Problem R-55E. The basics.

(a) Analyze the one proton multiplet shown. (5 points)

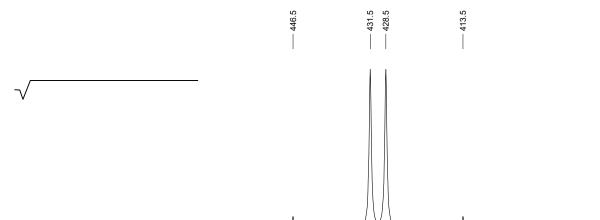
Type of multiplet: _____

30 20 10 0

Coupling constants:_____

Suggest a part structure, based on the coupling and chemical shift

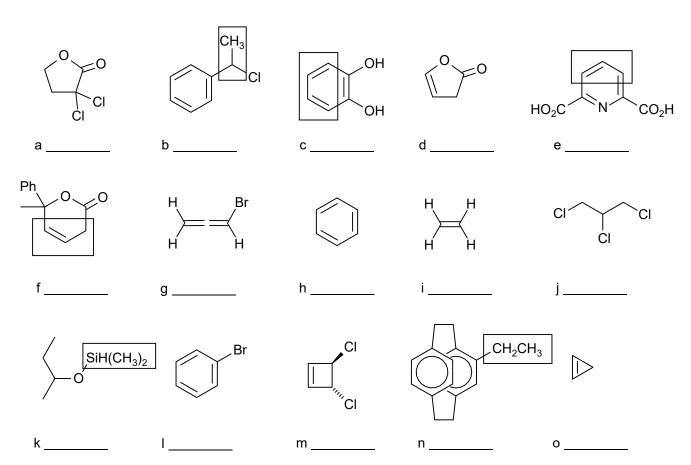
(b) Solve the two proton multiplet below. Determine J, and values from the peak positions given (200 MHz spectrometer points)



- (c) One still occasionally sees 1 H NMR spectra reported in units, and the older literature uses this scale predominantly. signal appears at δ 7.46, what is its chemical shift in ? ___ (2 points)
 - (d) A compound has an infrared peak at 4.32 microns. What is the position in cm⁻¹?____ (2 points)
 - (g) Calculate the ¹H chemical shift of H-2 of 2-chloro-3-heptanone. Show your work. (6 points)

(h) The 13 C chemical shift of H_2N - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH_2 is δ 44.3. Estimate the chemical shifts of the underlined carbons in $(CH_3)_2CHNH$ - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH_2 . Show which parameters you used in your calculation. (6 points)

Problem R-13A: Identify the coupling pattern (e.g., AB₂, AA'BB', AMX) expected for the structures below. Make a rough estimate of chemical shifts to help in deciding between AB and AX assignment.



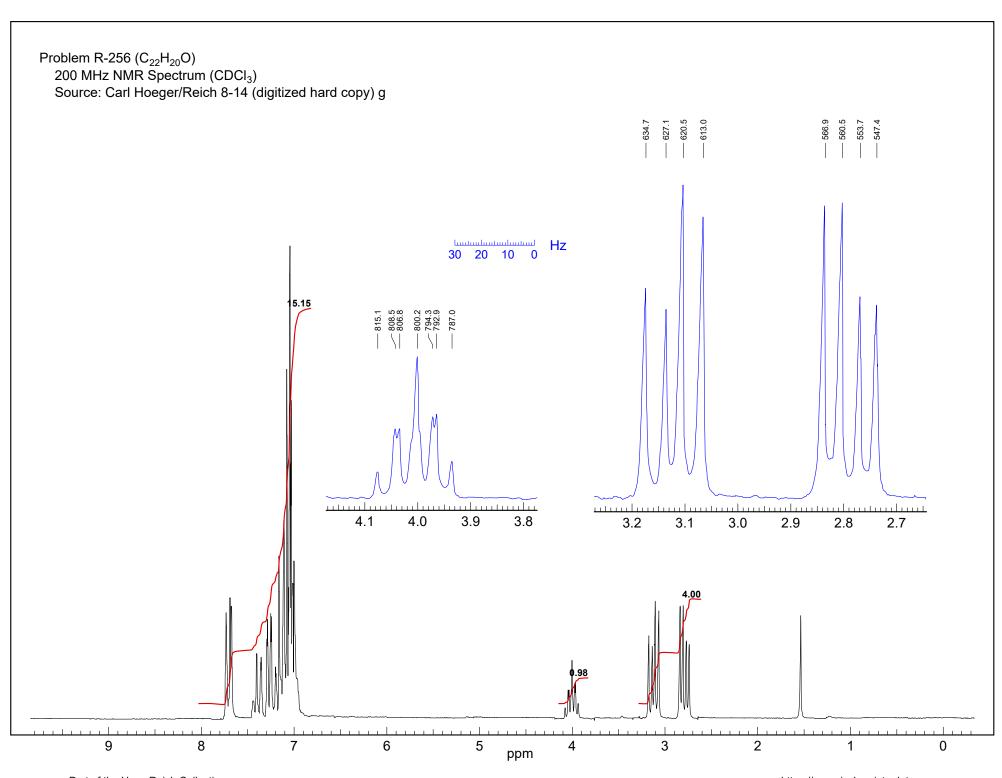
Problem R-256 (C ₂₂ H ₂₀ O). T	The 200 MHz ¹ H spectrum of R-256 is provided.
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(b) For each of the multiplets at δ 4.0, 3.1 and 2.8 show a "coupling tree" (work on the spectrum), indicate the type of multiplet and the coupling constants derived from each multiplet. Report them in the standard format

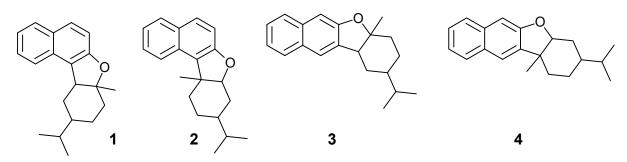
δ 4.0 _____ δ 3.1 _____ δ 2.8 ____

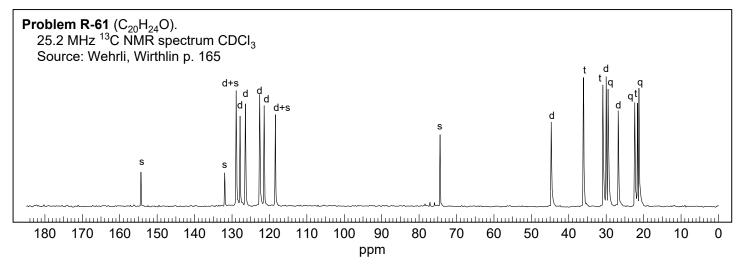
- (c) What type of pattern is this (e.g., AA'BB')?
- (d) Suggest a partial structure for the molecular fragment which includes these protons.

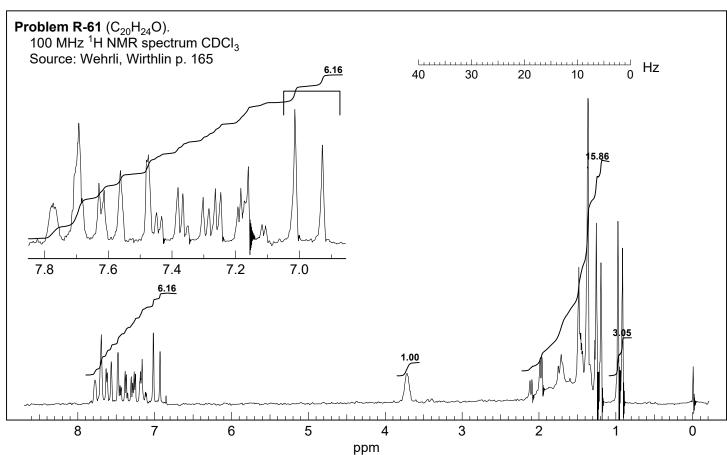
(e) There is a strong IR absorption at 1695 cm⁻¹. Suggest a structure for compound **R-256**. If you have more than one possible structure, circle the one you like best.



Problem R-61 ($C_{20}H_{24}O$). An adduct of α -phellandrene and β -naohthl is expected to possess one of the structures **1** to **4**. Select the proper structure using the 100 MHz proton NMR spectrum and the 25.2 MHz proton noise decoupled ¹³C NMR spectrum







Problem R-02A. Select the correct structure from the list of possible substituted benzenes provided. You should not have to do more than the occasional chemical shift calculation to identify the correct structure (Source: Aldrich Spectra Viewer).

