What literal in your language represents a river that gets 10L/s of flow on the first day after 1mm of rainfall?	10
What symbol in your language is used to show two rivers combine?	'+' or '->' - the + operator combine themthe -> operator directing flow from one river to another.
Is the above symbol a "unary", "binary", or "literal"?	Binary
What folder is the "working folder" to compile your parser?	Waterflow-parser
What command(s) will compile your parser?	(bash) javac *.java java Lox examples/example1.wflow (it can be example2 or example3)
In your language, how long does it take all the water to work through a river system after 1 day of rain?	10 days
Does your language include statements or is it an expression language?	It is a statement-based language. The parser walks the token stream into a list of Stmt nodes and recognizes constructs such as river, output, combine, flow declarations, print, blocks, and expression statements, all of which are statement forms. The AST explicitly defines corresponding Stmt subclasses, confirming that top-level and nested constructs are represented as statements rather than just expressions.
Which chapter of the book have you used as the starting point for your solution?	Mainly chapter 5 and 6, but chapter 8 too.