$$\frac{9t}{51} = \frac{9x}{5} \left(\frac{9x}{51} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial t}{\partial t} = r \cdot \frac{\partial^2 t}{\partial x^2} = \frac{R}{5(p)} \cdot \frac{\partial^2 t}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\frac{27-6t-T'(x)-T(x)}{6t-6t}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{f}{g_{tp}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x+h}{x+h} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x}{x+h} \right) - \frac{$$

In 3, we have describize, the IT

and used Taylor's exponsion for Second order.

$$T(x-h) = T(x) - h^{2T} + \delta^{2T} - h^{2}$$

vision

 $\frac{1}{2x^{2}} = \frac{1}{1}(x+h) + \frac{1}{1}(x-h) = 3$ bron ear (1 (3) T'(x) - T(x) = K T(x+h) - 2T(x) + T(x-h) $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{7(x+h) - 27(x) + 7(x-h)}{3cp}$

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