





# 4강\_데이터베이스(ORM)

- 테이블 생성

- 레코드 다루기(create, read, update, delete)





## models.py에 테이블 클래스 정의 후 admin.py에 등록

from django.db import models

class Student(models.Model):

s\_name = models.CharField(max\_length=100)

s\_major = models.CharField(max\_length=100)

s\_age = models.IntegerField(default=0)

s\_grade = models.IntegerField(default=0)

s\_gender = models.CharField(max\_length=30)

def \_\_str\_\_(self):
 return self.s name

#### student 테이블 생성을 위한 Student 클래스 정의

student table					
id(PK)	s_name	s_major	s_age	s_grade	s_gender



from django.contrib import admin from students.models import Student

admin.site.register(Student)

admin.py에 Student 등록



```
C:\Django\pjt\tempProject

Ppython manage.py makemigrations

Migrations for 'students':

students\migrations\migrations\migrations

- Create model Student

C:\Django\pjt\tempProject

python manage.py migrate

Operations to perform:

Apply all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, sessions, students

Running migrations:

Applying students.0001_initial... OK

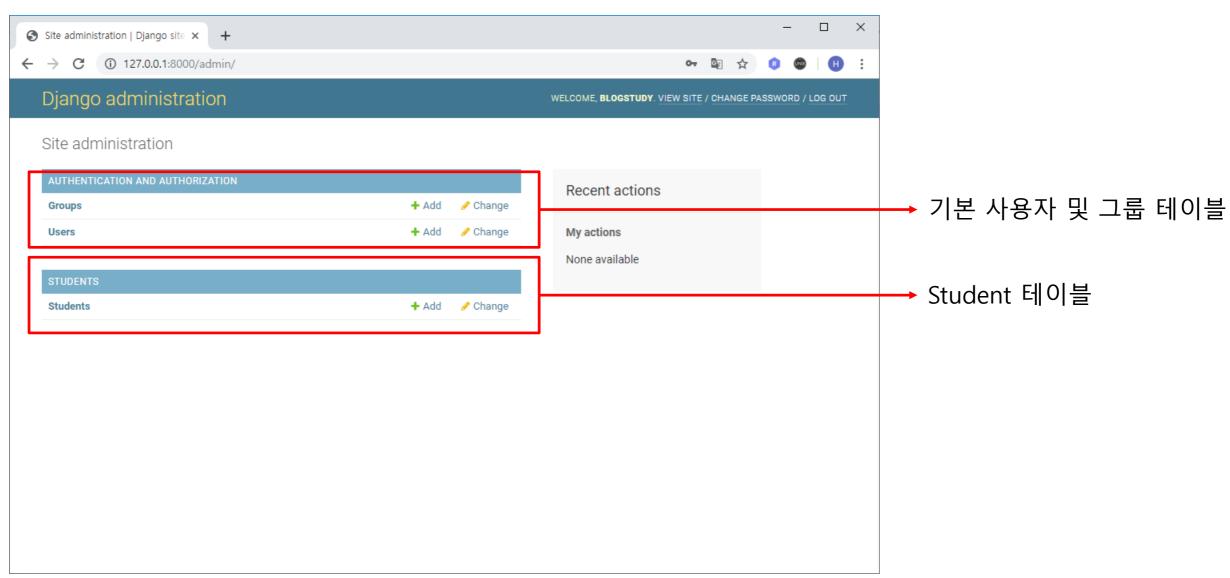
C:\Django\pjt\tempProject>_
```

DB변경사항 반영



## 4-1. 테이블 생성









#### 장고 shell모드 실행

```
C:\Django\pjt\tempProject>python manage.py shell

Python 3.7.2 (tags/v3.7.2:9a3ffc0492, Dec 23 2018, 22:20:52) [NSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

(InteractiveConsole)

>>>
```

#### 레코드 추가(create) - 데이터 생성

>>> from students.models import Student >>> qs = Student(s_name='HongGilDong', s_major='computer', >>> qs.save() >>> _	s_age=21, s_grade=2, s_gender='M')	S name:	HongGilDong
	STUDENT	S major:	computer
	HongGilDong  1 student	S age: S grade:	21 🕏
		S gender:	M

Delete





#### 레코드 읽기(read) - 데이터 검색

```
>>> Student.objects.all()
<QuerySet [<Student: HongGilDong>, <Student: HongGilJa>, <Student: HongGilJaSoon>]>
>>> qs = Student.objects.all()
>>> print(qs)
<QuerySet [<Student: HongGilDong>, <Student: HongGilJa>, <Student: HongGilJaSoon>]>
>>> type(qs)
<Class 'django.db.models.query.QuerySet'>
>>> qs
<Student.objects.get(s_name='HongGilDong')
>>> qs
<Student: HongGilDong>
>>> type(qs)
<Class 'django.db.models.get(s_name='HongGilDong')
>>> qs
<Student: HongGilDong>
>>> type(qs)
<Class 'students.models.Student'>
>>> type(qs)
<Class 'students.models.Student'>
>>> type(qs)
```

#### 레코드 읽기(read) - 필드 데이터 검색

#### 데이터 다수 : 첨자([])를 이용한 접근

```
>>> qs = Student.objects.all()
>>> qs
<QuerySet [<Student: HongGilDong>, <Student: HongGilJa>, <Student: HongGilJaSoon>]>
>>> qs[1]
<Student: HongGilJa>
>>> qs[1].s_name
'HongGilJa'
>>> qs[1].s_age
22
```

#### 데이터 한개: ''를 이용한 속성 접근

```
>>> qs = Student.objects.get(s_name='HongGilDong')
>>> qs.s_name
'HongGilDong'
>>> qs.s_age
21
>>> qs.s_major
'computer'
>>>
```





#### 레코드 읽기(read) – 데이터 필터(filter)

```
>>> qs = Student.objects.filter(s_age__lt=22)
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilDona>]>
>>> qs = Student.objects.filter(s_age__gt=22)
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilJaSoon>]>
>>> qs = Student.objects.filter(s_age__lte=22)
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilDona>_ <Student: HonaGilJa>]>
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilDona>_ <Student: HonaGilJa>]>
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilJa>, <Student: HonaGilJaSoon>]>
>>> qs
<QuervSet [<Student: HonaGilJa>, <Student: HonaGilJaSoon>]>
>>> qs
```

_lt	~보다 작다	
_lte	~보다 작거나 같다	
_gt	~보다 크다	
_gte	~보다 크거나 같다	
_isnull	~ null인 자료 검색	
_contains	특정 문자열을 포함하는 자료 검색	
_startwith	특정 문자열로 시작하는 자료 검색	
_endwith	특정 문자열로 끝나는 자료 검색	





#### 레코드 읽기(read) – 데이터 정열

```
order_by(' ') 오름차순
order_by('- ') 내림차순
```

### 레코드 업데이트(update) - 데이터 수정

```
>>> qs = Student.objects.get(s_name='HongGilDong')
>>> qs
<Student: HongGilDong>
>>> qs.s_major = 'mathematics'
>>> qs.save()
>>> qs.s_major
'mathematics'
```

S major:	computer	
S major:	mathematics	





### 레코드 삭제(delete) – 데이터 삭제

```
>>> qs = Student.objects.filter(s_age__gte=22)
>>> qs
<QuerySet [<Student: HongGille>, <Student: HongGilleSoon>]>
>>> qs.delete()
(2, { students.Student : 2})
```

Action:   Go 0 of 1 selected
STUDENT
☐ HongGilDong
1 student