

### Homework 8

1. Find unit normal vector field, the Weingarten (shape) operator, principal curvatures and the Gaussian curvature for the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ .

1. Find unit normal vector field, the Weingarten (shape) operator, principal curvatures and the Gaussian curvature for the sphere of the radius  $R$ :  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$ .

3 Find the Weingarten (shape) operator the Gaussian curvature for the saddle  $z = xy$  at the point  $x = y = 0$ .

4 Let  $D$  be a domain on a sphere of radius  $R$  such that its area is equal to one eighth of the area of the sphere. Calculate the integral of Gaussian curvature of the sphere over the domain  $D$ .

What is a result of parallel transport of the vector, tangent to the sphere, along the curve  $C = \partial D$ ?

5 Assume that the action of the shape operator at the tangent coordinate vectors  $\mathbf{r}_u = \partial_u$ ,  $\mathbf{r}_v = \partial_v$  at the given point  $\mathbf{p}$  of the surface  $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}(u, v)$  is defined by the relations:  $S(\partial_u) = 2\partial_u + 2\partial_v$  and  $S(\partial_v) = -\partial_u + 5\partial_v$ . Calculate principal curvatures and Gaussian of the surface at this point.

6 Consider a surface  $M$ , the upper sheet of the cone in  $\mathbf{E}^3$

$$\mathbf{r}(h, \varphi): \begin{cases} x = 3h \cos \varphi \\ y = 3h \sin \varphi \\ z = 4h \end{cases}, \quad h > 0, 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi.$$

Using properties of Weingarten operator show that Gaussian curvature vanishes at all the points of this surface.

Let  $C_1$  be a closed curve on this surface which is the boundary of a compact oriented domain  $D \subset M$ .

Let  $C_2$  be a circle which is the intersection of the plane  $z = h_0$  ( $h_0 > 0$ ) with the surface  $M$ .

Show that the parallel transport along the closed curve  $C_1$  is the identical transformation.

Show that the parallel transport along the closed curve  $C_2$  is the rotation through a non-zero angle.

Calculate this angle and explain why the fact that the angle is not equal to zero does not contradict to the Theorem on parallel transport.