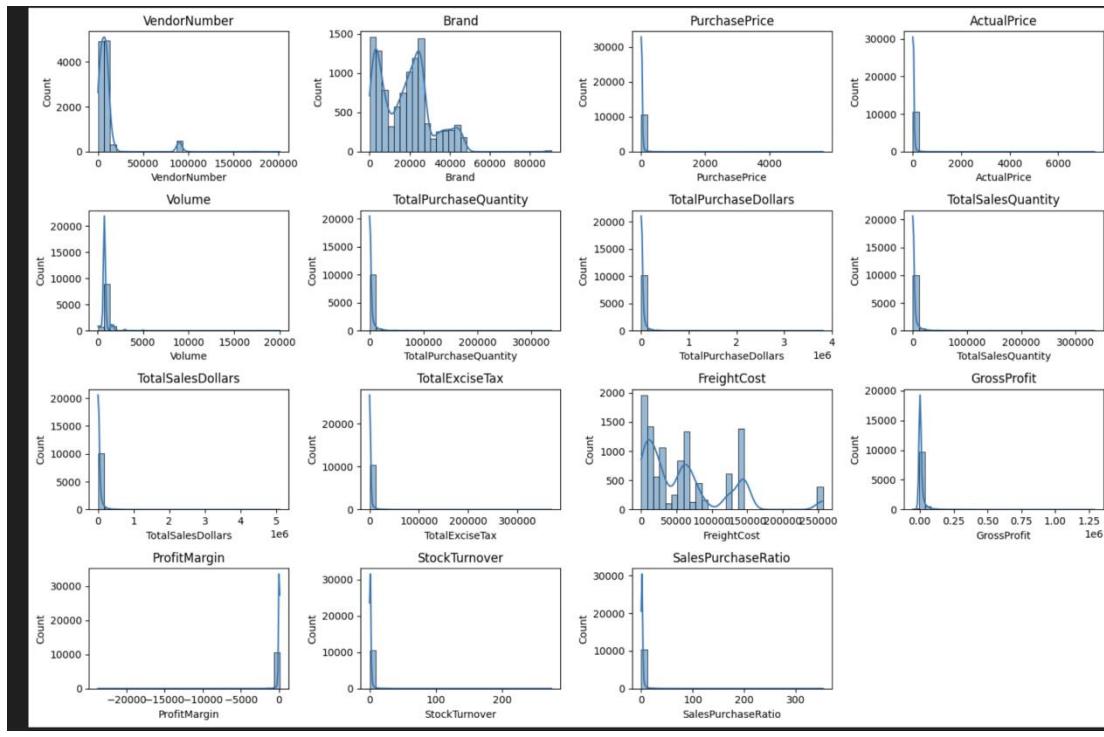


Exploratory Data Analysis Insights

Summary Statistics

```
#Summary Statistics  
df.describe().T
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
VendorNumber	10692.0	10650.649458	18753.519148	2.000000	3951.000000	7153.000000	9552.000000	2.013590e+05
Brand	10692.0	18039.228769	12662.187074	58.000000	5793.500000	18761.500000	25514.250000	9.063100e+04
PurchasePrice	10692.0	24.385303	109.269375	0.360000	6.840000	10.455000	19.482500	5.681810e+03
ActualPrice	10692.0	35.643671	148.246016	0.490000	10.990000	15.990000	28.990000	7.499990e+03
Volume	10692.0	847.360550	664.309212	50.000000	750.000000	750.000000	750.000000	2.000000e+04
TotalPurchaseQuantity	10692.0	3140.886831	11095.086769	1.000000	36.000000	262.000000	1975.750000	3.376600e+05
TotalPurchaseDollars	10692.0	30106.693372	123067.799627	0.710000	453.457500	3655.465000	20738.245000	3.811252e+06
TotalSalesQuantity	10692.0	3077.482136	10952.851391	0.000000	33.000000	261.000000	1929.250000	3.349390e+05
TotalSalesDollars	10692.0	42239.074419	167655.265984	0.000000	729.220000	5298.045000	28396.915000	5.101920e+06
TotalExciseTax	10692.0	1774.226259	10975.582240	0.000000	4.800000	46.570000	418.650000	3.682428e+05
FreightCost	10692.0	61433.763214	60938.458032	0.090000	14069.870000	50293.620000	79528.990000	2.570321e+05
GrossProfit	10692.0	12132.381048	46224.337964	-52002.780000	52.920000	1399.640000	8660.200000	1.290668e+06
ProfitMargin	10692.0	-15.620770	443.555329	-23730.638953	13.324515	30.405457	39.956135	9.971666e+01
StockTurnover	10692.0	1.706793	6.020460	0.000000	0.807229	0.981529	1.039342	2.745000e+02
SalesPurchaseRatio	10692.0	2.504390	8.459067	0.000000	1.153729	1.436894	1.665449	3.529286e+02



Negative & Zero Values:

- **Gross Profit:** Minimum value is -52,002.78, indicating losses. Some products or transactions may be selling at a loss due to high costs or selling at discounts lower than the purchase price..
- **Profit Margin:** Has a minimum of $-\infty$, which suggests cases where revenue is zero or even lower than costs.
- **Total Sales Quantity & Sales Dollars:** Minimum values are 0, meaning some products were purchased but never sold. These could be slow-moving or obsolete stock.

Outliers Indicated by High Standard Deviations:

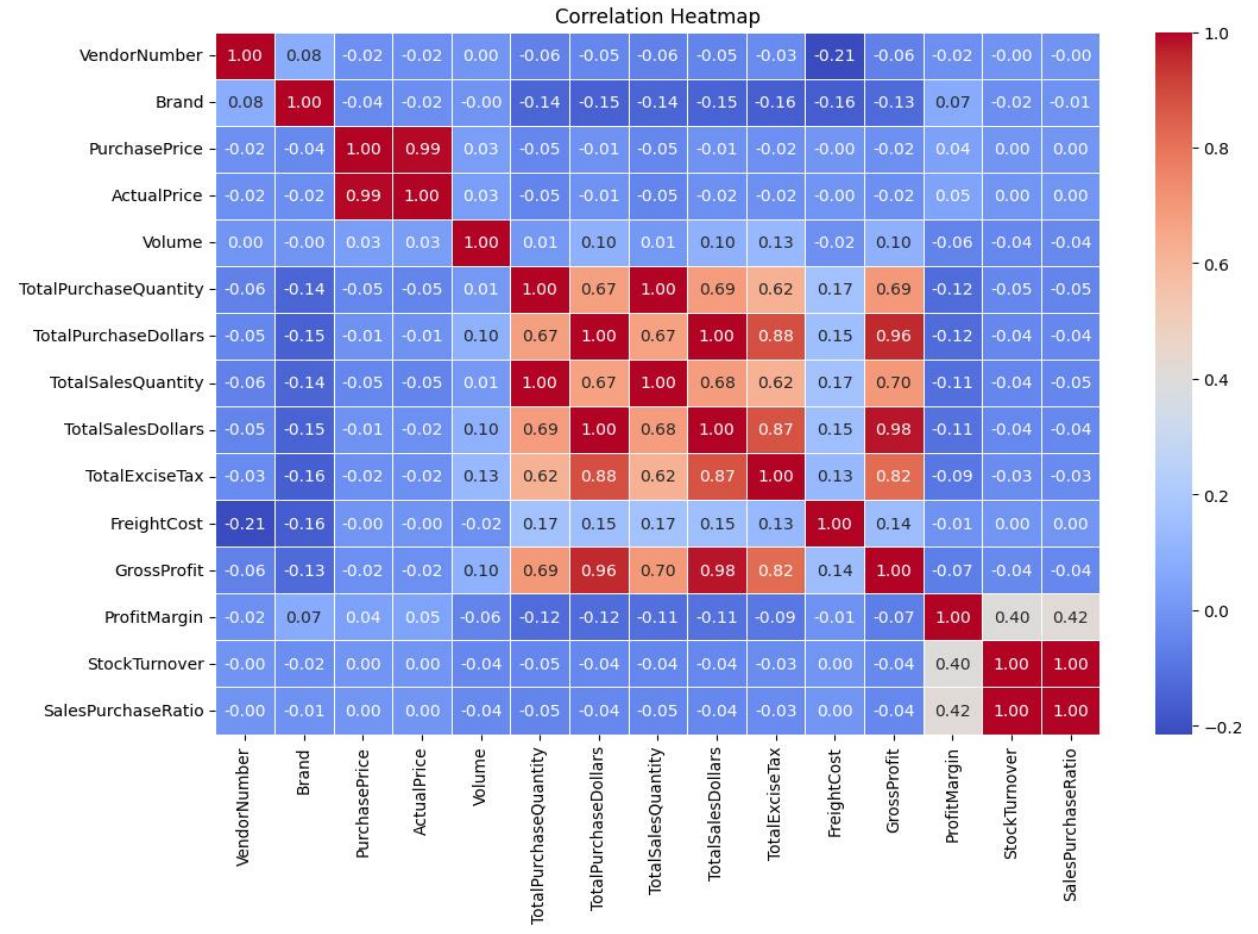
- **Purchase & Actual Prices:** The max values (5,681.81 & 7,499.99) are significantly higher than the mean (24.39 & 35.64), indicating potential premium products.
- **Freight Cost:** Huge variation, from 0.09 to 257,032.07, suggests logistics inefficiencies or bulk shipments.
- **Stock Turnover:** Ranges from 0 to 274.5, implying some products sell extremely fast while others remain in stock indefinitely. Value more than 1 indicates that Sold quantity for that product is higher than purchased quantity due to either sales are being fulfilled from older stock.

Data Filtering

To enhance the reliability of the insights, we removed inconsistent data points where:

- Gross Profit ≤ 0 (to exclude transactions leading to losses).
- Profit Margin ≤ 0 (to ensure analysis focuses on profitable transactions).
- Total Sales Quantity = 0 (to eliminate inventory that was never sold).

Correlation Insights



Purchase Price vs. Total Sales Dollars & Gross Profit: Weak correlation (-0.012 and -0.016), indicating that price variations do not significantly impact sales revenue or profit.

Total Purchase Quantity vs. Total Sales Quantity: Strong correlation(0.999), confirming efficient inventory turnover.

Profit Margin vs. Total Sales Price: Negative correlation (-0.179), suggesting increasing sales prices may lead to reduced margins, possibly due to competitive pricing pressures.

Stock Turnover vs. Gross Profit & Profit Margin:

Weak negative correlation (-0.038 & -0.055), indicating that faster stock turnover does not necessarily equate to higher profitability.

Research Questions & Key Findings

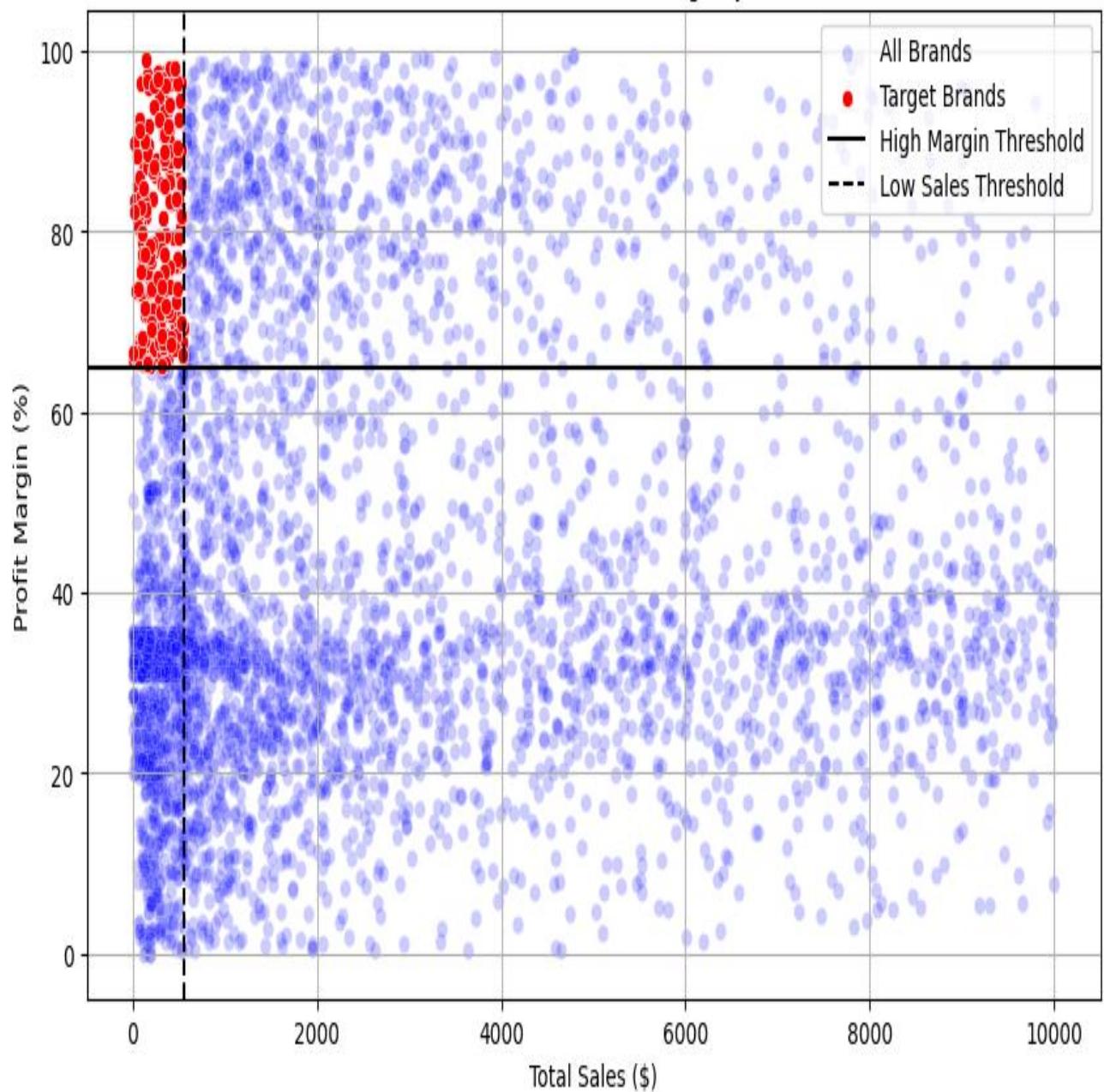
1.Brands for Promotional or Pricing Adjustments

Brands with Low Sales but High Profit Margins:				
	Description	TotalSalesDollars	ProfitMargin	
6199	Santa Rita Organic Svgn Bl	9.99	66.466466	
2369	Debauchery Pnt Nr	11.58	65.975820	
2070	Concannon Glen Ellen Wh Zin	15.95	83.448276	
2188	Crown Royal Apple	27.86	89.806174	
6237	Sauza Sprklg Wild Berry Marg	27.96	82.153076	
...
5074	Nanbu Bijin Southern Beauty	535.68	76.747312	
2271	Dad's Hat Rye Whiskey	538.89	81.851584	
57	A Bichot Clos Marechaudes	539.94	67.740860	
6245	Sbragia Home Ranch Merlot	549.75	66.444748	
3326	Goulee Cos d'Estournel 10	558.87	69.434752	

198 rows x 3 columns

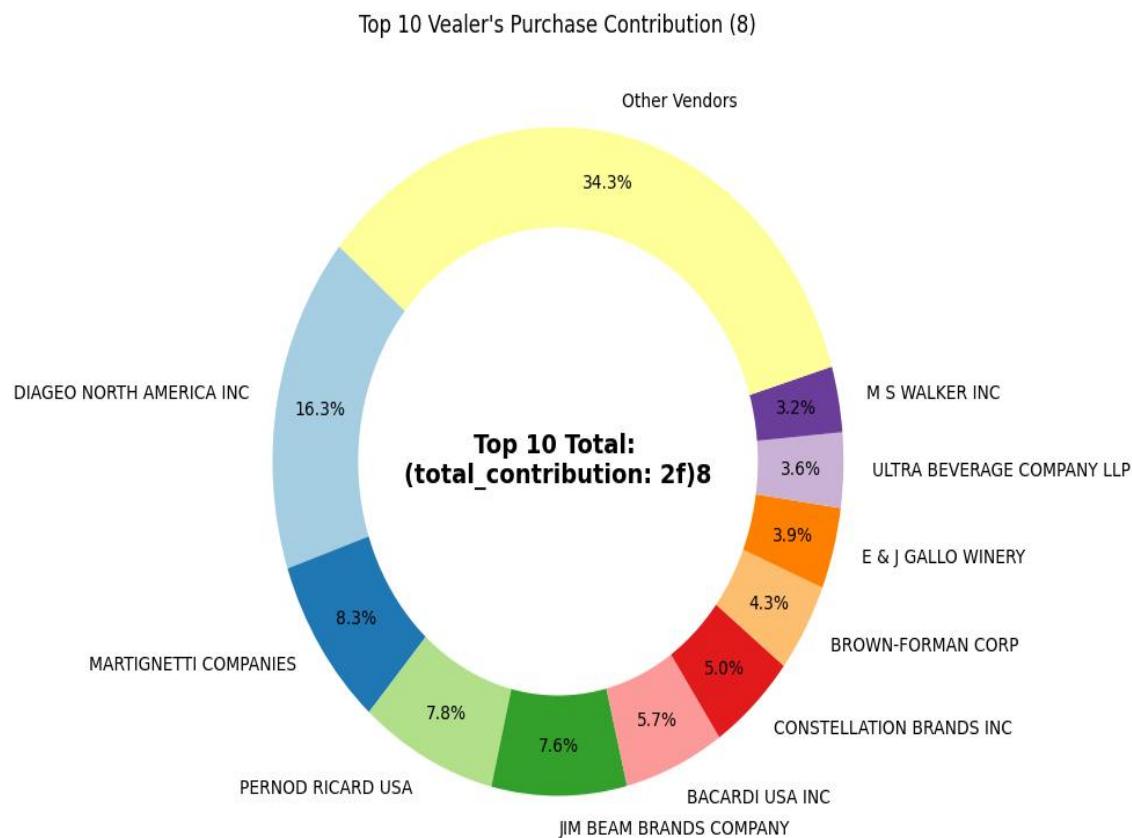
198 brands exhibit lower sales but higher profit margins, which could benefit from targeted marketing, promotions, or price optimizations to increase volume without compromising profitability.

Brands for Promotional or Pricing Adjustments



2. Top Vendors by Sales & Purchase Contribution

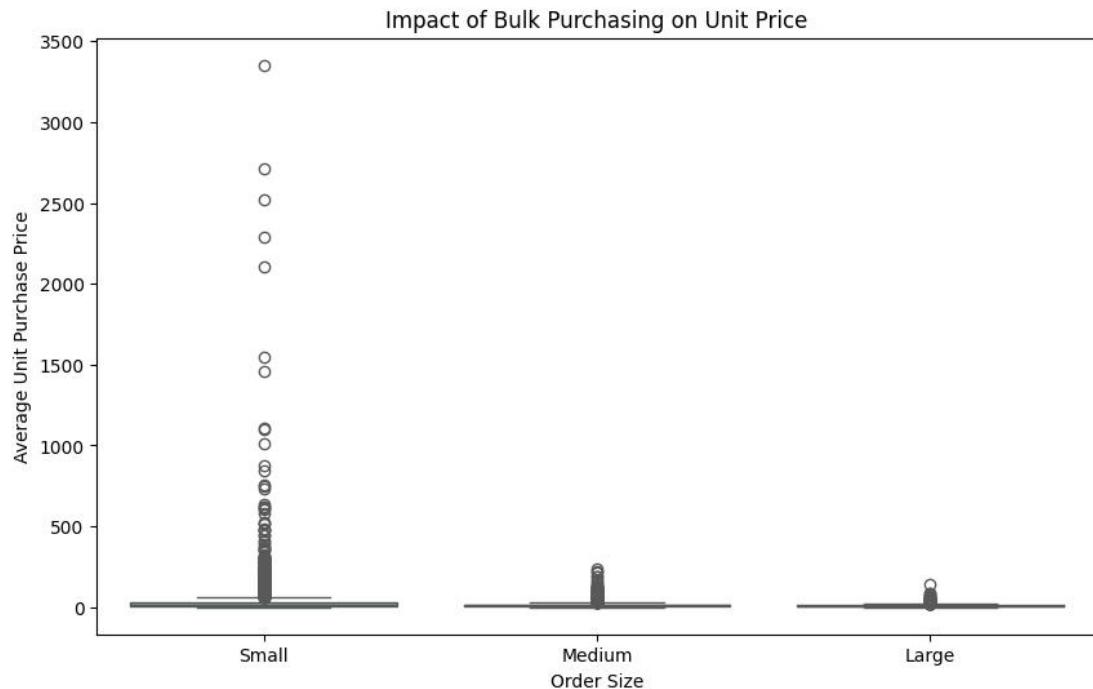
The top 10 vendors contribute 65.69% of total purchases, while the remaining vendors contribute only 34.31%. This over-reliance on a few vendors may introduce risks such as supply chain disruptions, indicating a need for diversification.



3. Impact of Bulk Purchasing on Cost Savings

Vendors buying in large quantities receive a 72% lower unit cost (\$10.78 per unit vs. higher unit costs in smaller orders). Bulk pricing strategies encourage larger orders, increasing total sales while maintaining profitability.

Order Size	Purchase Price
Small	39.057543
Medium	15.486414
Large	10.777625



4. Identifying Vendors with Low Inventory Turnover

Total Unsold Inventory Capital: \$2.71M

Slow-moving inventory increases storage costs, reduces cash flow efficiency, and affects overall profitability.

Identifying vendors with low inventory turnover enables better stock management, minimizing financial strain.

	StockTurnover
	VendorName
ALISA CARR BEVERAGES	0.615385
HIGHLAND WINE MERCHANTS LLC	0.708333
PARK STREET IMPORTS LLC	0.751306
Circa Wines	0.755676
Dunn Wine Brokers	0.766022
CENTEUR IMPORTS LLC	0.773953
SMOKY QUARTZ DISTILLERY LLC	0.783835
TAMWORTH DISTILLING	0.797078
THE IMPORTED GRAPE LLC	0.807569
WALPOLE MTN VIEW WINERY	0.820548

	VendorName	UnsoldInventoryValue
25	DIAGEO NORTH AMERICA INC	722.209050K
46	JIM BEAM BRANDS COMPANY	554.665630K
68	PERNOD RICARD USA	470.625610K
116	WILLIAM GRANT & SONS INC	401.960830K
30	E & J GALLO WINERY	228.282610K
79	SAZERAC CO INC	198.436410K
11	BROWN-FORMAN CORP	177.733740K
20	CONSTELLATION BRANDS INC	133.617620K
61	MOET HENNESSY USA INC	126.477700K
77	REMY COINTREAU USA INC	118.598150K

5. Profit Margin Comparison: High vs. Low-Performing

Top Vendors' Profit Margin (95% CI): (30.74%, 31.61%), Mean: 31.17%

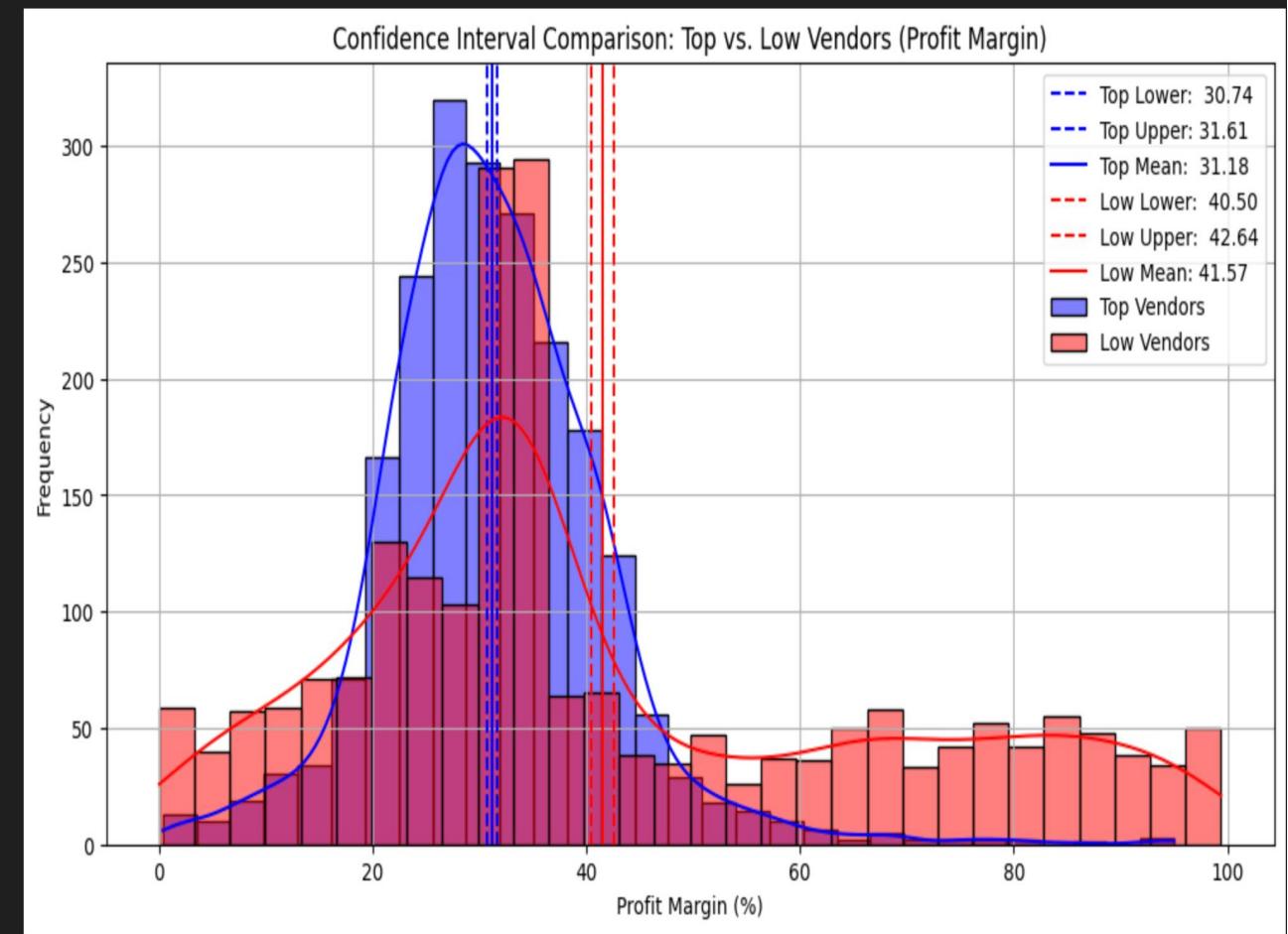
Low Vendors' Profit Margin (95% CI): (40.48%, 42.62%), Mean: 41.55%

Low-performing vendors maintain higher margins but struggle with sales volumes, indicating potential pricing inefficiencies or market reach issues.

Actionable Insights:

- **Top-performing vendors:** Optimize profitability by adjusting pricing, reducing operational costs, or offering bundled promotions.
- **Low-performing vendors:** Improve marketing efforts, optimize pricing strategies, and enhance distribution networks.

Top Vendors 95% CI: (30.74, 31.61), Mean: 31.18
Low Vendors 95% CI: (40.50, 42.64), Mean: 41.57



6. Statistical Validation of Profit Margin Differences

Hypothesis Testing:

Ho (Null Hypothesis): No significant difference in profit margins between top and low-performing vendors.

H_a (Alternative Hypothesis): A significant difference exists in profit margins between the two vendor groups.

Result: The null hypothesis is rejected, confirming that the two groups operate under distinctly different profitability models.

Implication: High-margin vendors may benefit from better pricing strategies, while top-selling vendors could focus on cost efficiency.

Final Recommendations

- Re-evaluate pricing for low-sales, high-margin brands to boost sales volume without sacrificing profitability.
- Diversify vendor partnerships to reduce dependency on a few suppliers and mitigate supply chain risks.
- Leverage bulk purchasing advantages to maintain competitive pricing while optimizing inventory management.
- Optimize slow-moving inventory by adjusting purchase quantities, launching clearance sales, or revising storage strategies.
- Enhance marketing and distribution strategies for low-performing vendors to drive higher sales volumes without compromising profit margins.
- By implementing these recommendations, the company can achieve sustainable profitability, mitigate risks, and enhance overall operational efficiency.