VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT on

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (20CS6PEBDA)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfilment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



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Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "BIG DATA ANALYTICS" carried out by Khushil M Sindhwad(1BM19CS072), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of Big data analytics - (20CS6PEBDA) work prescribed for the said degree.

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Course Outcome

	Apply the concept of NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark for a given task	
CO1		
	Analyze the Big Data and obtain insight using data analytics mechanisms.	
CO2		
	Design and implement Big data applications by applying NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark	
CO3		

LAB 1:

I.CREATE DATABASE IN MONGODB.

> use khushiIDB

```
switched to db khushiIDB
```

db:

khushilDB

show dbs;

admin 0.000GB

config 0.000GB

local 0.000GB

II. CRUD (CREATE, READ, UPDATE, DELETE) OPERATIONS

1. To create a collection by the name "Student". Let us take a look at the collection list prior to the creation of the new collection "Student".

```
db.createCollection("Student"); => sql equivalent
CREATE TABLE STUDENT(...);
```

```
{ "ok" : 1 }
```

2.To drop a collection by the name "Student".

db.Student.drop(); 3.Create a collection by the name "Students" and store the following data in it.

```
db.Student.insert({_id:1,StudName:"MichelleJacintha",Grade:"VII",Hobbies:"InternetSurfing"});
```

```
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

4.Insert the document for "AryanDavid" in to the Students collection only if it does not already exist in the collection. However, if it is already present in the collection, then update the document with new values. (Update his Hobbies from "Skating" to "Chess".) Use "Update else insert" (if there is an existing document, it will attempt to update it, if there is no existing document then it will insert it).

```
db.Student.update({_id:3,StudName:"AryanDavid",Grade:"
VII"},{$set:{Hobbies:"Skating"}},{upsert:true});
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 0, "nUpserted" : 1, "nModified" : 0, "_id" : 3 })
```

5.FIND METHOD

A. To search for documents from the "Students" collection based on certain search criteria.

```
db.Student.find({StudName:"AryanDavid"});
({cond..},{columns.. column:1, columnname:0} )
{ "_id" : 3, "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
"Hobbies" : "Skating" }
```

B. To display only the StudName and Grade from all the documents of the Students collection. The identifier_id should be suppressed and NOT displayed.

```
db.Student.find({},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
```

```
{ "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII" } 
{ "Grade" : "VII", "StudName" : "AryanDavid" }
```

C. To find those documents where the Grade is set to 'VII'

```
db.Student.find({Grade:{$eq:'VII'}}).pretty();

{
    "_id":1,
    "StudName":"MichelleJacintha",
    "Grade":"VII",
    "Hobbies":"InternetSurfing"
}
{
    "_id":3,
    "Grade":"VII",
    "StudName":"AryanDavid",
    "Hobbies":"Skating"
```

D. To find those documents from the Students collection where the Hobbies is set to either 'Chess' or is set to 'Skating'.

```
db.Student.find({Hobbies :{ $in: ['Chess','Skating']}}).pretty ();
{
    "_id" : 3,
    "Grade" : "VII",
    "StudName" : "AryanDavid",
    "Hobbies" : "Skating"
}
```

E. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName begins with "M".

```
db.Student.find({StudName:/^M/}).pretty();
{
```

```
"_id":1,

"StudName":"MichelleJacintha",

"Grade":"VII",

"Hobbies":"InternetSurfing"
}
```

F. To find documents from the Students collection where the StudNamehas an "e" in any position.

db.Student.find({StudName:/e/}).pretty();

```
{
    "_id":1,
    "StudName": "MichelleJacintha",
    "Grade": "VII",
    "Hobbies": "InternetSurfing"
}
```

G. To find the number of documents in the Students collection.

db.Student.count();

2

H. To sort the documents from the Students collection in the descending order of StudName.

```
db.Student.find().sort({StudName:-1}).pretty();
{
    "_id":1,
    "StudName":"MichelleJacintha",
    "Grade":"VII",
    "Hobbies":"InternetSurfing"
}
```

```
{
    "_id": 3,
    "Grade": "VII",
    "StudName": "AryanDavid",
    "Hobbies": "Skating"
}
```

III. Import data from a CSV file

Given a CSV file "sample.txt" in the D:drive, import the file into the MongoDB collection, "SampleJSON". The collection is in the database "test".

mongoimport --db Student --collection airlines --type csv - headerline --file /home/hduser/Desktop/airline.csv

IV. Export data to a CSV file

This command used at the command prompt exports MongoDB JSON documents from "Customers" collection in the "test" database into a CSV file "Output.txt" in the D:drive.

mongoexport --host localhost --db Student --collection airlines --csv --out /home/hduser/Desktop/output.txt - fields "Year","Quarter"

V. Save Method:

Save() method will insert a new document, if the document with the _id does not exist. If it exists it will replace the exisiting document.

db.Student.save({StudName:"Vamsi", Grade:"VI"})

```
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
       Add a new field to existing Document:
 VI.
    db.Student.update({_id:ObjectId("625695cc7d129fb98b44c8a1")},
    {$set:{Location:"Network"}})
    WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
 VII.
       Remove the field in an existing Document
       db.Student.update({_id:ObjectId("625695cc7d129fb98b44c8a1
       ")},
    {$unset:{Location:"Network"}})
    WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
         Finding Document based on search criteria suppressing
VIII.
      few fields
      db.Student.find({_id:1},{StudName:1,Grade:1,_id:0});
    { "StudName" : "MichelleJacintha", "Grade" : "VII" }
      To find those documents where the Grade is not set to 'VII'
   db.Student.find({Grade:{$ne:'VII'}}).pretty();
    {
      "_id": ObjectId("625695cc7d129fb98b44c8a1"),
      "StudName": "Vamsi",
```

```
"Grade": "VI"
     To find documents from the Students collection where the
    StudName ends with s.
     db.Student.find({StudName:/s$/}).pretty();
     "_id": 1,
      "StudName": "MichelleJacintha",
     "Grade": "VII".
     "Hobbies": "InternetSurfing"
      to set a particular field value to NULL
IX.
   db.Student.update({_id:3},{$set:{Location:null}})
   WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
      Count the number of documents in Student Collections
X.
   db.Student.count()
   3
      Count the number of documents in Student Collections
 XI.
      with grade:VII
   db.Student.count({Grade:"VII"})
```

```
2 retrieve first 3 documents
```

```
db.Student.find({Grade:"VII"}).limit(1).pretty();
"_id": 1,
"StudName": "MichelleJacintha",
"Grade": "VII",
"Hobbies": "InternetSurfing"
Sort the document in Ascending order
db.Student.find().sort({StudName:1}).pretty();
  "_id": 3,
  "Grade": "VII",
  "StudName": "AryanDavid",
  "Hobbies": "Skating",
  "Location": null
  "_id": 1,
  "StudName": "MichelleJacintha",
  "Grade": "VII",
  "Hobbies": "InternetSurfing"
  "_id": ObjectId("625695cc7d129fb98b44c8a1"),
  "StudName": "Vamsi",
  "Grade": "VI"
```

```
Note: for desending order:
db.Students.find().sort({StudName:-
1}).pretty();
to Skip the 1<sup>st</sup> two documents from the Students Collections
db.Student.find().skip(2).pretty()
{
  "_id": ObjectId("625695cc7d129fb98b44c8a1"),
  "StudName": "Vamsi",
  "Grade": "VI"
XII. Create a collection by name "food" and add to each document
add a "fruits" array
db.food.insert( { _id:1, fruits:['grapes', 'mango', 'apple'] } )
db.food.insert( { _id:2, fruits:['grapes', 'mango', 'cherry'] } )
db.food.insert( { id:3, fruits:['banana', 'mango'] } )
{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "apple" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "cherry" ] }
{ " id" : 3, "fruits" : [ "banana", "mango" ] }
To find those documents from the "food" collection which
has the "fruits array" constitute of "grapes", "mango" and
"apple".
db.food.find ( {fruits: ['grapes', 'mango', 'apple'] } ). pretty();
{ " id": 1, "fruits": [ "grapes", "mango", "apple"] }
```

To find in "fruits" array having "mango" in the first index position.

```
db.food.find ( {"fruits.1":grapes'} )
```

To find those documents from the "food" collection where the size of the array is two.

```
db.food.find ( {"fruits": {$size:2}} )
{ "_id": 3, "fruits": [ "banana", "mango" ] }
```

To find the document with a particular id and display the first two elements from the array "fruits"

```
db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{$slice:2}})
{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango" ] }
```

To find all the documets from the food collection which have elements mango and grapes in the array "fruits"

```
db.food.find({fruits:{$all:["mango","grapes"]}})
{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "apple" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "cherry" ] }
```

update on Array: using particular id replace the element present in the 1st index position of the fruits array with apple

```
db.food.update({_id:3},{$set:{'fruits.1':'apple'}})
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
```

insert new key value pairs in the fruits array

db.food.update({_id:2},{\$push:{price:{grapes:80,mango:200,cherr y:100}}})

```
{ "_id" : 1, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "apple" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "fruits" : [ "grapes", "mango", "cherry" ], "price" : [ {
    "grapes" : 80, "mango" : 200, "cherry" : 100 } ] }
{ "_id" : 3, "fruits" : [ "banana", "apple" ] }
```

Note: perform query operations using - pop, addToSet, pullAll and pull

LAB 2:

Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra.

1. Create a key space by name Employee

```
create keyspace "Employee" with replication =
{'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1}; cqlsh>
use Employee;
```

2. Create a column family by name Employee-Info with attributes Emp_Id Primary Key, Emp_Name, Designation, Date_of_Joining, Salary, Dept Name

```
create table Employee_Info(Emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,Emp_name
text,Date_of_Joining timestamp,Salary float,Dept_Name text);
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

```
cqlsh:employee> begin batch
```

... insert into

Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_N ame) values(1,'Khushil','2021-04-23',50000,'CSE')

... insert into

Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_N
ame) values(2,'Tarun','2020-06-21',10000,'ISE')

... insert into

Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_N
ame) values(3,'Suresh','2011-02-12',30000,'ECE')

... insert into

Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_N ame) values(4,'Yuresh','2015-09-02',90000,'EEE')

... insert into

Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_N ame) values(5,'Dharmesh','2016-01-09',70000,'CSE')

... apply batch;

```
cqlsh> create keyspace Employee with replication = {'class':'SimpleStrategy
  'replication_factor':1};
cqlsh> use Employee
cqlsh:employee> create table Employee_Info(Emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,Emp_name t
ext,Date_of_Joining timestamp,Salary float,Dept_Name text);
cqlsh:employee> begin batch
                   ... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Sa
lary,Dept_Name) values(1,'Nithin','2021-04-23',50000,'CSE')
... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_Name) values(2,'Tarun','2020-06-21',10000,'ISE')
alary, Dept_Name) values(2, Tarun, 2020-06-21, 10000, 152)
... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id, Emp_name, Date_of_Joining, S
alary, Dept_Name) values(3, 'Suresh', '2011-02-12', 30000, 'ECE')
... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id, Emp_name, Date_of_Joining, S
alary, Dept_Name) values(4, 'Yuresh', '2015-09-02', 90000, 'EEE')
... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id, Emp_name, Date_of_Joining, S
alary, Dept_Name) values(5, 'Dharmesh', '2016-01-09', 70000, 'CSE')
                   ... apply batch;
cqlsh:employee> select * from Employee_info;
 emp_id | date_of_joining
                                                                   dept_name emp_name salary
         5 2016-01-09 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                               CSE
                                                                                         Dharmesh
                                                                                                            70000
               2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                               CSE
                                                                                            Nithin
                                                                                                            50000
               2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                               ISE
                                                                                                            10000
                                                                                             Tarun
            2015-09-02 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                               EEE
                                                                                            Yuresh
                                                                                                            90000
             2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                               ECE
                                                                                            Suresh
                                                                                                            30000
```

- Update Employee name and Department of Emp-Id 1 update employee_info set Dept_Name='Mech',emp_name='Sreekar' where emp_id=1;
- 5. cqlsh:employee> select * from employee info;

```
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
 emp_id | date_of_joining
                                         dept_name emp_name salary
      5 2016-01-09 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                 CSE
                                                      Dharmesh
                                                                  70000
                                                Mech
      1 2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                        Sreekar
                                                                  50000
      2 2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                 ISE
                                                         Tarun
                                                                  10000
      4 2015-09-02 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                 EEE
                                                        Yuresh
                                                                  90000
                                                                  30000
      3 | 2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                 ECE
                                                        Suresh
(5 rows)
```

6. Sort the details of Employee records based on salary

```
cglsh:employee> begin batch
            ... insert into Employee_information(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joi
ning, Salary, Dept_Name) values(1,'Nithin','2021-04-23',50000,'CSE')
            ... insert into Employee_information(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joi
ning, Salary, Dept_Name) values(2, 'Tarun', '2020-06-21', 10000, 'ISE')
            ... insert into Employee_information(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joi
ning, Salary, Dept_Name) values(3, 'Suresh', '2011-02-12', 30000, 'ECE')
            ... apply batch;
cqlsh:employee> select * from Employee_information;
 emp_id salary date_of_joining
                                                   dept_name emp_name
      1 50000 2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                   Nithin
                                                           CSE
      2 10000 2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                           ISE
                                                                    Tarun
      3 30000 2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                           ECE
                                                                   Suresh
(3 rows)
cqlsh:employee> describe Employee_information;
CREATE TABLE employee.employee_information (
    emp_id int,
    salary float,
    date_of_joining timestamp,
    dept_name text,
    emp_name text,
    PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, salary)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (salary ASC)
```

cqlsh:employee> select * from Employee_information where emp_id in (1,2,3) order by Salary;

```
cqlsh:employee> paging off
Disabled Query paging.
cqlsh:employee> select * from Employee_information where emp_id in (1,2,3) o
rder by Salary;
emp_id | salary | date_of_joining
                                                  dept_name emp_name
          10000 2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
     2 |
                                                          ISE
                                                                   Tarun
          30000 2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                          ECE
     3
                                                                  Suresh
          50000 | 2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                          CSE I
                                                                  Nithin
(3 rows)
```

7. Alter the schema of the table Employee_Info to add a column Projects which stores a set of Projects done by the corresponding Employee.

cqlsh:employee> alter table employee_info add projects set<text>;

8. Update the altered table to add project names. cqlsh:employee> update employee_info set projects=projects+{'project1','project2','project3'} where emp_id=1;



8 Create a TTL of 15 seconds to display the values of Employees.

```
... insert into Employee_Info(Emp_id,Emp_name,Date_of_Joining,Salary,Dept_Name) values(6,'Rahul','2021-05-03',10000,'ISE') USING TTL 15;
... apply batch;
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
 emp_id | date_of_joining
                                                 dept_name | emp_name | projects
                                                                                                                         salary
      5 | 2016-01-09 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                                                                            70000
                                                          CSE
                                                                Dharmesh
                                                                             {'project1', 'project2', 'project3'}
{'project4', 'project5'}
      1 | 2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                         Mech
                                                                                                                            50000
10000
                                                                  Sreekar
      2 | 2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                          ISE
                                                                    Tarun
      4 | 2015-09-02 00:00:00.000000+0000
6 | 2021-05-03 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                          EEE
                                                                   Yuresh
                                                                                                                            90000
                                                                                                                            10000
                                                          ISE
                                                                    Rahul
      3 2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                   Suresh
                                                                                                                            30000
(6 rows)
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
   p_id | date_of_joining
                                                 | dept_name | emp_name | projects
           2016-01-09 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                 Dharmesh
                                                                              {'project1', 'project2', 'project3'}
{'project4', 'project5'}
           2021-04-23 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                         Mech
                                                                  Sreekar
                                                                                                                            50000
      2 | 2020-06-21 00:00:00.000000+0000
4 | 2015-09-02 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                                                                            10000
90000
                                                          ISE
                                                                    Tarun
                                                          EEE
                                                                   Yuresh
       3 | 2011-02-12 00:00:00.000000+0000
                                                                   Suresh
                                                                                                                            30000
(5 rows)
```

LAB 3:

1.Create a key space by name Library

```
cqlsh> create keyspace Library WITH REPLICATION = {'class' : 'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor' :
1};
cqlsh> use Library;
```

2.Create a column family by name Library-Info with attributes Stud_Id Primary Key, Counter_value of type Counter,

```
cqlsh:llbrary> create table Library_info(Stud_id int,Counter_value counter,Stud_Name varchar,Book_name
e varchar,Book_id int,Date_of_issue date,primary key(Stud_id,Stud_name,Book_name,Book_id,Date_of_issue));
e));
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

```
cqish:itorary> update itorary_info set counter_value = counter_value + 1 where Stud_id = 1 AND Stud_h
ane = 'naman' AND Book_name='abc' AND Book_id = 123 AND Date_of_issue = '2022-05-04';
```

4. Display the details of the table created and increase the value of the counter

5. Write a query to show that a student with id 112 has taken a book "BDA" 2 times.

```
cqlsh:llbrary> select counter_value as borrow_count from llbrary_lnfo where stud_ld=1 AND book_ld=123

borrow_count
2
```

6.Export the created column to a csv file

```
cqlsh:library> COPY library.library_info (Stud_id,Book_id,Counter_value,Stud_name,Book_name,Date_of_i
ssue) TO '/home/bmsce/CASSANDRA-NAMAN/data.csv' WITH HEADER = TRUE;
Using 11 child processes

Starting copy of library.library_info with columns [stud_id, book_id, counter_value, stud_name, book_
name, date_of_issue].

Processed: 1 rows; Rate: 6 rows/s; Avg. rate: 6 rows/s
1 rows exported to 1 files in 0.176 seconds.
```

7.Import a given csv dataset from local file system into Cassandra column family

```
cqlsh:llbrary> COPY llbrary.llbrary_info (Stud_id,Book_id,Counter_value,Stud_name,Book_name,Date_of_i
ssue) FROM '/hone/bmsce/CASSANDRA-NAMAN/data.csv' WITH HEADER = TRUE;
Using 11 child processes

Starting copy of library.library_info with columns [stud_id, book_id, counter_value, stud_name, book_
name, date_of_issue}.

Processed: 1 rows; Rate: 2 rows/s; Avg. rate: 3 rows/s
1 rows imported_from 1 files in 8.379 seconds (8 skipped).
```