

```
[5]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[6]: df = pd.read_csv(r'C:\\Users\\UNKNOWN_CODER\\DSDBA\\Assign6\\iris.csv')
```

```
[7]: print("-----Dataframe Head-----")
print(df.head())
print("\n")
```

```
-----Dataframe Head-----
   Id  SepallengthCm  SepalWidthCm  PetallengthCm  PetalWidthCm  Species
0   1             5.1           3.5           1.4           0.2    setosa
1   2             4.9           3.0           1.4           0.2    setosa
2   3             4.7           3.2           1.3           0.2    setosa
3   4             4.6           3.1           1.5           0.2    setosa
4   5             5.0           3.6           1.4           0.2    setosa
```

```
[8]: print("-----Dataframe Describe-----")
print(df.describe())
print("\n")
```

```
-----Dataframe Describe-----
      Id  SepallengthCm  SepalWidthCm  PetallengthCm  PetalWidthCm
count  150.000000      150.000000      150.000000      150.000000      150.000000
mean    75.500000         5.843333         3.054000         3.758667         1.198667
std     43.445368         0.828066         0.433594         1.764420         0.763161
min      1.000000         4.300000         2.000000         1.000000         0.100000
25%     38.250000         5.100000         2.800000         1.600000         0.300000
50%     75.500000         5.800000         3.000000         4.350000         1.300000
75%    112.750000         6.400000         3.300000         5.100000         1.800000
max    150.000000         7.900000         4.400000         6.900000         2.500000
```

```
[9]: print("-----Dataframe Info-----")
print(df.info())
print("\n")
```

```
-----Dataframe Info-----
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 6 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   Id              150 non-null    int64
1   SepallengthCm   150 non-null    float64
2   SepalWidthCm    150 non-null    float64
3   PetallengthCm   150 non-null    float64
4   PetalWidthCm    150 non-null    float64
5   Species         150 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 7.2+ KB
None
```

```
[10]: print("-----Data Preprocessing-----")
X = df.iloc[:,0:4]
Y = df['Species'].values
```

```
-----Data Preprocessing-----
```

```
[11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
[12]: X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
sc_X = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc_X.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc_X.transform(X_test)
```

```
[13]: print(f'Train Dataset Size - X: {X_train.shape}, Y: {Y_train.shape}')
      print(f'Test Dataset Size - X: {X_test.shape}, Y: {Y_test.shape}')
      print("\n")
```

```
Train Dataset Size - X: (120, 4), Y: (120,)
Test Dataset Size - X: (30, 4), Y: (30,)
```

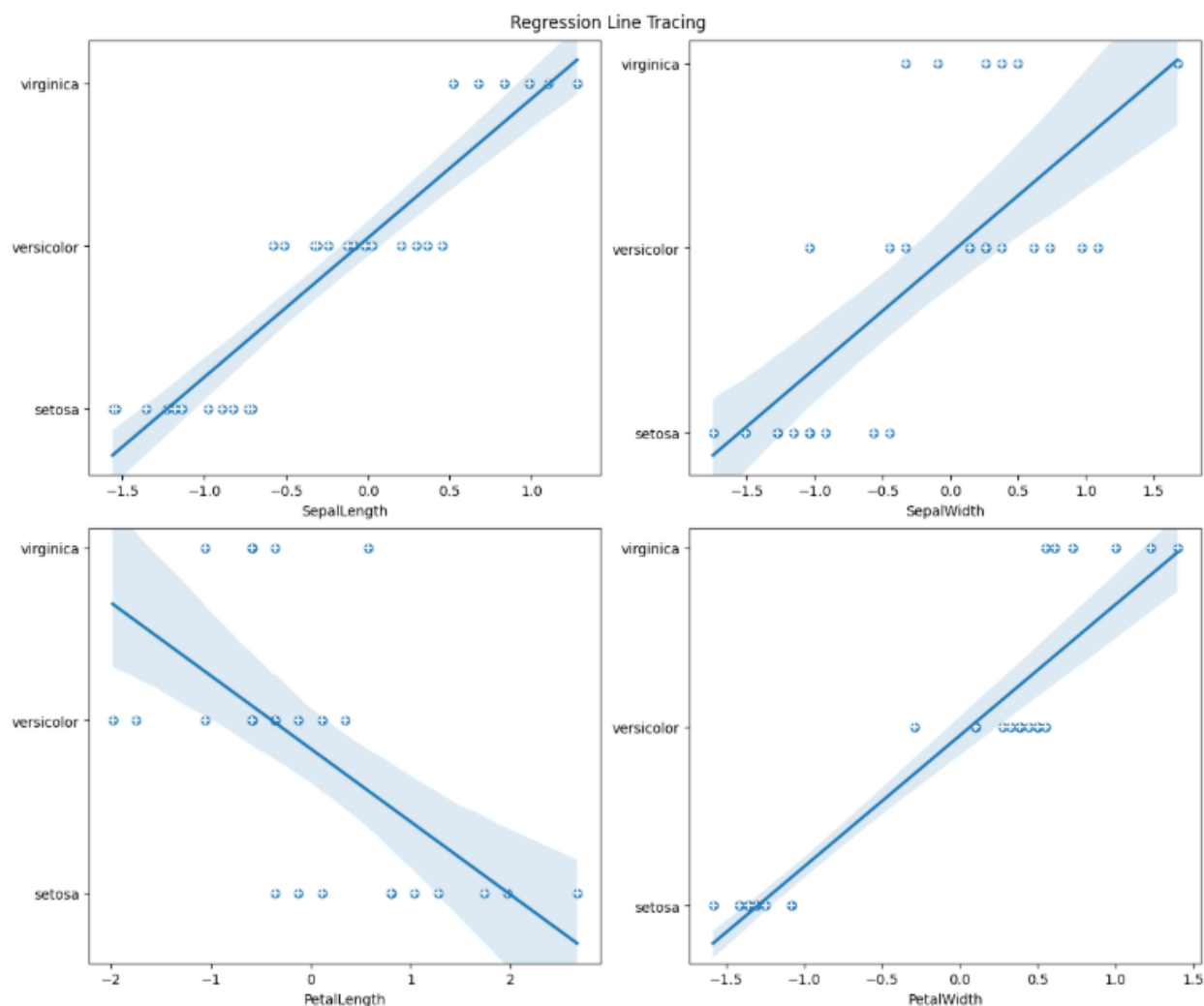
```
[14]: print("-----Naive Bayes Classifier-----")
      from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
```

```
-----Naive Bayes Classifier-----
```

```
[15]: classifier = GaussianNB()
      classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
      predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
```

```
[16]: mapper = {'setosa': 0, 'versicolor': 1, 'virginica': 2}
      predictions_ = [mapper[i] for i in predictions]
```

```
[23]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (12, 10), constrained_layout = True);
      _ = fig.suptitle('Regression Line Tracing')
      for i in range(4):
          x, y = i // 2, i % 2
          _ = sns.regplot(x = X_test[:, i], y = predictions_, ax=axs[x, y])
          _ = axs[x, y].scatter(X_test[:, i][::-1], Y_test[::-1], marker = '+', color="white")
          _ = axs[x, y].set_xlabel(df.columns[i + 1][::-2])
      plt.show()
      print("\n")
```



```
[17]: print("-----Confusion Matrix-----")
      from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      from sklearn.metrics import classification_report

      -----Confusion Matrix-----
```

```
[29]: import numpy as np
      y = df.iloc[:, -1]
      # Get unique class labels from the dataset
      labels = y.unique()

      # Generate the confusion matrix using test labels and predictions
      cm = confusion_matrix(Y_test, predictions, labels=labels)

      # Display TP, FP, FN, TN for each class
      for i, label in enumerate(labels):
          TP = cm[i, i]
          FP = cm[:, i].sum() - TP
          FN = cm[i, :].sum() - TP
          TN = cm.sum() - (TP + FP + FN)

          print(f"\nClass: {label}")
          print(f"True Positives (TP): {TP}")
          print(f"False Positives (FP): {FP}")
          print(f"False Negatives (FN): {FN}")
          print(f"True Negatives (TN): {TN}")
```

```
Class: setosa
True Positives (TP): 11
False Positives (FP): 0
False Negatives (FN): 0
True Negatives (TN): 19
```

```
Class: versicolor
True Positives (TP): 13
False Positives (FP): 0
False Negatives (FN): 0
True Negatives (TN): 17
```

```
Class: virginica
True Positives (TP): 6
False Positives (FP): 0
False Negatives (FN): 0
True Negatives (TN): 24
```

```
[30]: cm = classification_report(Y_test, predictions)
      print('Classification report : \n', cm)
```

```
Classification report :
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     setosa         1.00      1.00      1.00         11
  versicolor         1.00      1.00      1.00         13
   virginica         1.00      1.00      1.00          6

 accuracy          1.00
macro avg          1.00      1.00      1.00         30
weighted avg       1.00      1.00      1.00         30
```