Session 2-4 Minimum Cardinality

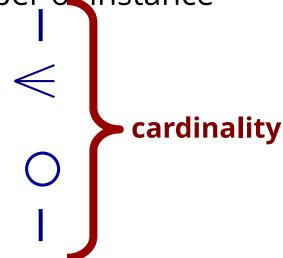
Kyunghee Lee, PhD



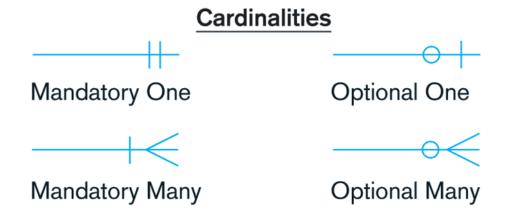
Cardinality Constraints – Minimum Cardinality

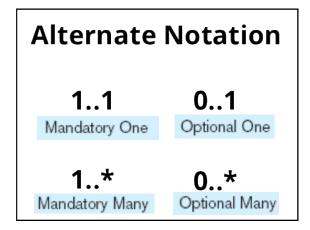
- Cardinality constraint specifies the number of instances of one entity that can be associated with an instance of another entity in a relationship
- Maximum cardinalities: Max number of instance
 - Single relationship
 - Multiple relationship (Crow's foot)
- Minimum cardinalities
 - Optional relationship
 - Mandatory relationship





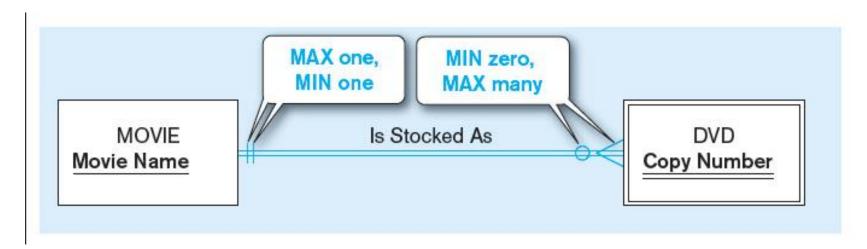
Types of Relationships - Based on Minimum + Maximum Cardinalities







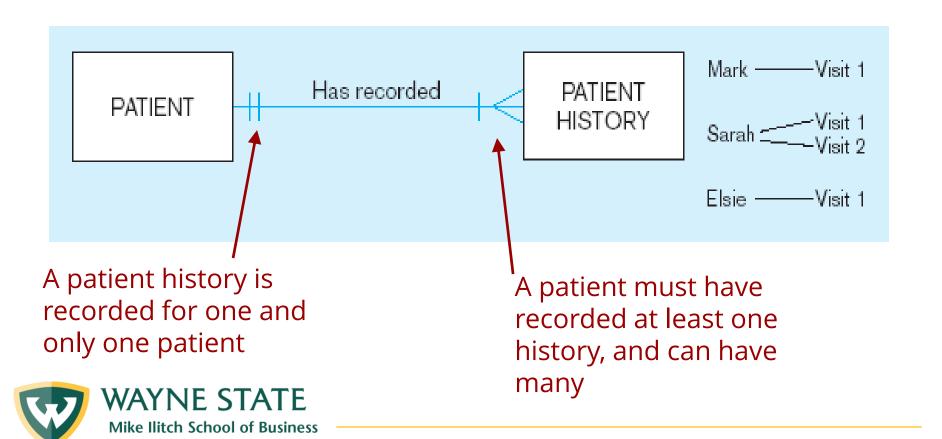
Cardinality of a Relationship



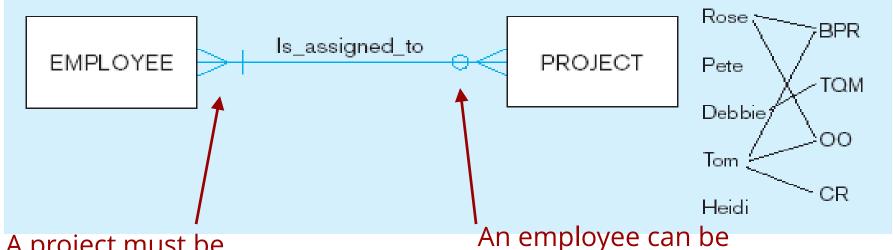
One-to-many relationship



One-to-many Relationship



Many-to-many Relationship



A project must be assigned to at least one employee, and may be assigned to many

be assigned to any at all

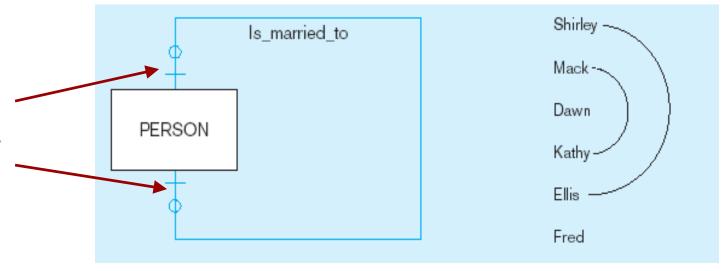
assigned to any number

of projects, or may not



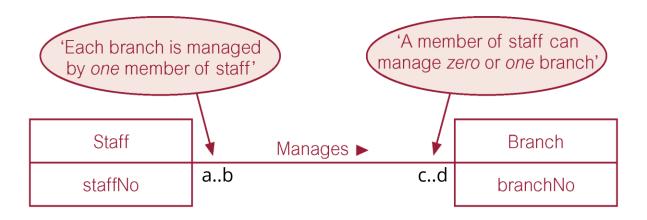
One-to-one Relationship

A person is married to at most one other person, or may not be married at all





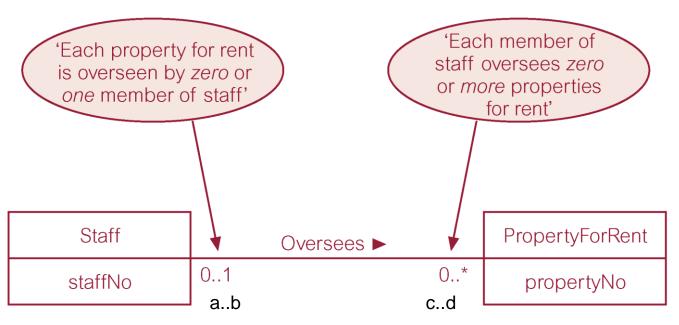
Practice



- What should be the values for a, b, c, and d?
- What is the cardinality of the "manages" relationship? (Hint: it is "b" to "d")



Cardinality Constraints



- What should be the values for a, b, c, and d?
- What is the cardinality of the "oversees" relationship? (Hint: it is "b" to "d")



Note

- In many examples, we may only show the maximum cardinalities on ERDs
- ERDs often not provide sufficient information to specify the minimum cardinalities
 - It requires additional assumptions on system requirements



Wrap-up

- Maximum cardinality
- Cardinality of relationship

