May 9, 2013

## Abstract

## 1 Derivation

Variational Distribution

$$q(\phi, \pi, d, z | \lambda, \gamma, \eta, \varphi) = \prod_{k=1}^{K} q(\phi_k | \lambda) \prod_{m=1}^{M} q(\pi_m | \gamma) \prod_{n=1}^{N} q(d_n | \eta) q(z_n | \varphi)$$

$$(1)$$

where

 $\phi_k \in \mathbb{R}^V$  distribution over word of topic k

 $\pi_m \in \mathbb{R}^K$  distribution over topics of document m

 $d_n \in \mathbb{R}^M$  indicator vector where if  $d_{nm} = 1$  means word n belongs to document m

 $z_n \in \mathbb{R}^K$  indicator vector where if  $z_{nk} = 1$  means word n is assigned to topic k

Lower bound of log likelihood:

$$p(\boldsymbol{w}, \boldsymbol{c} | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma) = \log \int_{\phi} \int_{\pi} \sum_{d} \sum_{z} p(\phi, \pi, d, z, \boldsymbol{w}, \boldsymbol{c} | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma)$$
(2)

$$= \log \int \int \sum_{z} \sum_{z} q(\phi, \pi, d, z | \lambda, \gamma, \eta, \varphi) \frac{p(\phi, \pi, d, z, z, w | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma)}{q(\phi, \pi, d, z | \lambda, \gamma, \eta, \varphi)} d\phi d\pi dd dz$$
(3)

$$= \log E_q \frac{p(\phi, \pi, d, z, \boldsymbol{c}, \boldsymbol{w} | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma)}{q(\phi, \pi, d, z | \lambda, \gamma, \eta, \varphi)}$$
(4)

$$\geq E_q \log p(\phi, \pi, d, z, \boldsymbol{c}, \boldsymbol{w} | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma) - E_q \log q(\phi, \pi, d, z | \lambda, \gamma, \eta, \varphi) = L$$
 (5)

where  $E_q \equiv E_{q(\phi,\pi,d,z|\lambda,\gamma,\eta,\varphi)}$ 

Instead of maximizing p, we estimate it by maximizing the lower bound L

Consider the first term in L

$$E_q[\log p(\phi, \pi, d, z, \boldsymbol{c}, \boldsymbol{w} | \alpha, \beta, \eta, \sigma)] = E_q[\log p(\phi | \beta) p(\pi | \alpha) p(d | \eta) p(\boldsymbol{c} | c_d^{\mathrm{d}}, \sigma) p(z | \pi_d) p(\boldsymbol{w} | \phi_d)$$
(6)

$$= E_q[\log p(\phi|\beta)] + E_q[p(\pi|\alpha)] + E_q[\log p(d|\eta)]$$
(7)

+ 
$$E_q[\log p(\boldsymbol{c}|\boldsymbol{c}_d^{\mathrm{d}}, \sigma)] + E_q[\log p(\boldsymbol{z}|\pi_d)] + E_q[\log p(\boldsymbol{w}|\phi_z)]$$
 (8)

(9)

$$E_q[\log p(\phi|\beta)] = E_q \log \prod_{k=1}^K p(\phi_k|\beta)$$
(10)

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{K} E_q[\log \Gamma(\sum_{v=1}^{V} \beta_v) - \sum_{v=1}^{V} \log \Gamma(\beta_v) + \sum_{v=1}^{V} (\beta_v - 1) \log(\phi_{kv})]$$
(11)

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{K} \log \Gamma(\sum_{v=1}^{V} \beta_v) - \sum_{v=1}^{V} \log \Gamma(\beta_v) + \sum_{v=1}^{V} (\beta_v - 1)(\Psi(\lambda_{kv}) - \Psi(\sum_{v'=1}^{V} \lambda_{kv'}))$$
(12)

$$E_q[\log p(\pi|\alpha)] = E_q[\log \prod_{m=1}^M p(\pi_m|\alpha)]$$
(13)

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{M} E_q \log(p(\pi_m | \alpha)) \tag{14}$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{M} E_q[\log(\Gamma(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \alpha_k)) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} \log(\Gamma(\alpha_k)) + \sum_{k=1}^{K} (\alpha_k - 1) \log(\pi_m k)]$$
(15)

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{M} \log(\Gamma(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \alpha_k)) - \sum_{k=1}^{K} \log(\Gamma(\alpha_k)) + \sum_{k=1}^{K} (\alpha_k - 1)(\Psi(\gamma_{mk}) - \Psi(\sum_{k'=1}^{K} \gamma_{mk'}))$$
(16)

Speed up things a little bit:

$$E_q[\log p(d|\eta)] = \sum_{n=1}^{N} E_q \log(p(d_n|\eta))$$
(17)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} E_q \sum_{m=1}^{M} d_n m \log(\eta)$$
 (18)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} \eta \log(\eta) \tag{19}$$

$$= (N+M)\eta \log(\eta) \tag{20}$$

$$E_q[\log p(\mathbf{c}|c_d^{\mathbf{d}}, \sigma)] = \sum_{n=1}^{N} E_q \log p(c_n|c_{d_n}^{\mathbf{d}})$$
(21)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} E_q[d_{mn} \log p(c_n | c_{d_{mn}}^{d})]$$
 (22)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} \eta(\delta_{g_{d_{mn}}^{d}} - \frac{(x_{d_{mn}}^{d} - x_{n})^{2} + (y_{d_{mn}}^{d} - y_{n})^{2}}{\sigma^{2}})$$
 (23)

(24)

$$E_q[\log p(z|\pi_d)] = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} E_q[d_{mm} \log(\pi_{mn})]$$
 (25)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} \eta(\Psi(\gamma_{mn}) - \Psi(\sum_{m'=1}^{M} \gamma_{m'n})$$
 (26)

$$E_q[\log p(\boldsymbol{w}|\phi_z)] = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{M} \sum_{v=1}^{K} \sum_{v=1}^{V} E_q[d_{mn}z_{kn}\boldsymbol{w_n^v}log(\phi_k v)]$$
(27)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \eta \phi_{kn} \boldsymbol{w}_{n}^{\boldsymbol{v}} (\Psi(\lambda_{kv}) - \Psi(\sum_{k'}^{K} \lambda_{k'v})$$
(28)

(29)