

PART 3 – CALCULATING RISK

TABLE 4 – LIGHTWEIGHT RISK ASSESSMENT FOR INFORMATION ASSETS

	Software Attacks	Cyberattack	Information Extortion	Insider Threat	Phishing
Distribution Software	$L = 4$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 20$	$L = 4$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 16$	$L = 4$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 16$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$
Distribution SQL DB	$L = 4$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 20$	$L = 4$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 16$	$L = 4$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 16$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$
Human Resource Information System (HRIS)	$L = 4$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 20$	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 3$ $I = 3$ $Risk = 9$	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$
HRIS DB	$L = 4$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 20$	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 3$ $I = 3$ $Risk = 9$	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$
2013 Email Server	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 3$ $I = 4$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 2$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 10$	$L = 4$ $I = 3$ $Risk = 12$	$L = 5$ $I = 5$ $Risk = 25$

Risk Recommendations:

- Implement advanced threat detection systems and regular software updates to mitigate the risk of software attacks and cyberattacks.
- Enhance employee training and establish robust security protocols to defend against information extortion, phishing and insider threats.
- Regularly back up critical data and test recovery plans to ensure quick recovery from system failures and natural disasters.