Homework 6

Christoffel symbols and Lagrangians

1 Consider the Lagrangian of "free" particle $L = \frac{1}{2}g_{ik}\dot{x}^i\dot{x}^k$ for Riemannian manifold with a metric $G = g_{ik}dx^idx^k$.

Write down Euler-Lagrange equations of motion for this Lagrangian and compare them with differential equations for geodesics on this Riemannian manifold.

In fact show that

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x^i} = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}^i} \qquad \Leftrightarrow \underbrace{\frac{d^2 x^i}{dt^2} + \Gamma^i_{km} \dot{x}^k \dot{x}^m}_{} = 0 , \qquad (1)$$

Euler-Lagrange equations Equations for geodesics

where

$$\Gamma_{km}^{i} = \frac{1}{2}g^{ij}\left(\frac{\partial g_{jk}}{\partial x^{m}} + \frac{\partial g_{jm}}{\partial x^{k}} - \frac{\partial g_{km}}{\partial x^{j}}\right). \tag{2}$$

- 2 a) Write down the Lagrangian of "free" particle $L = \frac{1}{2}g_{ik}\dot{x}^i\dot{x}^k$ for Euclidean plane in polar coordinates. Calculate Christoffel symbols for canonical flat connection in polar coordinates using Euler-Lagrange equations for this Lagrangian. Compare with answers which you obtained by the direct use of transformation formulae for Christoffel symbols (see Homework 4 and lecture notes) and with answers which you obtained by direct use of the formula (2) for Levi-Civita connection.
 - b) Do the same in cylindrical coordinates in \mathbf{E}^3 : $x = r \cos \varphi, y = r \sin \varphi, z = h$.
- **3** Calculate Christoffel symbols of Levi-Civita connection for Riemannian metric $G = adu^2 + bdv^2$. Compare with results of the Exercise 1b) in the Homework 5.
- 4 Write down the Lagrangian of "free" particle $L = \frac{1}{2}g_{ik}\dot{x}^i\dot{x}^k$ and using Euler-Lagrange equations for this Lagrangian calculate Christoffel symbols (Christoffel symbols of Levi-Civita connection) for
 - a) cylindrical surface of the radius a
 - b) for the cone $x^2 + y^2 k^2 z^2 = 0$
 - c) for the sphere of radius R
 - d) for Lobachevsky plane

Compare with the results that you obtained using straightforwardly the formula (1) or using formulae for induced connection.