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CS-225: Discrete Structures in CS

Homework 2, Part 2

Exercise Set 5.1 of the required textbook: Problem #13, #15, #57, #60

13)  $a_n = \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}$  where  $n$  is an integer and  $n \geq 1$

15)  $a_n = \left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)(-1)^{n-1}$  where  $n$  is an integer and  $n \geq 1$

57)

$$j=i-1, i=j+1$$

$$i=1, j=1-1=0, j=0$$

$$\text{if } i=n-1, \text{ then } j=(n-1)-1=n-2. J=n-2$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{n-2} \frac{(j+1)}{(n-(j+1))^2} \text{ (ans)}$$

60)  $\sum_{k=1}^n [2(3k^2 + 4) + 5(2k^2 - 1)]$

Questions 1-3 on canvas

1)  $\sum_{i=12}^{50} \left(2i - \frac{3}{2}\right) ; \quad \sum_{i=12}^{50} 2i - \sum_{i=12}^{50} \frac{3}{2} ;$

$$2 \times \sum_{i=12}^{50} i - \sum_{i=12}^{50} \frac{3}{2} ; \quad 2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^{50} i - \sum_{i=1}^{12} i \right) - \sum_{i=12}^{50} \frac{3}{2}$$

Answer:  $2 \left( \frac{50(50+1)}{2} - \frac{11(11+1)}{2} \right) - \frac{3}{2}(50 - 12 + 1)$

2)  $\sum_{j=0}^{20} 5j^2 - \sum_{j=0}^{20} -2^j ; \quad 5 \sum_{j=0}^{20} j^2 - \frac{(-2)^{20+1}-1}{(2)-1}$

Answer:  $5 \left( \frac{20(20+1)(2 \times 20 + 1)}{6} \right) - \frac{(-2)^{20+1}-1}{(2)-1}$

$$3) \sum_{j=37}^{70} 2^j + \sum_{j=37}^{70} 4^j$$

$$\left( \sum_{j=0}^{70} 2^j - \sum_{j=0}^{36} 2^j \right) + \left( \sum_{j=0}^{70} 4^j - \sum_{j=0}^{36} 4^j \right)$$

$$\text{Answer: } \left( \frac{2^{70+1}-1}{2-1} - \frac{2^{36+1}-1}{2-1} \right) + \left( \frac{4^{70+1}-1}{4-1} - \frac{4^{36+1}-1}{4-1} \right)$$