

# Software Engineering

WS 2022/23, Sheet 05



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## Task 1

- How can we implement variability using build systems? How fine grained can feature specific regions in the codebase be compared to other mechanisms like preprocessors?
- Discussion:** Prepare arguments for and against implementing variability by using build systems. You can present your arguments during the discussion in the tutorial sessions.

## Solution

- one build script per variant
  - include or exclude files before compilation
  - variant-specific files replace base files
  - granularity at the file-level as opposed to preprocessors (code-level)

## Task 2

- Discussion:** Prepare arguments for and against implementing variability by using preprocessors. You can present your arguments during the discussion in the tutorial sessions.
- Find the configurations that could cause errors in the following piece of code. What are these errors?.

```
1 a = 1; b = 1;
2 #ifdef X
3 a++;
4 #ifdef Y
5 a = a * 2;
6 #endif
7 #endif
8 #ifdef Z
9 b = 4;
10 #ifdef X
11 a = a - 2;
12 #elif W
13 b = b - 1;
14 #else
15 b = 5;
16 #endif
17 b = b / a;
18 #endif
```

## Solution

- Error(s):

```
1 a = 1; b = 1;
2 #ifdef X
3 a++;
4 #ifdef Y
5 a = a * 2;
6 #endif
```

```
7  #endif
8  #ifdef Z
9  b = 4;
10 #ifdef X
11 a = a - 2;
12 #elif W
13 b = b - 1;
14 #else
15 b = 5;
16 #endif
17 b = b / a;  // Division by 0:  $X \wedge \neg Y \wedge Z$ 
18 #endif
```

## Task 3

- a) **Discussion:** Prepare arguments for and against implementing variability by using version control systems. You can present your arguments during the discussion in the tutorial sessions.
- b) Describe the differences between variants, revisions, and versions.
- c) Describe the differences between structured and unstructured merge.
- d) Find the merge conflicts and errors in the following example, where you merge the modules *Main Change 1* and *Main Change 2* as separate changes of the main class, for:
  - (i) unstructured merge
  - (ii) structured merge

```
1 public class Main {
2
3     public static boolean featureA = true;
4
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         int a = 25;
7         int b = 5;
8
9         if (featureA) {
10             System.out.println(
11                 "Feature A is activated.");
12             b = a / b;
13             System.out.println(
14                 "Feature value is: "+b);
15         } else {
16             System.out.println(
17                 "Feature A is deactivated.");
18         }
19     }
20 }
```

```
1 //Main Change 1
2 public class Main {
3
4     public static boolean featureB = true;
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         int a = 0;
8         int b = 25;
9
10        if (featureB) {
11            System.out.println(
12                "Feature B is activated.");
13            b = a * b;
14            System.out.println(
15                "Feature value is: "+b);
16        } else {
17            System.out.println(
18                "Feature B is deactivated.");
19        }
20    }
21 }
```

```
1 //Main Change 2
2 public class Main {
3
4     public static boolean featureA = true;
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         int a = 25;
8         int b = 5;
9
10        if (featureA) {
11            System.out.print(
12                "Feature A is activated.");
13            b = a / b;
14            boolean c = featureA;
15            int d = b / a;
16            System.out.println(
17                "Feature value is: "+b+"&"+d);
18        } else {
19            System.out.println(
20                "Feature A is deactivated.");
21        }
22    }
23 }
```

## Solution

- b) A variant is a configured version of a software project, e.g., a graph library with support for weighted edges. Revisions comprise all the development stages of a software project. Versions are all variants and revisions.
- c) An unstructured merge takes two changes of a module and merges them together line by line. If there are changes in the same line in both modules, the merge runs into a conflict that has to be resolved manually. A structured merge takes the structure of the modules into account (i.e., their ASTs). This additional information makes it possible to avoid certain conflicts that the unstructured merge cannot resolve.
- d)
  - unstructured

```
1 //Main Merge unstructured
2 public class Main {
3
4     public static boolean featureB = true;
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         int a = 0;
8         int b = 25;
9
10        if (featureB) {
11            <<<<<<< Main-2.java
12                System.out.println(
13                    "Feature B is activated.");
14            =====
15                System.out.print(
16                    "Feature A is activated.");
17            >>>>>>> Main-3.java
18                b = a * b;
19                boolean c = featureA;
20                int d = b / a;
21                System.out.println(
22                    "Feature value is: "+b+"&"+d);
23            } else {
24                System.out.println(
25                    "Feature B is deactivated.");
26            }
27        }
28    }
```

- structured

```
1 //Main Merge Structured
2 public class Main {
3
4     public static boolean featureB = true;
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         int a = 0;
8         int b = 25;
9
10        if (featureB) {
11            System.out.print(
12                "Feature B is activated.");
13            b = a * b;
14            boolean c = featureA; //featureA not present!
15            int d = b / a; //division by 0!
16            System.out.println(
17                "Feature value is: "+b+"&"+d);
18        } else {
19            System.out.println(
20                "Feature B is deactivated.");
21        }
22    }
23 }
```