

commands

<code>:Git [args]</code>	Similar to <code>:!git [args]</code> but chdir to the repository tree first.
<code>:Git! [args]</code>	Like <code>:Git</code> , but capture the output into a temp file
<code>:Gcd [dir]</code>	<code>:cd</code> relative to the repository.
<code>:Glcd [dir]</code>	<code>:lcd</code> relative to the repository.
<code>:Gstatus</code>	Bring up the output of <code>git-status</code> in the preview window.
<code>:Gcommit [args]</code>	If there is nothing to commit, <code>:Gstatus</code> is called instead.
<code>:Gmerge [args]</code>	Calls <code>git-merge</code> and loads errors and conflicted files
<code>:Gpull [args]</code>	Like <code>:Gmerge</code> , but for <code>git-pull</code> .
<code>:Gpush [args]</code>	Invoke <code>git-push</code> , load the results into the quickfix
<code>:Gfetch [args]</code>	Like <code>:Gpush</code> , but for <code>git-fetch</code> .
<code>:Ggrep [args]</code>	<code>:grep</code> with <code>git-grep</code> as 'grepprg'.
<code>:Glgrep [args]</code>	<code>:lgrep</code> with <code>git-grep</code> as 'grepprg'.
<code>:Glog [args]</code>	Load all previous revisions of the current file into the quickfix list.
<code>:{range}Glog [args]</code>	Use <code>git-log -L</code> to load previous revisions of the given range of the current file into the quickfix list.
<code>:Glllog [args]</code>	Like <code>:Glog</code> , but use the location list instead of the quickfix list.
<code>:Gedit [revision]</code>	<code>:edit</code> a fugitive-revision .
<code>:Gsplit [revision]</code>	<code>:split</code> a fugitive-revision .
<code>:Gvsplit [revision]</code>	<code>:vsplit</code> a fugitive-revision .
<code>:Gtabedit [revision]</code>	<code>:tabedit</code> a fugitive-revision .
<code>:Gpedit [revision]</code>	<code>:pedit</code> a fugitive-revision .

:Gsplit! [args]	Like :Git! , but open the resulting temp file in a
:Gvsplit! [args]	^ split, tab, or preview window.
:Gtabedit! [args]	^
:Gpedit! [args]	^
:Gread [revision]	Empty the buffer and :read a fugitive-revision.
:{range}Gread [revision]	:read in a fugitive-revision after {range}.
:Gread! [args]	Empty the buffer and :read the output of a Git command.
:{range}Gread! [args]	:read the output of a Git command after {range}.
:Gwrite	Write to the current file's path and stage the results.
:Gwrite {path}	You can give :Gwrite an explicit path of where in the work tree to write. You can also give a path like :0:foo.txt or even :0 to write to just that stage in the index.
:Gwq [path]	Like :Gwrite followed by :quit if the write succeeded.
:Gwq! [path]	Like :Gwrite! followed by :quit! if the write succeeded.
:Gdiff [revision]	
:Gsdiff [revision]	Like :Gdiff, but always split horizontally.
:Gvdiff [revision]	Like :Gdiff, but always split vertically.
:Gmove {destination}	Add a ! to pass -f
:Gremove	Add a ! to pass -f
:Gblame [flags]	Run git-blame on the file
:{range}Gblame [flags]	Run git-blame on the given range.
:{range}Gbrowse	
:{range}Gbrowse!	put the URL on the clipboard rather than opening it.
:{range}Gbrowse {revision}	Like :Gbrowse, but for a given fugitive-revision. A useful value here is -, which ties

:`[range]`Gbrowse
[...]`@{remote}`

the URL to the latest commit rather than a volatile branch.

Force using the given remote rather than the remote for the current branch. The remote is used to determine which GitHub repository to link to.

Gstatus commands

g?	show this help
<C-N>	next file
<C-P>	previous file
<CR>	:Gedit
-	:Git add
-	:Git reset (staged files)
cA	:Gcommit --amend --reuse-message=HEAD
ca	:Gcommit --amend
cc	:Gcommit
cva	:Gcommit --amend --verbose
cvc	:Gcommit --verbose
D	:Gdiff
ds	:Gsdiff
dp	:Git! diff (p for patch; use :Gw to apply)
dp	:Git add --intent-to-add (untracked files)
dv	:Gvdiff
O	:Gtabedit
o	:Gsplit
p	:Git add --patch
p	:Git reset --patch (staged files)
q	close status
r	reload status
S	:Gvsplit

Gblame

g? | show help

open

o | open commit in horizontal split
O | open commit in new tab

close

q | close blame and return to blamed window
gq | q, then :Gedit to return to work tree version
<CR> | q, then open commit

resize

A | resize to end of author column
C | resize to end of commit column
D | resize to end of date/time column

reblame

- | reblame at commit
~ | reblame at [count]th first grandparent
P | reblame at [count]th parent (like HEAD^[count])

mappings

<C-R><C-G>	On the command line, recall the path to the current object
["x]y<C-G>	Yank the commit SHA and path to the current object.

available in Git objects.

<CR>	Jump to the revision under the cursor.
o	Jump to the revision under the cursor in a new split.
S	Jump to the revision under the cursor in a new vertical split.
O	Jump to the revision under the cursor in a new tab.
-	Go to the tree containing the current tree or blob.
~	Go to the current file in the [count]th first ancestor.
P	Go to the current file in the [count]th parent.
C	Go to the commit containing the current file.
.	Start a command line with the current revision prepopulated at the end of the line.
a	Show the current tag, commit, or tree in an alternate format.

SPECIFYING REVISIONS

master	.git/refs/heads/master
HEAD	.git/HEAD
HEAD^{} HEAD^	The commit referenced by HEAD The parent of the commit referenced by HEAD
HEAD:	The tree referenced by HEAD
/HEAD	The file named HEAD in the work tree
Makefile	The file named Makefile in the work tree
HEAD^:Makefile	The file named Makefile in the parent of HEAD
:Makefile	The file named Makefile in the index (writable)
-	The current file in HEAD
^	The current file in the previous commit
~3	The current file 3 commits ago
:	.git/index (Same as :Gstatus)
:0	The current file in the index
:1	The current file's common ancestor during a conflict
:2	The current file in the target branch during a conflict
:3	The current file in the merged branch during a conflict
:/foo	The most recent commit with "foo" in the message

