

Medical Al Ensemble Clinical Decision Report

Case ID: custom_20250911_194543

Title: A 28-year-old male of Mediterranean descent presents with: -...

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Primary Diagnostic Consensus

Diagnosis	ICD-10	Agreement	Confidence	Status
Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes since childhood, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain in knees and ankles, Family history of similar symptoms in father and paternal uncle, Elevated CRP, ESR, WBC during attacks	E85.0	0.0%	Very Low	PRIMARY

Alternative & Minority Diagnoses

Diagnosis	ICD-10	Support	Туре
Periodic Fever Syndrome (other types) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	E85.8	11.1%	Alternative (10-29%)
Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (sJIA) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	M08.0	7.4%	Minority (<10%)
Adult-Onset Still's Disease Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	M35.3	3.7%	Minority (<10%)
Periodic Fever, Aphthous Stomatitis, Pharyngitis, Adenitis (PFAPA) Syndrome Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	M04.1	3.7%	Minority (<10%)
Hyper-IgD Syndrome (MKD) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	E85.8	3.7%	Minority (<10%)

Analysis Overview

Models Queried: 7

Successful Responses: 7

Consensus Level: High

Total Cost: <\$0.01

Free Model Disclaimer: This analysis was generated using free Al models

Free models may provide suboptimal results. For improved accuracy and reliability, consider using premium models with an

API key.

Critical Decision Points & Evidence Synthesis

Critical Decision Points

Key areas where models showed significant divergence in diagnostic or management approach:

Evidence Synthesis & Clinical Correlation

Symptom-Diagnosis Correlation Matrix

Symptom	Familial	Periodic	Systemic	Adult-On	Periodic	Hyper-Ig
Recurrent fever	Strong	Moderate	Moderate	Weak	Weak	Weak
Severe abdomina	Strong	Moderate Moderate		Weak	Weak	Weak
Chest pain with	Strong	Moderate	Moderate	Weak	Weak	Weak
Joint pain in k	Strong	Moderate	Moderate	Weak	Weak	Weak
Family history	Strong	-	-	-	-	-
Elevated CRP, E	Strong	-	-	-	-	-
Asymptomatic be	Strong	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: +++ Strong association, ++ Moderate, + Weak, - Not typical

Diagnostic Decision Tree

Step	Action	If Positive	If Negative
1	MEFV Genetic Test	→ Confirm FMF, Start Colchicine	→ Proceed to Step 2
2	Extended Genetic Panel	ightarrow Alternative periodic fever	→ Proceed to Step 3
3	Autoimmune Workup	→ Consider SLE/Still's	→ Consider IBD
4	Inflammatory Markers	→ Monitor progression	→ Reassess diagnosis

Executive Summary

Case Description

A 28-year-old male of Mediterranean descent presents with:

- Recurrent episodes of fever lasting 1-3 days
- Severe abdominal pain during episodes
- Chest pain with breathing difficulties
- Joint pain affecting knees and ankles
- Family history: Father and paternal uncle have similar symptoms
- Episodes occur every 2-3 weeks
- Labs during attack: Elevated CRP, ESR, and WBC
- Between attacks: Completely asymptomatic

Patient reports episodes started in childhood around age 7. Recent genetic testing is pending.

Key Clinical Findings

- Elevated inflammatory markers (CRP, ESR)
- Recurrent fever episodes
- Severe abdominal pain with peritoneal signs
- Migratory arthritis affecting large joints
- · Positive family history of similar episodes

Primary Recommendations

- Consider Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) among differential diagnoses
- Obtain Genetic testing for MEFV gene mutations for diagnostic confirmation

Primary Diagnosis Clinical Summaries

■ Key Clinical Findings

Finding	Supporting Evidence	Clinical Reasoning	
Recurrent fever episodes since childhood	Clinical presentation	Key diagnostic indicator	
Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain in knees and ankles	Clinical presentation	Key diagnostic indicator	
Family history of similar symptoms in father and paternal uncle	Clinical presentation	Key diagnostic indicator	
Elevated CRP, ESR, WBC during attacks	Clinical presentation	Key diagnostic indicator	
Asymptomatic between episodes	Clinical presentation	Key diagnostic indicator	

■ Recommended Tests

Test Name	Туре	Priority	Rationale
Genetic testing for MEFV gene mutations	Laboratory	Urgent	Diagnostic confirmation
Blood tests (CRP, ESR, WBC) during an acute attack	Laboratory	Urgent	Diagnostic confirmation

■ Immediate Management

Intervention	Category	Urgency	Clinical Reasoning
Initiate genetic testing for MEFV gene mutations	Medical	Immediate	Critical intervention
Evaluate for signs of serositis, arthritis, and peritonitis	Medical	Immediate	Critical intervention

■ Medications

Medication	Dosage	Route/Frequency	Indication		
Colchicine	1.2 mg	oral / daily	Prophylaxis attacks	of	FMF

Diagnostic Landscape Analysis

Detailed Diagnostic Analysis

The ensemble analysis identified **Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF)** as the primary diagnosis with limited consensus among 4 models.

Detailed Alternative Analysis

Diagnosis	Support	Key Evidence	Clinical Significance
Periodic Fever Syndrome (other types) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	11.1%	3 models	Less likely
Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (sJIA) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	7.4%	2 models	Unlikely
Adult-Onset Still's Disease Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	3.7%	1 models	Unlikely
Periodic Fever, Aphthous Stomatitis, Pharyngitis, Adenitis (PFAPA) Syndrome Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	3.7%	1 models	Unlikely
Hyper-IgD Syndrome (MKD) Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain	3.7%	1 models	Unlikely

Minority Opinions

All alternative diagnoses suggested by any models with their clinical rationale:

- Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (sJIA) (ICD-10: Unknown) 7.4% agreement (2 models) Supporting Models: Unknown, Unknown
- Adult-Onset Still's Disease (ICD-10: Unknown) 3.7% agreement (1 models)

Supporting Models: Unknown

• Periodic Fever, Aphthous Stomatitis, Pharyngitis, Adenitis (PFAPA) Syndrome (ICD-10: R50.9) - 3.7% agreement (1 models)

Supporting Models: Unknown

• Hyper-IgD Syndrome (MKD) (ICD-10: Unknown) - 3.7% agreement (1 models)

Supporting Models: Unknown

Additional Diagnoses Considered:

• Periodic Fever Syndrome (other types) (ICD-10: E85.8) - 57.1% (4 models)

Evidence: Recurrent fever episodes, Severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, joint pain

Management Strategies & Clinical Pathways

Immediate Actions Required

Priority	Action	Rationale	Consensus
1	Initiate genetic testing for MEFV gene mutations	Clinical indication	50%
2	Evaluate for signs of serositis, arthritis, and peritonitis	Clinical indication	50%

Recommended Diagnostic Tests

Test	Purpose	Priority	Timing
Genetic testing for MEFV gene mutations	Diagnostic confirmation	Routine	As indicated
Blood tests (CRP, ESR, WBC) during an acute attack	Diagnostic confirmation	Routine	As indicated

Treatment Recommendations

Treatment recommendations pending diagnostic confirmation.

Model Diversity & Bias Analysis

Model Response Overview & Cost Analysis

Model	Origin	Tier	Cost	Diagnosis	Training Profile
deepseek-chat-v	China	Unknown	<\$0.01	Familial Mediterranean Fever	General
deepseek-r1	China	Unknown	<\$0.01	Familial Mediterranean Fever	General
gemma-3-12b-it	USA	Unknown	<\$0.01	Periodic Fever Syndrome (likely Familial Mediterranean Fever - FMF)	General
llama-3.2-3b-in	USA	Free	Free	Behçet's disease	General
mistral-7b-inst	France	Free	Free	Familial Mediterranean Fever	General
gpt-oss-20b	USA	Unknown	<\$0.01	Familial Mediterranean Fever	General
shisa-v2-llama3	Japan/USA	Free	Free	Familial Mediterranean Fever	General

^{**}Total Estimated Cost: <\$0.01**

Understanding Training Profiles

Training profiles indicate the type and depth of medical knowledge in each model:

Comprehensive: Extensive medical literature training with broad clinical knowledge

Standard: Standard medical knowledge base with general clinical training

Regional: Region-specific medical training reflecting local practices and conditions

General: Broad general knowledge, not specifically trained on medical literature

Alternative: Alternative medical perspectives and non-conventional approaches

Al Model Bias Analysis

Al model bias analysis is generated during orchestration (Step 2). This comprehensive analysis examines cultural, geographic, and training data biases across the Al models used.

Detailed Model Responses

Complete diagnostic assessments from each model:

1. deepseek-chat-v (China, Released: 2024-12-26)

Primary Diagnosis: Familial Mediterranean Fever (ICD-10: E85.0) - Confidence: 0.95 **Differential Diagnoses:**

- Periodic Fever Syndrome (other types) (ICD: E85.8) 0.7
- Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (ICD: M08.2) 0.4
- Acute Intermittent Porphyria (ICD: E80.21) 0.3

Key Clinical Findings:

- Mediterranean descent
- Recurrent self-limiting febrile episodes
- Abdominal pain
- Chest pain

2. deepseek-r1 (China, Released: 2025-01-20)

3. gemma-3-12b-it (USA, Released: 2024-12-11)

Primary Diagnosis: Periodic Fever Syndrome (likely Familial Mediterranean Fever - FMF) (ICD-10:

M15.4) - Confidence: 0.85

Differential Diagnoses:

- Adult-Onset Still's Disease (ICD: M35.3) 0.6
- Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (sJIA) (ICD: M08.0) 0.5
- Vasculitis (e.g., Polyarteritis Nodosa) (ICD: M34.0) 0.4

Key Clinical Findings:

- Recurrent fever episodes (1-3 days)
- Severe abdominal pain during episodes
- Chest pain with breathing difficulties
- Joint pain (knees and ankles)

4. Ilama-3.2-3b-in (USA, Released: 2024-09-25)

Primary Diagnosis: Behçet's disease (ICD-10: K45.0) - Confidence: 0.8

Differential Diagnoses:

- Reactive arthritis (ICD: M04.0) 0.6
- Ankylosing spondylitis (ICD: M04.9) 0.5
- Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (ICD: M07.0) 0.4

Key Clinical Findings:

- Recurrent episodes of fever, severe abdominal pain, chest pain with breathing difficulties, and joint pain
- 5. mistral-7b-inst (France, Released: 2023-09-27)
- 6. gpt-oss-20b (USA, Released: 2024-05-13)
- 7. shisa-v2-llama3 (Japan/USA, Released: 2024-12-20)

Primary Diagnosis: Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) (ICD-10: E85.0) - Confidence: 0.85 **Differential Diagnoses:**

- Periodic Fever, Aphthous Stomatitis, Pharyngitis, Adenitis (PFAPA) Syndrome (ICD: M04.1) 0.15
- Hyper-IgD Syndrome (MKD) (ICD: E85.8) 0.1
- Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor-Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS) (ICD: E85.8) 0.1

Key Clinical Findings:

- Recurrent febrile episodes with abdominal, chest, and joint pain
- Family history of similar symptoms
- Elevated CRP, ESR, WBC during attacks
- Asymptomatic between episodes