On one definition of rank of matrix

Sasha Borovik told me about one extremely helpful definition of the rank of the matrix. Here I will reproduce it.

Let $M = M_{m \times n}$ be $m \times n$ matrix. Then rank of M is the minimal positive number r such that there exist $m \times r$ matrix $L = L_{m \times r}$ and $r \times n$ matrix $R = L_{r \times n}$ such that

$$M_{m\times n} = L_{m\times r} \circ R_{r\times n} .$$

We suppose that rank M=0 if all the entries of this matrix vanish.