- You are given a string "num" that represents a large integer.

- Return the largest valued odd integer as a string, or an empty string if it doesn't exist.

Clarification input:

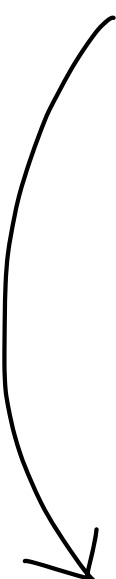Input: 354276324

Output: 3542763

Solution:
- Iterate from the end of the string to the front.
- If ever a character that is odd, return substring from front → found odd itr, inclusive.

- If no odd characters, return empty string.

```
back =    reverse( find_if ( input.rbegin(), input.rend(), [](char c){
                                            return (c-'0') % 2
                                                            == 1
                                            )

    if back == end
        return ""
    return input.substr( begin, back+1)
```

In case std lib is no-go:

```
for (auto itr = input.rbegin(); itr < input.rend(); ++itr) {
        if ((c-'0')% 2 == 1)
            substr...
    return " "
```