Setting up predictive analytics services with Palladium

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Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Architecture
- 3 Example: Setting up a classification service
- 4 Deployment with Docker and Mesos / Marathon
- 5 Summary



Motivation & History

Palladium emerged from a project for parcel delivery time prediction for Hermes

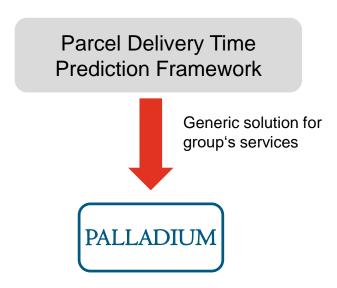
- Frequent development of predictive analytics prototypes (R, Python, ...)
- Partly reimplementation to set up operational applications
- A great stack of data analysis and machine learning packages exist for Python (numpy, scipy, pandas, scikit-learn, ...)

Requirements Predictive Analytics

- Reduce transition time from prototypes to operational systems
- High scalability
- Provide reliable predictive services



- Avoid expenses for licenses
- Faster start of projects, avoid re-implementation of same functionality

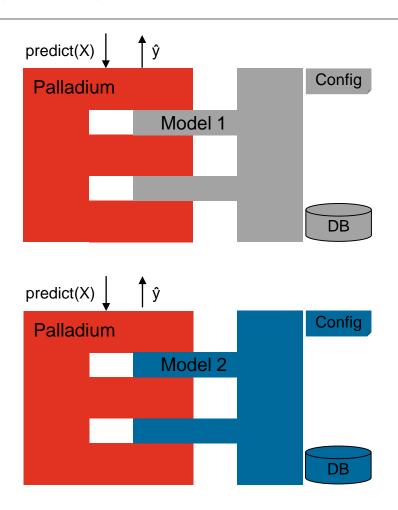




What is Palladium?

Framework for fitting, evaluating, saving, deploying and using (predictive) models

- Unified model management (Python, R, Julia)
 Palladium allows fitting, storing, loading, distributing, versioning of models; metadata management; using scikit-learn's interfaces
- Generation of operative predictive services
 Provisioning of models as web services
- Flexibility
 It is possible to quickly set up new services via configuration and interfaces
- Automated update
 Update of a service's data / models in configurable intervals
- Scalability
 Easy distribution and scalability of predictive services via Docker containers and integration to load balancer



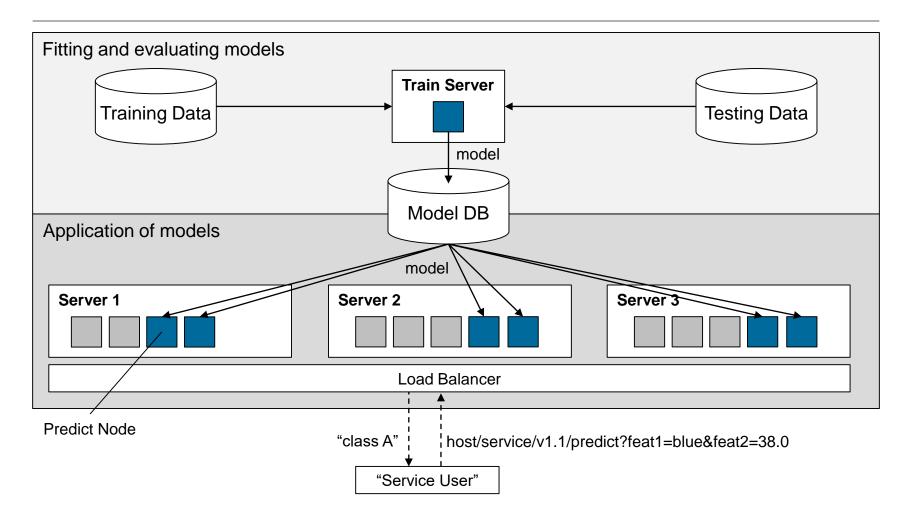


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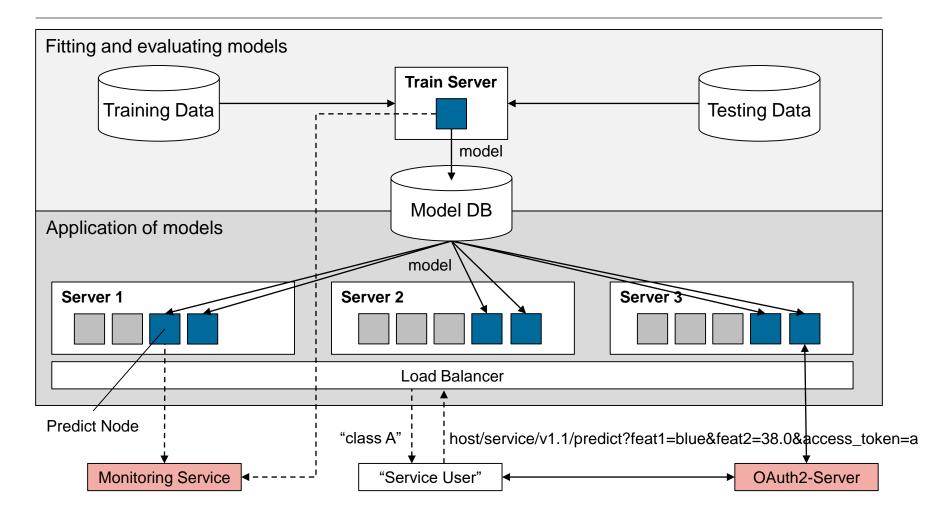


Architecture



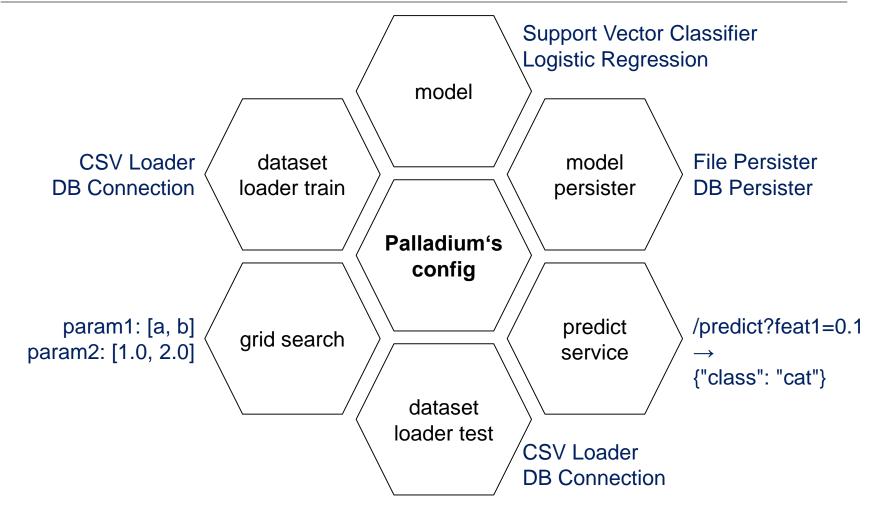
Architecture

Flexible integration of Authentication, Logging and Monitoring





Flexible Structure via Interfaces



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Example: Iris Classification



```
sepal length:
               5.2
               3.5
sepal width:
               1.5
petal length:
petal width:
               0.2
```



Iris-setosa Iris-versicolor Iris-virginica



Training & test data

```
5.2,3.5,1.5,0.2, Iris-setosa
4.3,3.0,1.1,0.1, Iris-setosa
5.6,3.0,4.5,1.5, Iris-versicolor
6.3,3.3,6.0,2.5, Iris-virginica
5.1,3.8,1.5,0.3, Iris-setosa
```

```
http://localhost:5000/predict?
sepal length=5.2&sepal width=3.5&
petal length=1.5&petal width=0.2
       {"result": "Iris-virginica",
        "metadata": {
           "service name": "iris",
           "service version": "0.1",
           "error code": 0,
           "status": "OK"}}
```

Palladium Predict Server



Configuration and Corresponding Classes

```
'dataset loader train': {...},
'dataset loader test': {...},
'model': { . . . } ,
'grid search': {...},
'model persister': {...},
'predict service': {...},
```

DatasetLoader

DatasetLoader

Model (→sklearn.base.BaseEstimator)

sklearn.grid_search.GridSearchCV

ModelPersister

PredictService



```
'dataset_loader_train': {...},

'dataset_loader_test': {...},

'model': {...},

'grid_search': {...},

'model_persister': {...},

'predict_service': {...},
```

```
'__factory__':
    'palladium.dataset.Table',
    'path': 'iris.data',
    'names': [
        'sepal length',
        'sepal width',
        'petal length',
        'petal width',
        'species',
        ',
        'target_column': 'species',
        'sep': ',',
        'nrows': 100,
```

```
'dataset_loader_train': {...},

'dataset_loader_test': {...},

'model': {...},

'grid_search': {...},

'model_persister': {...},

'predict_service': {...},
```

```
'__factory__':
    'palladium.dataset.Table',
    'path': 'iris.data',
    'names': [
        'sepal length',
        'sepal width',
        'petal length',
        'petal width',
        'species',
],
    'target_column': 'species',
    'sep': ',',
    'skiprows': 100,
```

```
'dataset_loader_train': {...},

'dataset_loader_test': {...},

'model': {...},

'grid_search': {...},

'model_persister': {...},

'predict_service': {...},
```

```
'__factory__':
    'sklearn.tree.
    DecisionTreeClassifier',
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
```

```
'dataset loader train': {...},
'dataset loader test': {...},
'model': {...},
'grid search': {...},
'model persister': {...},
'predict_service': {...},
```

```
'param grid': {
    'min samples leaf':
        [1, 2, 3],
},
'verbose': 4,
'n jobs': -1,
```

```
'dataset loader train': {...},
'dataset loader test': {...},
'model': {...},
'grid search': {...},
'model persister': {...},
'predict service': {...},
```

```
'_factory__':
    'palladium.persistence.File',
'path':
    'iris-model-{version}',
```

```
'dataset_loader_train': {...},

'dataset_loader_test': {...},

'model': {...},

'grid_search': {...},

'model_persister': {...},

'predict_service': {...},
```

```
'__factory__':
    'palladium.server.
    PredictService',
'mapping': [
        ('sepal length', 'float'),
        ('sepal width', 'float'),
        ('petal length', 'float'),
        ('petal width', 'float'),
        ('petal width', 'float'),
        ],
```

Fitting and Testing Models

- Script for fitting models: pld-fit
 - Loads training data
 - Fits model (using specified estimator)
 - Stores model + metadata
- Option to evaluate model on validation set (--evaluate)

```
INFO:palladium:Loading data...
INFO:palladium:Loading data done in 0.010 sec.
INFO:palladium:Fitting model...
INFO:palladium: Fitting model done in 0.001 sec.
INFO:palladium:Writing model...
INFO:palladium: Writing model done in 0.039 sec.
INFO:palladium: Wrote model with version 8.
```

Fitting and Testing Models

- Script for testing different parameters: pld-grid-search
 - Loads training data
 - Splits training data in folds (cross validation)
 - Creates runs for all parameter-fold combinations
 - Reports results for different settings

```
INFO:palladium:Loading data...
INFO:palladium:Loading data done in 0.004 sec.
INFO:palladium:Running grid search...
Fitting 3 folds for each of 3 candidates, totalling 9 fits
...
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 9 out of 9 | elapsed: 0.1s finished
INFO:palladium:Running grid search done in 0.041 sec.
INFO:palladium:
[mean: 0.93000, std: 0.03827, params: {'min_samples_leaf': 2},
    mean: 0.92000, std: 0.02902, params: {'min_samples_leaf': 1},
    mean: 0.92000, std: 0.02902, params: {'min_samples_leaf': 3}]
```

Fitting and Testing Models

- Script for testing models: pld-test
 - Loads test data
 - Applies model to test data
 - Reports results (e.g., accuracy)

```
INFO:palladium:Loading data...
INFO:palladium:Loading data done in 0.003 sec.
INFO:palladium:Reading model...
INFO:palladium:Reading model done in 0.000 sec.
INFO:palladium:Applying model...
INFO:palladium:Applying model done in 0.001 sec.
INFO:palladium:Score: 0.92.
```

Deploying and Applying Models

- Built-in script for providing models: pld-devserver
 - Using Flask's web server
- Recommended to use WSGI container / web server, e.g., gunicorn / nginx
- Predict server
 - Loads model (model persister)
 - Schedule for model updates
 - Provides web service entry points ("predict", "alive")

/alive

/predict

Testing Service Overhead (1 CPU)

Including prediction of Iris model; using Flask's develop server

```
ab -n 1000
"http://localhost:4999/predict?sepal%20length=5.2&sepal%20width=
3.5&petal%20length=1.5&petal%20width=0.2"
```

Time taken for tests: 1.217 seconds

Complete requests: 1000 Failed requests: 0

Total transferred: 273000 bytes HTML transferred: 112000 bytes

Requests per second: 821.82 [#/sec] (mean)

Time per request: 1.217 [ms] (mean)

Time per request: 1.217 [ms] (mean, across all concurrent

requests)

Transfer rate: 219.10 [Kbytes/sec] received

(Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2667 0 @ 2.90GHz)



Extensions

- Dynamic instantiation of objects (not only for provided interfaces)
 - "__factory__" entries are instantiated on config initialization (using resolve_dotted_name) and can be accessed via get_config()['name']
 - Parameters are passed to constructor

```
'model': {
    '__factory__': 'sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier',
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
    },
```

- Extension using decorators
 - A list of decorators can be set to wrap different calls (predict, fit, update model)
 - Can be used, e.g., for authentication or monitoring of "predict" calls

```
'predict_decorators': [
    'my_oauth2.authorization',
    'my_monitoring.log',
],
```

Extensions (2)

- Own implementation of PredictService can be set in config, e.g., to adapt response format or to define own way how sample is created from request
- Here we add a prediction_id to the response:

```
class MyPredictService (PredictService):
    def response_from_prediction(self, y_pred, single=True):
        result = y_pred.tolist()
        metadata = get_metadata()
        metadata.update({'prediction_id': str(uuid.uuid1())})

    if single:
        result = result[0]
    response = {
        'metadata': metadata,
        'result': result,
        }
    return make_ujson_response(response, status_code=200)
```

Agenda

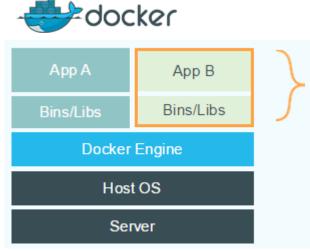
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Docker, Mesos & Marathon

- Docker is a platform for the creation, distribution, and execution of applications
- Lightweight environment
- Easy combination of components
- Self-contained container including dependencies
- Docker registry for deployment

- Cluster framework Mesos provides resources, encapsulating details about used hardware
- High scalability and robustness
- Marathon (Mesosphere): Framework to launch and monitor services; used in combination with Mesos



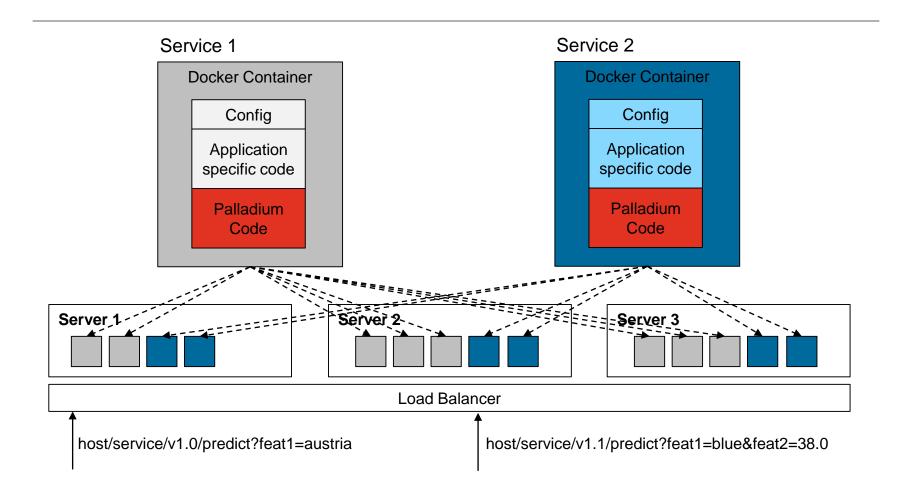
Source: https://www.docker.com/whatisdocker/



Sources: http://mesos.apache.org/ https://mesosphere.github.io/marathon/



Containers for and Deployment of Palladium Instances



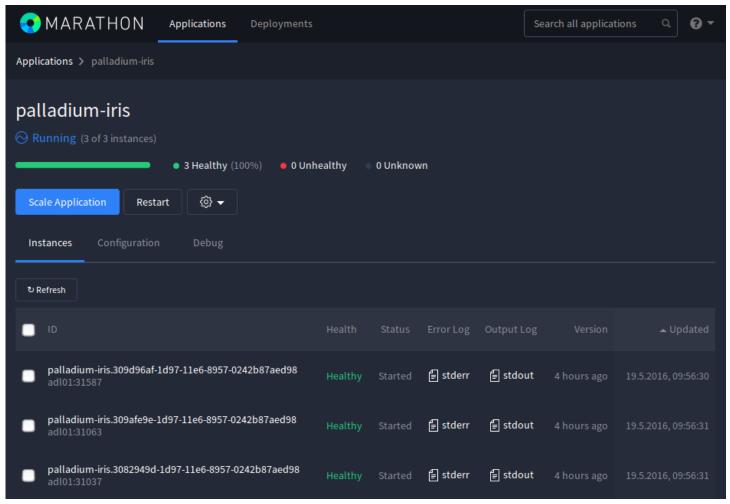


Automated generation of Docker images

pld-dockerize

- Script pld-dockerize creates Docker image for predictive analytics service
- Example: pld-dockerize pld_codetalks ottogroup/palladium-base:1.0.1 alattner/iris-demotmp:0.1
- There exists an option to create only the Dockerfile without building the image (-d)

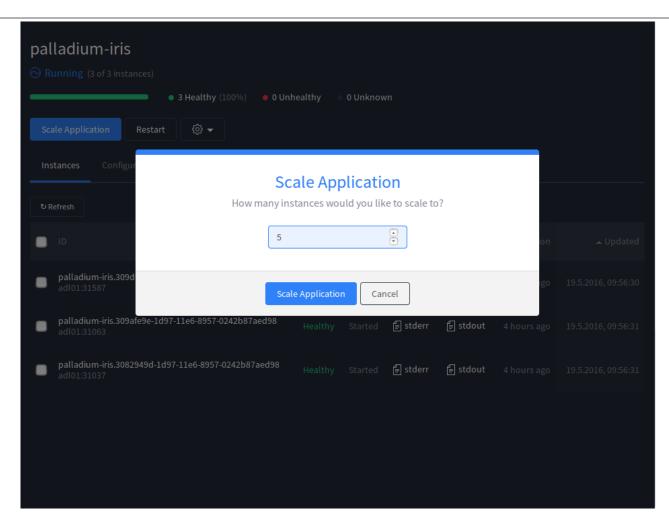
Easy deployment: Referring to Docker image and specifying number of instances



Palladium instances provide service after deployment

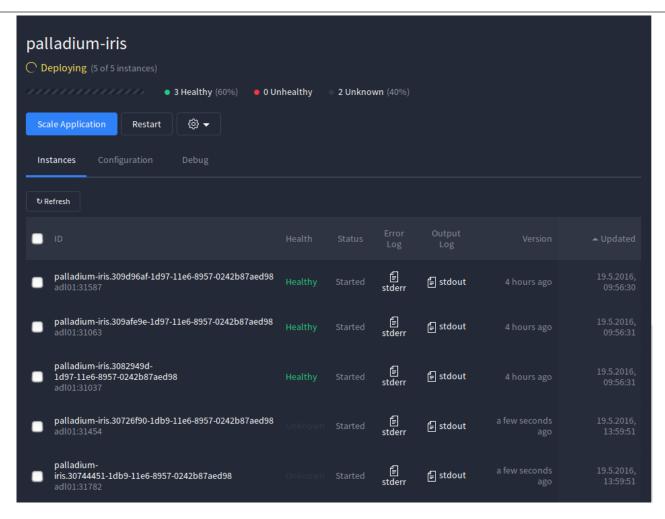
```
http://adl01:31587/alive - Mozilla Firefox
http://adl01:31587/alive ×
  i adl01:31587/alive
                                                     >>
* service metadata: {
     service_version: "0.1",
     service_name: "iris"
 memory_usage: 89.83984375,
model: {
     updated: "2016-05-19T10:57:41.328540",
   * metadata: {
        version: 1,
        train timestamp: "2016-05-18T13:52:48.298149"
 },
 memory_usage_vms: 444.29296875,
 palladium version: "1.0.1"
```

Easy scaling via GUI if more or less Palladium instances are desired



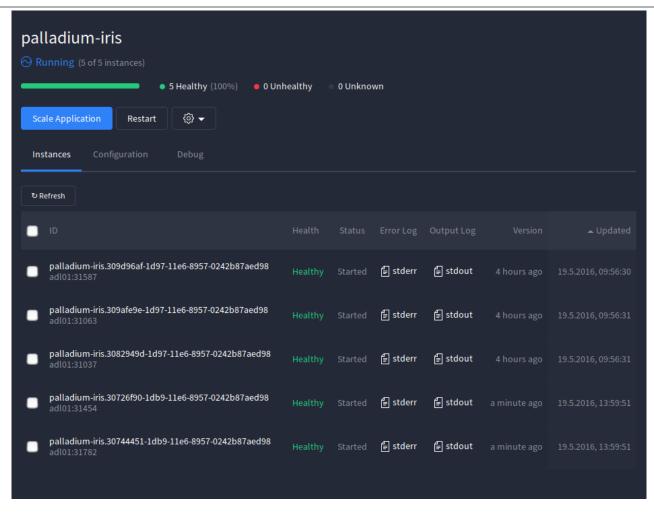


Easy scaling via GUI if more or less Palladium instances are desired





Easy scaling via GUI if more or less Palladium instances are desired





Summary

- Palladium 1.0.1 is available at GitHub, PyPI, Anaconda (Linux)
- Easy way to expose ML models as web services using scikit-learn's interface
- Mechanism for automated update of models
- Script to automatically create Docker images for Palladium services
- Easy integration of other relevant services via decorator lists
 - Authentication
 - Logging, monitoring
- Support for models in other languages than Python: R (via rpy2), Julia (via pyjulia)
- Test-driven development, 100% test coverage
- Various Otto Group services have been realized with Palladium
- We'd be happy to receive feedback, suggestions for improvements, or pull requests!



Acknowledgment

- Daniel Nouri (design & development)
- Tim Dopke (Palladium + Docker, Mesos / Marathon)
- Data Science Team of the Otto Group BI
- Developers of used packages, e.g.,
 - scikit-learn
 - numpy
 - scipy
 - pandas
 - flask
 - sqlalchemy
 - pytest
 - ...



Thank you very much for your attention!