## Homework 2a

 ${\bf 1}$  Let  ${\bf e},{\bf f}$  be orthonormal basis in Euclidean space  ${\bf E}^2.$  Consider a vector

$$\mathbf{n}_{\varphi} = \mathbf{e}\cos\varphi + \mathbf{f}\sin\varphi.$$

Let A be a linear orthogonal operator acting on the space  $\mathbf{E}^2$  such that  $A(\mathbf{e}) = \mathbf{n}$ . We know that det  $A = \pm 1$  since A is orthogonal operator.

In the case if  $\det A = 1$ , find the image  $A(\mathbf{f})$  of vector  $\mathbf{f}$  and an image  $A(\mathbf{x})$  of arbitrary vector  $\mathbf{x} = a\mathbf{e} + b\mathbf{f}$ , write down the matrix of operator A in the basis  $\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}$  and explain geometrical meaning of the operator A.

<sup>†</sup> How the answer will change if det A = -1?

**2** Let  $\mathbf{e}$ ,  $\mathbf{f}$  be an orthonormal basis in Euclidean space  $\mathbf{E}^2$ . Consider a vector  $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f}$  in  $\mathbf{E}^2$ .

Let A be an orthogonal operator acting on the space  $\mathbf{E}^2$  such that  $A\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{N}$ . (N is eigenvector of A with eigenvalue 1.) Suppose that A is not identity operator.

- a) Find an action of operator A on the vector  $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{e} \mathbf{f}$  in  $\mathbf{E}^2$ .
- b) Write down the matrix of operator A in the basis  $\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}$ .
- c) Explain geometrical meaning of the operator A.