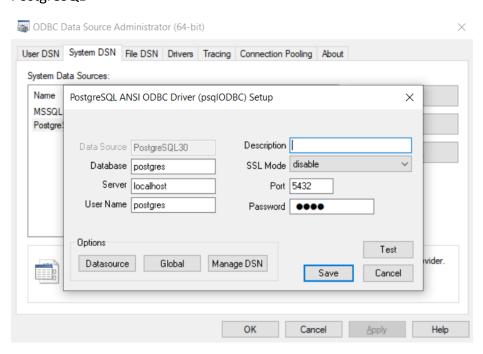
## SETTING UP THE LINKED SERVER:

I am using a heterogeneous distributed database system of one instance of MSSQL and one instance of PostgreSQL.

We begin by adding the drivers to the System DSN in the ODBC gateway.

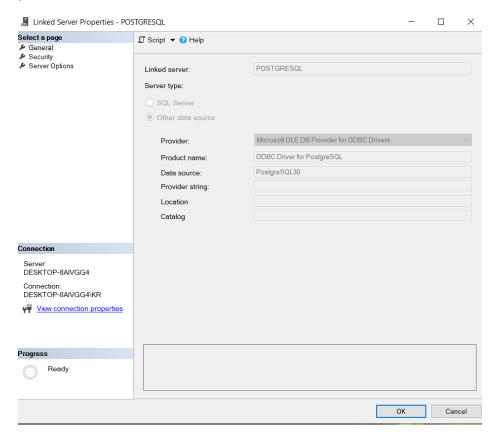
# PostgreSQL-

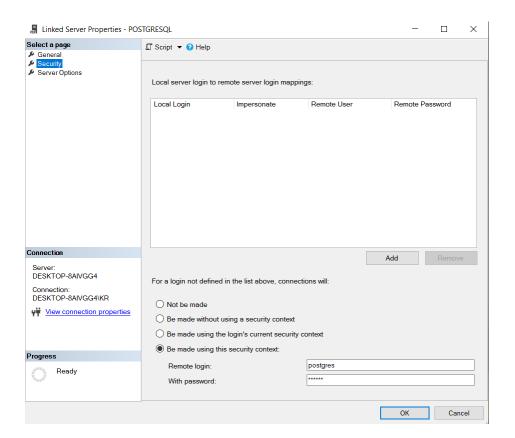


## MSSQL-



Now in MSSQL under 'Linked Servers', we create POSTGRESQL. We specify the Data Source as PostgreSQL30 (from ODBC). The security settings is set to the fourth option to login with password.





We create a table called LIKES in PostgreSQL and insert 4 rows into the table.

CREATE TABLE LIKES ( postid INT NOT NULL, likedUserId INT NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY(postId, likedUserId);

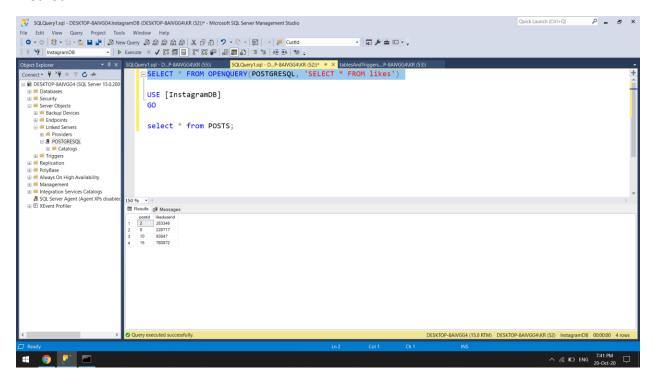
```
LINE 1: clear

postgres=# create table likes(postId int not null, likedUserId int not null, primary key(postId, likedUserId));

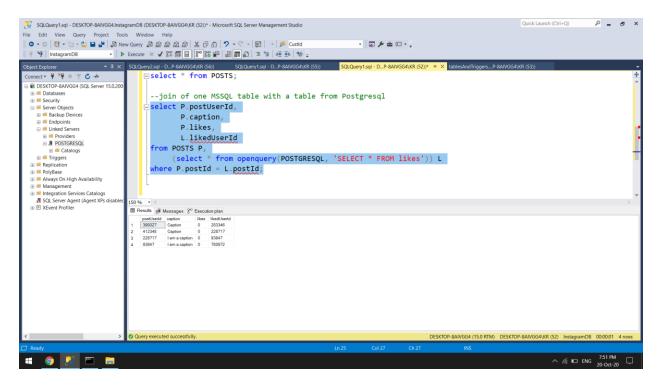
CREATE TABLE
postgres=# insert into likes values(2, 283346);
INSERT 0 1
postgres=# insert into likes values(8, 228717);
INSERT 0 1
postgres=# insert into likes values(10, 93847);
INSERT 0 1
postgres=# insert into likes values(15, 780972);
INSERT 0 1
postgres=# insert into likes values(15, 780972);
INSERT 0 1
postgres=# insert into likes values(15, 780972);
```

#### QUERYING DISTRIBUTED DATABASES:

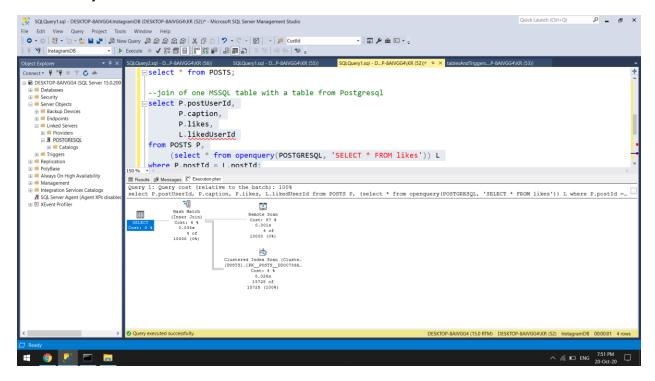
We can perform a query on the table LIKES in PostgreSQL from MSSQL using the POSTGRESQL method.



We try to execute a join operation on attributes from table POSTS which is on MSSQL and LIKES which is on PostgreSQL. See the output below.

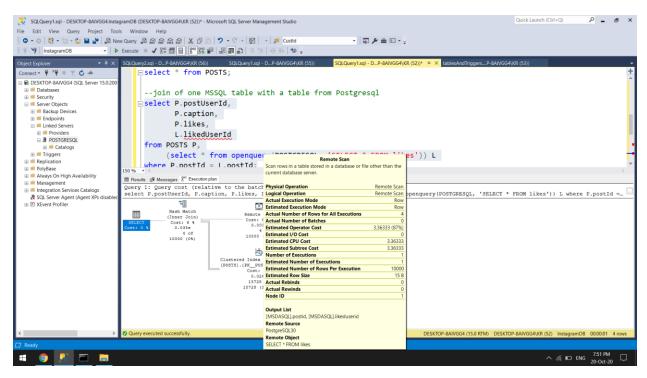


See the execution plan of the query- a clustered index scan is being performed on POSTS whereas a Remote Scan is being performed on LIKES, following which the projected attributes of both are joined.



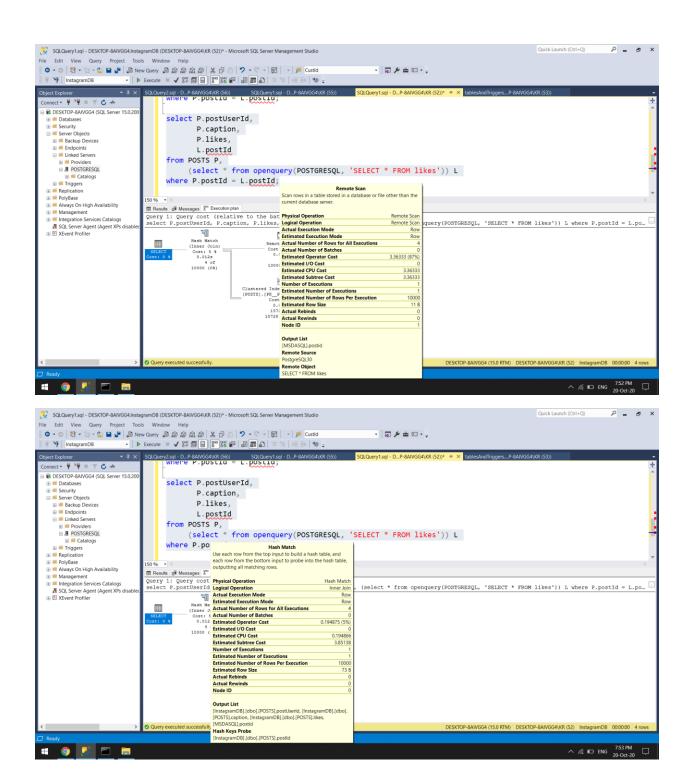
In the remote scan, we can notice two things-

- The estimated I/O cost is 0 because there is no way for MSSQL to be able to estimate the cost of scan on a table in postgresql.
- Both attributes of LIKES table are seen in the output list, because we use postId in the where condition and likedUserId in the selection list.



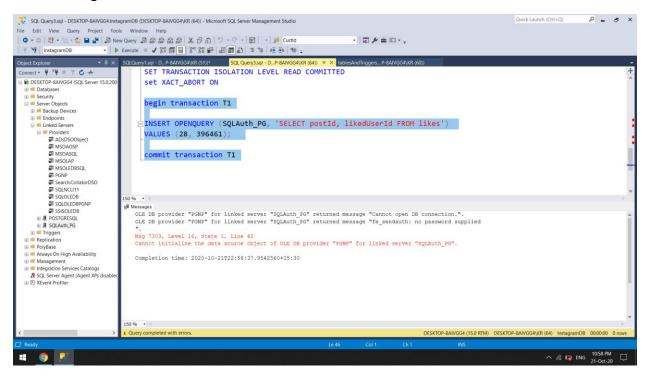
Now we try another join operation with the only difference that the selList and where condition, both, include postId from LIKES. So we do not need the likedUserId attribute from LIKES anymore. Now in the execution plan, in the remote scan on LIKES, the output list contains only postId.

However, the query compiler is not reliable in such a scenario for being able to choose the most optimum execution plan. So the developer/user who is querying the distributed database must be aware of the schema and locations of the attributes involved in a distributed database query and try to write the most optimal form of the query.

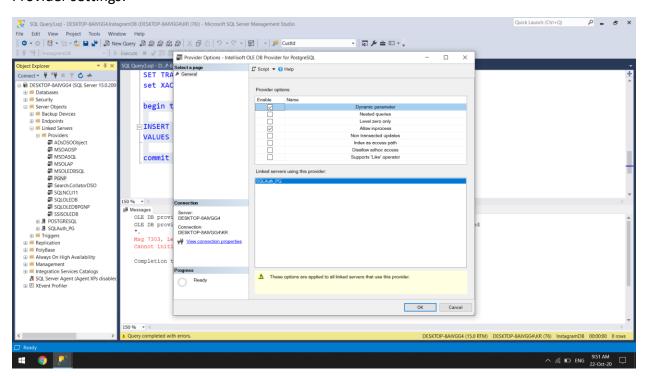


#### ERRORS IN SETTING UP DISTRIBUTED TRANSACTIONS:

#### Error message:



### Provider settings:



Linked server settings:

