Criteria in Hibernate





I. Do we need Criteria:

• Advantages:

- Criteria is really good at handling many optional search parameters:
 - Allows you to build up a criteria query object programmatically where you can apply filtration rules and logical conditions.
 - Avoid using StringBuilder in HQL.
- Easy to read, debug?
- Avoid syntax errors in HQL.

• Disadvantages:

- Complex queries written in HQL are easier to read.
- Combine with native sql because of lack of some functions.

```
public class EmployeeEntity {
    @Column(name="empId")
    @Id
                                                                employee
    @GeneratedValue(strategy=GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private Integer id;
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private String gender;
    @NotNull
    @Email
    private String email;
    @ManyToOne
    @JoinColumn(name="deptid")
    private DepartmentEntity department;
public class DepartmentEntity {
    @Column(name="deptId")
    MId
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @Column(name="deptname")
    private String deptName;
    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "department")
    List<EmployeeEntity> employeeEntities;
```

Columns (6)

department

Columns (2)



II. Basic criteria queries:

How to get all employees?

- HQL: from EmployeeEntity
- Native sql: select * from employee

session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class) .list();

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
1	Phuc	Dang Hoang	male	phuc.dang@axonactive.com
9	Else 2	Someone	female	someone.else.2@axonactive.com
8	Else 1	Someone	female	someone.else.1@axonactive.com
7	Vollmer 1	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com
5	Quan 2	Tang Kien	male	quan.tang.2@axonactive.com
3	Vollmer 2	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com
6	Vollmer 3	Kai	male	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com
10	Else 3	Someone	female	someone.else.3@axonactive.com



How to get all female employees?

```
select * from employee
where gender = 'female'
```

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
  .add(Restrictions.eq("gender", "female"))
  .list();
```

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com
8	Else 1	Someone	female	someone.else.1@axonactive.com
9	Else 2	Someone	female	someone.else.2@axonactive.com
10	Else 3	Someone	female	someone.else.3@axonactive.com



How to get all female employees having last name is Tang Kien?

```
select * from employee
where gender = 'female'
and lastname = 'Tang Kien'
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.add(Restrictions.eq("gender", "female"))
.add(Restrictions.eq("lastName", "Tang Kien"))
.list();
```

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com



Other Restrictions

- gt : greater than
- It: less than
- like
- between
- isNull
- isNotNull
- in
- ..



SqlRestriction

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.add(Restrictions.sqlRestriction("length({alias}.firstname) > ?", 8, IntegerType.INSTANCE))
.list();
select * from employee e where length(e.firstname) > 8
```

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
7	Vollmer 1	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com
3	Vollmer 2	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com
6	Vollmer 3	Kai	male	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com



- 2. Ordering the results:

Order.asc-Order.desc

```
select * from employee
order by lastname asc
```

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.addOrder(Order.asc("lastName"))
.list();
```

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
1	Phuc	Dang Hoang	male	phuc.dang@axonactive.com
7	Vollmer 1	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com
3	Vollmer 2	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com
6	Vollmer 3	Kai	male	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com
8	Else 1	Someone	female	someone.else.1@axonactive.com
9	Else 2	Someone	female	someone.else.2@axonactive.com
10	Else 3	Someone	female	someone.else.3@axonactive.com
5	Quan 2	Tang Kien	male	quan.tang.2@axonactive.com
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com



2. Ordering the results:

Order.asc-Order.desc

```
select * from employee
order by lastname asc,
firstname asc
```

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.addOrder(Order.asc("lastName"))
.addOrder(Order.asc("firstName"))
.list();
```

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
1	Phuc	Dang Hoang	male	phuc.dang@axonactive.com
7	Vollmer 1	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com
3	Vollmer 2	Kai	undefine	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com
6	Vollmer 3	Kai	male	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com
8	Else 1	Someone	female	someone.else.1@axonactive.com
9	Else 2	Someone	female	someone.else.2@axonactive.com
10	Else 3	Someone	female	someone.else.3@axonactive.com
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
5	Quan 2	Tang Kien	male	quan.tang.2@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com



3. Combining expressions with logical operators:

```
select * from employee
where firstname like 'P%'
or firstname like 'Q%'
```

```
or
    session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
    .add(Restrictions.or(
```

Restrictions.like("firstName", "P%"),
 Restrictions.like("firstName", "Q%")))
.list();

ID	First name	Last name	Gender	Email
1	Phuc	Dang Hoang	male	phuc.dang@axonactive.com
2	Quan 1	Tang Kien	female	quan.tang.1@axonactive.com
4	Quan 3	Tang Kien	female	quang.tang.3@axonactive.com
5	Quan 2	Tang Kien	male	quan.tang.2@axonactive.com



3. Combining expressions with logical operators:

Combine and (conjunction), or

```
select * from employee
where firstname like 'P%' and gender = 'male'
or firstname like 'Q%' and gender = 'female'
                                    session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
                                     .add(Restrictions.or(
                                             Restrictions.and(
                                                    Restrictions.like("firstName", "P%"),
                                                    Restrictions.eq("gender", "male")
                                             Restrictions.and(
                                                    Restrictions. like("firstName", "0%"),
                                                    Restrictions.eq("gender", "female")
                                     .list();
```



4. Subqueries:

select * from department d where

Get all departments having at least 2 female employees?

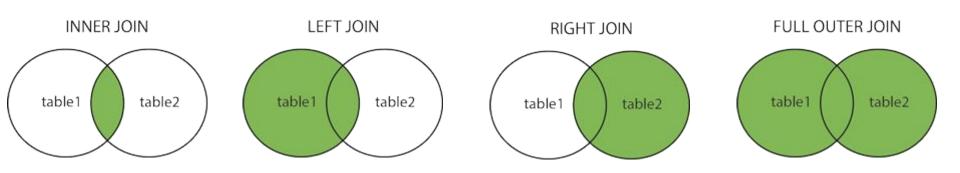
```
2 <= (select count(e.empId)</pre>
                                                               Department Name
                                                          ID
       from employee e
                                                               Information Technology
       where e.deptid=d.deptId
       and e.gender='female')
                      DetachedCriteria subquery = DetachedCriteria
                                                  .forClass(EmployeeEntity.class, "e");
                      subquery.add(Restrictions.egProperty("e.department.id", "d.id"))
                              .add(Restrictions.eq("gender", "female"))
                              .setProjection(Property.forName("e.id").count());
                      return session.createCriteria(DepartmentEntity.class, "d")
                                      .add(Subqueries.le(21, subquery))
```

.list();



How many types of join?

- **(INNER) JOIN**: Returns records that have matching values in both tables
- **LEFT (OUTER) JOIN**: Return all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table
- **RIGHT (OUTER) JOIN**: Return all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table
- **FULL (OUTER) JOIN**: Return all records when there is a match in either left or right table





Inner join

select * from department d inner join employee e on d.deptId = e.deptid

deptid integer	deptname character varying (255)	empid integer	email character varying (255)	firstname character varying (255)	gender character varying (255)	lastname character varying (255)	deptid integer
1	Developer	2	quan.tang.1@axonactive.c	Quan 1	female	Tang Kien	
1	Developer	1	phuc.dang@axonactive.com	Phuc	male	Dang Hoang	
2	Information Technology	9	someone.else.2@axonactiv	Else 2	female	Someone	
2	Information Technology	8	someone.else.1@axonactiv	Else 1	female	Someone	
2	Information Technology	7	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com	Vollmer 1	undefine	Kai	
2	Information Technology	5	quan.tang.2@axonactive.c	Quan 2	male	Tang Kien	
2	Information Technology	3	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com	Vollmer 2	undefine	Kai	
3	Finance	6	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com	Vollmer 3	male	Kai	
3	Finance	4	quang.tang.3@axonactive	Quan 3	female	Tang Kien	



Left outer join

select * from department d left outer join employee e on d.deptId = e.deptid

deptid integer	deptname character varying (255)	empid integer	email character varying (255)	firstname character varying (255)	gender character varying (255)	lastname character varying (255)	deptid integer
1	Developer	2	quan.tang.1@axonactive.c	Quan 1	female	Tang Kien	1
1	Developer	1	phuc.dang@axonactive.com	Phuc	male	Dang Hoang	1
2	Information Technology	9	someone.else.2@axonactiv	Else 2	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	8	someone.else.1@axonactiv	Else 1	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	7	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com	Vollmer 1	undefine	Kai	.2
2	Information Technology	5	quan.tang.2@axonactive.c	Quan 2	male	Tang Kien	2
2	Information Technology	3	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com	Vollmer 2	undefine	Kai	2
3	Finance	6	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com	Vollmer 3	male	Kai	3
3	Finance	4	quang.tang.3@axonactive	Quan 3	female	Tang Kien	3
4	Human Resources	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]



Right outer join

select * from department d right outer join employee e on d.deptId = e.deptid

deptid integer	deptname character varying (255)	empid integer	email character varying (255)	firstname character varying (255)	gender character varying (255)	lastname character varying (255)	deptid integer
1	Developer	2	quan.tang.1@axonactive.c	Quan 1	female	Tang Kien	1
1	Developer	1	phuc.dang@axonactive.com	Phuc	male	Dang Hoang	1
2	Information Technology	9	someone.else.2@axonactiv	Else 2	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	8	someone.else.1@axonactiv	Else 1	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	7	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com	Vollmer 1	undefine	Kai	2
2	Information Technology	5	quan.tang.2@axonactive.c	Quan 2	male	Tang Kien	2
2	Information Technology	3	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com	Vollmer 2	undefine	Kai	2
3	Finance	6	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com	Vollmer 3	male	Kai	3
3	Finance	4	quang.tang.3@axonactive	Quan 3	female	Tang Kien	3
[null]	[null]	10	someone.else.3@axonactiv	Else 3	female	Someone	[null]



Full outer join

select * from department d full outer join employee e on d.deptId = e.deptid

deptid integer	deptname character varying (255)	empid integer	email character varying (255)	firstname character varying (255)	gender character varying (255)	lastname character varying (255)	deptid integer
1	Developer	2	quan.tang.1@axonactive.c	Quan 1	female	Tang Kien	1
1	Developer	1	phuc.dang@axonactive.com	Phuc	male	Dang Hoang	1
2	Information Technology	9	someone.else.2@axonactiv	Else 2	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	8	someone.else.1@axonactiv	Else 1	female	Someone	2
2	Information Technology	7	kai.vo.1@axonactive.com	Vollmer 1	undefine	Kai	2
2	Information Technology	5	quan.tang.2@axonactive.c	Quan 2	male	Tang Kien	2
2	Information Technology	3	kai.vo.2@axonactive.com	Vollmer 2	undefine	Kai	2
3	Finance	6	kai.vo.3@axonactive.com	Vollmer 3	male	Kai	3
3	Finance	4	quang.tang.3@axonactive	Quan 3	female	Tang Kien	13
4	Human Resources	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]	[null]
[null]	[null]	10	someone.else.3@axonactiv	Else 3	female	Someone	[null]



1. Joins:

inner join

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.add(Restrictions.eq("gender", "male"))
.createCriteria("department")
.add(Restrictions.eq("deptName", "Developer"))
.list();

session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
.add(Restrictions.eq("gender", "male"))
.createAlias("department", "d")
.add(Restrictions.eq("d.deptName", "Developer")).list();
```



1. Joins:

Full outer join

```
session.createCriteria(DepartmentEntity.class)
    .createAlias("employeeEntities", "e", JoinType.FULL_JOIN)
    .list();
```

ID	Department Name	
1	Developer	
1	Developer	
2	Information Technology	
3	Finance	
3	Finance	
4	Human Resources	



2. Fetch:

How many types of fetch mode?

```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
         .setFetchMode("department", FetchMode.SELECT)
         .list();
                                            select * from employee e
                                            select * from department d where d.deptId = ?
                                            select * from department d where d.deptId = ?
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
         .setFetchMode("department", FetchMode.JOIN)
         .list();
                  select * from employee e left outer join department d on e.deptid = d.deptId
```



IV. Result transformers:

What is result transformers?

- Result transformer: Set a strategy for handling the query results.

ROOT_ENTITY: default

DISTINCT_ROOT_ENTITY: distinct

ALIAS_TO_ENTITY_MAP

PROJECTION:



IV. Result transformers:

DISTINCT_ROOT_ENTITY

```
session.createCriteria(DepartmentEntity.class)
.createAlias("employeeEntities", "e", JoinType.FULL_JOIN)
.setResultTransformer(Criteria.DISTINCT_ROOT_ENTITY).list();
```

ID	Department Name	
1	Developer	
2	Information Technology	
3	Finance	
4	Human Resources	



IV. Result transformers:

ALIAS_TO_ENTITY_MAP



```
session.createCriteria(EmployeeEntity.class)
 .createAlias("department", "d")
 .setProjection(Projections.projectionList()
         .add(Projections.id().as("id"))
         .add(Projections.property("firstName").as("firstName"))
         .add(Projections.property("lastName").as("lastName"))
         .add(Projections.property("d.deptName").as("departmentName")))
 .setResultTransformer(new AliasToBeanResultTransformer(CustomEmployee.class))
//.setResultTransformer(Transformers.aliasToBean(CustomEmployee.class))
 .list();
                                                               public class CustomEmployee {
                                                                  private Integer id;
                                                                  private String firstName;
                                                                  private String lastName;
                                                                  private String departmentName;
```



```
"id": 2,
"firstName": "Quan 1",
"lastName": "Tang Kien",
"departmentName": "Developer"
"id": 1,
"firstName": "Phuc",
"lastName": "Dang Hoang",
"departmentName": "Developer"
"id": 9,
"firstName": "Else 2",
"lastName": "Someone",
"departmentName": "Information Technology"
"id": 8.
"firstName": "Else 1",
"lastName": "Someone",
"departmentName": "Information Technology"
```

```
public class CustomEmployee {
    private Integer id;
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private String departmentName;
}
```



```
session.createCriteria(DepartmentEntity.class)
 .createAlias("employeeEntities", "e")
 .setProjection(Projections.projectionList()
         .add(Property.forName("id").group().as("id"))
         .add(Property.forName("deptName").group().as("name"))
         .add(Property.forName("e.id").avg().as("avgEmployee")))
 .setResultTransformer(new AliasToBeanResultTransformer(CustomDepartment.class))
 .list();
                                                   public class CustomDepartment {
                                                       private Integer id;
                                                       private String name;
                                                       private Double avgEmployee;
```



```
{
    "id": 3,
    "name": "Finance",
    "avgEmployee": 5
},
{
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Developer",
    "avgEmployee": 1.5
},
{
    "id": 2,
    "name": "Information Technology",
    "avgEmployee": 6.4
}
```

```
public class CustomDepartment {
    private Integer id;
    private String name;
    private Double avgEmployee;
}
```



That's it

Actually there are some advanced parts remaining.

But I think you don't need them.