- biven a sorted integer array, in non-decreasing order, there are exactly one integer in the array that occurs more than 25% in the array.
- Return that integer.

Ex.

Input: [1, 1, 1, 6, 6, 6, 6, 7, 10]

Output: 6

Thought: Since it is sorted, we can grab the size of the list, pre-calculate the quantity that exceeds 25% of array size, the iterate the array and count the number of occurrences.

4 = 1

0

total-size = len(input)

over $25 = total - size / 4 float <math>\frac{5}{4} = 1.15 \lambda$

curr = input[0]

ceill

count = 0

for value in input

if count 7 over-15 = 7 curr

if value == current

count += 1

else

curr = value

count=0