

## Homework 8

**1)** Let  $M$  be a surface embedded in Euclidean space  $\mathbf{E}^3$ . We say that the triple of vector fields  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$  is adjusted to the surface  $M$  if  $\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}$  be three vector fields defined on the points of this surface such that they form an orthonormal basis at any point, so that the vectors  $\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}$  are tangent to the surface and the vector  $\mathbf{n}$  is orthogonal to the surface.

Consider the derivation formulae for adjusted vector fields  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$ :

$$d \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{e} \\ \mathbf{f} \\ \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & a & b \\ -a & 0 & c \\ -b & -c & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{e} \\ \mathbf{f} \\ \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix}, \quad (1)$$

where  $a, b, c$  are 1-forms on the surface  $M$ .

Write down the explicit expression for connection, Weingarten operator, the mean curvature and the Gaussian curvature of  $M$  in terms of 1-forms  $a, b, c$  and vector fields  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$ .

**2)** Show that in derivation formulae  $da + b \wedge c = 0$ .

**3)** Find explicitly a triple of vector fields  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$  adjusted to the surface  $M$  if  $M$  is

a) cylinder

b) cone

c) sphere

**4)** Using results of the previous exercise find explicit expression for derivation formulae (1) in the case if the surface  $M$  is a) cylinder, b) cone, c) sphere

Deduce from these results the formulae for Gaussian and mean curvature for cylinder, cone and sphere

**5)** a) Find a triple of vector fields  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$  adjusted to the surface  $M$  if a Riemannian metric on a surface  $M$  is given by formula  $G = a(u, v)du^2 + b(u, v)dv^2$ .

b\*) Calculate 1-form  $a$  in derivation formulae in the special case if  $a = b = \sigma(u, v)$  (conformal metric). Calculate Gaussian curvature. (It is convenient to use notation  $\sigma = e^\Phi$ ).

**6\*)** Let  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$  and  $\{\tilde{\mathbf{e}}, \tilde{\mathbf{f}}, \tilde{\mathbf{n}}\}$  be two triples of vector fields adjusted to the surface  $M$ .

What is the relation between these triples?

How 1-forms  $a, b, c$  in derivation formulae will change if we will change  $\{\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{n}\}$  to  $\{\tilde{\mathbf{e}}, \tilde{\mathbf{f}}, \tilde{\mathbf{n}}\}$ ?

Show that 2-form  $da$  and 2-form  $b \wedge c$  are independent on the choice of the adjusted triple.

**7** Consider in  $\mathbf{E}^3$  a vector  $\mathbf{X} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$  attached at the point  $\mathbf{p}$ :  $(x = R \cos \theta_0, y = 0, z = R \sin \theta_0)$  of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$  in  $\mathbf{E}^3$ . Consider on the sphere the following two curves passing via the point  $\mathbf{p}$ :

a curve  $C_1$  which is the intersections of this sphere with plane  $y = 0$  and a curve  $C_2$  which is the intersections of this sphere with the plane  $z = R \sin \theta_0$ .

Find the result of parallel transport of the vector  $\mathbf{X}$  along these closed curves.

8)\* What will be the result of the parallel transport of an arbitrary tangent vector along the closed curve  $C$  on the cone?

How this result correlates with the fact that the Gaussian connection of the cone equals to zero.