

# Problem 1

In [16]:

```
#@title
# Set up the python script
# import required modules

#Numerical Math
import math # math functions
import numpy as np # numerical math
from numpy import *
import time

# Scientific Math
import scipy # scientific computing functions
import scipy.special as sp # scientific computing functions

#Symbolic math
import sympy # symbolic math
from sympy import *
from sympy.abc import x

#Import constants.
from scipy.constants import pi

# Widgets
import ipywidgets as widgets
from IPython.display import display
from ipywidgets import interact

#plotting
params = {'legend.fontsize': 'xx-large',
           'figure.figsize': (15, 10),
           'axes.labelsize': 'xx-large',
           'axes.titlesize':'xx-large',
           'xtick.labelsize':'xx-large',
           'ytick.labelsize':'xx-large'}
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.rcParams.update(params)

# 1. Set Up

Tinf = 20 #(K) Air temperature
h = 10 #(W/m^2-K) convection coefficient
R_bale = 5*0.3048 #(m) Length of plane wall
q_dot = 1.5 #(W/m^5) Coefficient in heat generation rate equation: q_dot = q0*(L^2-x^2)
k = 0.04 #(W/m-K) thermal conductivity
k_p=0.15
tp=0.045*0.0254
R1=ln((R_bale+tp)/R_bale)/(2*math.pi*k_p)
R2=1/(2*math.pi*(R_bale+tp)*h)
R_eq=R1+R2
N = 500

q = q_dot;

def tbale(N):
    A=np.zeros((N,N))
    b = np.zeros(N)
    dr = R_bale/(N-1)
    ri=dr
    # 2. Interior Nodes (1...N-2 as python counts from 0)
    for j in range(1,N-1):
        rii=ri-(dr/2)
```

```

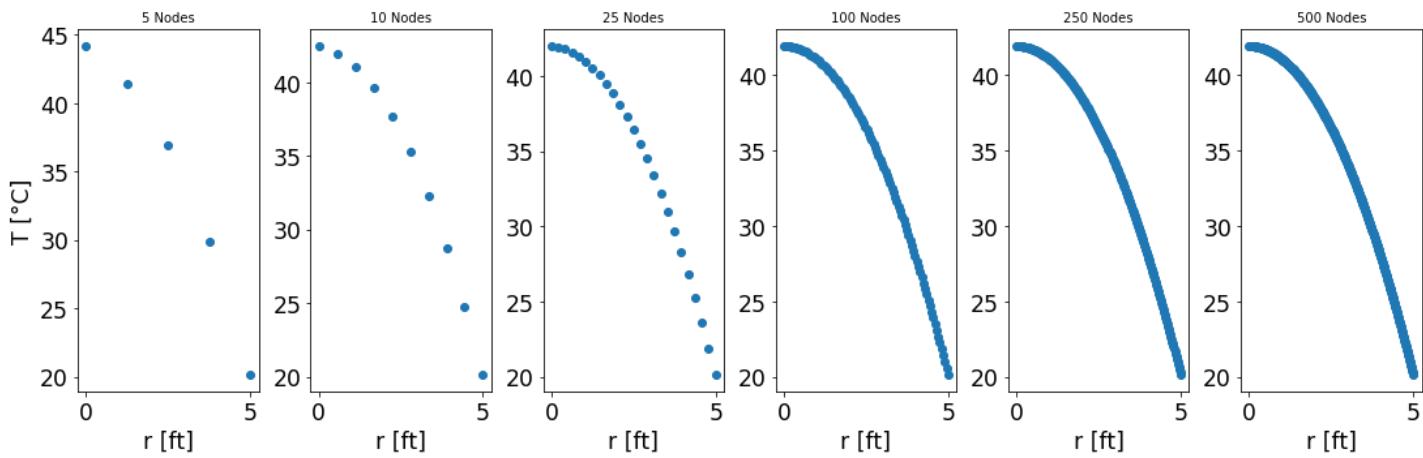
rio=ri+(dr/2)
A[j,j] = (rii+rio)/dr**2
A[j,j-1] = -rii/dr**2
A[j,j+1] = -rio/dr**2
b[j] = q_dot*ri/k
ri=ri+dr

#r=0
A[0,0] = 1
A[0,1]=-1
b[0] = (q_dot*dr**2)/(2*k)

#r=R_bale
R_balei=R_bale-(dr/2)
A[N-1,N-2] = 2*math.pi*R_balei*k/dr
A[N-1,N-1] = (-k*2*math.pi*R_balei/dr)+(-1/R_eq)
b[N-1] = -Tinf/R_eq-q_dot*math.pi*R_bale*dr

# 4. Solve
t0=time.time()
T=np.linalg.solve(A,b)
t1=time.time()
time_elapsed=t1-t0
return T, time_elapsed
Ns=np.array([5,10,25,100,250,500])
Tmax=np.zeros(len(Ns))
time_elapsed=np.zeros(len(Ns))
fig, ax=plt.subplots(1,6,figsize=(15,5))
m2=3.28084
for i in range(len(Ns)):
    Tb,time_elapsed[i]=tbale(Ns[i])
    Tmax[i]=np.max(Tb)
    r=np.linspace(0,R_bale, Ns[i])
    ax[i].plot(r*m2,Tb, 'o')
    ax[i].set_xlabel('r [ft]')
    ax[i].set_title(f'{Ns[i]} Nodes', size=10)
fig.tight_layout()
ax[0].set_ylabel('T [°C]')
plt.show()

```



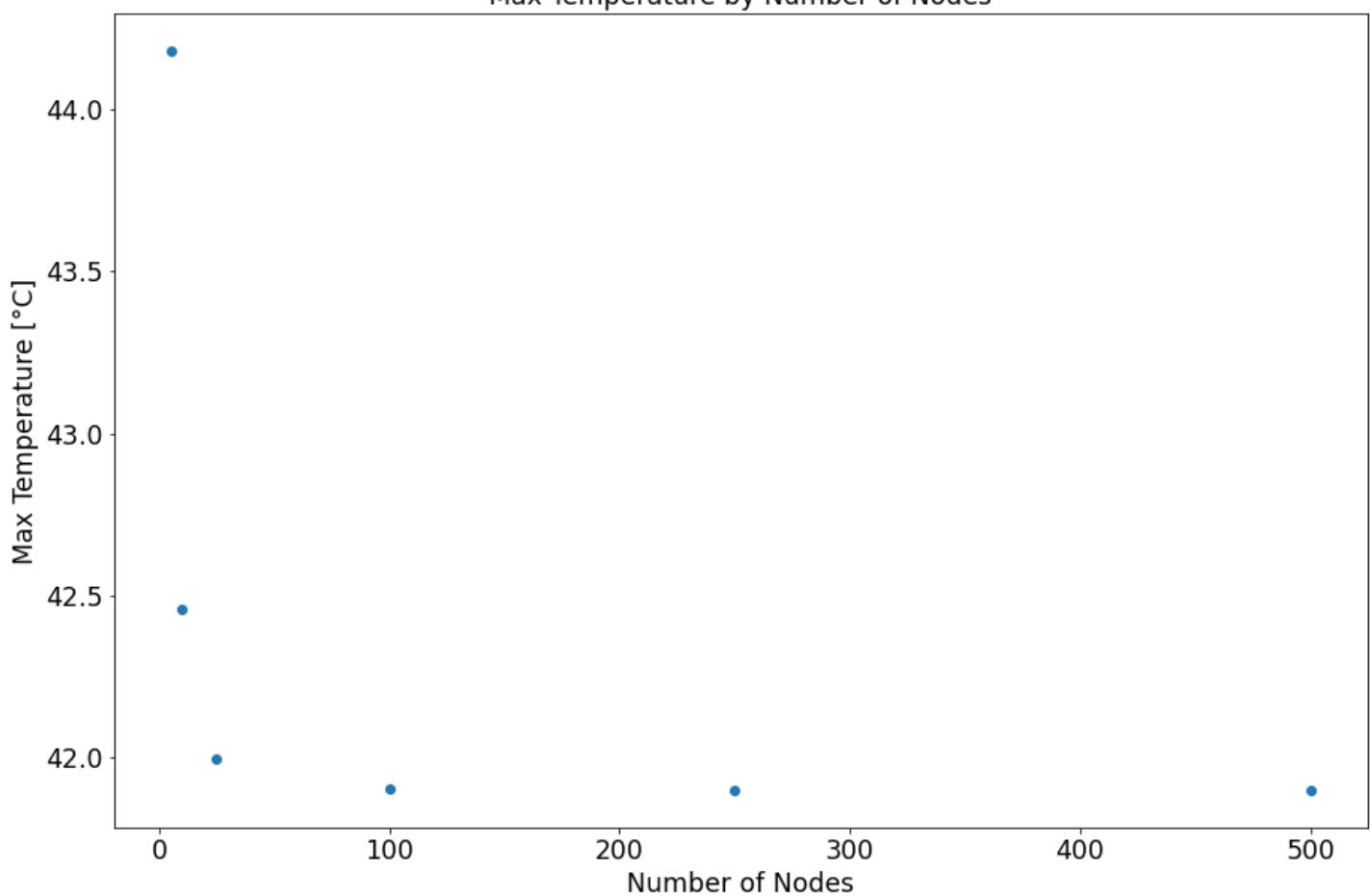
In [18]:

```

fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.plot(Ns, Tmax, 'o')
ax.set_title('Max Temperature by Number of Nodes')
ax.set_xlabel('Number of Nodes')
ax.set_ylabel('Max Temperature [°C]')
plt.show()
print('N:\t 5 \t\t 25 \t\t 100 \t\t 250 \t\t 500')
print(f'Tmax: \t {Tmax[0]:1.5f} \t {Tmax[1]:1.5f} \t {Tmax[2]:1.5f} \t {Tmax[3]:1.5f} \t {Tmax[4]:1.5f}')

```

### Max Temperature by Number of Nodes

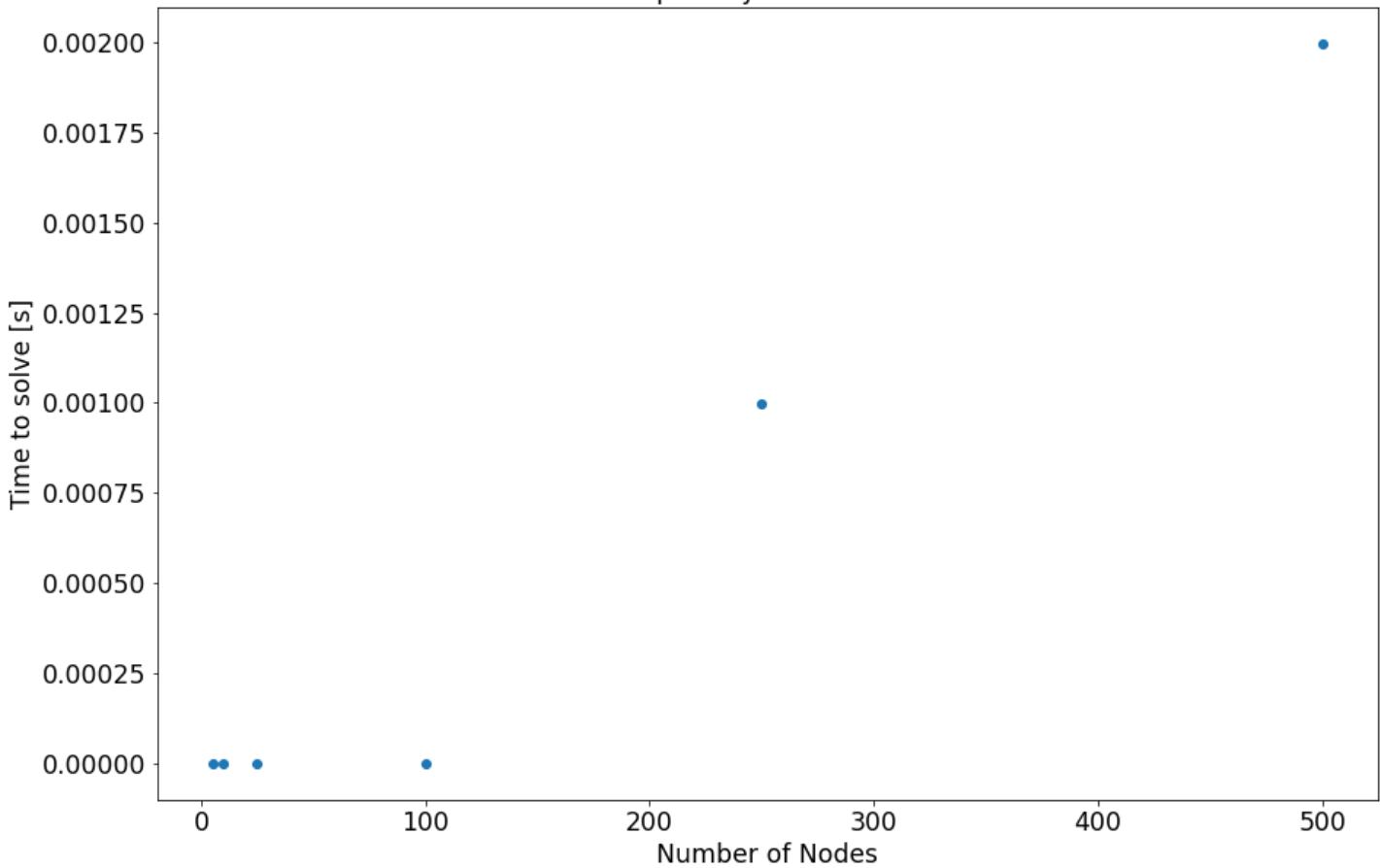


```
N:      5          25          100         250         500  
Tmax: 44.18201  42.45714  41.99436  41.90436  41.89839  41.89743
```

In [19]:

```
fig,ax=plt.subplots()  
ax.plot(Ns, time_elapsed, 'o')  
ax.set_title('Time elapsed by Number of Nodes')  
ax.set_xlabel('Number of Nodes')  
ax.set_ylabel('Time to solve [s]')  
plt.show()  
print('N:\t 5 \t\t 25 \t\t 100 \t\t 250 \t\t 500')  
print(f'Tmax: \t {time_elapsed[0]:1.5f} \t {time_elapsed[1]:1.5f} \t {time_elapsed[2]:1.5f} \t {time_
```

Time elapsed by Number of Nodes



N:	5	25	100	250	500	
Tmax:	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.00200

In [21]:

```

def TbaleQdot(N, q_dot):
    A=np.zeros((N,N))
    b=np.zeros(N)
    dr=R_bale/(N-1)
    ri=dr
    for j in range(1,N-1):
        rii=ri-(dr/2)
        rio=ri+(dr/2)
        A[j,j] = (rii+rio)/dr**2
        A[j,j-1] = -rii/dr**2
        A[j,j+1] = -rio/dr**2
        b[j] = q_dot[j]*ri/k
        ri=ri+dr

    #r=0
    A[0,0] = 1
    A[0,1]=-1
    b[0] = (q_dot[0]*dr**2)/(2*k)

    #r=R_bale
    R_balei=R_bale-(dr/2)
    A[N-1,N-2] = 2*math.pi*R_balei*k/dr
    A[N-1,N-1] = (-k*2*math.pi*R_balei/dr)+(-1/R_eq)
    b[N-1] = -Tinf/R_eq-q_dot[N-1]*math.pi*R_bale*dr

    # 4. Solve
    t0=time.time()
    T=np.linalg.solve(A,b)
    Temp=T+273.15
    t1=time.time()
    time_elapsed=t1-t0
    return Temp

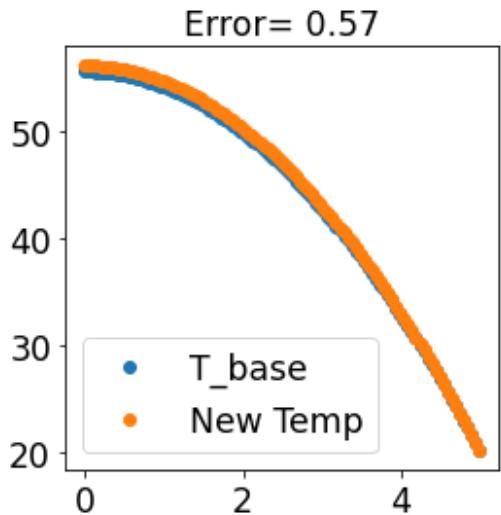
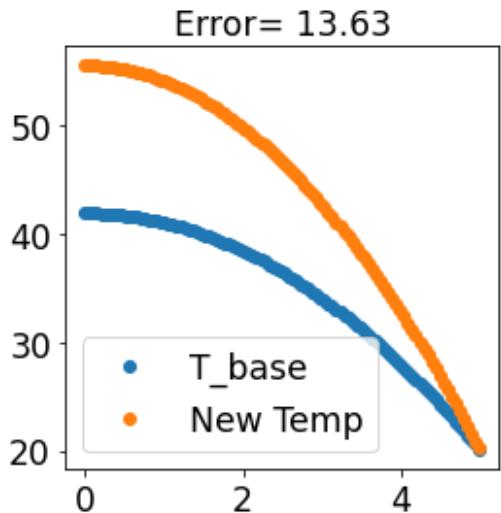
def qdotT(T):

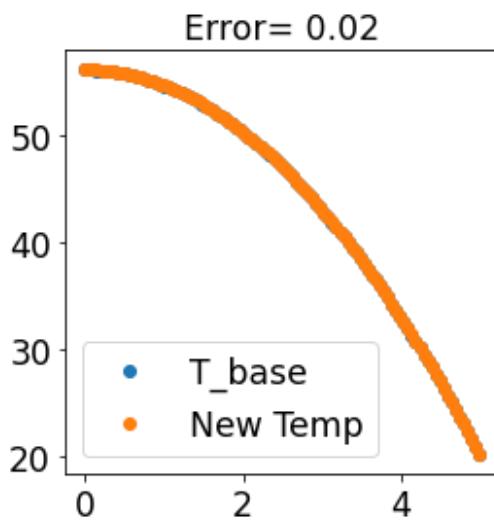
```

```

qdotTemp=1.5*np.exp((T)/320)**0.5
    return qdotTemp
N=100
r=np.linspace(0, R_bale, N)
Tb=tbale(N)[0]
Tbase=Tb+273.15
Tmax_estimate=np.array([np.max(Tbase)])
w=0
esp=0.1
err=100
while err>esp:
    w=w+1
    if w>1:
        Tbase=Tnew
    Tnew=TbaleQdot(N, qdotT(Tbase))
    Tmax_estimate=np.append(Tmax_estimate, np.max(Tnew))
    err=np.abs(Tmax_estimate[w]-Tmax_estimate[w-1])
    plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
    plt.plot(r*m2, Tbase-273.15, 'o', label='T_base')
    plt.plot(r*m2, Tnew-273.15, 'o', label='New Temp')
    plt.title(f'Error= {err:1.2f}')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
print(f'Converged within {err:1.3f} K after {w:d} iterations')

```

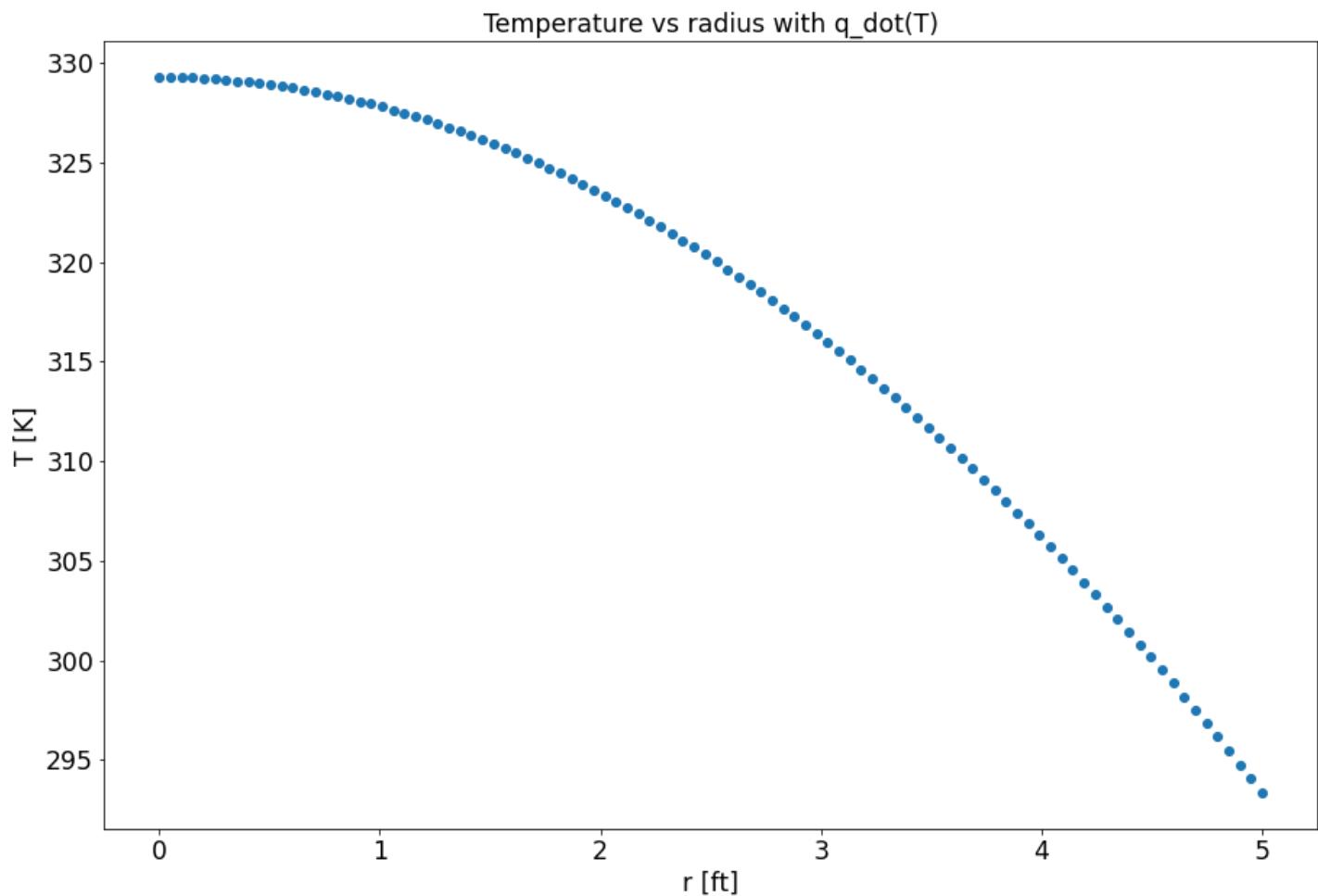




Converged within 0.023 K after 3 iterations

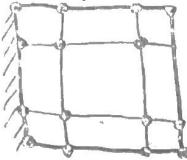
In [22]:

```
plt.figure()
plt.title('Temperature vs radius with q_dot(T)')
plt.plot(r*m2, Tnew, 'o')
plt.xlabel('r [ft]')
plt.ylabel('T [K]')
plt.show()
```



## Problem 2

## Problem 2



(i) Interior node

$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q_w + q_s - q_e - q_n = 0$$

$$-k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}}{\Delta x} + -k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}}{\Delta y} = -k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta y} \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} - k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \frac{T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta y} = 0$$

$$-k \Delta y^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}) - k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}) + k \Delta y^2 (T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) + k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}) = 0$$

$$k \Delta y^2 (-T_{i,j} + T_{i-1,j} + T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) + k \Delta x^2 (-T_{i,j} + T_{i,j-1} + T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{T_{i-1,j} - 2T_{i,j} + T_{i+1,j}}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{T_{i,j+1} - 2T_{i,j} + T_{i,j-1}}{(\Delta y)^2} = 0}$$

(ii) Convection node

$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q_w + q_{conv} - q_n - q_e = 0$$

$$-k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}}{\Delta x} + h \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} (\infty - T_{i,j}) - k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \frac{T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta y} - k \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta x} \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} = 0$$

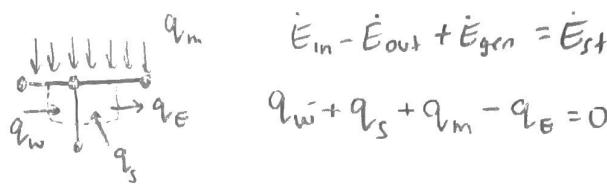
$$-k \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} (T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}) + h \Delta x^2 \Delta y (\infty - T_{i,j}) + k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}) + k \left( \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} \right) (T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) = 0$$

$$T_{i,j} \left( -k \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} - h \Delta x^2 \Delta y - k \Delta x^2 - k \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} \right) + T_{i-1,j} \left( k \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} \right) + T_{i+1,j} \left( k \frac{\Delta y^2}{2} \right) + T_{i,j+1} (k \Delta x^2) + h \Delta x^2 \Delta y \infty = 0$$

$$-2T_{i,j} \left( \Delta y^2 + \frac{h \Delta x^2 \Delta y}{k} + \Delta x^2 \right) + T_{i-1,j} \Delta y^2 + T_{i+1,j} \Delta y^2 + 2T_{i,j+1} \Delta x^2 + 2 \frac{h}{k} \Delta x^2 \Delta y \infty = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2(\Delta x)^2} T_{i-1,j} + \left( \frac{-1}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{-1}{(\Delta y)^2} + \frac{-h}{k \Delta y} \right) T_{i,j} + \frac{1}{2(\Delta x)^2} T_{i+1,j} + \frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,j+1} = -\frac{h}{k \Delta y} \theta_0}$$

(iii) top surface



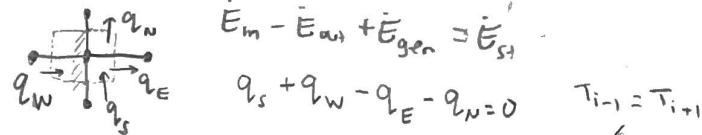
$$-k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}}{\Delta x} + -k \Delta z \Delta x \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}}{\Delta y} + q''_m \Delta z \Delta x - k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} = 0$$

$$-k \Delta y^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}) - 2k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}) + 2q''_m \Delta x^2 \Delta y + k \Delta y^2 (T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) = 0$$

$$\Delta y^2 (-T_{i,0} + T_{i-1,0} + T_{i+1,0} - T_{i,0}) + \Delta x^2 (-2T_{i,0} + 2T_{i,0-1}) + 2q''_m \Delta x^2 \Delta y = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2(\Delta x)^2} T_{i-1,0} + \frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,0-1} + \left( \frac{-1}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{-1}{(\Delta y)^2} \right) T_{i,0} + \frac{1}{2(\Delta x)^2} T_{i+1,0} = -\frac{q''_m}{k \Delta y}}$$

(iii) A node on the left trace

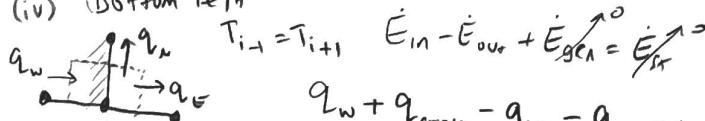


$$-k \Delta z \Delta x \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}}{\Delta y} + -k \Delta z \Delta y \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i+1,j}}{\Delta x} - k \Delta z \Delta y \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} - k \frac{T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta y} \Delta x \Delta z = 0$$

$$-k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}) - k \Delta y^2 (T_{i,j} - T_{i+1,j}) + k \Delta y^2 (T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) + k \Delta x^2 (T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,j+1} + \left( \frac{-2}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{-2}{(\Delta y)^2} \right) T_{i,j} + \frac{2}{(\Delta x)^2} T_{i+1,j} + \frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,j-1} = 0}$$

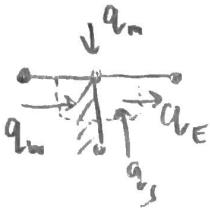
(iv) Bottom left



$$-k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}}{\Delta x} + h \Delta x \Delta z (T_{\infty} - T_{i,j}) - k \Delta z \Delta x \frac{T_{i,j+1} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta y} - k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} = 0$$

$$\boxed{\left( -\frac{1}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{-1}{(\Delta y)^2} + \frac{-h}{k \Delta y} \right) T_{i,j} + \frac{1}{(\Delta x)^2} T_{i+1,j} + \frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,j+1} = -\frac{h T_{\infty}}{k \Delta y}}$$

(v) top-left corner



$$\dot{E}_h - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{sys}$$

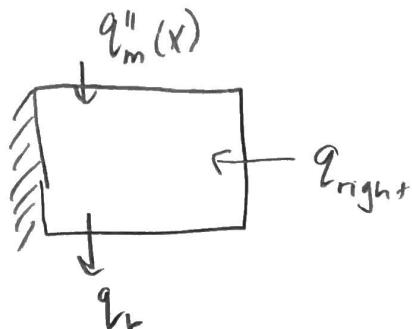
$$T_{i-1} = T_{i+1}$$

$$q_w + q_s + q_m - q_E = 0$$

$$-k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i-1,j}}{\Delta x} + -k \Delta z \Delta x \frac{T_{i,j} - T_{i,j-1}}{\Delta y} + q_m$$

$$-k \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta y}{2} \right) \frac{T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta x} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{(\Delta y)^2} T_{i,j-1} + \left( \frac{-1}{(\Delta x)^2} + \frac{-1}{(\Delta y)^2} \right) T_{i,j} + \frac{1}{(\Delta x)^2} T_{i+1,j} = -\frac{q''_m}{k \Delta y}$$



In [23]:

```
import math
# 1. Set Up
N = 50

b = 3.5*10**-2      # [m] Length
Lj=2*10**(-2)
w = 8.5*10**-2      # [m] Width
k = 38               # [W/m K] thermal conductivity
```

```

# h [W/m^2 K] Convection coefficient [south face]
# Tinf [K] Temperature for convection [south face]
h = 5000
Tf = -35+273.15
Ts=25+273.15
qj=10**6
Lj=2*10**-2

N = [5,10,50,100]
eps=0
M = N
x = [None, None, None, None]
y = [None, None, None, None]
T = [None, None, None, None]
for t in range(4):   # python stops at upper value -1
    n=N[t]
    m=N[t]
    dx=w/(n-1)
    dy=b/(n-1)
    x[t]=np.linspace(0,w,num=n)
    y[t]=np.linspace(0,b,num=n)
    A=np.zeros((n*m, n*m))
    c=np.zeros(n*m)
    d=np.zeros(n*m)

    for i1 in range(1,n-1):
        for j1 in range(1, m-1):
            ind=i1+j1*n
            A[ind, ind]=-2/dx**2-2/dy**2
            A[ind, ind-1]=1/dx**2
            A[ind, ind+1]=1/dx**2
            A[ind, ind-n]=1/dy**2
            A[ind, ind+n]=1/dy**2
            d[ind]=esp
            c[ind]=ind
    for i2 in range(1,n-1):
        j2=0
        ind=j2*n+i2
        A[ind, ind]=-h/dy-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
        A[ind, ind-1]=k/(2*dx**2)
        A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
        A[ind, ind+n]=k/dy**2
        d[ind]=-h/dy*Tf
        c[ind]=ind
    for i3 in range(1,n-1):
        j3=m-1
        ind=j3*n+i3
        A[ind, ind]=-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
        A[ind, ind-1]=k/(2*dx**2)
        A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
        A[ind, ind-n]=k/dy**2
        if i3*dx<Lj:
            d[ind]=-(qj*exp(-i3*dx/Lj))/dy
        else:
            d[ind]=esp
        c[ind]=ind
    for j4 in range(m):
        i4=n-1
        ind=j4*n+i4
        A[ind, ind]=1
        d[ind]=Ts
        c[ind]=ind
    i7=0
    for j7 in range(1,m-1):
        ind=j7*n+i7

```

```

A[ind, ind]=-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
A[ind, ind-n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+1]=k/dx**2
d[ind]=esp
c[ind]=ind

i5=0
j5=0
ind=j5*n+i5
A[ind, ind]=-h/(2*dy)-k/(2*dx**2)-k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
d[ind]=-h/(2*dy)*Tf
c[ind]=ind

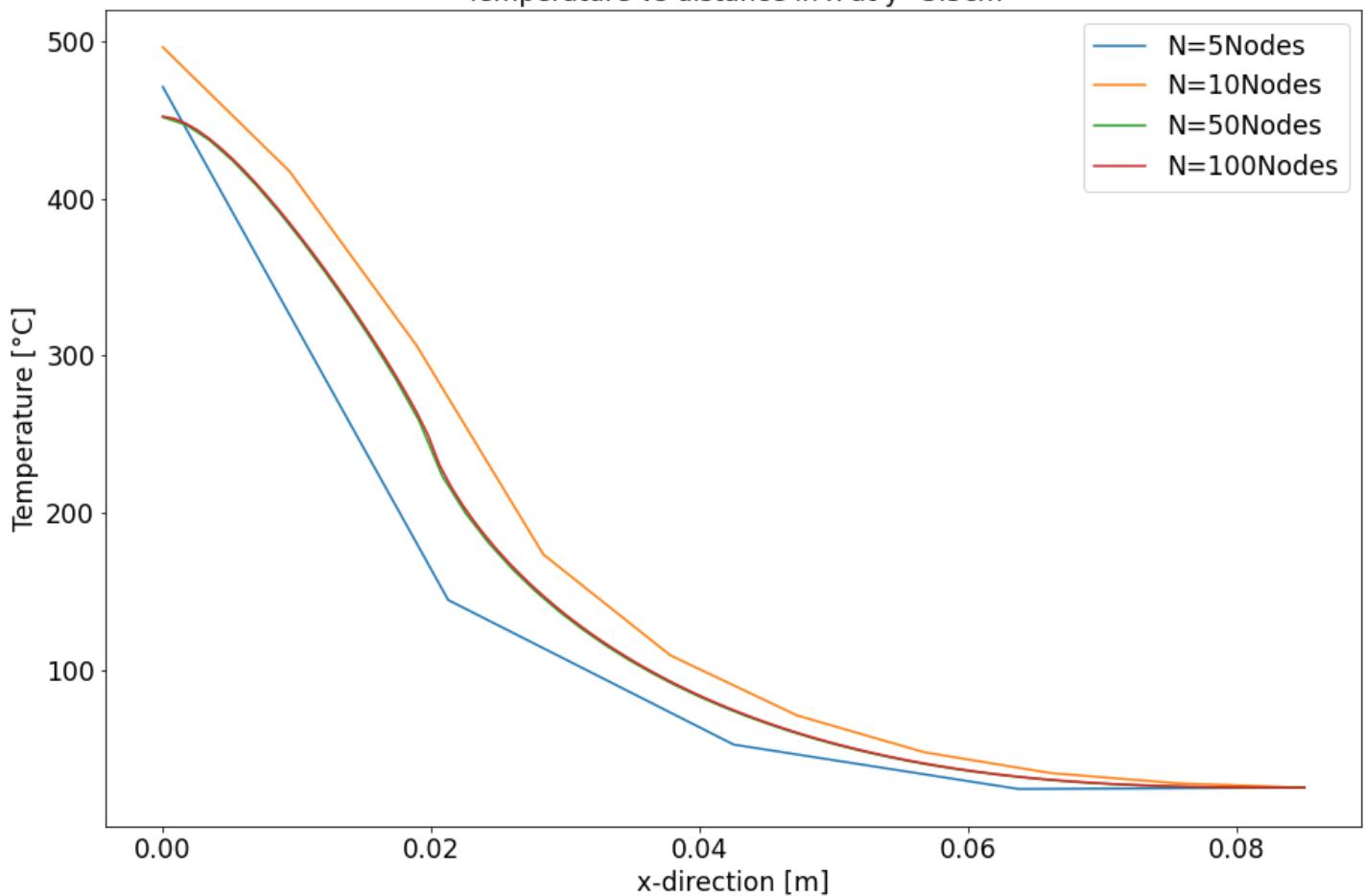
i6=0
j6=m-1
ind=i6+j6*n
A[ind, ind]=-k/(2*dx**2)-k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind-n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
d[ind]=-qj/(2*dy)
c[ind]=ind

Temp=np.linalg.solve(A,d)
TT=np.reshape(Temp, (m,n))
T[t]=Temp[n*(m-1):n*m]

for i in range(4):
    label=str("N=" +str(N[i])+'Nodes')
    plt.plot(x[i],T[i]-273.15, label=label)
    plt.xlabel('x-direction [m]')
    plt.ylabel('Temperature [°C]')
    plt.title('Temperature vs distance in x at y=3.5cm')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```

## Temperature vs distance in x at y=3.5cm



In [24]:

```

import math
# 1. Set Up
N = 50
eps=0
start=time.time()

N = 50
eps=0
M = N
x = [None, None, None, None]
y = [None, None, None, None]
T = [None, None, None, None]

n=N
m=N
dx=w/(n-1)
dy=b/(m-1)
x=np.linspace(0,w,num=n)
y=np.linspace(0,b,num=m)
A=np.zeros((n*m, n*m))
c=np.zeros(n*m)
d=np.zeros(n*m)

for i1 in range(1,n-1):
    for j1 in range(1, m-1):
        ind=i1+j1*n
        A[ind, ind]=-2/dx**2-2/dy**2
        A[ind, ind-1]=1/dx**2
        A[ind, ind+1]=1/dx**2
        A[ind, ind-n]=1/dy**2
        A[ind, ind+n]=1/dy**2
        d[ind]=esp
        c[ind]=ind

```

```

for i2 in range(1,n-1):
    j2=0
    ind=j2*n+i2
    A[ind, ind]=-h/dy-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
    A[ind, ind-1]=k/(2*dx**2)
    A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
    A[ind, ind+n]=k/dy**2
    d[ind]=-h/dy*Tf
    c[ind]=ind
for i3 in range(1,n-1):
    j3=m-1
    ind=j3*n+i3
    A[ind, ind]=-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
    A[ind, ind-1]=k/(2*dx**2)
    A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
    A[ind, ind-n]=k/dy**2
    if i3*dx<Lj:
        d[ind]=-(qj*exp(-i3*dx/Lj))/dy
    else:
        d[ind]=esp
    c[ind]=ind
for j4 in range(m):
    i4=n-1
    ind=j4*n+i4
    A[ind, ind]=1
    d[ind]=Ts
    c[ind]=ind
i7=0
for j7 in range(1,m-1):
    ind=j7*n+i7
    A[ind, ind]=-k/dx**2-k/dy**2
    A[ind, ind-n]=k/(2*dy**2)
    A[ind, ind+n]=k/(2*dy**2)
    A[ind, ind+1]=k/dx**2
    d[ind]=esp
    c[ind]=ind
i5=0
j5=0
ind=j5*n+i5
A[ind, ind]=-h/(2*dy)-k/(2*dx**2)-k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
d[ind]=-h/(2*dy)*Tf
c[ind]=ind

i6=0
j6=m-1
ind=i6+j6*n
A[ind, ind]=-k/(2*dx**2)-k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind-n]=k/(2*dy**2)
A[ind, ind+1]=k/(2*dx**2)
d[ind]=-qj/(2*dy)
c[ind]=ind

Temp=np.linalg.solve(A,d)
TT=np.reshape(Temp, (m,n))
T[t]=Temp[n*(m-1):n*m]

# 5. Plot
xx,yy = meshgrid(x,y)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=plt.figaspect(0.5))
ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 2, 1)
fig.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.1)
fig.set_figheight(9)
fig.set_figwidth(18)

ct = ax.contourf(xx,yy,TT-273.15,25,cmap='coolwarm')

```

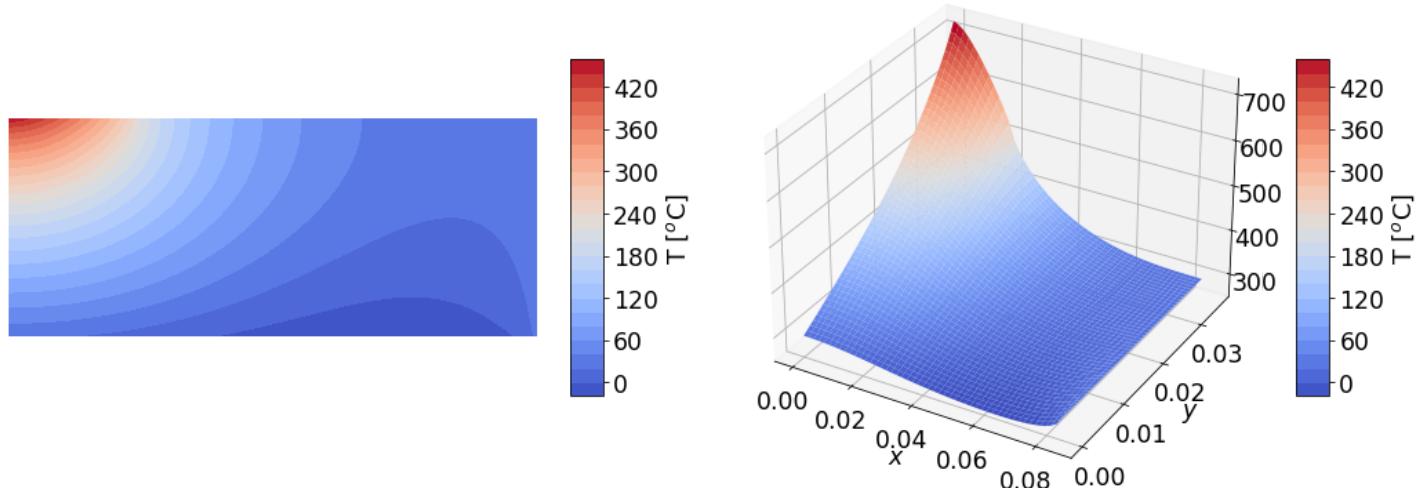
```

ax.axis('equal');
cbar = fig.colorbar(ct, shrink=0.5, aspect=10)
cbar.set_label('T [°C]', fontsize = 18)
ax.axis('off')

ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 2, 2, projection='3d')
ax.plot_surface(xx, yy, TT, cmap='coolwarm')
ax.set(xlabel='$x$', ylabel='$y$')
cbar = fig.colorbar(ct, shrink=0.5, aspect=10)
cbar.set_label('T [°C]', fontsize = 18)
end=time.time()
print('runtime', str(end-start)+'s')

```

runtime 0.4368300437927246s



In [25]:

```

for i in range(0,n):
    qtop+=(-k*(Temp[n*(m-1)-1-i]-Temp[n*m-1-i])/dy)
print('q_top', qtop*w)

```

q\_top 81287.04578896609

In [26]:

```

for j in range(0,m):
    qright+=(-k*(Temp[(n-1)+n*j-1]-Temp[(n-1)+n*j])/dx)
print('q_right', qright*b)

for i in range(0,n):
    qbottom+=h*(Tf-Temp[i])
print('qbottom', qbottom*w)

for j in range(0,m):
    qleft+=(-k*(Temp[n*j]-Temp[n*j+1])/dx)
print('qleft', qleft*b)

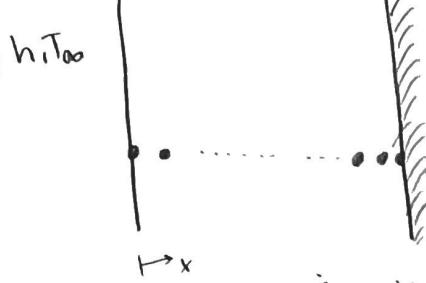
for i in range(0,n):
    qtop+=(-k*(Temp[n*(m-1)-1-i]-Temp[n*m-1-i])/dy)
print('qtop', qtop*w)
qnet=qtop*w+qleft*b+qright*b+qbottom*w
print('qnet', qnet)

```

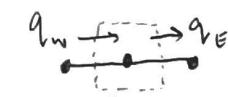
q\_right -19.08332046357391  
 qbottom -25500.00002468088  
 qleft -3712.9542110337966  
 qtop 81287.04578896609  
 qnet 52055.00823278785

# Problem 3

## Problem 3



Interior nodes



$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q_w - q_E = \rho C_p \frac{dT}{dt} \Delta t$$

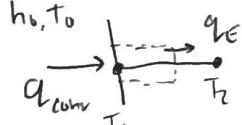
$$-k \Delta z \Delta y \frac{T_i - T_{i-1}}{\Delta x} - k \Delta z \Delta y \frac{T_{i+1} - T_i}{\Delta x} = \rho C_p \Delta x \Delta y \Delta z \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$-k \frac{T_i^p - T_{i-1}^p}{\Delta x^2} + k \frac{T_{i+1}^p - T_i^p}{\Delta x^2} = \rho C_p T_i^{p+1} - T_i^p$$

$$\frac{T_{i+1}^p - 2T_i^p + T_{i-1}^p}{\Delta x^2} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{T_i^{p+1} - T_i^p}{\Delta t}$$

$$(1-2F_0)T_i^p + F_0(T_{i-1}^p + T_{i+1}^p) = T_i^{p+1}$$

Left Node



$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q_{conv} - q_E = \rho C_p \frac{dT}{dt} \Delta t$$

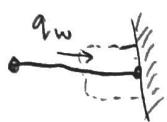
$$h(T_0 - T_1) - k \left( \frac{dT}{dx} \right) = \rho C_p \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t} \left( \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$h_o (T_0 - T_1^p) + k \frac{T_2^p - T_1^p}{\Delta x} = \rho C_p \frac{T_1^{p+1} - T_1^p}{\Delta t} \left( \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2h_o}{\Delta x} T_0 - \frac{2h_o}{\Delta x} T_1^p + \frac{2k}{(\Delta x)^2} T_2^p - \frac{2k}{\Delta x^2} T_1^p = \frac{\rho C_p}{\Delta t} (T_1^{p+1} - T_1^p)$$

$$T_1^{p+1} = \left( 1 - \frac{2h_o \Delta t}{\Delta x \rho C_p} - 2F_0 \right) T_1^p + 2F_0 T_2^p + \frac{2h_o \Delta t}{\Delta x \rho C_p} T_0$$

### Right Node



$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q''_w \Delta y \Delta z = \rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \Delta y \Delta z \left( \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$-k \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = \rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \left( \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$-k \frac{T_N^p - T_{N-1}^p}{\Delta x} = \rho c_p \frac{T_N^{p+1} - T_N^p}{\Delta t} \left( \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$-2 \frac{k}{dx^2} T_N^p + \frac{2k}{dx^2} T_{N-1}^p = \frac{\rho c_p}{dt} T_N^{p+1} - \frac{\rho c_p}{dt} T_N^p$$

$$T_N^{p+1} = (1 - 2F_0) T_N^p + 2F_0 T_{N-1}^p$$

2 Von Neumann stability condition

$$\text{Interior nodes } 1 - 2F_0 > 0 \rightarrow F_0 < \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha dt}{dx^2} < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$dt < \frac{dx^2}{2\alpha}$$

$$\text{Right Node: } 1 - 2F_0 > 0 \rightarrow F_0 < \frac{1}{2} \quad dt < \frac{dx^2}{2\alpha}$$

$$\text{Left Node: } 1 - \frac{2h_0 dt}{dx \cdot \rho c_p} - 2F_0 > 0 \rightarrow 1 - \frac{2h_0 dx}{k} \cdot \frac{k dt}{(dx)^2 \cdot \rho c_p} - 2F_0 > 0$$

$$1 - \frac{2h_0 dx}{k} F_0 - 2F_0 > 0 \quad * \text{Wolfram Alpha} *$$

$$dt < \frac{k dx^2}{\alpha (2h_0 dx + 2k)}$$

3

Pick  $N=25$  nodes b/c its fairly smooth  
& run time isn't long, Neuman stability condition  
is met

In [27]:

```
L=0.025
Ti=20+273.15
h0=1000
To=100+273.15
rho=2500
cp=1000
k=1
alpha=k/(rho*cp)
```

```

N=25
dx=L/(N-1)
dt_max=k*dx**2/(alpha*(2*h0*dx+2*k))
dt=dt_max/10
print('Neuman Stability', 'dt=' +str(dt) +'s', '<', str(dt_max) +'s')
x=np.linspace(0,L,N)
tmax=4000
t=np.linspace(0,tmax, num=int(tmax/dt)+1)
Fo=alpha*dt/(dx**2)
T=np.zeros((size(x), size(t)))

T[:,0]=Ti
start=time.time()
for i1 in range(size(t)-1):
    for i2 in range(1,N-1):
        T[i2, i1+1]=(1-2*Fo)*T[i2,i1]+Fo*(T[i2-1,i1]+T[i2+1,i1])
    T[0,i1+1]=(1-(2*h0*dt)/(dx*rho*cp)-2*Fo)*T[0,i1]+2*Fo*T[1,i1]+(2*h0*dt)/(dx*rho*cp)*To
    T[N-1,i1+1]=(1-2*Fo)*T[N-1,i1]+2*Fo*T[N-2,i1]
end=time.time()
elapsed=end-start
print('Time elapsed', elapsed, 's for',str(N)+' nodes')

```

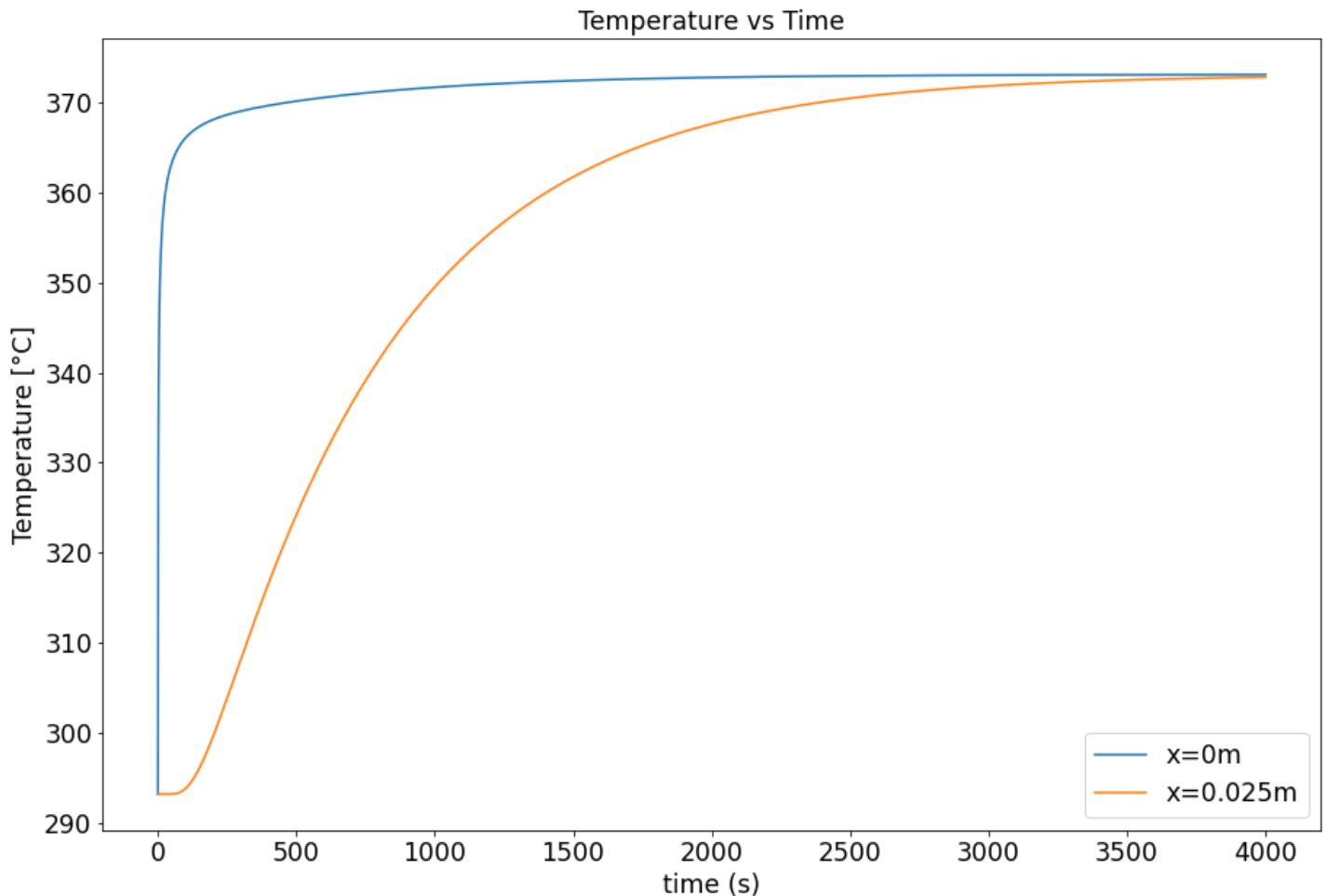
Neuman Stability dt=0.0664328231292517s < 0.664328231292517s  
Time elapsed 2.0794436931610107 s for 25 nodes

In [36]:

```

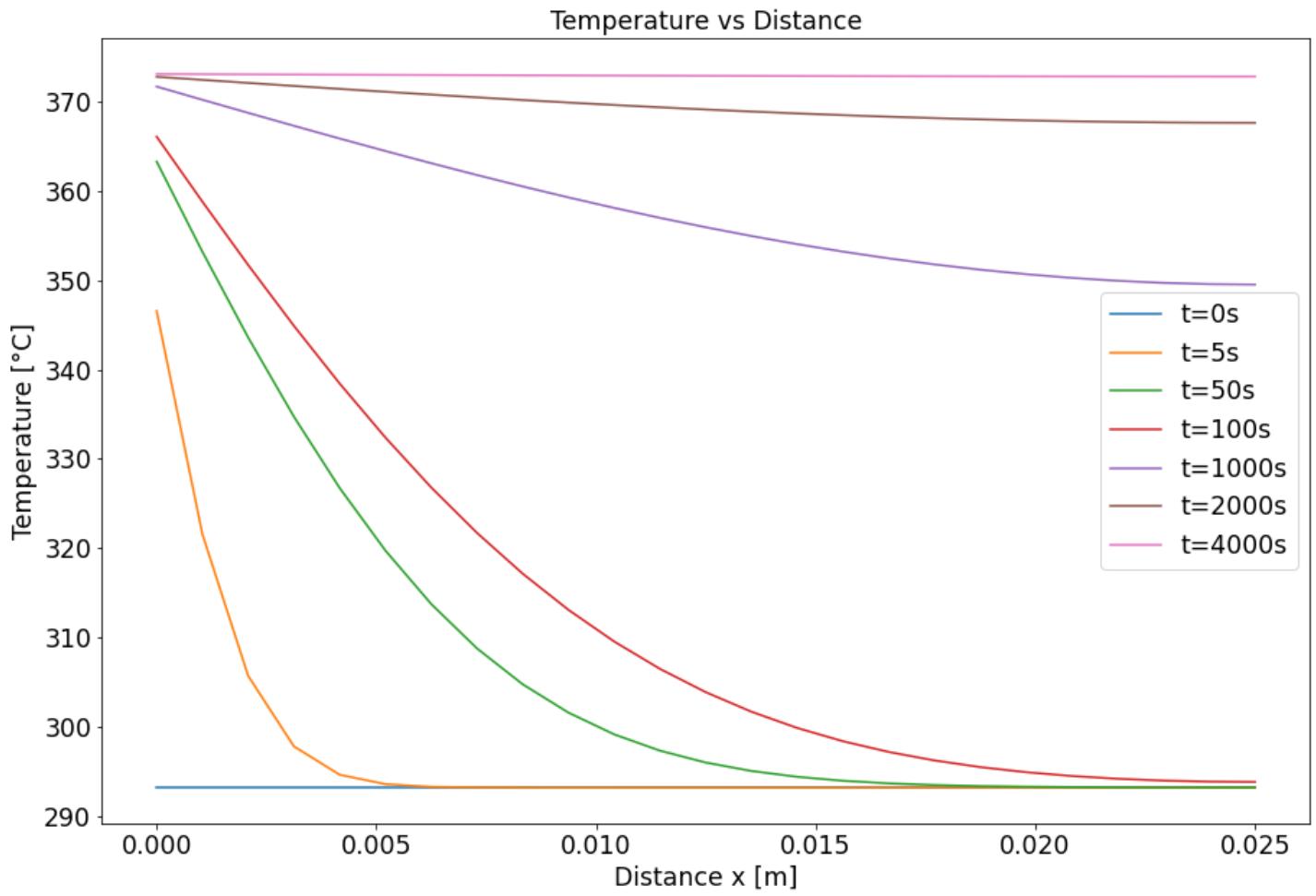
xp=[0,L]
label=str("x=" +str(xp[0])+'m')
plt.plot(t, T[0,:], label=label)
plt.xlabel('time (s)')
plt.ylabel('Temperature [°C]')
plt.title('Temperature vs Time')
label=str("x=" +str(xp[1])+'m')
plt.plot(t, T[-1,:], label=label)
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



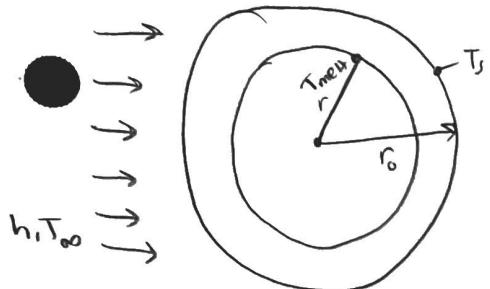
In [28]:

```
tp=[0,5,50,100,1000,2000,4000]
for t in tp:
    label=str("t=" +str(t)+ 's')
    plt.plot(x, T[:, int(t/tmax*(int(tmax/dt)))], label=label)
plt.xlabel('Distance x [m]')
plt.ylabel('Temperature [°C]')
plt.title('Temperature vs Distance')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



## Problem 4

Problem 4



Assume

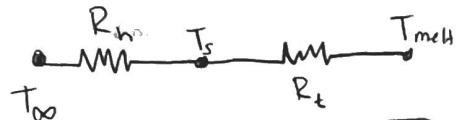
Stefan Number Small

1-D

$$T_{\infty} - T_s = q_{h} R_h$$

$$q_h = h(T_{\infty} - T_s) A_s$$

$$A_s = 2\pi r_o L$$



$$R'_h = \frac{1}{2\pi r_o h}$$

$$T_s - T_{melt} = q R_t \rightarrow R_t = \frac{T_s - T_{melt}}{q}$$

$$q_r = -k_s \left( r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) A_s(r) \Big|_{r=r} = -k_s \frac{T_{melt} - T_s}{\ln(\frac{r_o}{r})} \frac{1}{r} 2\pi r L$$

$$q' = \frac{2\pi k_s}{\ln(\frac{r_o}{r})} (T_s - T_{melt})$$

$$R'_t = \frac{\ln(\frac{r_o}{r})}{2\pi k_s}$$

$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$q'_h - q' = q'_{loss}$$

$$\frac{T_{\infty} - T_s}{R'_h} - \frac{T_s - T_{melt}}{R'_t} = q'_{loss}$$



$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_{gen} = \dot{E}_{ss}$$

$$Q_{in} - Q_{out} = (\rho C_p (\dot{T}_s - T_{melt}) - \dot{q} \Delta H) |_{r=r} \quad \forall = 2\pi L (r_0 - r(t)) \\ \dot{\forall} = 2\pi L (-\frac{ds}{dt})$$

$$(-k_s (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r} - k_e r (\frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r}) 2\pi L = (\rho C_p (2\pi L) (\frac{ds}{dt}) = 2\pi L (\frac{ds}{dt}) \dot{q} \Delta H |_{r=r}$$

$$-k_s (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r} + k_e r (\frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r} = -\frac{ds}{dt} \dot{q} \Delta H \quad r(t) = r_0 - s(t)$$

Using Neumann solution where solve for solid domain

IC BC

$$t < 0 \quad T(r = r_0, t \geq 0) \rightarrow T_s < T_{melt}$$

$$S(0) = 0 \quad T(r = r_0 - S(t), t) = T_{melt}$$

$$-k_s (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r_0-S(t)} + k_e (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r} = -\frac{ds}{dt} \dot{q} \Delta H$$

$$k_s (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r_0-S(t)} = \dot{q} \Delta H \frac{\partial s}{\partial t}$$

$$k_s (r_0 - s(t)) \left( \frac{T_{melt} - T_s}{r_0 - s(t) - r_0} \right) = \dot{q} \Delta H \frac{\partial s}{\partial t}$$

$$k_s (r_0 - s(t)) \left( \frac{T_{melt} - T_s}{-s(t)} \right) = \dot{q} \Delta H \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$k_s (r_0 - s(t)) (T_{melt} - T_s) = -s(t) \dot{q} \Delta H \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$T_{melt} - T_s = \frac{-s(t) \dot{q} \Delta H \frac{ds}{dt}}{k_s (r_0 - s(t))} \rightarrow T_s = T_{melt} + \frac{s(t) \dot{q} \Delta H}{k_s (r_0 + s(t))} \frac{ds}{dt}$$

Energy balance from surface

$$h(T_\infty - T_s) = -k_s (r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}) |_{r=r_0-s(t)} = -k_s (r_0) \left( \frac{T_{melt} - T_s}{r_0 - s(t) - r_0} \right) = k_s r_0 \left( \frac{T_{melt} - T_s}{s(t)} \right)$$

$$h(T_\infty - T_{melt}) = -\frac{k_s r_0}{s(t)} \frac{s(t) \dot{q} \Delta H}{k_s (r_0 - s(t))} \frac{ds}{dt} + \frac{s(t) \dot{q} \Delta H h}{k_s (r_0 - s(t))} \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{\dot{q} \Delta H}{k_s (r_0 - s(t))} (h s(t) - k_s r_0) \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\int_0^t \frac{k_s h (T_\infty - T_{melt})}{\dot{q} \Delta H} dt = \int_0^{s(t)} \frac{h u(t)}{r_0 - u(t)} - \frac{k_s r_0}{r_0 - u(t)} du$$

$$\frac{k_s h (T_\infty - T_{melt})}{\dot{q} \Delta H} t = \int_0^{s(t)} \frac{h u(t)}{r_0 - u(t)} du - \int_0^{s(t)} \frac{k_s r_0}{r_0 - u(t)} du$$

\* Wolfram Alpha \*

$$\frac{k_s h (T_{\infty} - T_{melt})}{\rho \Delta H} t = (h r_0 + k_s r_0) \ln \left( \frac{r_0 - s(t)}{r_0} \right) - h s(t)$$

$$\frac{k_s h (T_{\infty} - T_{melt})}{\rho \Delta H} = r_0 (h + k_s) \ln \left( \frac{r(t)}{r_0} \right) + h r(t) - h r_0$$

3

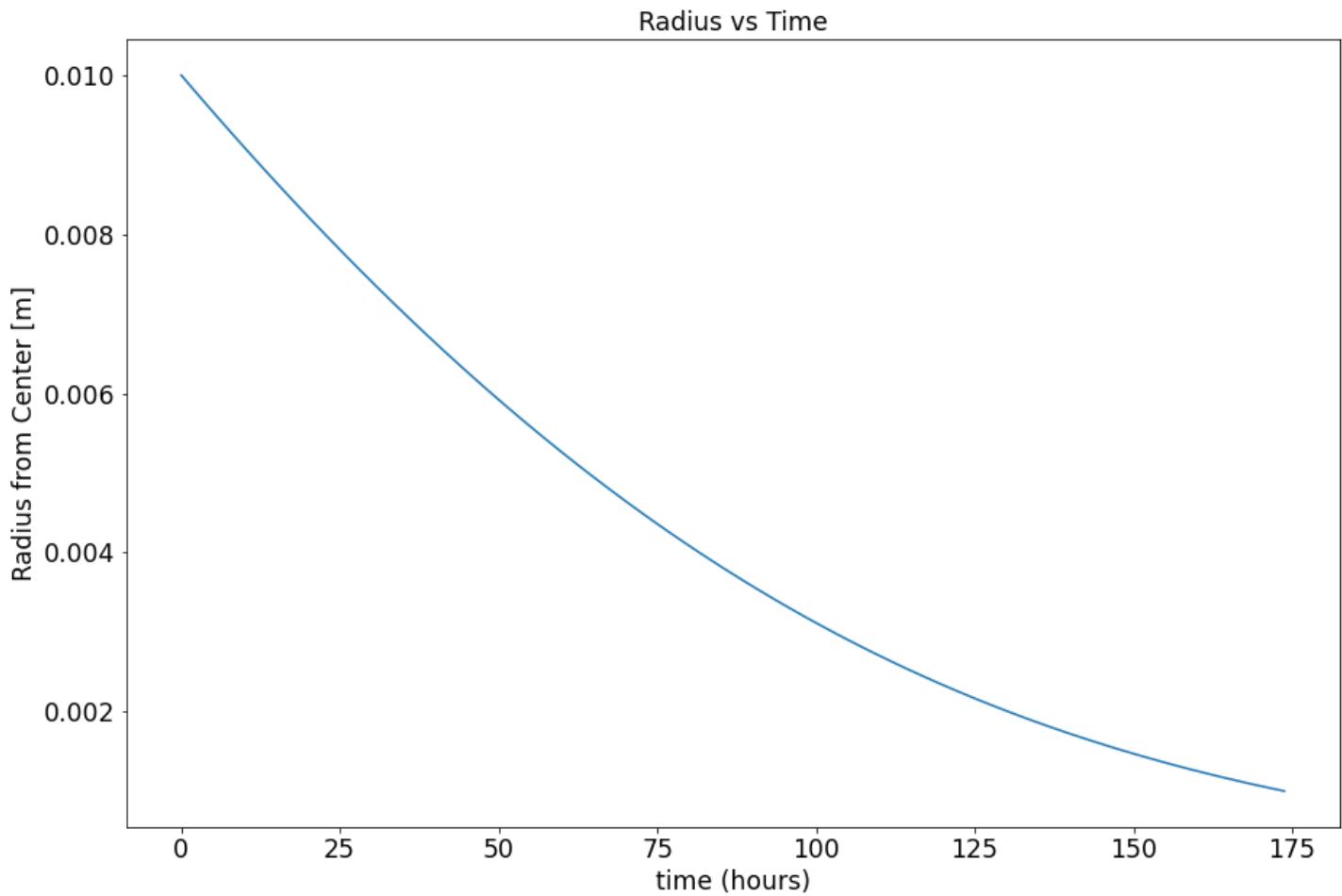
$$\frac{k_s h (T_{\infty} - T_{melt}) t}{\rho \Delta H} = r_0 (h + k_s) \ln \left( \frac{r_0/2}{r_0} \right) + h \left( \frac{r_0}{2} \right) - h r_0$$

$$t = \left( \frac{\rho \Delta H}{k_s h (T_{\infty} - T_{melt})} \right) \left( r_0 (h + k_s) \ln \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + h \left( \frac{r_0}{2} \right) \right)$$

In [29]:

$h=25$   
 $T_{\text{inf}}=5+273.15$   
 $r_0=0.01$   
 $T_{\text{melt}}=0+273.15$   
 $\rho_{\text{hos}}=520$   
 $k_s=1.88$

```
cps=2040
hsl=335*10**3
def t(r):
    return((rhos*hsl/(ks*h*(Tinf-Tmelt)))*(r0*(h+ks)*np.log(r/r0)+h*r-h*r0)/3600)
r=np.linspace(r0*0.1,r0,100)
time=t(r)
plt.plot(time, r)
plt.xlabel('time (hours)')
plt.ylabel('Radius from Center [m]')
plt.title('Radius vs Time')
plt.show()
```



In [ ]: