- 1. Define the Fraction structure representing vulgar fractions. Implement the following public methods of the structure:
 - the default constructor creating the fraction being the zero value,
 - the constructor with two parameters for the nominator and the denominator of the fraction (the denominator should have a default value),
 - the printing method,
 - the comparison operators <, <=, >, >=, == and !=,
 - the arithmetic operators +, (unary and binary), * and /,
 - the method converting the fraction to a real value.

Write a program which tests all the structure capabilities.

- **2.** Define and implement two structures the Point and the Line being geometric structures in two-dimensional space. The structure Point should contain at least the following public methods:
 - the default constructor assigning zero to all the coordinates of the point,
 - the constructor with two parameters for the coordinates of the point,
 - getX returning the x-coordinate of the point,
 - getY returning the y-coordinate of the point,
 - setX setting the x-coordinate of the point,
 - setY setting the y-coordinate of the point,
 - distance computing the distance between this point and the second one given as the parameter.

The structure Line should contain at least the following public methods:

- the default constructor assigning zero to all the coefficients of the line,
- the constructor with two parameters for the directional (a) and the free coefficient (b) of the line in form of y=ax+b,
- the constructor with two points as the parameters,
- distance computing the distance between the line and a point given as the parameter,
- isOnLine checking wheter a point given as the parameter belongs to the line,
- orthogonalLine returning a new line orthogonal to this line and containing a point given as the parameter.

Write the testing program which should create at least two points and one line given by the user and test all the capabilities of the structures.

- **3.** Define the Matrix structure implementing a square matrix (2-dimensional array) of real numbers with the following public methods:
 - the constructor with two parameters the number of rows/colums and the value to be assigned to each cell of the matrix (0 by default),
 - the method for reading from the standard input and filling the content of the matrix,
 - the method for printing the content of the matrix,
 - the arithmetic operators + and *.

Write a program which creates (after reading the value N being a positive integer) two NxN square matrices of real values. The program (using the methods provided) reads the values to be stored in the matrices, prints them, and then calculates and prints matrices beeing the sum and the product of the given ones.