Session 2-8 Enhanced ERD2

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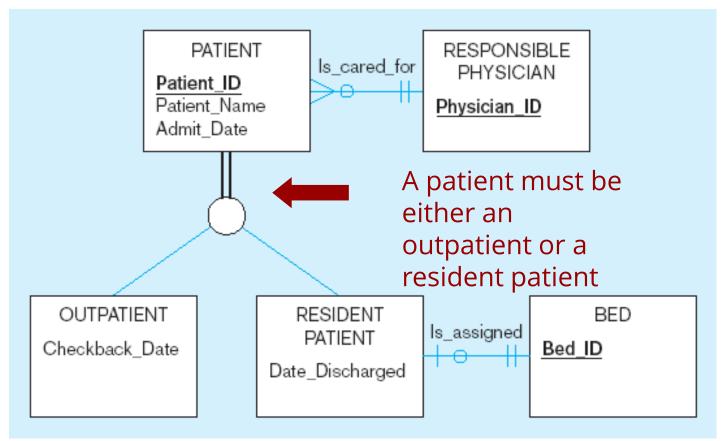
Constraints in Supertype/Subtype: Completeness Constraints

Completeness Constraints: Whether an instance of a supertype *must* also be a member of at least one subtype

- Total Specialization Rule: Yes (double line)
- Partial Specialization Rule: No (single line)



Completeness Constraints: Total Specialization Rule





Completeness Constraints: Partial Specialization Rule

VEHICLE Vehicle_ID Price Engine_Displacement A vehicle Vehicle Name (Make, Model) could be a car, a truck, or neither CAR TRUCK No of Passengers Capacity Cap_Type **WAYNE STATE** Mike Ilitch School of Business

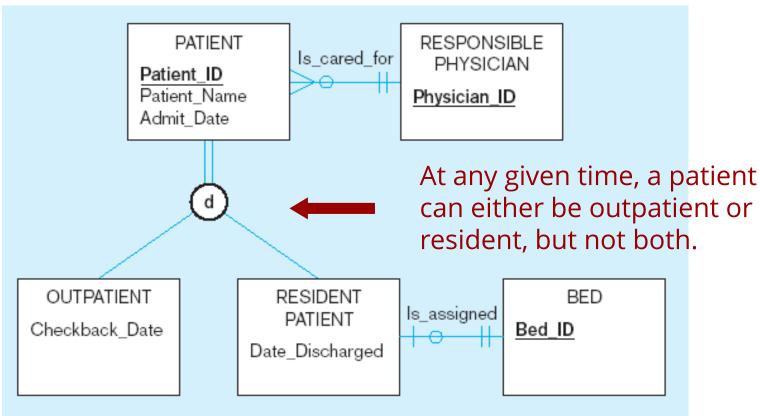
Constraints in Supertype/Subtype: Disjointness Constraint

Disjointness Constraints: Whether an instance of a supertype may *simultaneously* be a member of two (or more) subtypes

- *Disjoint Rule*: An instance of the supertype can be only ONE of the subtypes (d)
- Overlap Rule: An instance of the supertype could be more than one of the subtypes (o)

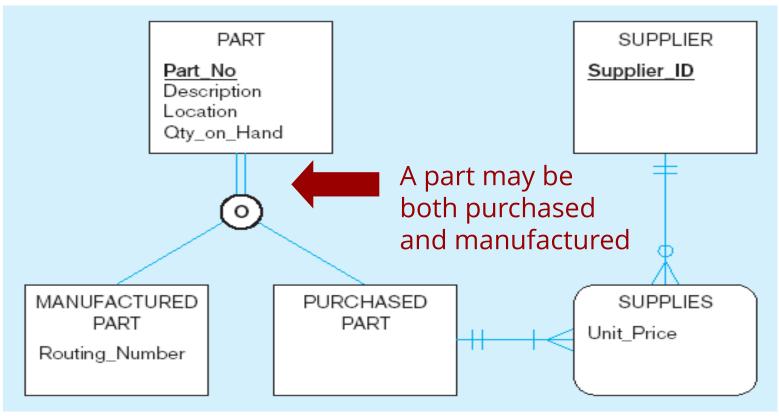


Disjointness Constraints: Disjoint Rule





Disjointness Constraints: Overlap Rule





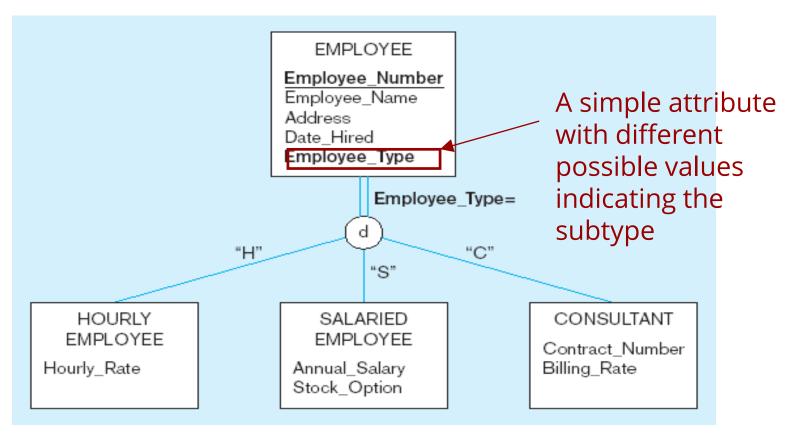
Constraints in Supertype/Subtype: Subtype Discriminators

Subtype Discriminator: An attribute of the supertype whose values determine the target subtype(s)

- Disjoint a simple attribute with alternative values to indicate the possible subtypes
- Overlapping a composite attribute whose subparts pertain to different subtypes. Each subpart contains a Boolean value to indicate whether or not the instance belongs to the associated subtype

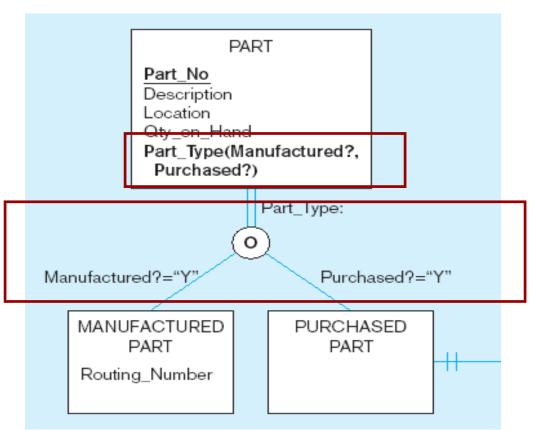


Subtype Discriminator: Disjoint Rule





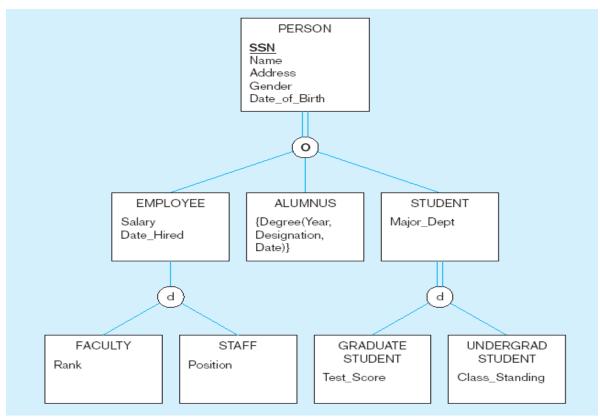
Subtype Discriminator: Overlap Rule



A composite attribute with sub-attributes indicating "yes" or "no"



Example of Supertype/Subtype Hierarchy





Wrap-Up

- Enhanced ER (EER) model
 - Completeness constraint
 - Disjointness constraint
 - Subtype discriminator

