

# Functions

```
In [1]: def am():
    print('Welcome Guyz')
```

```
In [2]: def am():
    print('Welcome Guyz')
am()
```

Welcome Guyz

```
In [3]: def greet():
    print('hello')
    print('my team')
```

```
In [4]: def greet():
    print('hello')
    print('my team')
greet()
```

hello  
my team

```
In [5]: def greet():
    print('hello')
    print('my team')
greet()
def greet():
    print('hello')
    print('my team')
greet()
def greet():
    print('hello')
    print('my team')
greet()
```

hello  
my team  
hello  
my team  
hello  
my team

```
In [6]: def greet():

    print('hello myself khushant')

greet()
```

hello myself khushant

```
In [7]: def greet():  
    print('hello myself khushant')  
greet()  
greet()  
greet()
```

```
hello myself khushant  
hello myself khushant  
hello myself khushant
```

```
In [8]: def add(a,b):  
    x = a+b  
    print(x)  
  
add(1,2,3,4)
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[8], line 5  
      2     x = a+b  
      3     print(x)  
----> 5 add(1,2,3,4)  
  
TypeError: add() takes 2 positional arguments but 4 were given
```

```
In [9]: def add(a,b):  
    x = a + b  
    print(x)  
  
add(10,5)
```

```
15
```

```
In [10]: def add(a,b,c):  
    x = a + b + c + m  
    print(x)  
  
add(12,5,18)
```

```
-----  
NameError                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[10], line 5  
      2     x = a + b + c + m  
      3     print(x)  
----> 5 add(12,5,18)  
  
Cell In[10], line 2, in add(a, b, c)  
      1 def add(a,b,c):  
----> 2     x = a + b + c + m  
      3     print(x)  
  
NameError: name 'm' is not defined
```

```
In [11]: def add(a,b,c,m):  
    x = a + b + c + m
```

```
    print(x)  
  
add(12,5,18,4)
```

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```
In [12]: def greet():  
    print('hello')  
    print('my team')  
greet()
```

hello  
my team

```
In [13]: def add(a,b):  
    x = a + b  
    print(x)  
  
add(10,5)
```

15

```
In [14]: def greet():  
    print('hello')  
    print('my team')  
greet()  
  
def add(a,b):  
    x = a + b  
    print(x)  
  
add(10,5)
```

hello  
my team

15

```
In [15]: def greet():  
    print('hello')  
    print('my team')  
def add(a,b):  
    x = a + b  
    print(x)  
  
add(10,4)  
greet()
```

14  
hello  
my team

```
In [16]: def greet():  
    print('hello')  
    print('my team')  
  
def add(a,b):  
    x = a+b  
    print(x)
```

```
def sub(a,b):  
    x = a-b  
    print(x)
```

```
greet()  
add(12,4)  
sub(9,8)
```

```
hello  
my team  
16  
1
```

```
In [17]: def add_sub(a,b):  
    x = (a+b)  
    y = (a-b)  
    print(x)  
    print(y)  
  
add_sub(12,6)
```

```
18  
6
```

```
In [18]: def add_sub(a,b):  
    x = a+b  
    y = a-b  
    return x,y  
  
add_sub(12,6)
```

```
Out[18]: (18, 6)
```

```
In [19]: def add_sub(a,b):  
    x = a+b  
    y = a-b  
    return x,y  
  
result = add_sub(8,2)  
  
print(result)
```

```
(10, 6)
```

```
In [20]: def add_sub(a,b):  
    x = a+b  
    y = a-b  
    return x,y  
  
result1,result2 = add_sub(9,7)  
print(result1,result2)
```

```
16 2
```

## Formal Argument & Actual Argument

```
In [21]: def boss(name,age):
    boss(name)
    boss(age)
boss('khushant',21,35)
```

```
-----  
TypeError
Cell In[21], line 4
  2     boss(name)
  3     boss(age)
----> 4 boss('khushant',21,35)
```

Traceback (most recent call last)

```
TypeError: boss() takes 2 positional arguments but 3 were given
```

```
In [22]: def boss(name,age):
    print(name)
    print(age)

boss('khushant',21)
```

```
khushant
21
```

```
In [23]: def boss(name,age):
    print(name)
    print(age+1)

boss(21,'khushant')
```

```
21
```

```
-----  
TypeError
Cell In[23], line 5
  2     print(name)
  3     print(age+1)
----> 5 boss(21,'khushant')
```

Traceback (most recent call last)

```
Cell In[23], line 3, in boss(name, age)
  1 def boss(name,age):
  2     print(name)
----> 3     print(age+1)
```

```
TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str
```

## Keyword Argument

```
In [24]: def boss(name,age):
    print(name)
    print(age+1)

boss(age=21, name='khushant')
```

```
khushant
```

```
22
```

```
In [25]: def boss(name,age):  
    print(name)  
    print(age+1)  
  
boss(age1=21, name='khushant')
```

```
-----  
TypeError
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
Cell In[25], line 5  
      2     print(name)  
      3     print(age+1)  
----> 5 boss(age1=21, name='khushant')
```

```
TypeError: boss() got an unexpected keyword argument 'age1'. Did you mean 'age'?
```

```
In [26]: def boss(name,age1):  
    print(name)  
    print(age1+1)  
  
boss(age1=21, name='khushant')
```

```
khushant
```

```
22
```

```
In [27]: def boss(name,age,city):  
    print(name)  
    print(age)  
    print(city)  
  
boss(name='khushant', age=21, city='hyd')
```

```
khushant
```

```
21
```

```
hyd
```

```
In [28]: def boss(name, age=18):  
    print(name)  
    print(age)  
  
boss('khushant', 21)
```

```
khushant
```

```
21
```

## Variable Length Argument

```
In [1]: def sum(a,b):  
    c = a+b  
    return c  
  
sum(5,8)
```

```
Out[1]: 13
```

```
In [2]: def sum(a,b):  
    c = a+b  
    return c  
  
sum(5,6,7,8,9,10)
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                         Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[2], line 5  
      2     c = a+b  
      3     return c  
----> 5 sum(5,6,7,8,9,10)  
  
TypeError: sum() takes 2 positional arguments but 6 were given
```

```
In [3]: def sum(a, *b):  
    c = a+b  
    return c  
  
sum(5,6,7,8,9,10)
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                         Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[3], line 5  
      2     c = a+b  
      3     return c  
----> 5 sum(5,6,7,8,9,10)  
  
Cell In[3], line 2, in sum(a, *b)  
      1 def sum(a, *b):  
----> 2     c = a+b  
      3     return c  
  
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'tuple'
```

```
In [4]: def sum(a, *b): # 1st argument is fixed but for 2nd argument  
    #c = a+b  
    print(type(a))  
    print(type(b))  
  
sum(5,6,7,8)
```

  

```
<class 'int'>  
<class 'tuple'>
```

```
In [5]: def sum(a, *b): # 1st argument is fixed & we fetch each value from the tuple & we c  
    c = a  
  
    for i in b:  
        c = c + i  
    print(c)  
  
sum(5,6,7,8,9,10,100,200,300)
```

645

```
In [6]: def sum(a, *b): # 1st argument is fixed & we fetch each value from the tuple & we can add them
    c = a

    for i in b:
        c = c + i
    print(c)

sum(5,6,7,8)
```

26

- positional argument
- keyword argument
- default
- variable lenght (\* at last arg) | (args)
- keyword + variable lenght(kwargs)

```
In [8]: def person():
    person('ALEX', 36, 'JOHN', 987767)
```

```
In [9]: def person(name, *data):
    print(name)
    print(data)

person('ALEX', 36, 'JOHN', 987767)
```

ALEX  
(36, 'JOHN', 987767)

```
In [10]: def person(name,*data):
    print('name')
    print(data)

person('ALEX', age = 36, home_place ='southcity', mob =987767)
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[10], line 5
      2     print('name')
      3     print(data)
----> 5 person('ALEX', age = 36, home_place ='southcity', mob =987767)

TypeError: person() got an unexpected keyword argument 'age'
```

```
In [11]: def person(name,**data):
    print('name')
    print(data)

person('ALEX', age = 36, home_place ='southcity', mob =987767, edu = 'phd')
```

name  
{'age': 36, 'home\_place': 'southcity', 'mob': 987767, 'edu': 'phd'}

# Function Arguments we are completed

## Global Variable vs Local Variable

```
In [12]: a = 10
```

```
print(a)
```

```
10
```

```
In [13]: a = 10
```

```
def something():
    b = 15
    print('in function',b)
    print('out function',a)
```

```
In [14]: a = 10
```

```
def something():
    b = 15

    print('in function',b)
    print('out function',a)
```

```
NameError
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
Cell In[14], line 5
      2 def something():
      3     b = 15
----> 5     print('in function',b)
      6     print('out function',a)
```

```
NameError: name 'b' is not defined
```

```
In [15]: a = 10
```

```
def something():
    b = 15
    print('in function',b)

    print('out function',a)
```

```
out function 10
```

```
In [16]: a = 10
```

```
def something():
    a = 15

    print('in function',a)
    print('out function',a)
```

```
in function 10
out function 10
```

```
In [17]: a = 10

def something():
    b = 15
    print('in function',b)

something()

print('out function',a)
```

```
in function 15
out function 10
```

```
In [18]: a = 10 #global var

def something():
    b = 55 # local var
    print('in function',b)
something()

print('out function',a)
```

```
in function 55
out function 10
```

```
In [19]: # if i want to define global variabel inside the function
a = 10

def something():
    global a
    b = 15 # 15 is converted to local when user assigned global a
    print('in function',b)
    print('gloabl variable', a)
something()
print('out function',a)
```

```
in function 15
gloabl variable 10
out function 10
```

```
In [20]: x = 10 # Global variable

def update_x():
    global x # Declare that we are using the global variable x
    x += 5 # Modify the global variable

update_x()
print(x) # Output: 15
```

```
15
```

```
In [21]: x = 10 # Global variable

def update_x():
    globals()['x'] += 5 # Access and modify the global variable
```

```
update_x()  
print(x) # Output: 15
```

15

```
In [22]: import keyword  
keyword.kwlist
```

```
Out[22]: ['False',  
          'None',  
          'True',  
          'and',  
          'as',  
          'assert',  
          'async',  
          'await',  
          'break',  
          'class',  
          'continue',  
          'def',  
          'del',  
          'elif',  
          'else',  
          'except',  
          'finally',  
          'for',  
          'from',  
          'global',  
          'if',  
          'import',  
          'in',  
          'is',  
          'lambda',  
          'nonlocal',  
          'not',  
          'or',  
          'pass',  
          'raise',  
          'return',  
          'try',  
          'while',  
          'with',  
          'yield']
```

```
In [36]: def count(lst):
```

```
    lst = [1,2,3,4,8,9,10]
```

```
lst
```

```
Out[36]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13]
```

```
In [31]: def count(lst):
```

```

even = 0
odd = 0

for i in lst:
    if i%2 == 0:
        even += 1
    else:
        odd +=1
return even,odd

lst = [1,2,3,4,8,9,10]
even, odd = count(lst)

print(even)
print(odd)

```

4  
3

In [32]:

```

def count(lst):

    even = 0
    odd = 0

    for i in lst:
        if i%2 == 0:
            even += 1
        else:
            odd +=1
    return even,odd

lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,11,12,13]
even,odd = count(lst)

print("Even Number: {} and odd Number : {}".format(even,odd))
#format is function belongs to string & bydefault you need to pass any parameter

```

Even Number: 6 and odd Number : 7

In [33]:

```

# in programmin we need to continue these process tharts why we need to use Loop hear

def fib(n):
    a = 0
    b = 1

    print(a)
    print(b)

    for i in range(0, n):
        c = a + b
        a = b
        b = c

        print(c)

fib(10)

```

```
0  
1  
1  
2  
3  
5  
8  
13  
21  
34  
55  
89
```

In [ ]: