

Homework 8

1. Find coordinate basis vectors, first quadratic form, unit normal vector field, shape operator and Gaussian and mean curvatures for

a) sphere of the radius R : $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$,

$$\mathbf{r}(\theta, \varphi) \quad \begin{cases} x = R \sin \theta \cos \varphi \\ y = R \sin \theta \sin \varphi \\ z = R \cos \theta \end{cases} \quad (0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi, 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi),$$

b) cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = R^2$,

$$\mathbf{r}(h, \varphi) \quad \begin{cases} x = R \cos \varphi \\ y = R \sin \varphi \\ z = h \end{cases} \quad (0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi, -\infty < h < \infty)$$

c) cone $x^2 + y^2 - k^2 z^2 = 0$,

$$\mathbf{r}(h, \varphi) \quad \begin{cases} x = kh \cos \varphi \\ y = kh \sin \varphi \\ z = h \end{cases} \quad (0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi, -\infty < h < \infty)$$

d) saddle $F = xy$ (you may perform the calculations only at origin).

$$\mathbf{r}(u, v) \quad \begin{cases} x = u \\ y = v \\ z = uv \end{cases} \quad (-\infty < u < \infty, -\infty < v < \infty)$$

2. Consider helix $\mathbf{r}(t)$: $\begin{cases} x(t) = a \cos t \\ y(t) = a \sin t \\ z(t) = ct \end{cases}$. Show that this helix belongs to cylinder

surface $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$. Using first quadratic form on the surface of cylinder or in a different way calculate length of the helix ($0 \leq t \leq t_0$).

3 Assume that the action of the shape operator at the tangent coordinate vectors $\mathbf{r}_u = \partial_u$, $\mathbf{r}_v = \partial_v$ at the given point \mathbf{p} of the surface $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}(u, v)$ is defined by the relations: $S(\partial_u) = 2\partial_u + 2\partial_v$ and $S(\partial_v) = -\partial_u + 5\partial_v$. Calculate principal curvatures, Gaussian and mean curvatures of the surface at this point.

4 On the sphere of the radius $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$ in E^3 consider the triangle ABC with vertices at the North Pole and at Equator: $A = (0, 0, R)$, $B = (R, 0, 0)$ and $C = (R \cos \varphi, R \sin \varphi, 0)$. The edges of this triangle are arcs of the meridians and the arc of the Equator.

Find the result of the parallel transport of vector $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{e}_x$ attached at the North pole along the edges of the triangle ABC .

5[†] On the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$ in \mathbf{E}^3 consider the closed curve $\theta = \theta_0, \varphi = t$, $0 \leq t < 2\pi$ (latitude) Find the result of parallel transport of the vector tangent to the sphere along this curve.