4 used: TXD, RXD, VCC, GND

HC-05 module are supposed to work with logic signal of 0V (logic '0') and 3.3V (logic '1'). SPEEEduino board, where logic '1' = 5V.

Q1: What is required to make TTL compatibility between SPEEEduino and HC05?

Task1: make a voltage divider circuit for HC05 and SPEEEduino



### Task2: Pairing of HC05 with ArduDroid (Android App)

Note: Please take note on the physical address of the HC05, and select the corresponding HC05 device using your ArduDroid android App

1. Launch the ArduDroid App on your Android phone.
2. Press the "Menu" button of your Android phone.
3. Press "Connect me to a Bluetooth device". Choose your HC05 device.
4. If successful, the App should show a pop-up message, saying "Connected to \_\_\_\_\_".  
The LED on the HC05 module will start blinking in the pattern of "0..0.....0..0.....".

### Task3: PBIL

1. Locate open source example for HC05 for Arduino Uno
2. Download and/or modify the example for the use with SPEEEduino
3. Use ArduDroid in Task2 to control pin13 of LED.